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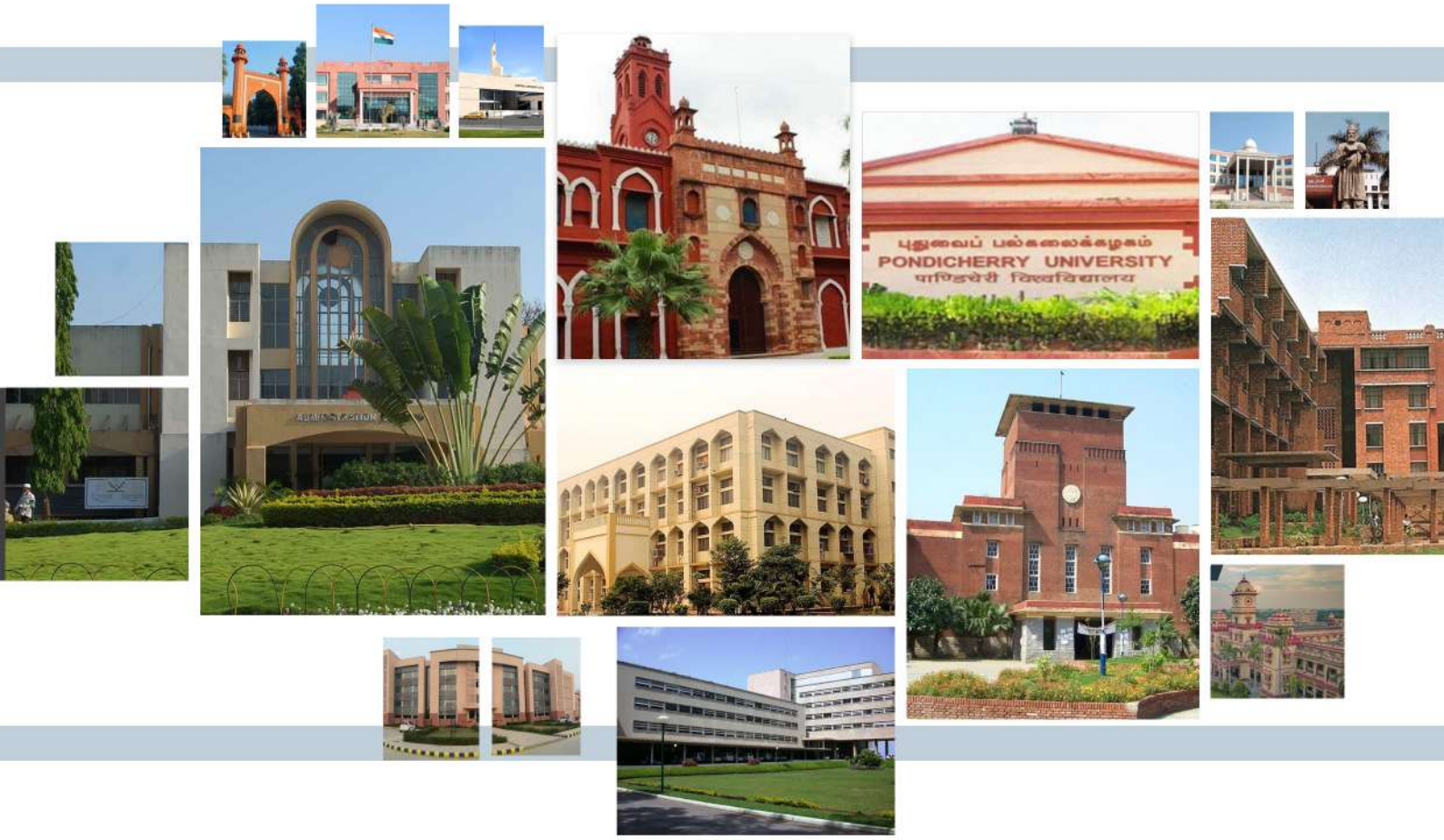
PG ENTRANCE EXAMINATION



PSYCHOLOGY

PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION BANK

JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA | PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY
ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY | DELHI UNIVERSITY
HYDERABAD CENTRAL UNIVERSITY & MORE...

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ABOUT THE BOOK

For any competitive exam, one of the most important and primary stages of preparation for any student is to go through the previous question papers as much as possible. This question bank is created to assist Psychology candidates who are preparing for their PG Entrance exams in Apex institutes in India.

This book contains different Previous Question Papers that were conducted in the past 11 years (2010- 2021).We have also included question papers from the latest examinations.

This is just a compilation of Psychology previous years entrance Question Papers collected from our students, and various free resources available across the internet especially. Even though we have tried our best to give you the correct keys, there is a chance of humanly error.If you still have any confusion regarding any questions and answer keys,please let us know (9746868690).

Our team will be rechecking it and if found correct, will be rectified in the next issue.

Date of this issue: 28th January 2022

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Jamia Millia Entrance Examination 2021

1. Deepak is 34 years old. But his mind has never gone beyond the level of a second grade child. Deepak would be classified As_____ developmentally delayed
   (A) Mildly
   (B) Severely
   (C) Profoundly
   (D) Moderately

2. Rekha is 4 years old. The intelligence test that would most likely be used to determine her IQ is the
   (A) WAIS-IV
   (B) WI -C-IV
   (C) Dove test
   (D) WPPSI-III

3. Which of the following disorder is a type of cultural sexual fear?
   (A) Taijin- kyafu- sho
   (B) Susto
   (C) Amok
   (D) Koro

4. Which term does not belong?
   (A) Bipolar
   (B) Dysthymia
   (C) Hypochondria
   (D) Major depression

5. Which mood disorder is a consistently sad mood? .
   (A) Bipolar
   (B) Mania
   (C) Cyclathymia
   (D) Major depression

6. When anxiety is unrelated to any known, realistic factor it is called.
   (A) Free-floating anxiety
   (B) Panic
   (C) Phobia
   (D) Acute

7. In a psychoanalyst encouraged the patient to talk about whatever Came to mind.
   (A) Free association.
   (B) Resistance.
   (C) Dream Interpretations.
   (D) Transference.

8. Compared to traditional psychoanalysis, modern psychodynamic therapy is
   (A) More directive
   (B) More action oriented
   (C) Less directive
   (D) More focused on the id

9. Psychotherapies that attempt to change disorder behaviour directly arc known As ....
   (A) Insight.
   (B) Action.
   (C) Biomedical.
   (D) Psychoanalytic.

10. Which of the following types of therapy makes the greatest use of body Language?
    (A) Psychoanalysis.
    (B) Person-centred Therapy.
    (C) Gestalt Therapy.
    (D) Rogerian Therapy.

11. occurs hen people do what they are asked to do whether or not they Want to do it.
    (A) Normative influence.
    (B) Compliance
    (C) Obedience
    (D) None of the above.

12. ____ is the tendency to change one's beliefs or behaviours in ways that Consistent with group standard.
    (A) Commitment
    (B) Compliance
    (C) Conformity
    (D) None of the above

13. ____ is the subjective discomfort we feel when our social relations are Deficient in quantity and quality.
    (A) Social rejection
    (B) Loneliness
    (C) Social integration
    (D) Jealously

14. ____- 1s the sharing of personal feelings and information with another Individual.
(A) Self disclosure
(B) Exchange relationship
(C) Social Power
(D) None of the above

15. _____ refers to the positive forces that cause members to want to stay in Group and also to the negative forces that discourage members from leaving a group
(A) Cohesiveness
(B) Social dilemma
(C) Social compensation
(D) None of the above

16. Social Support is an example of in the stress process.
(A) Demand
(B) Resources
(C) Challenge
(D) Anxiety

17. ____ 1s helping someone with no expectation of reward or personal Benefit.
(A) Altruism
(B) Empathy
(C) Sympathy
(D) None of the above

18. ____ is defined as action that is intended to hurt· another person. It has both biological and social origins.
(A) Frustration
(B) Aggression
(C) Disinhibition
(D) None of the above

19. Which is NOT the Maslow's hierarchy of needs
(A) Ego
(B) Physiological
(C) Safety
(D) Esteem

20. The collection of the beliefs that we hold about ourselves is known as _
(A) Self -Esteem
(B) Self Concept
(C) Self regulation
(D) Self promotion

21. The most likely predictor of the development of prejudice and discrimination between two groups is the degree e of between the group
(A)Similarity (B)Conflict
(C)Distance (D)Motionality

22. The theory attitude-to-behaviour process modal propose d by
(A)Fazio (B)Ajzen
(C)Fishman (D)Krosnick

23. On the managerial grid, managers performed beat under style
(A)5,5 (B)1,9
(C)9,1 (D)9,9

24. 'Balance Theory' is proposed by _
(A) Doob
(B) Leon Fistinger
(C) Green Wald
(D) Heider

25. If you express an attitude to a friend who then provides positive reinforcement. Your attitude is likely to be _
(A) Weakened.
(B) Strengthened.
(C) Both (A) and (B).
(D) None of the above.

26. Who gave theory of cognitive dissonance?
(A) Likert
(B) Doob
(C) Leon Festinger
(D) None of the above.

27. If behaviour is assumed to be caused by internal personality characteristics, this Is known as
(A) Situational cause
(B) Dispositional cause
(C) Fundamental attribution error
(D) Actor-observer bias

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28. Which type of light do rods responds .
(A) Low intensity light such as at night
(B) Bright light.
(C) Sun light.
(D) None of the above.

29. Which of the following structures perform transduction.
(A) Vitreous humor
(B) Lens
(C) Retina
(D) Corneas

30. Rods and cones are which type of cell?
(A) Cell mutation.
(B) Photoreceptor cell
(C) Ganglion cell
(D) None of the above

31. Form of feedback using brain- scanning devices to provide feedback about brain activity in an effort to modify behaviour.
(A) Biofeedback
(B) Neuro-feed back
(C) Cognitive learning
(D) None of the above

32. Cognition refers to
(A) Behavior that is observable and external.
(B) Behaviour that is directly measurable.
(C) The mental events that take place while a person is behaving.
(D) Memories.

33. Seligman found many similarities between his 'helpless' dogs and people Suffering from
(A) Aggressive behaviour syndrome.
(B) Mental illness.
(C) Schizophrenia.
(D) Depression.

34. Who added the concept of reinforcement to learning theory
(A)Watson (B)Skinner
(C)Thorndike (D)Pavlov

35. The physical trace of memory in the brain is called the
(A)Memogram (B)Engram
(C)Sonogram (D)Pachygram

36. The best method for encoding long-term-memories is probably to use is
(A) Maintenance rehearsal
(B) Elaborative rehearsal
(C) Sleep learning
(D) None of the above

37. Memory can best be described as
(A) A series of storage bins.
(B) A process of storage
(C) An active system that encodes, stores and retrieves information .
(D) A series of passive data files.

38. What is the basic unit of sound in a language?
(A) Morphemes
(B) Phonemes
(C) Semantics
(D) Syntax

39. In Gardner view, astronauts, navigators and artist would be high in _ intelligence.
(A) Verbal/ linguistic
(B) Visual/spatial
(C) Interpersonal
(D) Intrapersonal

40. Sternberg has found that……. intelligence is a good…….. but has a low relationship……. to intelligence
(A) Practical; academic
(B) Academic: creativity
(C) Intelligence ,Practical; creativity
(D) None of the above

41. IRS series satellites are used for which of the following?
(A) Communication
(B) Astronomy
(C) Remote Sensing
(D) Forestry

42. Sunderbans in India example of which among the following kind of forest

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(A) Dry Forests.
(B) Wet Deciduous Forests.
(C) Tidal Forests
(D) Deciduous Forests.

43. The birth anniversary of which National leader is being observed as Ra htriya Ekta Diwas?
(A) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
(B) Jawaharlal Nehru
(C) Mahatma Gandhi
(D) VD Savarkar

44. When is the International Day of Rural Women observed every year?
(A) October IO
(B) October 15
(C) October 20
(D) October 25

45. For how much time a person who is not a member of either House of Parliament can also be appointed as a minister?
(A) 2 months
(B) 3 months
(C) 6 months
(D) 9 months

46. Which article protects a person's right to travel abroad under Indian Constitution?
(A) Article 15
(B) Article 21
(C) Article 19
(D) None of the above

47. Who among the following is the ex-officio Chairman of the Council of States?
(A) Governor
(B) Chief Minister
(C) President
(D) Vice-President

48. Which country won the inaugural ICC World Test Championship (WTC)?
(A) India
(B) New Zealand
(C) Australia
(D) England

49. India's National Sports Awards includes how many sports awards presented by The President of India?
(A) 2 (B) 6
(C) 3 (D) 9

50. In which of the following the sound cannot travel?
(A)Gas (B)Liquid
(C)Solid (D)Vacuum

51. Optical Fibre technology works on which of these principles of Physics?
(A) Bernoulli's Principle.
(B) Newton's law of Motion
(C) Total internal reflection of Light
(D) Photoelectric effect

52. Louise Gluck. Who has won the 2020 Nobel Prize for Literature, belongs to Which country?
(A) Russia
(B) United States
(C) Australia
(D) Germany

53. The foundation stone of Jamia Millia Islamia was laid on
(A) 29 October 1918
(B) 29 October 1920
(C) 29 October 1947
(D) 29 October 1987

54. The Nalanda University was founded by which Gupta ruler mentioned as Shakraditya?
(A) Samudragupta
(B) Kumargupta l
(C) Skandgupta
(D) Chandragupta I

55. Where is the headquarters of the Inter Parliamentary Union (IPU) located?
(A)Geneva (B)Rome
(C)Paris (D)Nairobi

56. National public broadcaster , Prasar Bharati , is a body?
(A) Regulatory
(B) Statutory

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(C) Quasi-Judicial
(D) Constitutional

57. Guiljain-Barre Syndrome is reported to be associated with which vaccine?
(A) Astrazeneca-Oxford Vaccine
(B) Covaxin
(C) Sputnik
(D) Sinovac

58. K4 l 7N mutation is associated with which classification of SARS-cov-2 virus?
(A)Alpha (B)Beta
(C)Delta (D)Delta Plus

59. Who was the first Vice Chancellor of Jamia Millia Islamia. ·
(A) Dr. Zakir Hussain
(B) Hakim Ajmal Khan
(C) Mohamed Ali Jauhar
(D) Maulana Mehmud Hasan

60. W- World mental health day is celebrated on
(A) October 1 0
(B) March 10
(C) October 15
(D) None of the above

61. Cumulative frequency graph is called
(A) Histogram
(B) Ogive
(C) Bar diagram
(D) None of the above

62. What is range
(A) Measure of variability
(B) Measure of central tendency
(C) Measure of progression
(D) Measure of mode

63. What is Speannan's Rho
A. Measure of correlation
B. Measure of dispersion
C. Measure of normal probability
D. None of the above

64. The value in a series of observation which occurs with highest frequency is called
(A) Median.
(B) Mode.
(C) Mean.
(D) None of the above.

65. Which scale has a true zero point md constitutes the highest type of scale in terms of meaning.
(A) Nominal scale
(B) Ordinal scale
(C) Interval scale
(D) Ratio scale

66. When the group is made up of individuals of nearly the same ability it is ailed
(A) Homogeneous
(B) Heterogeneous
(C) Complex
(D) None of the above

67. Variables are:
(A) Something that we can measure
(B) The main focus of research.
(C) Something that can vary in terms of Precision.
(D) All of the above

68. What is type I error ___
(A) Type one error is obtaining a non -- significant result when it should be significant.
(B) Type one error 1s obtaining a non-significant result by sampling error alone.
(C) Type one error is where we reject the null hypothesis when it is true.
(D) None of the above

69. set up an experiment known as Stanford Prison Experiment
(A) Stanley Milligram
(B) Philip Zimbardo
(C) Muzafer Sherif
(D) Soloman Asch

70. The is also called as small brain
(A) Cerebrum
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Limbic system
(D) None of the above

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71. Which of the following glands secrets serotonin and melatonin hormones
(A) Thyroid
(B) Pineal
(C) Thymus
(D) Pancreas

72. The information is passed from one neuron to another neurons by chemical Known as
(A) Cell membrane
(B) Neurotransmitters
(C) Nerve impulses
(D) None of the above

73. Which is the lowest part of the brain stem?
(A) Medulla oblongata
(B) Pons
(C) Cerebellum
(D) None of the above

74. Psychological tests are connected with assessment of
(A) Personality only
(B) Perception only
(C) All aspects of psychological functioning
(D) Sociability

75. Content validity requires
(A) Item validity
(B) Sampling validity
(C) Both item and sampling validity
(D) None of the above

76. If 8 curve can be folded along a vertical line o that the two halves of it coincide It is called
(A) Proper curve
(B) Symmetrical curve
(C) Skew curve
(D) None of the above.

77. The coefficient of congelation between the two sets of test scores is a
(A) Validity coefficient
(B) Real Coefficient
(C) Reliability coefficient
(D) None of the above

78. ----- is the difference between the extreme values of the variate.
(A) Dispersion
(B) Quartile deviation
(C) Range
(D) None of the above

79. If the same relative score levels are preserved on the two measurements, the test
(A) Valid
(B) Reliable
(C) Connect
(D) None of the above

80. Douglas Mc Gregor is associated with which of these
(A) A.Two Factor theory
(B) B.Theory X And Y
(C) C.Goal Setting theory
(D) D.ERG theory

81. The process by which inhibitory and excitatory .p0stsynaptic potentials summate and control the rate of firing of a neuron.
(A) Enzymatic deactivation
(B) Neural integration.
(C) Auto receptors.
(D) None of the above.

82. A receptor molecule located on a neuron that responds to the neurotransmitter released by that neuron.
(A) Auto receptors.
(B) Neurons.
(C) Post synaptic membrane.
(D) None of the above.

83. on of a foundation cell that give rise to two identical founder cell is known as:
(A) Synapse
(B) Glia Cell
(C) Symmetric division
(D) Founder cell

84. Death of a cell caused by a chemical signal that activates a genetic mechanism inside the cell.
(A) Asymmetrical division.

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(B) Choroid Plexus.
(C) Neural Tube.
(D) Apoptosis.

85. Controls the autonomic nervous system and the endocrine system and organizes behaviour related to survival of the species.
(A) Neuroreceptor cells
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Basal ganglia
(D) Fornix

86. ---- have both organizational and activation effects on aggression in Males and females.
(A) Androgen
(B) Cortex
(C) Serotonin
(D) None of the above

87. Which of the following endocrine glands releases sugar stored in the liver to Maintain the proper balance of sugar in the blood?
(A)Pituitary (B)Adrenal
(C)Pancreas (D)Thyroid

88. The osmoreceptors located in the hypothalamus just above the stimulate The release the antidiuretic hormone (ADH).
(A) Pituitaiy Gland
(B) Thyroid Gland
(C) Adrenal Gland
(D) Pinal Gland ,

89. Protrusion on the top of the mid brain, part of the visual system.
(A) Inferior colliculi
(B) Substantia niagra
(C) Brainstem
(D) Superior colliculi

90. _____consists of the portion of the mesencephalon beneath the tectum.
(A)Hind brain (B)Cerebellum
(C)Metencephalon (D)Tegmentum

91. Who was deeply interested in personality and identified several kinds of trait
(A)Freud (B)Maslow
(C)Cattle (D)Allport

92. During which of the following psycho sexual stages the male child develops the Oedipus complex
(A)Anal stage (B)Latency stage
(C)Genital stage (D)Phallic stage

93. According to Jung, the part of the mind containing universal human memories is Called the unconscious.
(A)Personal (B)Cognitive
(C)Collective (D)Animistic

94. Which of Freud's parts of the personality is most like a director?
(A) Id
(B) Ego
(C) Superego
(D) Unconscienced

95. According to behaviour approach personality….. is
(A) ,Driven by unconscious forces.
(B) A set of learned responses.
(C) Motivated by a striving for success
(D) Collection of Specific traits.

96. Rogers believed that in order for people to become fully functioning, they must Receive from the important people in their lives
(A) Unconditional positive regard
(B) Conditional positive regards
(C) Positive reinforcement
(D) Positive modelling.

97. In the Big Five theory of personality 'A ' stands for
(A) Agreeableness
(B) Anxiousness
(C) Anxiety
(D) Affectionate

98. Which or the following methods would never be used by a behaviourist
(A) Interview

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(B) Projective Test
(C) Direct Observation
(D) Personality inventory

99. bserver bias would be a problem for any of the following method except
(A) Interview
(B) Projective test
(C) Direct observation
(D) Personality inventory

100. How many source traits did Cattel USC in developing his personality inventory.
(A)5 (B)16
(C)10 (D)23

Answer key

Q. NO	ANSWER	Q.NO	ANSWER
1	A	51	C
2	B	52	B
3	D	53	B
4	C	54	B
5	D	55	A
6	C	56	B
7	A	57	A
8	A	58	C
9	B	59	B
10	C	60	A
11	C	61	B
12	C	62	A
13	B	63	A
14	A	64	B
15	A	65	D
16	A	66	A
17	A	67	D
18	B	68	C
19	A	69	B
20	B	70	D
21	B	71	B
22	A	72	B
23	D	73	A
24	D	74	C
25	B	75	C
26	C	76	B
27	B	77	C
28	A	78	C
29	C	79	B
30	B	80	B
31	B	81	D
32	C	82	A
33	D	83	D
34	B	84	D
35	B	85	B
36	B	86	A

37	C	87	C
38	B	88	A
39	B	89	D
40	D	90	D
41	D	91	D
42	C	92	D
43	A	93	C
44	B	94	B
45	C	95	B
46	B	96	A
47	D	97	A
48	B	98	B
49	C	99	D
50	D	100	B

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Jamia Millia Entrance Examination – 2020

1. What is the theme of the World Sustainable Development Summit, 2020?
   (A) Towards 2030 goals: Making the Decade Count
   (B) Sustainable Energy across the world
   (C) Attaining SDG before 2030
   (D) Energy and resources for all

2. What is the planned percentage of the government's stake in Air India to be divested?
   (A) 50 (B) 60
   (C) 75 (D) 100

3. The Transport Department of which state recently launched a helpline for women called 'Damini'?
   (A) Uttar Pradesh
   (B) Maharashtra
   (C) Uttarakhand
   (D) Rajasthan

4. The Prime Minister of India recently inaugurated five Young Scientists Labs of which. organisation?
   (A) Indian Space Research Organisation, ISRO
   (B) Defence Research and Development Organisation, DRDO
   (C) Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, BARC
   (D) Department of Atomic Energy, DAE

5. Which state has recently declared 2020 as the year of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and has signed MoUs with tech firms for AI research?
   (A) Andhra Pradesh
   (B) Telangana
   (C) Odisha
   (D) Assam

6. An example of an 'internet search engine' is
   (A) Windows
   (B) LINUX
   (C) Bing
   (D) MS word

7. India is a Republic which implies that –
   (A) The head of the State is elected
   (B) The country is free
   (C) The country possess a democratic system of government
   (D) The Final Authority in the country is reset with the parliament

8. The 'thickness'of Stratosphere Ozone layer is measured in/on:
   (A) Sieverts
   (B) Dobson units
   (C) Melson units
   (D) Beaufort Scale

9. The use of microorganism metabolism to remove pollutants such as oil spills in the water bodies is known as:
   (A) Biomagnification
   (B) Bioremediation
   (C) Biomethanation
   (D) Bioreduction

10. Which of the following Indian States/U T has the maximum percentage of mangrove cover in the country?
    (A) Gujarat
    (B) West Bengal
    (C) Andaman and Nicobar
    (D) Orissa

11. As of February, 2020, which country is India's top trade partner?
    (A) China (B) Russia
    (C) United States (D) France

12. The term "JavaScript sniffers", that was making news recently, is associated with

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(A) Authorization software
(B) Malware
(C) Encryption Software
(D) Firewall

13. What is the rank of India in the 'Global Flourishing index' released by WHO Commission and UNICEF?
(A)91 (B)121
(C)111 (D)131

14. As per the annual "Nature Ranking Index-2020", which Indian institution is ranked in the first place in the country?
(A) Homi Bhaba National Institute
(B) Indian Institute of Science
(C) Council of Scientific and Industrial Research
(D) Tata Institute of Fundamental Research

15. Which Indian player was recently named "Player of the Year for 2019', by the International Hockey Federation (FIH)?
(A) Manpreet Singh
(B) Mandeep Singh
(C) Harmanpreet Singh
(D) Sheeraj

16. As of 2020, which Indian Telecom operator is the second most valuable mobile operator in Asia?
(A) Bharti Airtel
(B) Jio
(C) Vodafone idea
(D) BSNL

17. Which Metro rail service in India has become the second largest operational metro rail network in the country?
(A) Delhi
(B) Hyderabad
(C) Kochi
(D) Mumbai

18. Municipal Performance Index (MP1), is an index recently launched by which organisational Ministry?
(A) NITI Aayog
(B) Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs
(C) Ministry of Industrial Research
(D) Tata Institute of Fundamental Research

19. What is the rank of India in the recently released International intellectual property India 2020?
(A)36 (B)40
(C)42 (D)44

20. Which country recently launched the ‘International Religious Freedom Alliance' for protection religious freedom across the world?
(A)Russia (B)United States
(C)Japan (D)India

21. When we conform to a group's typical behavior to become liked and accepted, it is called
(A) normative social influence.
(B) informational social influence.
(C) ambiguous societal influence.
(D) situational influence.

22. A minority can sometimes influence majority opinions if they
(A) are extremely vocal
(B) are innovative
(C) are in a laboratory situation
(D) remain consistent

23. The findings of Milgram's study suggest that obedience to authority, even if it involves hard to another person.
(A) implies that the obedient person has internalized the authority's values
(B) would be displayed by most people
(C) is only possible in cases where the person receiving orders identifies with the authority figure
(D) is unlikely to occur in a democratic society like United States

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24. According to Milgram, the potential for obedience is
    (A) probably a symptom of psycho pathology
    (B) probably built into the species by evolution.
    (C) a recent development related to the occurrences of large-scale warfare.
    (D) enhanced by models shown in the me

25. The two neurotransmitters that are most likely involved in mood disorders are
    (A) dopamine and norepinephrine
    (B) GABA and serotonin
    (C) norepinephrine and serotonin.
    (D) dopamine and GABA.

26. Many of the symptoms of schizophrenia seem to be associated with changes in dopamine levels in what areas of the brain?
    (A) prefrontal and mesolimbic
    (B) basal ganglia and thalamus
    (C) hippocampus and hypothalamus
    (D) ventricular

27. The key feature of borderline personality disorder is
    (A) rejection
    (B) instability
    (C) anxiety
    (D) depression

28. Which one of the following statements is true about encoding verbal material in working memory?
    (A) A phonological code is favored, but other sensory codes may be used.
    (B) A visual code is favored, but other sensory codes may be used.
    (C) Semantic codes are used more often than phonological codes.
    (D) Semantic codes are favored for written words; phonological codes are favored for spoken words.

29. The capacity of working memory
    (A) varies widely from culture to culture
    (B) is seven items, give or take two
    (C) depends on the sense used to encode the items
    (D) is about 5 items for children and about 10 items for most adults

30. Memory span refers to the
    (A) duration of storage in working memory.
    (B) duration of storage in long-term memory.
    (C) capacity of working memory storage.
    (D) capacity of long-term memory storage.

31. A subject is read a list of nine digits and is immediately asked to repeat as many of them as possible in order. This subject is involved in a test of
    (A) the usefulness of mnemonic devices.
    (B) long-term memory capacity.
    (C) working memory capacity
    (D) the presence of eidetic imagery.

32. Research evidence shows that the_____ is essential for long-term memory. While the _____is essential for short-term memory,
    (A) temporal lobes: parietal lobes.
    (B) frontal lobes: parietal lobes
    (C) hippocampus; hypothalamus
    (D) prefrontal lobes; hippocampus

33. Retrieval paths in long-term memory are best created by
    (A) using eidetic imagery.
    (B) elaborating the meaning of the material.
    (C) rehearsing the material.
    (D) using non-emotional cues.

34. Autism entails-
    (A) Significant deficits in communication.
    (B) Significant deficits social interaction, bonding and play activities
    (C) Engages in repetitive stereotyped behaviors and self-damaging acts.
    (D) All of the above

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35. The sensation that we know something and that it's somewhere in our memory but just out of our reach is known as the
(A) serial position effect
(B) flashbulb memory effect.
(C) memory span effect.
(D) tip-of-the-tongue phenomenon.

36. The stimulation of specialized motion cells appear to be responsible for our perception of
(A) motion aftereffect.
(B) motion parallax.
(C) stroboscopic motion.
(D) induced motion.

37. If you stare at the steps on an up escalator for a short time and then look at the wall beside it, the wall appears to move downward because of what perceptual phenomenon?
(A) absolute motion
(B) selective adaptation
(C) relative motion
(D) stroboscopic motion

38. Perceiving a large dark object as a cow fills which function of perception?
(A) localization
(B) recognition
(C) tracking movement
(D) assigning causality

39. Characteristics of objects in the visual field such as shape and color are called _____ features.
(A) primitive
(B) integration
(C) illusory
(D) conjunction

40. Simple cells respond to visual stimuli which are
(A) of a particular length
(B) in a particular orientation, anywhere in the receptive field
(C) in a particular orientation, in a particular place in the receptive field.
(D) in a particular orientation and of a particular length

41. When simple two-dimensional features, such as lines and angles are combined, a new object is perceived that cannot be understood by examining the component parts. The new characteristics are known as
(A) emergent features.
(B) connectionist features.
(C) spatial networks.
(D) network detection features.

42. A suitcase can be described as the combination of a cube and an arc, a pail as a cylinder and an arc, and a flashlight as two cylinders and a block. These descriptive geometric features are known as
(A) connectionist nodes.
(B) hypercomplex features.
(C) geons.
(D) models.

43. When you see your professor in the supermarket, you have trouble recognizing him What best explains this?
(A) The relations between geons are contrary to your expectations.
(B) A familiar stimulus in an unfamiliar context is difficult to recognize.
(C) You have used bottom-up processing instead of top-down processing.
(D) Ambiguous stimuli are easiest to judge in familiar surrounding

44. Because of _____ you may perceive a red ball on the kitchen table as an apple
(A) top-down processing
(B) bottom-up processing
(C) feature extraction
(D) geon analysis

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45. Prosopagnosia is an inability to recognize faces. It is an example of a breakdown of recognition called a(n)
(A) agnosia
(B) aphasia.
(C) visual ambiguity
(D) detail deficit

46. Thumbing through a picture book, identifying a wide variety of zoo animals would be good exercise for a child to practice
(A) operational thinking.
(B) object permanence.
(C) conservation
(D) assimilation and accommodation

47. _____ is the degree to which an employee identifies with a particular organization and its goals and wishes to maintain membership in the organization.
(A) Job involvement
(B) Organizational commitment
(C) Job involvement
(D) Job satisfaction

48. _____ commitment refers to an employee's obligation to remain with an organization for moral or ethical reasons.
(A) Affective
(B) Continuance
(C) Theoretical
(D) Normative

49. If the content of a test looks as though it is measuring what it is supposed to, it is said to have high _____
(A) Content validity.
(B) Criterion validity.
(C) Face validity.
(D) Ecological validity

50. Analysis of variance is a statistical method of comparing the of several populations.
(A) standard deviations
(B) variances
(C) means
(D) proportions

51. What is a research design?
(A) A way of conducting research that is not grounded in theory
(B) The choice between using qualitative or quantitative methods
(C) The style in which you present your research findings, e. g. a graph
(D) A framework for every stage of the collection and analysis of data

52. If a study is "reliable", this means that:
(A) It was conducted by a reputable researcher who can be trusted
(B) The measures devised for concepts are stable on different occasions
(C) The findings can be generalized to other social settings
(D) The methods are stated clearly enough for the research to be replicated

53. "Internal validity" refers to:
(A) Whether or not there is really a causal relationship between two variables
(B) Whether or not the findings are relevant to the participants' everyday lives
(C) The degree to which the researcher feels that this was a worthwhile project
(D) How accurately the measurements represent underlying concepts

54. In an experimental design, the dependent variable is:
(A) The one that is not manipulated and in which any changes are observed
(B) The one that is manipulated in order to observe any effects on the other
(C) A measure of the extent to which personal values affect research
(D) An ambiguous concept whose meaning depends on how it is defined

55. What is a cross-sectional design?

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(A) A study of one particular section of society, e.g. the middle classes
(B) One that is devised when the researcher is in a bad mood
(C) The collection of data from more than one case at one moment in time
(D) A comparison of two or more variables over a long period of time

56. Survey research is cross-sectional and therefore:
(A) High in replicability but low in internal validity.
(B) High in internal validity but low in reliability
(C) High in ecological validity but low in external validity
(D) None of the above

57. Panel and cohort designs differ, in that:
(A) Cohort studies involve quantitative research, whereas panel studies are qualitative
(B) A panel study does not need rules to handle new entrants to households.
(C) Only a cohort study will suffer from sample attrition
(D) A panel study can distinguish between age effects and cohort effects, but a cohort design can only detect ageing effects

58. Cross cultural studies are an example of:
(A) Case study design
(B) Comparative design
(C) Experimental design
(D) Longitudinal design

59. Accepting a false null hypothesis is an example of what?
(A) Experimenter bias
(B) Type 1 error
(C) Chance
(D) Type II error

60. Which of the following is not a characteristic of quota sampling?
(A) The researcher chooses who to approach and so might bias the sample
(B) Those who are available to be surveyed in public places are unlikely to constitute a representative sample
(C) The random selection of units makes it possible to calculate the standard error
(D) It is a relatively fast and cheap way of finding out about public opinions

61. The process by which rods and cones convert electromagnetic energy into the activity of neurons is an example of
(A) transduction.
(B) feature detection.
(C) sensory adjustment.
(D) accommodation.

62. What is the transparent, protective, outer layer that is first point of the eye through which light passes as it enters the human eye?
(A) retina
(B) lens
(C) cornea
(D) aqueous humor

63. The purity of light is its
(A) brightness
(B) saturation.
(C) wavelength.
(D) hue.

64. After sound waves pass through the auditory canal, they reach the
(A) eardrum
(B) middle ear.
(C) tunnel of Corti.
(D) oval window

65. The smoke alarm occasionally goes off when you are cooking. The first time this happens your dog whines and becomes frightened. Each succeeding time the alarm

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sounds, the dog gets more frightened. The dog is showing what basic kind of learning?
(A) dissociative
(B) associative
(C) sensitization
(D) habituation

66. In complex learning
(A) classical conditioning occurs.
(B) operant conditioning occurs
(C) habituation always is apparent.
(D) something must be formed in addition to simple associations.

67. Because you enjoy talking with your best friend, she can modify your behavior by refusing to speak to you each time you smoke a cigarette in her presence. She is using an operant conditioning technique called _____
(A) negative reinforcement
(B) punishment
(C) extinction
(D) reinforcement

68. Your prior beliefs about relationships between two variables may lead you to make nonexistent but plausible relationships called
(A) learned associations.
(B) spurious associations.
(C) conditioned responses.
(D) selective associations.

69. You have just found an well constructed, objectively scored. Each item on the test correlates highly with the test taker's final score This test would have
(A) test-retest reliability
(B) temporal stability.
(C) alternate form reliability.
(D) Internal consistency.

70. A criterion measure is used in assessing a test's
(A) validity
(B) reliability.
(C) consistency
(D) factor structure.

71. The first attempts to measure intellectual abilities were made by
(A) Francis Galton.
(B) Charles Darwin.
(C) Alfred Binet.
(D) Lewis Terman.

72. The purpose of Binet's original intelligence test was to
(A) identify the components of intellectual processing.
(B) investigate racial differences in intelligence
(C) identify children who would not benefit from regular schooling.
(D) determine how the intellectual abilities of children differ from those of adults.

73. Spearman proposed that all individuals possess a _____called "g"
(A) global abilities
(B) general intelligence
(C) generative capacities
(D) genetic intelligence

74. One of the most unique aspects of the MMPI is that it was first major personality inventory to incorporate
(A) a criterion control.
(B) neuroticism scales.
(C) validity scales.
(D) keyed responses.

75. Which of the following is a major emphasis of a social-learning theorist?
(A) consistency of an individual's behavior
(B) situational influences
(C) biological motives
(D) self report methods of collecting data

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76. One of the most important contributions of the behaviorist approach to personality has been
(A) an over emphasis of situational variables.
(B) recognition of the importance of environmental variables.
(C) down playing the role of cognitive variables.
(D) detailing the role of unconscious motives.

77. Bandura noted that most behavior occurs in the absence of external rewards and punishment so that most behavior stems from
(A) negative reinforcement.
(B) self-regulation.
(C) reciprocal dualism.
(D) behavioral determinism.

78. The personality test that presents an ambiguous stimulus picture to which the person may respond as he or she wishes is a
(A) Q Sort.
(B) personality inventory.
(C) Rorschach
(D) MMPI

79. An analysis of brain structure functioning in mental disorders is among the interests of researchers following the_____ perspective.
(A) cognitive
(B) psychoanalytic
(C) biological
(D) cultural

80. The _____ model of mental disorders emphasizes the interaction between a predisposition and environmental conditions encountered by the individual.
(A) behavioral-physiological
(B) psychoanalytic-medical
(C) humanistic-psychoanalytic
(D) vulnerability-stress

81. Larry experiences short episodes of acute and overwhelming apprehension or terror. He is experiencing
(A) generalized anxiety disorder.
(B) panic attacks.
(C) parasympathetic discharge.
(D) a phobia

82. An irresistible urge to carry out certain acts or rituals is a(n)
(A) compulsion
(B) obsession.
(C) delusion
(D) phobia.

83. Patients evidencing OCD who respond to behavioral therapies and those who respond to drug therapies show reductions in the rate of activity in the _____ in response to treatment.
(A) hypothalamus
(B) thalamus
(C) hippocampus
(D) frontal cortex

84. _____ is the inability to experience joy, even in response to extremely joyous occasions
(A) A motivational syndrome
(B) Anhedonia
(C) An emotionality
(D) Aboulia

85. The top-down processing technique of comparing our preexisting organized beliefs and knowledge to assess a new situation is described as
(A) categorization processing
(B) organizational processing.
(C) explicational processing.
(D) schematic processing.

86. At a party you are introduced to Anthony who you know is a semi-professional boxer. Contrary to your expectations he is articulate, clever and charming. This new

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information will probably conflict with your preexisting _____ about boxers.
(A) categorization processes
(B) stereotypes
(C) priming
(D) organization processes

87. Current research suggests that the primacy effect occurs because of
(A) the recency phenomenon.
(B) stereotypes.
(C) top-down thinking.
(D) impression formation.

88. Self-fulfilling prophecies arise because our stereotypes
(A) lead us to misperceive the actual characteristics of those we stereotype.
(B) affect our own behavior toward those stereotypes.
(C) cause those we stereotype to dislike us and, hence, to act negatively toward us.
(D) lead us to avoid contact with those we stereotype -thereby preventing us from overcoming our stereotypes.

89. The task of attempting to infer the causes of behavior is called
(A) attribution
(B) detecting covariation
(C) schematic processing
(D) implication detection.

90. Interring that something internal to a person is responsible for his or her behavior is called a(n)
(A) innate tendency
(B) internal inference.
(C) dispositional attribution.
(D) self-fulfilling stereotype

91. According to Herzberg, which of the following is a maintenance factor?
(A) Salary
(B) Work itself
(C) Responsibility
(D) Recognition

92. _____ is known as "the father of scientific management."
(A) Fredrick W. Taylor
(B) Henry Fayol
(C) Robert Owen
(D) None of these

93. The Hawthome experiment was conducted by
(A) William Gilbreth
(B) Hendry Fayol
(C) F. W. Taylor
(D) Elton mayo

94. _____ focuses on how to set goals for people to reach
(A) Equity Theory.
(B) Expectancy theory
(C) Goal attain theory
(D) Goal setting Theory

95. In order from lowest to highest, what are Maslow's Ove classes of needs?
(A) Social-esteem-physiological safety-self-actualization
(B) Physiological-safety-social-self-actualization-esteem
(C) Physiological-safety-social-esteem-self-actualization
(D) Self-actualization-esteem-safety-social-physiological

96. What name is given to data which is made up of frequencies?
(A) Interval data
(B) Ratio data
(C) Categorical data
(D) Ordinal data

97. The feeling of losing personal identity and merging anonymously into the group is called
(A) bystander apathy
(B) diffusion of responsibility

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(C) conformity
(D) deindividuation.

98. The lack of intervention by bystanders to emergency situations appears to be due to
(A) conformity to social norms.
(B) diffusion of responsibility and defining the situation as a non-emergency
(C) deindividuation
(D) apathy

99. Solomon Asch's studies were specifically designed to study the
(A) amount of private opinion change that would be produced by group pressure to conform
(B) factors that would cause subjects to rebel against group pressure
(C) differences between conformity to a group and obedience to an authority figure.
(D) amount of public conformity that would be produced pressure to conform

100. When we conform because we believe that other people's interpretations of an ambiguous situation are more correct than our own, it is called
(A) situational influence.
(B) ambiguous societal influence.
(C) informational social influence
(D) nonnative social influence.

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	A	51	D	76	B
2	D	27	C	52	B	77	D
3	A	28	D	53	A	78	C
4	B	29	B	54	A	79	A
5	C	30	C	55	C	80	D
6	C	31	C	56	A	81	B
7	A	32	D	57	D	82	A
8	B	33	B	58	B	83	D
9	B	34	D	59	D	84	B
10	B	35	D	60	A	85	C
11	C	36	D	61	A	86	B
12	B	37	D	62	C	87	D
13	D	38	D	63	B	88	A
14	C	39	D	64	A	89	A
15	A	40	B	65	D	90	C
16	A	41	A	66	D	91	A
17	B	42	B	67	B	92	A
18	B	43	B	68	B	93	D
19	B	44	A	69	D	94	D
20	B	45	A	70	A	95	C
21	A	46	D	71	C	96	A
22	D	47	B	72	C	97	D
23	C	48	D	73	B	98	B
24	C	49	C	74	C	99	A
25	A	50	C	75	B	100	C

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Jamia Millia Entrance Examination 2017

1. Cumulative frequency graph is also called
   (A) Ogive
   (B) Histogram
   (C) Bar diagram
   (D) None of the above

2. Range is what of the following:
   (A) A measure of variability
   (B) A measure of central tendency
   (C) A measure of progression.
   (D) A measure of Mode

3. What is Spearman's Rho?
   (A) A measure of correlation
   (B) A measure of dispersion
   (C) A measure of normal probability
   (D) None of the above

4. The mode of the following data series is:
   3,3,4,5,4,4,5,5,2,1
   (A) 4 (B) 3
   (C) 2 (D) 1

5. Out of the following which one is the most dependable measure of dispersion:
   (A) Standard Deviation
   (B) Average deviation
   (C) Quartile Deviation
   (D) None of the above

6. In the presence of extreme scores in the data, which out of the following is a better measure of central tendency
   (A) Mean
   (B) Median
   (C) Mode
   (D) Arithmetic mean

7. The Celsius scale of temperature is at what level of scaling?
   (A)Nominal (B)Interval
   (C)Ordinal (D)Ratio

8. Cronbach alpha is a measure of which kind of reliability?
   (A) Internal consistency
   (B) Temporal coefficient
   (C) Coefficient of equivalence
   (D) None of the above

9. Normal probability curve has how many mode(s)?
   (A) One (B) Two
   (C) Three (D) Four

10. What percentage of area falls between the plus minus one Sd unit from the mean?
    (A) 34% (B) 99.09%
    (C) 68 26% (D) 95.04%

,11. In which year Binet Simon test of intelligence became Stanford-Binet test?
    (A) 1916 (B) 1909
    (C) 1917 (D) 1923

12. Reliability of a test is highest when the items of the test is _____
    (A) Heterogeneous (B) Homogenous
    (C) Mixed (D) Difficult

13. Two major components of Construct validity are _____
    (A) Content and criterion related validity
    (B) Convergent and divergent validity.
    (C) Concurrent and predictive
    (D) Factorial and predictive

14. In an experiment, the researcher is interested in comparing boys and girls on the academic achievement scores, which kind of t-test will be used?
    (A) Independent group
    (B) Correlated t-test
    (C) Matched group t-test
    (D) None of the above

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15. The sum of the deviation from the mean is always _____
(A) Zero (B) One
(C) Two (D) Three

16. In which kind of the research design, the researcher explores the event which has already occurred _____
(A) Pure experimental design
(B) Ex-post facto design
(C) Field experiments
(D) Field studies

17. The Standard deviation from the following data would be _____
2,4,6,8, 10, 12
(A) -3.41 (B) 2.89
(C) 2.25 (D) 4:45

18. Number of testees who answered the item correctly is divided by (/) Total number of testees who took the test measures _____
(A) Item validity
(B) Item discrimination index
(C) Distraction ability of the item
(D) Item difficulty

19. Out of the following which one is not the example of probability sampling?
(A) Simple random sampling
(B) Stratified sampling
(C) Cluster sampling
(D) Quota sampling

20. Who gave the concept of t-test?
(A) Ronald Fisher
(B) Henry Garrett
(C) Le Sir William Gossett
(D) None of the above

21. Which of the following is NOT a fertilizer product?
(A) Urea
(B) Di Amonium Phosphate
(C) Calcium Carbonate
(D) All are fertilizers

22. Enzymes are
(A) Vitamins (B) Carboxylic acids
(C) Proteins (D) Bases

23. In Gardner's view, astronauts, navigators and artists would be high in_____ intelligence
(A) Verbal/linguistic intelligence
(B) Visual/ spatial
(C) Interpersonal
(D) Intrapersonal

24. The systems of rules for combining words and phrases to make meaningful sentence is called
(A) Syntax (B) Grammar
(C) Phonics (D) Morphology

25. Which of the following is not one of the physiological factors in hunger
(A) Stomach
(B) Pancreas
(C) Corpus callosum
(D) All of the above

26. One of the main difference between anorexia and bulimia is that the anorexia
(A) Never binges on food
(B) is obsessed about body weight
(C) Can suffer from heart problem
(D) All of the above

27. Which of the following is NOT one of the three elements of emotions
(A) Subjective experience
(B) Physical reaction
(C) Behaviour
(D) Attention

28. The theory of emotion that states the thalamus sends sensory information to the cortex and the sympathetic organ at the same time is the _____theory

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(A) James-Lange
(B) Cannon-Bard
(C) Schachter Singer
(D) Facial Feedback

29. Developing a person's sense of being male or female is called
(A) Gender identity
(B) Gender role
(C) Gender typing
(D) Gender stereotyping

30. The optimal amount of stress that people need to promote their health and sense of wellbeing is called
(A) Intensity (B) Distress
(C) Acute stress (D) Eustress

31. According to Lazarus, secondary appraisal involves
(A) Estimating the severity of the stressor
(B) Classifying the stressor as a threat or challenge
(C) Deciding whether the stressor is a problem
(D) Estimating the resource a person has available for coping

32. When people have to work harder, do more work or work faster, they experience
(A) Frustration
(B) Uncontrollability
(C) Pressure
(D) Conflict

33. The first response that people typically make to frustration is
(A) Persistence
(B) Increasing efforts
(C) Personal
(D) Aggression

34. Who believed that traits existed as part of the nervous system
(A)Costa and McCree (B) Allport
(C) Cattell (D) Rogers

35. According to Cattell, traits that are numerous and can easily be seen by other people are called
(A) Surface (B) Central
(C) Source (D) Complexity

36. In Big Five theory of personality, "C" stands for
(A) Conscientiousness
(B) Contrariness
(C) Consciousness
(D) Complexity

37. Which of the following is not one of the traits found to have a genetic component in studies of identical twins?
(A) Intelligence
(B) Leadership ability
(C) Antagonism
(D) Aggressiveness

38. Which of the following methods would never be used by a behaviourist?
(A) Interview
(B) Projective Test
(C) Direct Observation
(D) Personality inventory

39. Observer bias would be a problem for any of the following methods except
(A) Interview
(B) Projective test
(C) Direct Observation
(D) Personality Inventory

40. Which type of assessment would have the least problem with reliability?
(A) Personality Inventory
(B) Projective Technique
(C) Subjective test
(D) Observational Study

41. Which of the following is not a type of behavioural assessment?
(A) Direct Observation
(B) Thematic Appreciation Test

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(C) Rating Scale
(D) Frequency Count

42. Which of the following is based on the five factor model?
(A) NEO-PI (B) MMPI-2
(C) MBTI (D) 16 PF

43. When a light wave is reflected from a mirror, there is a change in its
(A)Frequency (B)Amplitude
(C)Wavelength (D)Velocity

44. India's Space Rocket Launching Centre is in _____
(A)Portblair (B)Hassan
(C)Kochi (D)Sri Harikota

45. With which of the following festivals Jallikattu is associated?
(A) Onam (B) Pongal
(C) Vishu (D) Shivarathri

46. Black soils are best suited for the cultivation of?
(A)Cotton (B)Rice
(C)Cereals (D)Sugarcane

47. Due to the outbreak of which virus did the WHO declare a Public Health Emergency of International Concern in February 2016
(A) Zika (B) Ebola
(C) Swine flu (D) Chikungunya

48. VAT is imposed-
(A) Directly on consumer
(B) On the first stage of production
(C) On all stages between production and sale
(D) On final stage of production

49. Sigmund Freud began his professional career as a
(A) Neurologist (B) Psychiatrist
(C) Psychoanalyst (D) Philosopher

50. Rajya Sabha members are elected by
(A) Lok Sabha
(B) Legislative assembly
(C) The people
(D) Legislative Council

51. World AIDS day is celebrated on
(A) 1 December
(B) 2 December
(C) 1 November
(D) 3 December

52. Find the relationship as expressed in the given pair-
Circle: Circumference:: Square:?
(A)Volume (B)Area
(C)Diagonal (D)Perimeter

53. Find the relationship as expressed in the given pair-
Import: Export::Expenditure:?
(A)Deficit (B)Revenue
(C)Debt (D)Tax

54. "Where the mind is without fear" were lines by-
(A) Mahatma Gandhi
(B) Swami Vivekananda
(C) Gurudev Rabindranath Tagore
(D) Sardar Bhagat Singh

55. Pyorrhoea is a disease of the
(A)Nose (B)Gums
(C)Heart (D)Lungs

56. Which committee has recommended change in the structure and ecosystem in the Indian cricket board?
(A) RM Lodha committee
(B) Kirit Parikh committee
(C) Bibek Debray committee
(D) Naresh Chandra committee

57. Which car brand was sold to Peugeot recently (2017)?

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(A)Datsun (B)Maruti
(C)Ambassador (D)Fiat

58. Which telecom company launched its first payment bank on 12th Jan 2017?

(A) Vodafone (B) Airtel
(C) Idea (D) None of the above

59. Dronacharya Award is given for excellence in _____

(A) Literacy Work
(B) Social Service
(C) Coaching in Sports
(D) Journalism

60. Carrot is orange in colour because?
(A) It grows in the soil
(B) It is not exposed to sunlight
(C) It contains carotene
(D) The entire plant is orange in colour

61. Which perspective is known as the "third force" in Psychology
(A) Psychoanalysis
(B) Behaviourism
(C) Cognitive Psychology
(D) Humanism

62. Which of the following historical perspective gave rise to the evolutionary perspective?
(A) Behaviourism
(B) Structuralism
(C) Psychoanalysis
(D) Functionalism

63. Critical thinking means making judgments based on
(A) Emotional issues
(B) Keeping a closed mind
(C) Reason and logical evaluation.
(D) Authority and expertise.

64. In the definition of Psychology, mental processes means
(A) Internal, covert processes
(B) Outward behaviour
(C) Overt actions and reactions
(D) Only animal behaviour

65. Who is the most associated with the techniques of introspection
(A)Wundt (B)James
(C)Walton (D)Wertheimer

66. The entire group that a researcher is interested is called a
(A) Sample (B) Subject pool
(C) Population (D) Survey

67. Double blind studies control for
(A) The placebo effect
(B) The experimenter effect
(C) Extrinsic motivation
(D) The placebo effect and the experimenter effect.

68. In the structure of the neuron, the _____ sends the information to other cells
(A)Axon (B)Cytoplasm
(C)Soma (D)Myelin.

69. Learning is _____
(A) Any temporary change in the behaviour
(B) A change in behaviour due to maturation
(C) Any permanent change in behaviour brought about by experience
(D) Any permanent change in behaviour due to maturation

70. Who added the concept of reinforcement to learning theory?
(A) Watson (B) Thorndike
(C) Skinner (D) Pavlov

71. The physical trace of memory in the brain is called the
(A)Memogram (B)Engram
(C)Sonogram (D)Pachygram

72. In Erikson's _____ stage of Psychosocial development, the child learns self control and begins to feel more comfortable
(A) Trust vs. mistrust
(B) Autonomy vs. shame and doubt
(C) Initiative vs guilt
(D) Industry vs. inferiority

73. According to Kohlberg, most adolescents are at the _____ level of maturity
(A) Pre-conventional
(B) Conventional
(C) Post-conventional
(D) Preliminary

74. In Erikson's last crises, the life review is
(A) A process of assigning blame
(B) Looking back on the life one has lives
(C) An analysis of one's parent's lives
(D) The writing a biography

75. Difference between age groups would cause the most serious problems for which developmental research method
(A) Longitudinal
(B) Cross-cultural
(C) Cross-sectional
(D) Cross-sequential

76. Which of the newborn's series is the most fully developed at birth?
(A) Hearing (B) Vision
(C) Smell (D) Touch

77. The critical period for pregnancy is the
(A) Germinal period
(B) Embryonic period
(C) Fetal period
(D) Last trimester period

78. Using the Stanford-Binet formula, what IQ would a person have whose mental age is 20 and whose chronological age is 20.
(A)150 (B)1.50
(C)50 (D)None of the above

79. Sonu is four year old. The intelligence test that would most likely be used to determine his IQ is
(A)WAIS-IV (B)WISC-IV
(C)WPPSI (D)Dove test

80. According to Spearman, a traditional IQ test would most likely measure
(A) Practical intelligence
(B) Specific intelligence
(C) General intelligence
(D) Emotional intelligence

81. The study of the inherited portions of personality is called
(A) Twin studies
(B) Behavioral genetics
(C) Adoptive studies
(D) Adoptive genetics

82. The Rorschach test has people

(A) Tell stories about a picture with people in it.
(B) Answer hundreds of questions about their feelings and thoughts
(C) Perform tasks while an observer watches through a one way mirror
(D) Look at ambiguous visual stimuli and tell what they think it is.

83. How many source traits did Cattell use in developing his personality?
(A)5 (B)10
(C)16 (D)23

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84. The striving for fulfillment of one's potential is called
(A)Self-concept (B) Self-efficacy
(C)Self Actualization (D) The ideal Self

85. For Bandura, one of the most important person variables in determining personality is
(A) Self Efficacy
(B) Self Control
(C) Self Determination
(D) Self-Motivation

86. Research has begun to show some support for which of Freud's concepts?
(A) The existence of an id, ego, and superego
(B) The order of the psychosexual stages
(C) The concept of an unconscious mind
(D) The existence of the Oedipus complex

87. Which structure of the personality, according to Freud, works on the reality principle?
(A)Id (B)Ego
(C)Superego (D)Libido

88. Freud's emphasis on sex and sexual development was mostly due to
(A) His own problems with sexuality
(B) The culture within which he and his patients existed at the time
(C) An increase in sexual deviancy across Europe in 19th century.
(D) The influence of his colleagues.

89. Physical attractiveness is most involved in which of the following aspects of persuasion?
(A)The source (B)The message
(C)The audience (D)The Media

90. The area of the brain that is most involved in aggression is the
(A) Amygdala (B) Pineal Body
(C) Cerebellum (C) Cortex

91. Memories of specific things that have happened to a person are kept in _____
(A) Episodic memory
(B) Semantic memory
(C) Long-term memory
(D) Short-term memory

92. Dyslexia is associated with
(A) Mental disorder
(B) Mathematical disorder
(C) Reading disorder
(D) Behavioral disorder

93. The stage in which a child begins to think logically about objects and events are known as
(A) Sensory-motor stage
(B) Formal operational stage
(C) Pre-operational stage
(D) Concrete operational stage

94. The hallucinations of schizophrenic are most likely to be
(A) Auditory (B) Visual
(C) Tactual (D) Olfactory

95. Theory of cognitive dissonance was offered by:
(A) Skinner (B) Bandura
(C) Festinger (D) None of these

96. Maintenance of an internal biological balance is called
(A) Instinct (B) Need
(C) Homeostasis (D) None of these

97. Systematic desensitization is used in treatment of
(A) Schizophrenia
(B) Mood disorders
(C) Phobias
(D) Somatoform disorders

98. John B. Watson is best known as the founder of

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(A)Behaviorism (B)Functionalism (C) Discrimination
(C)Rationalism (D)Structuralism (D) Spontaneous recovery

99. Conditioned response may be eliminated by withdrawing reinforcement. This is known as:
(A) Stimulus generalization
(B) Extinction

100. Axis III in DSM-IV address:
(A) The major abnormal disorders
(B) Primary personality disorders
(C) WC Physical disorders
(D) coding general medical conditions

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	A	51	A	76	A
2	A	27	D	52	D	77	C
3	A	28	B	53	B	78	D
4	A	29	A	54	C	79	B
5	A	30	D	55	B	80	C
6	B	31	D	56	A	81	B
7	B	32	C	57	C	82	D
8	A	33	A	58	B	83	C
9	A	34	C	59	C	84	C
10	C	35	A	60	C	85	A
11	A	36	A	61	D	86	C
12	B	37	C	62	D	87	B
13	B	38	B	63	C	88	B
14	A	39	D	64	A	89	A
15	A	40	D	65	A	90	A
16	B	41	B	66	C	91	A
17	A	42	A	67	A	92	C
18	D	43	B	68	A	93	D
19	D	44	D	69	C	94	A
20	C	45	B	70	C	95	C
21	D	46	A	71	B	96	C
22	C	47	A	72	B	97	C
23	B	48	C	73	B	98	A
24	A	49	A	74	B	99	B
25	C	50	B	75	C	100	D

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Jamia Millia Entrance Examination 2016

1. Which among the following branches of Psychology specifically studies behavior in relation to genetic inheritance?
   (A) Evolutionary psychology
   (B) Developmental psychology
   (C) Health psychology
   (D) Experimental Psychology

2. Which among the following Schools of Thought used Introspection as a method of analysis?
   (A) Functionalism
   (B) Behaviorism
   (C) Structuralism
   (D) Psychoanalysis

3. Who among the following is credited with the book titled *Principals of Psychology*?
   (A) Wilhelm Wundt
   (B) William James
   (C) B.F. Skinner
   (D) None of the above

4. Who among the following was the first female president of the American Psychological Association (APA)?
   (A) Margaret Floy Washburn
   (B) Leta Stetter Hollingworth
   (C) Karen Homey
   (D) Mary Calkins

5. Which among the following suggests that all individuals posses an innate tendency to grow and develop?
   (A) Psychodynamic perspective
   (B) Humanistic perspective
   (C) Cognitive perspective
   (D) All of the above

6. The following involves an in-depth, comprehensive, and intensive investigation of an individual or small group of people:
   (A)Observation (B)Interview
   (C)Field study (D)Case study

7. Who among the following study how psychological processes may differ among people of different cultures?
   (A) Cultural psychologists
   (B) Cross-cultural psychologists
   (C) Social psychologists
   (D) None of the above

8. Double-Blind Study refers to:
   (A) An experimental procedure in which both researchers and participants are uninformed about the nature of the independent variable.
   (B) A study where participants are uninformed about the dependent variable under study.
   (C) An experimental procedure in which part of the information about the nature of the study is withheld from the participants
   (D) A study where one group of participants is subjected to place of effect

9. Chemical messengers that relay neural messages across the synapse are known as:
   (A) Neurotransmitters
   (B) Hormones
   (C) Neural chemicals
   (D) Synaptic vesicles

10. The ability of brain to adapt or modify itself as the result of experience is known as:
   (A) Maturation
   (B) Plasticity
   (C) Neural growth
   (D) Both a & c

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11. Neurons that communicate information from the nervous system to muscles and glands are known as:
    (A) Sensory neurons
    (B) Inter-neurons
    (C) Mirror neurons
    (D) Motor neurons

12. Which among the following regulates brain activity during sleep and dreaming?
    (A) Medulla
    (B) Cerebral cortex
    (C) Pons
    (D) Spinal chord

13. What section of a nerve cell receives incoming information?
    (A) Axon
    (B) Terminal button
    (C) Synapse
    (D) Dendrite

14. Transformation of stimulus information into nerve signals by the sense organs such as eyes, ears, and nose is known as:
    (A) Perception
    (B) Sensation
    (C) Transduction
    (D) All of the above

15. According to Signal Detection Theory, the process of sensation of a particular stimulus depends on:
    (A) Characteristics of the stimulus,
    (B) Background stimulation
    (C) Detector
    (D) All of the above

16. The Gestalt principles suggesting that human brains prefer to group stimulus elements together to form a percept are known as:
    (A) Laws of perception
    (B) Law of Figure-ground relationship
    (C) Laws of perceptual organization.
    (D) Laws of perceptual set

17. Salivation and eye blinks are examples of:
    (A) Reflexes
    (B) Biological responses
    (C) Acquisition
    (D) Physiological reactions

18. A program in which reinforcement depends on pre-decided number of correct responses is known as:
    (A) Fixed interval schedule
    (B) Variable Interval Schedule
    (C) Variable Ratio Schedule
    (D) Fixed Ratio schedule

19. Instinctive Drift refers to:
    (A) The tendency of an organism's innate responses to interfere with learned behavior.
    (B) The tendency of an organism to pay attention to multiple stimuli at the same time.
    (C) The tendency of an organism to respond to multiple stimuli instinctively.
    (D) All of the above.

20. A highly preferred activity used to reinforce a least preferred activity is known as:
    (A) Token economy
    (B) Secondary reinforce
    (C) Premack principle
    (D) Chaining

21. The application of an aversive stimulus after a response is known as:
    (A) Negative reinforcement
    (B) Aversion training
    (C) Negative punishment
    (D) Positive punishment

22. The concept of Insight Learning was popularized by:
    (A) Ivan Pavlov
    (B) J. B. Watson
    (C) Wolfgang Kohler
    (D) B. F. Skinner

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23. Which among the following are true about Cognitive Learning?
    (A) Inferences are made about mental processes that are not directly observable.
    (B) Learning involves. insight, observational learning, cognitive maps, and other more complex forms of learning.
    (C) Developed as a rebellion against the narrow perspective of behaviorism
    (D) All of the above.

24. The inability to remember events during the first two or three years of life known as:
    (A) Early amnesia
    (B) Childhood amnesia
    (C) Long-term amnesia
    (D) None of the above

25. Which among the following are common in highly emotional experiences?
    (A) Working memory
    (B) Semantic memory
    (C) Flashbulb memory
    (D) Sensory memory

26. Cognitive strategies or "rules of thumb" used as shortcuts to solve complex mental tasks are known as:
    (A) Heuristics
    (B) Algorithms
    (C) Cognitive maps
    (D) Scripting

27. Creative intelligence is a component of:
    (A) Cattel's Theory of Intelligence
    (B) Gardner' Theory of Intelligence
    (C) Spearman's Theory of Intelligence
    (D) Stemberg's Theory of Intelligence

28. A biologically organized mental structure in the brain that facilitates the learning of language is called:
    (A) Language Acquisition Device
    (B) Language Acquisition Centre
    (C) Language Acquisition Region
    (D) Language Acquisition Mechanism

29. In Piaget's theory, the inability to realize that there are other viewpoints beside one's own is known as:
    (A) Egocentricism
    (B) Object permanence
    (C) Mental representation
    (D) Assimilation

30. The authoritative style of parenting is characterized by:
    (A) Parent permits child to make decisions in accord with developmental readiness, listen to child's viewpoint
    (B) Parent is warm, attentive and sensitive to child's needs and interests.
    (C) Parent is warm, but may spoil the child.
    (D) Both A & B

31. When one engages in an activity regardless of an external reward, the behavior is guided by:
    (A) Need for achievement
    (B) Intrinsic motivation
    (C) Extrinsic motivation
    (D) None of the above

32. A socially acceptable reason for actions that are really based on motives believed to be socially unacceptable is known as:
    (A) Rationalization
    (B) Reaction Formation
    (C) Sublimation
    (D) Displacement

33. Who among the following is considered as the proponent of Word Association Test to understand the unconscious conflicts in an individual:
    (A) Henry Murray
    (B) Carl Jung
    (C) Sigmund Freud
    (D) Donald Winicott

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34. The process in which cognitions, behavior, and the environment mutually influence each other is known as:
(A) Situational-Interactionist Approach
(B) Reciprocal Determinism
(C) Interaction Activism
(D) Interactionism

35. The concept of Locus of Control was given by:
(A) Albert Bandura
(B) Walter Mischel
(C) Julian Rotter
(D) None of the above

36. A group's expectations regarding what is appropriate and acceptable for its members' attitudes and behaviors is known as:
(A) Social Norms
(B) Situationism
(C) Compliance
(D) Conformity

37. Weakening of each group member's obligation to act when responsibility is perceived to be shared with all group members is known as:
(A) Bystander effect
(B) Diffusion of responsibility
(C) Social conformity
(D) Obedience

38. In Milgram's original study, about what proportion of the subjects gave the maximum shock?
(A) about two-thirds
(B) about 70 percent
(C) about 50 percent
(D) Nearly 100 percent

39. The phenomenon of blaming an innocent person or a group for one's own troubles and then discriminating against them is known as:
(A) Stereotyping (B) Prejudicing
(A) Discriminating (B) Scapegoating

40. If you wanted to stop ragging in your school or college, what would most likely be an effective strategy to follow?
(A) Punish the perpetrator publicly.
(B) Teach the victim to fight back.
(C) Reward the perpetrator for not ragging any victims.
(D) Change the entire school/college system to have zero tolerance for ragging.

41. The Diagnostic & Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders-5 (DSM-5) was published in the year:
(A)2010 (B)2011
(C)2012 (D)2013

42. Which among the following types schizophrenia is characterized by motionlessness for hours or days?
(A) Disorganized type
(B) Paranoid type
(C) Catatonic type
(D) Residual type

43. The practice of attaching diagnoses of mental disorders to people and then using them as stereotypes is called:
(A) Labelling
(B) Bias
(C) Stereotyping
(D) Miss-diagnosis

44. The relationship between the therapist and the client, with both parties working together to help the client deal with mental or behavioral issues is known as:
(A) Therapist-Client Relationship
(B) Therapeutic Relationship
(C) Therapeutic Alliance
(D) Therapist-Client Alliance

45. Which among the following personality disorders is characterized by instability and impulsivity, unpredictable moods and stormy interpersonal relationships?

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(A) Schizoaffective Personality Disorder
(B) Narcissistic Personality Disorder
(C) Avoidant Personality Disorder
(D) Borderline Personality Disorder

46. The commonly used statistic to test the significance of difference between two groups is:
(A) F-test.
(B) t-test
(C) Chi-Square
(D) None of the above

47. A number typically describing population characteristic is known as:
(A) Statistic (B) Parameter
(C) Datum (D) Median

48. In the following, there is a meaningful zero to the measurement:
(A) Nominal measurement
(B) Ordinal measurement
(C) Interval measurement
(D) Ratio measurement

49. The average amount by which the characteristics of samples from the population differ from the characteristic of the whole population is known as:
(A) Estimation Error
(B) Researchers' Bias
(C) Standard Error
(D) Statistical Insignificance

50. When the frequency curve is lopsided rather than symmetrical, it is known as:
(A) Skewness
(B) Kurtosis
(C) Asymmetrical curve
(D) Bimodal curve

51. The Sixteen Personality Factor (16 PF) Questionnaire was developed by:
(A) Gordon W. Allport
(B) Carl Gustav Jung
(C) Hans Eysenck
(D) Raymond Cattel

52. The following is true of Nomothetic approach to personality:
(A) All people are governed by the same basic behavioural principles.
(B) Each individual is unique and cannot be compared with another
(C) Individuation and uniqueness of people accounts for personality differences
(D) All of the above

53. The reliability of a diagnostic category indicates:
(A) It acknowledges the uniqueness of each individual.
(B) It has explicitly stated criteria.
(C) Clients with the label respond to treatment the same.
(D) Diagnosticians apply it consistently.

54. The characteristic pattern of explanation people use to make sense of life-events is called:
(A) Self-serving bias
(B) Attributional style
(C) Cognitive appraisal
(D) None of the above

55. In psychological research, debriefing refers to:
(A) Providing information about the true. purpose of the study
(B) Participants learning more about the is benefits of the research to them and to society in general
(C) Researcher has the opportunity to alleviate any discomfort participants may be experiencing
(D) All of the above

56. A reliability coefficient that assesses the agreement of observations made by two or more raters or judges is known as:
(A) Split-half reliability

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(B) Alternate-forms reliability
(C) Inter-Rater reliability
(D) Test-Retest reliability

57. The score occurring with greatest frequency in a distribution is known as:
(A)Mean
(B)Medium
(C)Mode
(D)Standard deviation

58. The hypothesis stating that the independent variable has no effect and that there is no difference among the groups is known as:
(A) Null Hypothesis
(B) Alternate Hypothesis
(C) Directional Hypothesis
(D) Non-directional Hypothesis

59. Which among the following represents the 'applied' branch in Organizational Behavior?
(A) Human Resource Management
(B) Organizational Development
(C) Both a & b
(D) None of the above

60. According to Bandura's SCT, which among the following does NOT represent a Basic Human Capability?
(A) Forethought
(B) Self-Reflective
(C) Symbolizing
(D) Cognitive Orientation

61. The voluntary and involuntary withdrawal from an organization is called:
(A) Absenteeism
(B) Turnover
(C) Layoff
(D) All of the above

62. Which among the following is NOT true of the Perceived Organizational Support:
(A) The degree to which employees believe that the employer values their contribution to the organization
(B) The degree to which employees believe that the employer cares about employee's well-being
(C) The degree to which employees believe that the employer will not fire them if their performance is consistently deteriorating
(D) All of the above

63. An employee's emotional attachment to, identification with, and involvement in the organization is known as:
(A) Affective commitment
(B) Normative commitment
(C) Continuance commitment
(D) None of the above

64. Which among the following involves exposure to a hierarchy of stimuli while relaxing to decrease fears:
(A) Flooding
(B) Systematic Desensitization
(C) Aversive Conditioning
(D) Implosion

65. Exaggerated sense of self-importance is a characteristic feature of
(A) Paranoid personality disorder
(B) Narcissistic personality disorder
(C) Schizoid personality disorder
(D) Schizotypal personality disorder

66. The re-channeling of sexual or aggressive impulses in a socially acceptable direction is known as:
(A) Displacement
(B) Overcompensation
(C) Projection
(D) Sublimation

67. Among the following theories, which one states that emotion is a result of

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interpretation of the causes of the physiological arousal?
(A) James-Lange Theory
(B) Cannon-Bard Theory
(C) Cognitive Labelling Theory
(D) None of the above

68. Which among the following speed up the nervous system activity?
(A) Opiates
(B) Depressants
(C) Stimulants
(D) Psychedelic Drugs

69. Which among the following approaches to therapy explores issues such as death, freedom, isolation, and meaninglessness?
(A) Existential Approach
(B) Humanistic Approach
(C) Psychoanalytic Approach
(D) All of the above

70. The NEO personality inventory consists of the following number of facets:
(A) 25 (B) 30
(C) 35 (D) 40

71. Which among the following considers the central core of dysfunctional behavior to be due to irrational beliefs?
(A) Cognitive Behavior Therapy
(B) Dialectical Therapy
(C) Rational Emotive Behavior Therapy
(D) Behavior Therapy

72. The use of statistics to pool and analyze results of different studies is known as:
(A) Mega-Analysis
(B) Meta-Analysis
(C) Multiple-Analysis
(D) Mediated-Analysis

73. Organization Citizenship Behavior refers to:
(A) Promoting the effective functioning of the organization.
(B) Actions and behaviors for the welfare an employee's formal job of the organization that are not part of requirements.
(C) Completion of requirements of the contract with the organization
(D) Both A & B

74. The tendency of an individual to underestimate the influence of external factors and overestimate the influence of internal factors when making judgments about the behaviour of others is known as:
(A) Self-serving bias
(B) Selective perception
(C) Fundamental attribution error
(D) Distinctive perception

75. Judging an individual on the basis of one's perception of the group to which he/she belongs is called:
(A) Stereotyping
(B) Prejudice
(C) Projection
(D) Discrimination

76. A personality trait that describes the degree to which an individual is responsible, dependable, persistent, and achievement oriented and dutiful is known as:
(A) Extraversion.
(B) Agreeableness
(C) Openness
(D) Conscientiousness

77. Which among the following is NOT a component of emotional intelligence?
(A) Self-awareness
(B) Self-motivation
(C) Social skills
(D) Sympathy

78. Which among the following is true of Type A Personality?
(A) Are always moving, walking, and eating rapidly.

(B) Feel impatient with the rate at which most events take place
(C) Strive to think or do two or more: things at once
(D) All of the above

79. The extent to which a measuring instrument appears valid on its surface is known as:
(A) Content validity
(B) Face Validity
(C) Criterion Validity
(D) Construct Validity

80. Which among the following is an inferential statistical test for comparing the means of three or more groups using a between participants design and one independent variable?
(A) One-Way ANOVA
(B) Two-Way ANOVA
(C) Three-Way ANOVA
(D) None of the above

81. For which of the following disciplines is the prestigious Nobel Prize awarded?
(A) Physics and Chemistry
(B) Physiology or Medicine
(C) Literature, Peace and Economics
(D) All of the above

82. Which among the following is true about Galileo, the Italian astronomer:
(A) Developed the telescope
(B) Discovered four satellites of Jupiter
(C) Discovered that the movement of pendulum produces a regular time measurement
(D) All of the above

83. Exposure to sunlight improves an individual's health due to:

(A) Kills the skin bacteria
(B) Helps in maintaining the homeostasis in the body
(C) The pigment cells in the skin get stimulated and produce a healthy tan
(D) Skin oil gets converted into Vitamin D

84. The First Afghan War took place in year:
(A)1839 (B)1843
(C)1833 (D)1848

85. The abbreviation ICAO stands for:
(A) International Civil Aviation Organization
(B) Indian Corporation of Agriculture Organization
(C) International Company of Accounts Organization
(D) Indian Civil Aviation Organization

86. The following country has largest deposits of mica in the world:
(A) USA (B) Japan
(C) India (D) North Korea

87. The state of Rajasthan has the following number of seats in Lok Sabha:
(A) 32 (B) 25
(C) 30 (D) 17

88. How many red blood cells are found in a normal human body?
(A) 15 trillion (B) 20 trillion
(C) 25 trillion (D) 30 trillion

89. In the game of cricket, what is the distance between the two sets of wickets?
(A)18 yards apart (B)20 yards apart
(C)22 yards apart (D)24 yards apart

90. Penicillin was discovered by
(A) Alexander Fleming
(B) Albert Einstein
(C) Archimedes
(D) Aryabhatta

91. The official languages of the United Nations are:

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(A) Hindi, Chinese, English, French, Korean and Spanish
(B) Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish
(C) Arabic, Japanese, Chinese, English, French and Hindi
(D) Korean, English, French, Hindi, Japanese and Spanish

92. In the series, 7, 10, 8, 11, 9, 12, ... What number should come next?
(A)10 (B)11
(C)12 (D)13

93. Bowl is to soup as cup is to:
(A)Dish (B)Liquid
(C)Coffee (D)Food

94. Enlightened is to Ignorant as Elated is to:
(A)Worries (B)Irritable
(C)Intolerant (D)Despondent

95. Which among the following words does NOT belong with the others in the series?
(A)Book (B)Index
(C)Glossary (D)Chapter

96. The national sport of Canada is:
(A)Soccer (B)Lacrosse
(C)Cricket (D)Rugby

97. The normal threshold of hearing is around
(A)70-80 db (B)50-60 db
(C)90-100 db (D)25-45 db

98. Who is the newly elected President of Myanmar?
(A)John Van Thio (B)Htin Kyaw
(C)Tung Swe (D)Suu Kyi San

99. India has launched the Fulbright – Kalam Climate Fellowship in collaboration with?
(A) United Kingdom
(B) Australia
(C) United States of America
(D) Germany

100. Which among hosted the 2016 the following countries World Congress of Biosphere Reserves?
(A) United States (B) Peru
(C) Belgium (D) Switzerland

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	A	51	D	76	D
2	C	27	D	52	A	77	D
3	B	28	A	53	C	78	B
4	D	29	A	54	B	79	A
5	B	30	D	55	A	80	A
6	D	31	B	56	C	81	D
7	B	32	C	57	C	82	D
8	A	33	B	58	A	83	D
9	A	34	A	59	A	84	A
10	B	35	C	60	A	85	A
11	D	36	A	61	B	86	C
12	C	37	B	62	C	87	B
13	D	38	A	63	A	88	C
14	C	39	D	64	B	89	C
15	A	40	D	65	B	90	A
16	C	41	D	66	D	91	B
17	A	42	C	67	A	92	A
18	D	43	A	68	C	93	C
19	A	44	B	69	A	94	C
20	C	45	D	70	B	95	A
21	D	46	B	71	C	96	B
22	C	47	B	72	B	97	D
23	D	48	D	73	D	98	B
24	B	49	C	74	C	99	C
25	C	50	C	75	A	100	B

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Pondicherry University Entrance Examination 2018

1. Team building begins with
   (A) diagnostic meetings
   (B) benchmarking
   (C) a plan of action
   (D) unobtrusive measures

2. The sex of the foetus is determined by:
   (A) Only Y-chromosome of the father
   (B) X-chromosome of the mother
   (C) Only X-chromosome of the father
   (D) Both X- and Y-chromosomes of the father

3. According to Piaget, schemata
   (A) Refers to the organization of elements in the environment
   (B) Are elements of cognitive organization
   (C) Are deceptive indicators of the appearance of cognitive development
   (D) Are assimilated into concrete operations

4. Friendship groups or cliques begin to develop during which of the stages of cognitive development?
   (A) concrete operational
   (B) sensorimotor
   (C) formal operational
   (D) preoperational

5. The final stage of Elisabeth Kübler-Ross's theory is labeled
   (A) acceptance (B) denial
   (C) bargaining (D) aggressive

6. --------- is the non-parametric counterpart of t-test.
   (A) Chi square
   (B) Rank difference correlation
   (C) Mann-Whitney U test
   (D) Kruskal Wallis One-way ANOVA

7. The father of humanistic approach is:
   (A) Sigmund Freud
   (B) Wilhelm Wundt
   (C) Abraham Maslow
   (D) Watson

8. Proximo-distal pattern refers to:
   (A) the sequence in which growth starts at the peripheral regions of the body and moves toward the centre
   (B) the sequence in which the earliest growth occurs at the top and feature differentiation gradually working from top to bottom;
   (C) the sequence in which growth starts at the center of the body and moves toward the extremities
   (D) the sequence in which growth occurs at the bottom and moves toward the top

9. Stranger anxiety appears usually in the:
   (A) 2nd half of the 2nd year of life
   (B) 1st half of the 1st year of life
   (C) 1st half of the 2nd year of life
   (D) 2nd half of the 1st year of life

10. _____ is also called the gang-age.
    (A) Early childhood
    (B) Late childhood
    (C) Adolescence
    (D) Adulthood

11. In the following question, the first two words (given in italics) have a definite relationship. Choose one word out of the given four alternatives which will fill the blank space and show the same relationship with the third word as between the first two.
    Orange is to peel as Tooth is to ……?
    ……..
    (A) Joints (B) Brush
    (C) Enamel (D) Gums

12. Symptoms, according to the behaviouristic perspective, are produced because of:
    (A) Faulty attributions
    (B) Faulty memories

(C) Faulty thinking
(D) Faulty learning

13. According to psychologist Kurt Lewin, which of the following is not a stage in the change process?
(A) refreezing (B) mediating
(C) unfreezing (D) changing

14. Study the following information carefully and answer the question below it
In a family, Isha is the granddaughter of Ash(A) Deepa is the mother of Hans(A) Charan is the son of Anan(D) Radha is the mother of Ish(A) Deepa is the sister of Vinod and Charan. Nagesh has two children, Gita and Hans(A) Emesh is the only grandson in the family. Charan is not marrie(D) Radha is the daughter-in-law of Anand
Who is the daughter of Anand?
(A) Gita (B) Hansa
(C) Deepa (D) Isha

15. The mode is
(A) the most frequently occurring score in a distribution
(B) the arithmetic average of all of the scores in a distribution
(C) a reliable indicator of the variability within a distribution
(D) all of the above

16. _____ is not a determinant of learning.
(A) Reinforcement
(B) Extent of errors
(C) Degree of association
(D) Practice

17. Industrial and Organizational psychologists study all of the following except
(A) the basic personnel functions within organizations
(B) the psychological processes underlying work behavior
(C) group processes in the workplace
(D) the ways a company's profits are distributed

18. A man complete a journey in 10 hours. He travels the first half of the journey at the rate of 21 km/hr and second half at the rate of 24 km/hr. Find the total journey in km.
(A) 230 (B) 250
(C) 220 (D) 224

19. are toxic agents of the environment.
(A) Virus (B) Teratogens
(C) Germs (D) Bacteria

20. The tendency to see all three following figures as completely drawn is an example of:
(A) Right brain dominance
(B) Chunking
(C) Movement
(D) Closure

21. Which of the following is NOT a symptom of mania?
(A) Pressured speech
(B) Euphoria
(C) Increased Activity
(D) Decreased Self-Esteem

22. Choose the best antonym of the italicized wor(D)
Keerthi did not like her husband being obsequious to his boss.
(A) courteous (B) gentle
(C) defiant (D) indifferent

23. What statistical test would be used with interval or ratio data with multiple dependent variables?
(A) Wilcoxon
(B) MANOVA
(C) Independent t-tests
(D) Mixed ANOVA

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24. Monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs) are effective for the treatment of:
(A) Generalized anxiety disorder
(B) Obsessive compulsive disorder
(C) Major depression
(D) Schizophrenia

25. Raw score_ Mean/ Standard deviation =
(A) Stanine score (B) z score
(C) T score (D) Percentile score

26. Frederick W. Taylor analyzed work behavior using _____ studies, which involved breaking a task down into specific movements and recording the time needed to perform each movement
(A) time-and-motion
(B) manual labor
(C) process management
(D) sensitivity training

27. Identify the adverb in the following sentence:
We started early in order to see the sunrise.
(A) early (B) in order
(C) to see (D) started

28. A person diagnosed as having schizoid personality disorder would not exhibit:
(A) Eccentricities of thought, behaviour or speech
(B) Emotional coldness and distance
(C) Indifference to praise or criticism of others
(D) Indifference to feelings of others

29. Only after food has been dried _____
(A) that is should be stored for later consumption
(B) should it be stored for later consumption
(C) it should be stored for later consumption
(D) should be stored for later consumption

30. Choose the missing term: FLP, INS, LPV, ?
(A) UXZ (B) ORY
(C) VXZ (D) SYZ

31. Industrial and Organizational psychology made its first major impact in
(A) the Antebellum Period
(B) World War II
(C) the Hawthorne Studies
(D) World War I

32. An advantage of nonparametric statistics is that
(A) they are distribution free analyses
(B) you need a random sample calculate them
(C) they have many assumptions to meet
(D) they are very powerful

33. Which of the following writings viewed mental illness as a punishment from God?
(A) The Deception of Dreams
(B) A Mind that Found itself
(C) Papyrus Ebers
(D) The Old Testament

34. Statements: All dogs are tall, All cats are tall.
Conclusion:
I. All dogs are cat
II. All cats are dogs
(A) If neither I nor II follows
(B) If only conclusion II follows
(C) If either I or II follows
(D) If only conclusion I follows

35. What name is given to data which is made up of frequencies?
(A) Ordinal data (B) Nominal data
(C) Ratio data (D) Interval data

36. A child detects a ray of light from the photo-spectrometer in a dark room/ chamber. This is an instance of crossing the
(A) Reiz Limen
(B) Difference Limen
(C) Terminal Limen
(D) None of the above

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37. The process of converting sensory information into neural activity is:
(A) Coding (B) Detection
(C) Input (D) Transduction

38. The importance of schemas was most clearly highlighted by
(A) Erikson's psychosocial development theory
(B) Harlow's attachment theory
(C) Kohlberg's moral development theory
(D) Piaget's cognitive development theory

39. Each of the following is true regarding the climacteric except
(A) it eventually leads to menopause in women
(B) about half of women experience discomfort during menopause
(C) there are widespread psychological and sexual effects in men
(D) it is characterized by a decline in reproductive capacity of men

40. Theories by Aldefer and McClelland are two examples of _____ motivation
(A) Process (B) Content
(C) Expectancy (D) Equity

41. La belle indifference is a characteristic feature of:
(A) Conversion disorder
(B) Schizophrenia
(C) Phobic disorder
(D) Dissociative disorder

42. Let Z stand for the dominant gene, z for the recessive gene. If a male ZZ genes is mated with a female with zz genes, the resulting offspring will:
(A) Be half phenotype Z and half phenotype z
(B) Be one quarter phenotype Z and half phenotype z
(C) All will be genotype ZZ.
(D) All have the same genotype

43. The term "Childhood amnesia" was coined by
(A) Bandura (B) Piaget
(C) Freud (D) Skinner

44. A nerve structure that commands a hand to move a pencil is:
(A) Parasympathetic
(B) Afferent
(C) Efferent
(D) Sympathetic

45. Which of the following parenting styles is most likely to be associated with physical discipline?
(A) democratic (B) permissive
(C) authoritative (D) authoritarian

46. In Freudian theory, the superego develops:
(A) After resolving the Oedipus conflict
(B) After attaining the genital stage
(C) During latency
(D) After resolution of the anal stage

47. Which of the following is NOT a treatment developed from classical conditioning principles?
(A) Token economies
(B) Aversion therapies
(C) Systematic desensitization
(D) Flooding

48. Which of these measures can be used to present an average for data?
(A) Mean, median and mode
(B) Standard deviation, range and mean
(C) Median, range, normal distribution
(D) Mode, alpha, range

49. Both endogenous as well as exogenous factors are responsible for explaining:
(A) Behaviour (B) Genotype
(C) Genetics (D) Phenotype

50. Mid-life crisis: Middle age :: Identity crisis:

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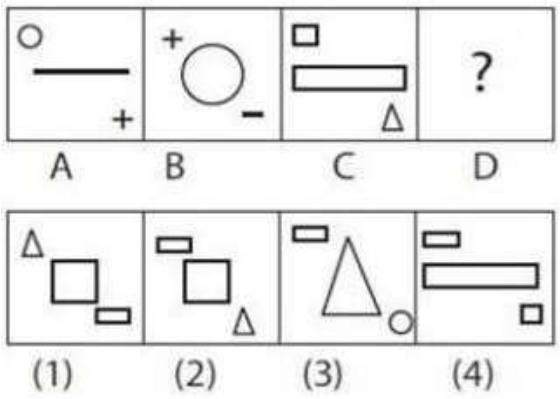
(A) Adulthood (B) Old age
(C) Childhood (D) Adolescence

51. Noted psychologist Mary Ainsworth studied early attachment in human using which of the following methods?
(A) industry versus inferiority
(B) strange situation
(C) psychosocial development
(D) social attachment

52.



(A) 4 (B) 1
(C) 2 (D) 3

53. Flooding is used as a technique to treat:
(A) Hallucinations
(B) Anxiety
(C) Mood fluctuations
(D) Delusions

54. An anxiety disorder in which the person has recurrent, intrusive thoughts and recurrent urges to perform ritualistic actions is known as:
(A) Obsessive-compulsive disorder
(B) Panic disorder
(C) Generalized anxiety disorder
(D) Phobias

55. Choose the correct meaning of the italicized idiom.
The father was right in giving a piece of his mind to the son.
(A) Speaking cheerfully
(B) Speaking sharply
(C) Speaking kindly
(D) Speaking sadly

56. A list of 5 pulse rates is: 70, 64, 80, 74, 92. What is the median for this list?
(A) 74 (B) 80
(C) 77 (D) 76

57. Which of the following brain abnormalities is NOT associated with schizophrenia?
(A) shrinking of the ventricles
(B) deficits in the temporal lobes
(C) deficits in the limbic system
(D) atrophy of the frontal cortex

58. Consolidation refers to the
(A) Process whereby memory storage is speeded by the use of electroconvulsive shock treatment
(B) Ability to see relationships between objects or events
(C) Forming of a long-term memory
(D) Time taken for short-term memory to be complete

59. When polarized, an axon:
(A) Has potassium ions concentrated on the inside of its membranes
(B) Causes the synaptic vesicle to burst
(C) Is firing an impulse
(D) Is essentially unable to fire or is frozen

60. The structure of intellect model has been propounded by
(A) Spearman (B) Goleman
(C) Thorndike (D) Guilford

61. REM sleep is called “paradoxical” because:
(A) While the sleeper sleeps, the usual restorative functions of sleep are dormant
(B) Dreaming occurs during REM sleep, but the sleeper is most easily aroused

(C) The muscles are at rest while the brain and eyes are active
(D) The sleeper's muscles seem to relax and tense in no relation to dream content.

62. What statistical test would be used to find correlation with ordinal data obtained from one sample?
(A) Related t-test
(B) Spearman's rank order correlation
(C) Kruskal-Wallis
(D) Mann-Whitney

63. According to Piaget, the cognitive process that interprets new information in light of existing schemas is known as
(A) object permanence
(B) conservation
(C) accommodation
(D) assimilation

64. Alcohol primarily affects which neurotransmitter?
(A) Glutamate (B) Anandamide
(C) Dopamine (D) GABA

65. ESP stands for:
(A) Extra-sensory power
(B) Extra-sensory prevalence
(C) Extra-sensory potentiality
(D) Extra-sensory perception

66. If you have nominal data which nonparametric statistic should you use?
(A) the t-test
(B) Spearman's rho
(C) Wilcoxon
(D) Chi-square

67. When null hypothesis is true, rejecting it leads to
(A) none of the above
(B) Type II error
(C) Both Type I and Type II error
(D) Type I error

68. What is the first stage in statistics?
(A) Review the materials
(B) Summarize data
(C) Identify the group of people to be studied
(D) Organize data

69. Make-believe play is a type of play in which:
(A) children engage in parallel play
(B) children engage in monotonous games
(C) children pretend, act out every day and imaginary activities
(D) children engage in creative activities

70. Chemical substances secreted by endocrine glands are called:
(A) Enzymes (B) Neurotransmitters
(C) Hormones (D) Catalysts

71. Choose the best synonym of the italicized wor(D) The security arrangements made for the visiting dignitary were impeccable.
(A) Tight (B) Elaborate
(C) Grand (D) flawless

72. Hawthorne experiment was conducted by
(A) F.W. Taylor (B) Henry Fayol
(C) Elton Mayo (D) Max Weber

73. A disorder that is commonly confused with somatization disorder is
(A) chronic fatigue syndrome
(B) Korsakoff's syndrome
(C) ataque de nervios
(D) conversion disorder

74. Which of the following symptoms would least likely be found among patients diagnosed as obsessive- compulsive?
(A) Ruminations
(B) Cognitive rituals
(C) Motor rituals
(D) Amnesia

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75. Based on the information given, answer the below question.
1. A, B, C, D, E and F are travelling in a bus.
2. There are two reporters, two mechanics, one photographer and one writer in the group.
3. Photographer A is married to D who is a reporter.
4. The writer is married to B who is of the same profession as that of F.
5. A, B, C, D are two married couples and no one in this belong to the same profession.
6. F is the brother of (C). Which of the following is the pair of mechanics?
(A) Cannot be determined
(B) BF
(C) CE
(D) AF

76. The class of psychological disorders characterized by grossly impaired social, emotional, cognitive, and perceptual functioning refers to:
(A) Personality disorder
(B) Generalized anxiety disorder
(C) Major depression
(D) Schizophrenia

77. Disorders characterized by intense, unrealistic, irrational fears are called:
(A) Schizotypal disorder
(B) Anxiety disorders
(C) Affective disorders
(D) Schiphreniform disorder

78. If BAT= 40, AT= 20 then CAT=?
(A) 43 (B) 60
(C) 80 (D) 50

79. The medication(s) most consistently shown to reduce risk of suicide is/are:
(A) Lithium
(B) MAOIs
(C) Antipsychotics
(D) SSRIs

80. The most stable measure of variability:
(A) Quartile deviation
(B) Median
(C) Mean
(D) Standard deviation

81. Which of the following does not fall under Autism Spectrum Disorders?
(A) Autism
(B) Mental retardation
(C) Rett's Disorder
(D) Asperger's Disorder

82. Study the following information carefully and answer the question below it
(i)There is a group of five persons- A, B, C, D and E
(ii)One of them is manual scavenger, one is sweeper, one is watchman, one is human scarecrow and one is grave-digger
(iii)Three of them – A, C and grave-digger prefer tea to coffee and two of them – B and the watchman prefer coffee to tea
(iv)The human scarecrow and D and A are friends to one another but two of these prefer coffee to te(A)
(v)The manual scavenger is C's brother
Who is a sweeper?
(A) D (B) A
(C) E (D) C

83. A student's score falls at the 30th percentile on a 220 item test administered to a group of 100 students. This means that:
(A) His score is higher than 30 other students
(B) He has got 30 items correct
(C) His score is higher than 70 other students
(D) He has got 70 items correct

84. If Priya was selected, she_____ a good surgeon.
(A) will make (B) would have made
(C) can make (D) would make

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85. Psychologists in the area of _____ concentrate on workplace design, man-machine interaction, and physical fatigue
(A) training and development
(B) personnel psychology
(C) human factors
(D) organizational psychology

86. During one's first few months in a new culture, one should learn the manners that are customary and_____
(A) to be speaking language
(B) the language that is speaking
(C) the spoken there language
(D) the language that is spoken there

87. Compared to individuals in their 20s, individuals in their 70s show declines in
(A) solving life problems
(B) fluid intelligence
(C) understanding mathematical concepts
(D) knowledge of word meanings

88. Which of the following is often considered a characteristic of self- actualising people?
(A) They tend to be competitive against other people
(B) They want close relationships with work-mates
(C) They are capable of establishing meaningful relationships
(D) They easily become bored

89. An example of non-parametric correlation is:
(A) Chi Square
(B) Product Moment correlation
(C) Rank order correlation
(D) Partial Correlation

90. Free association is a technique put forward by the_____ perspective.
(A) Humanistic
(B) Behaviouristic
(C) Psychodynamic
(D) Dispositional

91. Groups which are formed as the consequence of organisational structure and work division are known as
(A) informal groups
(B) formal groups
(C) operational groups
(D) target groups

92. Erikson's psychosocial developmental stage in which success is achieved by having a secure social attachment with a caregiver is known as
(A) autonomy versus shame and doubt
(B) trust versus mistrust
(C) generativity versus stagnation
(D) integrity versus despair

93. Development of gero-transcendence involves the unfurling of:
(A) Spirituality in young adulthood
(B) Spirituality in late adulthood
(C) Spirituality in middle adulthood
(D) Spirituality in adolescence

94. What is probability of Null hypothesis?
(A) The likelihood that your results are true
(B) The central tendency
(C) The likelihood that something occurs due to chance
(D) The dispersion of the data

95. An interviewer prepares the questions that he would be asking his clients before he meets them in an orderly fashion. This is an example of:
(A) Unstructured interview
(B) Semi-structured interview
(C) Case study
(D) Structured interview

96 .13, 35, 57, 79, 911,?
(A) 1315 (B) 1113
(C) 1112 (D) 1311

97. Study the following information carefully and answer the question below it:
Aasha, Bhuvnesh, Charan, Danesh, Ekta, Farhan, Ganesh and Himesh are sitting around a circle, facing the centre. Aasha sits fourth to the right of Himesh while second to the left of Farhan. Charan is not the neighbour of Farhan and Bhuvnesh. Danesh sits third to the right of Charan. Himesh never sits next to Ganesh.

Three of the following are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the seating arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
(A) BhuvneshDanesh
(B) Ganesh Ekta
(C) Himesh Farhan
(D) DaneshCharan

98. Statement: Among all the articles, Prices of laptops show the highest decline from June 2017 to December 2017.
Assumptions:
I. Comparative prices of all articles were available from June 2017 to December 2017.
II. The prices laptops were higher in the first 6 months than the last 6 months.
(A) If only assumption I is implicit
(B) If neither I nor II is implicit
(C) If both I and II are implicit
(D) If only assumption II is implicit

99. Choose the correct meaning to the italicized idiom. Vijay does not see eye to eye with me in this matter.
(A) To have same opinion
(B) To have the same eyesight
(C) To obtain suitable punishment
(D) To give a correct decision

100. Memory molecule: _____ :: Proteins: Amino acids
(A) RNA
(B) DNA
(C) Peptide bonds
(D) None of the alternatives

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
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5	A	30	B	55	B	80	D
6	C	31	D	56	A	81	B
7	C	32	A	57	A	82	D
8	C	33	D	58	C	83	D
9	B	34	D	59	D	84	B
10	B	35	B	60	D	85	C
11	C	36	A	61	C	86	D
12	D	37	D	62	B	87	B
13	D	38	D	63	D	88	C
14	C	39	C	64	D	89	C
15	A	40	B	65	D	90	C
16	B	41	A	66	D	91	B
17	D	42	D	67	D	92	B
18	D	43	C	68	C	93	B
19	B	44	B	69	D	94	A
20	A	45	C	70	C	95	B
21	D	46	A	71	D	96	B
22	C	47	A	72	C	97	D
23	B	48	A	73	D	98	C
24	C	49	D	74	A	99	A
25	B	50	D	75	B	100	B

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Pondicherry University Entrance Examination 2017

1. Find the next term in the series: BMO, EOQ, HQS, ?
   (A) KSU
   (B) LMN
   (C) SOV
   (D) SOW

2. Choose a word from the given options which bears the same relationship to the third word, as the first two bears: Misogamy: Marriage:: Misogyny:?
   (A) Children
   (B) Husband
   (C) Relations
   (D) Women

3. Select the lettered pair that has the same relationship as the original pair of words: Indolence: Beaver
   (A) Elegance: Peacock
   (B) Ferocity: Lamb
   (C) Passivity: Cow
   (D) Joviality: Hyena

4. Select the lettered pair that has the same relationship as the original pair of words: Man: Humanity
   (A) Frame: Picture
   (B) Scholar: Books
   (C) Flowers: Fragrance
   (D) Drop: Ocean

5. Choose the set that has the same relationship as in the original:
   Horse: Foal: Mare
   (A) Sheep: lamb: Goat
   (B) Lion: Cub: Den
   (C) Man: Child: Woman
   (D) Cat: Kitten: Puppy

6. Spot the defective segment from the following:
   (A) I didn't expect
   (B) this kind of treatment
   (C) from your hands
   (D) this morning

7. Many rural children go to school_____
   (A) by foot
   (B) by walk
   (C) on foot
   (D) on their feet

8. _____ is facing the threat of extinction.
   (A) Tigers
   (B) Tiger
   (C) The Tiger
   (D) A Tiger

9. Choose the option closet in meaning to the given word: TERSE
   (A) concise
   (B) curt
   (C) rude
   (D) poetic

10. Choose the antonymous option you consider the best:
    RETICENT
    (A) communicative
    (B) clamorous
    (C) reserved
    (D) dormant

11. In each of the following questions some statements are followed by two conclusions (i) and
    (ii). Read the statements carefully and then decide which of the conclusions follow beyond a reasonable doubt. Mark your answer as:
    Statement: I am a Kashmiri Pandit and feel proud that Indira Gandhi belonged to the same community
    Conclusions:

(i) Indira Gandhi is proud of being a Kashmiri Pandit
(ii) All Kashmiri Pandits feel proud of Indira Gandhi
(A) If only conclusion (i) follows
(B) If only conclusion (ii) follows
(C) If neither conclusion (i) nor (ii) follows
(D) If both the conclusions follow

12. What value should come in place of question mark (?) in the following number series?
48, ?, 94, 123, 156, 193
(A) 74 (B) 65
(C) 69 (D) 77

13. If in a certain language CARROM is code as BZQQNL, which word will be coded as HOUSE?
(A) IPVTF (B) GNTRD
(C) INVRF (D) GPTID

14. Teeth: Chew in the same ways as
(A) Mind: Think (B) Food: Taste
(C) Sweater: Heart (D) Eyes: Flicker

15. The following information given: Eight persons P, Q, R, S T, U, V and W ae sitting around a rectangular table in such a way that two persons sit on each of the four sides of the table facing the centre. Persons sitting on opposite sides are exactly opposite to each other. S faces North and sits exactly opposite W.T is on the immediate left to W. P and V sit on the same side. V is exactly opposite Q, who is on the immediate right of R, U is next to the left of S.
Who is sitting opposite to P?
(A) V (B) S
(C) T (D) R

16. There are 4 prime numbers written in ascending order. The product of the first three is 385, and that of the last three is 1001, Find the first number
(A) 5 (B) 11
(C) 29 (D) 19

17. Mean of the first 10 even numbers is
(A) 12 (B) 11
(C) 14 (D) 9

18. If you were to spell out the numbers, how far would you have to go before encountering the letter 'A'?
(A) 91 (B) 21
(C) 51 (D) 101

19. A man starts from his office and goes 5kms east., Then he turn to the left and again walks for 3kms, he turns left and walks 5kms. At what distance is he from the starting point?
(A) 3 (B) 4
(C) 6 (D) 7

20. The first person is 100cm tall. Each subsequent person is 20% taller than the previous person. What is the Median height of 5 persons.
(A) 173 (B) 120
(C) 144 (D) 207

21. Sculptor: Statue:: Poet:?
(A) Verse (B) Chisel
(C) Canvas (D) Pen

22. A study to determine the degree of relationship between two events is called:
(A) the correlational method
(B) naturalistic observation
(C) a controlled experiment
(D) the survey method

23. The word big is flashed on a screen. A mental picture of the word big represents a _____ code; the definition "large in size" represents a code; " sounds like pig" represents a code.
(A) Structural; Phonemic; Semantic
(B) Structural; Semantic; Phonemic

(C) Phonemic; Structural; Semantic
(D) Phonemic; Semantic; Structural

24. A person who is preoccupied with fears of having a serious disease suffers from:
(A) a conversion reaction
(B) hypochondriasis
(C) a traumatic disorder
(D) an obsession

25. The occurrence of a conditioned response after experimental extinction has been followed by a period of rest is called:
(A) disinhibition
(B) spontaneous recovery
(C) relearning
(D) stimulus generalization

26. Newborn infants spend about_____ percentage of their sleep time in REM, while adults spend about_____ percentage of their sleep time in REM.
(A) 20;20 (B) 20; 50
(C) 50;50 (D) 50;20

27. Psychologists mostly use _____data for their research
(A) Primary (B) Graph
(C) Secondary (D) Tertiary

28. Who among the following is not a motivation theorist?
(A) Maslow (B) Vroom
(C) Pavlov (D) Herzberg

29. Which of the following schools of psychology had the aim to observe the contents of consciousness?
(A) Functionalism
(B) Structuralism
(C) Gest School
(D) Behaviourism

30. Which of the following is an example of repression?
(A) Stopping others from behaving inappropriately
(B) Suppressing bad memories or current thoughts that cause anxiety
(C) Stopping yourself from behaving the way you want to
(D) Suppressing your natural instincts

31. Mind is a clean slate is known as:
(A) Somnambulism
(B) Tabula rasa
(C) Dualism
(D) Empiricism

32. According to Freud, the energy that drives personality is called the:
(A) libido (B) eros
(C) life force (D) ego

33. Which of the following tools is not suitable for measurement of personality?
(A) MBTI (B) TAT
(C) NEOPI (D) FIROB

34. A clinical psychologist:
(A) diagnoses and treats psychological problems
(B) conducts experiments in an attempt to discover the basic principles of behavior and mind
(C) is a medical doctor specializing in psychological problems
(D) extends the principles of psychology to practical, everyday problems in the real world

35. The Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory - 2 is an example of a _____test.
(A) self-scoring
(B) performance
(C) self-report
(D) criterion-referenced

36. Which of the following were historical explanations of psychopathology?

(A) Social class (B) General paresis
(C) Witchcraft (D) The plague

37. Which of the following lobe is involved in vision?
(A) Parietal (B) Occipital
(C) Frontal (D) Temporal

38. The disappearance of symptoms due to the mere passage of time is termed:
(A) active remediation
(B) reversal
(C) catharsis
(D) spontaneous remission

39. Which form of therapy places responsibility for the course of therapy on the client?
(A) non-directive therapy
(B) analytic therapy
(C) directive therapy
(D) action therapy

40. In the cochlea mechanical energy caused by the flexing of the basilar membrane is converted into neural activity by specialized receptor cells. This process is referred to as:
(A) transduction
(B) the Purkinje shift
(C) transposition
(D) central adaptation

41. A clinical psychologist is conducting a diagnostic interview with a client. Her impression that the client is suffering from schizophrenia would be supported by the presence of each of the following symptoms EXCEPT:
(A) hallucinations
(B) social withdrawal
(C) panic attacks
(D) delusions

42. Which of the following types of conflict is extremely disruptive?
(A) Relational conflict
(B) Avoidance-Avoidance
(C) Approach-Avoidance
(D) Approach-Approach

43. Memories of specific things that have happened to a person is known as __.
(A) Semantic Memory
(B) Echoic Memory
(C) Iconic memory
(D) Episodic Memory

44. Watson and Rayner (1920) conditioned "Little Albert" to fear white rats by banging a hammer on a steel bar as the child played with a white rat. Later, it was discovered that Albert feared not only white rats but white stuffed toys and Santa's beard as well. Albert's fear of these other objects can be attributed to:
(A) An overactive imagination
(B) The law of effect
(C) Stimulus discrimination
(D) Stimulus generalization

45. Sensory experiences that occur in the absence of a stimulus are called:
(A) affect episodes
(B) hallucinations
(C) delusions
(D) illusions

46. Bandura maintains that reinforcement mainly determines the ----- of a response.
(A) Development
(B) Performance
(C) Acquisition
(D) Generalization

47. The community psychology is described as .
(A) community development
(B) social work
(C) education
(D) clinical psychology and community mental health

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48. A child bitten by a white dog is not afraid of black dogs. This is an example of:
(A) discrimination
(B) generalization
(C) spontaneous recovery
(D) shaping

49. Food: Stomach: : Fuel : ?
(A) Automobile
(B) Truck
(C) Engine
(D) Plane

50. The acquisition of dog phobia can be empirically demonstrated and explained best by:
(A) Behavioural model
(B) Psychodynamic model
(C) Humanistic model
(D) Medical model

51. A psychologist who is studying extrasensory perception, will be termed as_____.
(A) Clinical Psychologist
(B) Industrial Psychologist
(C) Parapsychologist
(D) Experimental Psychologist

52. ____ launches the Positive Psychology Movement.
(A) Erik Erikson
(B) Abraham Maslow
(C) Martin Seligman
(D) Elizabeth Loftus

53. Fire: Ashes:: Explosion:?
(A) Sound (B) Death
(C) Debris (D) Flame

54. In the childhood, individual's behaviour is most influenced by:
(A) Community
(B) Education
(C) Parents
(D) Relatives

55. Rational Emotive Therapy is a type of ------- therapy.
(A) Psychodynamic therapy
(B) Behavioural Therapy
(C) Cognitive Behavioural Therapy
(D) Person centered therapy

56. Which of the following does not play a significant role during a critical period in attitude formation?
(A) Information
(B) Peer Influence
(C) Education
(D) Parental Influence

57. Id refers to _____.
(A) Emotionality (B) Morality
(C) Reality (D) Pleasure

58. The Mental Measurements Yearbook is published by the:
(A) Australian Psychological Society
(B) Buros Institute of Mental Measurement
(C) American Psychological Association
(D) Australian Council of Educational Research

59. Which of the following best describes punishment?
(A) withdrawal of a negative event
(B) addition of a positive event
(C) declining response frequency
(D) addition of an aversive event

60. Titchner led a movement of psychology known as _____.
(A) Functionalism
(B) Interactionism
(C) Behaviourism
(D) Structuralism

61. Which is the lowest level of learning?
(A) Correlation
(B) Rote learning
(C) Understanding
(D) Application

62. Giving placebos in drug experiments is necessary to:
(A) control for the effects of suggestion and expectation
(B) counteract the random assignment of subjects
(C) keep control subjects from knowing they have been given the drug
(D) counteract the side effects of the drug

63. The Flynn Effect refers to the observation that:
(A) The raw score mean on intelligence tests has remained constant over the years
(B) The raw score mean on intelligence tests has been increasing over the years
(C) The standard deviation of scores on intelligence tests has remained constant over time
(D) The raw score mean on intelligence tests has been decreasing over the years

64. Ocean: Water:: Glacier:?
(A) Ice (B) Mountain
(C) Refrigerator (D) Cave

65. Saying whatever comes to mind, even if it seems senseless, painful, or embarrassing, is part of the Freudian technique known as:
(A) non-directive therapy
(B) unconditional regard
(C) free association
(D) transactional analysis

66. The fortune teller who studies your palm carefully before announcing that "great fortune lies in your immediate future" is practicing _____science.
(A) Applied (B) Pseudo
(C) Empirical (D) Cognitive

67. A cognitive therapist is concerned primarily with helping clients change their:
(A) habits (B) life-styles
(C) thinking patterns (D) behaviors

68. Systematic desensitization is particularly effective for the treatment of ____disorders.
(A) Obsessive-compulsive
(B) Phobia
(C) Generalized anxiety
(D) Panic

69. Curve of forgetting was developed by _____.
(A) Ebbinghaus (B) Freud
(C) Piaget (D) Watson

70. Which one of these models of psychopathology would suggest that psychological disorders result from acquiring dysfunctional ways of thinking and acting?
(A) Behavioural model
(B) Cognitive model
(C) Client centred model
(D) Medical model

71. Learning for the sake of acquiring knowledge is an example of ---------- motivation.
(A) Social (B) Intrinsic
(C) Extrinsic (D) None of these

72. A person had a blue car that was in the shop more than it was out. Since then the person could not think of owning a blue or green coloured car. The person's aversion even to green cars is an example of:
(A) Generalization
(B) The over justification effect
(C) Latent learning
(D) Discrimination

73. The portion of the brain that appears to be the last area to mature fully is the:
(A) Corpus Callosum
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Prefrontal cortex
(D) Occipital lobe

74. Persons high in achievement motivation tend to prefer tasks that are _____.
(A) Moderately difficult
(B) Very easy
(C) All types of task
(D) Extremely difficult

75. Given below are the three types psychological investigations:
(1) Field experiments,
(2) Laboratory experiments, and
(3) Ex post facto field studies.

If the above investigations are arranged in descending order in terms of researchers ability to control secondary variance, the typical order would be:
(A) 2, 1, 3 (B) 2, 3, 1
(C) 3, 2, 1 (D) 3, 1, 2

76. The improved recall of items presented at the end of a list compared to the middle of a list is referred to as the _____.
(A) Limited capacity effect
(B) Last rehearsed effect
(C) Recency effect
(D) Delayed effect

77. After the recent heavy catastrophic floods in a given state, a psychologist interviewed 120 participants to understand the psychological consequences of the event. This is an example of:
(A) Controlled experiment
(B) Ex post facto field research
(C) Field experiment
(D) Psychometric research

78. Which of the following is NOT addressed by the medical model?
(A) Abnormal physical development
(B) Genetic disorders
(C) Biochemical imbalances
(D) Biased information processing

79. The levels of processing view of memory was proposed by:
(A) Craik & Tulving
(B) Craik & Lockhart
(C) Godden & Baddeley
(D) Schachter & Kihlstrom

80. Logo therapy was given by:
(A) Maslow (B) Frankl
(C) Rogers (D) Fritz Perls

81. Who has emphasized the linguistic relativity hypothesis?
(A) Whorf (B) L
(B) Steven Pinker
(C) Jean Piaget
(D) Noam Chomsky

82. Mirror drawing apparatus is used to measure __ learning.
(A) Sensory-motor (B) Serial
(C) Social (D) Maze

83. The visual cliff experiment on perception shows that perception is:
(A) Organised (B) Induced
(C) Innate (D) Learned

84. Processing of information with minimal conscious awareness is known as ____.
(A) Motivated forgetting
(B) Automated processing
(C) Easy processing
(D) Controlled processing

85. The most recent addition to Baddeley's working memory model describes a component that integrates and manipulates material in working memory. This component is referred to as the ___.
(A) Central executive
(B) Visio-spatial sketchpad
(C) Phonological loop
(D) Episodic buffer

86. The scales to measure the psychological distance between any two stimuli was developed by _____.
(A) Titchner (B) Fechner
(C) Binet (D) Weber

87. _____ plays a significant role in emotional behaviour.
(A) Thalamus (B) Frontal Lobe
(C) Parietal Lobe (D) Hypothalamus

88. The process of changing your behavior to match that of others in a group is:
(A) conformity
(B) standardization
(C) norming
(D) forming a social contract

89. When the previously learned task affects the retention of task being currently acquired, the phenomenon referred to as:
(A) Retroactive effect
(B) Proactive effect
(C) Retroactive interference
(D) Proactive interference

90. _____ is regarded as a culture-fair test of intelligence.
(A) WISC-R
(B) Stanford-Binet
(C) Raven's Progresive Matrices
(D) WAIS-R

91. Students who experience a persistent depressed mood after falling an exam probably have which type of attributional style?
(A) External, specific
(B) External, global
(C) Unstable, specific
(D) Stable, global

92. In a firm in the last six months 70 to 90 employees have been terminated while 63 applicants have been hired to replace them. This type of strategy is best described:
(A) Negative reinforcement
(B) Motivation
(C) Churning
(D) Inequity

93. I create paintings and Art works because it gives me a sense of satisfaction and vitality. My Art is primarily promoted by:
(A) Discriminatory Rewards
(B) Intrinsic Rewards
(C) Extrinsic Rewards
(D) Selective Rewards

94. The glands which plays a key role in the development of personality is the _____.
(A) Thyroid (B) Adrenal
(C) Pituitary (D) Thymus

95. Memories outside of conscious awareness are called:
(A) proactive memories
(B) reactive memories
(C) implicit memories
(D) explicit memories

96. World Mental Heh Day is observed on:
(A) September 10
(B) October 10
(C) December 10
(D) November 10

97. In-basket exercise is used as a _____ training method.
(A) Non-experiential
(B) Project oriented
(C) Experiential
(D) Practical

98. Among the following: who was associated with transition theories?
(A) Virginia Satir
(B) Nancy Schlossberg
(C) Fritz perls
(D) Mary Ainsworth

99. To Gestaltists perception is a _____.

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(A) Non-mentalistic process
(B) Mechanical
(C) Unitary process
(D) Two-step process

100. Mental Retardation is associated with:
(A) Trisomy 23 (B) Trisomy 14
(C) Trisomy 21 (D) Trisomy 12

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	D	51	C	76	C
2	D	27	C	52	C	77	B
3	A	28	C	53	C	78	D
4	C	29	B	54	C	79	B
5	C	30	B	55	C	80	B
6	D	31	B	56	A	81	A
7	C	32	A	57	D	82	A
8	C	33	D	58	B	83	C
9	B	34	A	59	D	84	B
10	A	35	C	60	D	85	D
11	C	36	B	61	B	86	B
12	C	37	B	62	A	87	D
13	D	38	D	63	B	88	A
14	A	39	A	64	A	89	B
15	A	40	A	65	C	90	C
16	A	41	C	66	B	91	D
17	B	42	C	67	C	92	C
18	D	43	D	68	B	93	B
19	A	44	D	69	A	94	B
20	C	45	B	70	B	95	C
21	A	46	B	71	B	96	B
22	A	47	A	72	A	97	C
23	B	48	A	73	C	98	B
24	B	49	C	74	A	99	D
25	B	50	A	75	A	100	C

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Pondicherry University Entrance Examination 2015

1. Watson and Rayner (1920) conditioned "Little Albert" to fear white rats by banging a hammer on a steel bar as the child played with a white rat. Later, it was discovered that Albert feared not only white rats but white stuffed toys and Santa's beard as well. Albert's fear of these other objects can be attributed to:
   (A) The law of effect
   (B) Stimulus discrimination
   (C) An overactive imagination
   (D) Stimulus generalization

2. Comparative psychologists are primarily interested in:
   (A) the comparison of functional and behavioral psychology
   (B) stimulus-response connections
   (C) animal behavior
   (D) the comparison of different types of psychotherapy

3. The _____ theory explains how sounds up to 4000 hertz reach the brain.
   (A) place
   (B) tone
   (C) auditory
   (D) frequency

4. World Mental Health Day is observed on:
   (A) September 10
   (B) November 10
   (C) December 10
   (D) October 10

5. Emotional Intelligence is:
   (A) The ability to feign emotions when necessary
   (B) The ability to recognise and control one's own and others' emotions
   (C) The emotional reaction that occurs when completing an intelligence test
   (D) Knowledge of emotional states

6. Which of the following is not a treatment developed from classical conditioning principles?
   (A) aversion therapies
   (B) systematic desensitization
   (C) flooding
   (D) token economies

7. Bogus Pipeline is used for measuring:
   (A) cognitive Dissonance
   (B) Attitude
   (C) Personality
   (D) Persuasion

8. Shaping is an extension of _____ principle of learning?
   (A) Operant conditioning
   (B) Social learning
   (C) Insightful learning
   (D) Classical conditioning

9. The brain stem comprises:
   (A) Cerebellum, Basal Ganglia, and Reticular Formation
   (B) Cerebellum, Medulla Oblongata, and Basal Ganglia
   (C) Pons, Basal Ganglia, and Reticular Formation
   (D) Medulla Oblongata, Pons, and Cerebellum

10. The theory of bounded rationality was originally developed by:
    (A) Steven Pinker
    (B) Noam Chomsky
    (C) Herbert Simon
    (D) Gerd Gigerenzer

11. What is the full form of APA?
    (A) Australian Psychological Association
    (B) American Psychiatric Association
    (C) American Psychological Association
    (D) American Psychology Association

12. _____ plays a significant role in emotional behaviour.
    (A) Thalamus
    (B) Frontal Lobe
    (C) Parietal Lobe
    (D) Hypothalamus

13. The Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory – 2 is an example of a _____ test
    (A) Criterion-referenced

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(B) Performance
(C) Self-report
(D) Self-scoring

14. Psychiatrists endorse _____ model of illness.
(A) Ecological
(B) Social
(C) Biological
(D) Humanistic

15. The process of excluding from the consciousness the ideas and feelings which cause guilt and shame is known as:
(A) Repression
(B) Projection
(C) Reaction formation
(D) Regression

16. Electrooculogram (EOG) records:
(A) Electrical activity within the brain
(B) Changes in electrical activity in the muscles
(C) Electrical activity in various muscles
(D) Changes in electrical potential in the eyes

17. _____ launches the Positive Psychology Movement.
(A) Martin Seligman
(B) Erik Erikson
(C) Elizabeth Loftus
(D) Abraham Maslow

18. In trace conditioning:
(A) the CS precedes UCS and they do not overlap
(B) the CS and UCS begin and end at the same time
(C) The CS precedes UCS and they overlap
(D) The UCS precedes CS

19. What is the Id?
(A) part of the psyche that controls our morals
(B) part of the psyche that controls the impulses
(C) part of the psyche that reduces anxiety
(D) a description of the innate instinctual needs

20. The first self-report test of personality was developed by:

(A) Woodworth
(B) Simon
(C) McElwain
(D) Terman

21. Jacobson's progressive relaxation is very similar to_____ asan
(A) Chakasan
(B) Savasan
(C) Padmasana
(D) Bhujangasana

22. Seeing a ghost in a dark room is an example of _____.
(A) Perceptual defense
(B) Illusion
(C) Hallucination
(D) Delusion

23. The word big is flashed on a screen. A mental picture of the word big represents a _____ code; the definition "large in size" represents a _____ code; "sounds like pig" represents a _____ code.
(A) Phonemic; Semantic; Structural
(B) Phonemic; Structural; Semantic
(C) Structural; Semantic; Phonemic
(D) Structural; Phonemic; Semantic

24. In the case of the 't' test, the distribution of the scores has a _____ shape.
(A) Leptokurtic
(B) Positively skewed shape
(C) Platykurtic
(D) Mesokurtic

25. According to the James-Lange theory of emotion:
(A) Different patterns of autonomic activation lead to the experience of different emotions
(B) The experience of emotion depends on autonomic arousal and on one's cognitive interpretation of that arousal
(C) Emotions develop because of their adaptive value
(D) Emotion occurs when the thalamus sends signals simultaneously to the cortex and to the autonomic nervous system

26. Conditioning method was introduced by _____.
(A) Pavlov

(B) Thorndike
(C) Kohler
(D) Skinner

27. The term cognition refers to:
(A) thinking or knowing
(B) analysis and synthesis
(C) predicting the future
(D) introspection

28. Howard Gardner theorizes that there are _____ different kinds of intelligence
(A) 3
(B) 120
(C) 2
(D) 8

29. Mirror drawing apparatus is used to measure _____ learning
(A) Serial
(B) Sensory-motor
(C) Social
(D) Maze

30. Which of the following tests is likely to have the highest reliability?
(A) The MMPI
(B) TAT
(C) Draw-a-Person test
(D) Rorschach inkblot test

31. What proportion of scores in a normal distribution lie above a z score of 1?
(A) 16 per cent
(B) 10 per cent
(C) 50 per cent
(D) 25 per cent

32. Mean is an example of _____ statistic
(A) Multivariate
(B) Univariate
(C) Variance
(D) Bivariate

33. Drawing specific conclusions without evidence is known as _____.

(A) Personalisation
(B) Arbitrary inference
(C) Dysfunctional belief
(D) Convergent thinking

34. Biofeedback is based upon which principle of learning?
(A) Insightful learning
(B) Classical conditioning
(C) Social learning
(D) Operant conditioning

35. The three basic emotions which appear to be unlearned but take time to develop are:
(A) excitement, jealousy, anger
(B) affection, anger, fear
(C) anger, fear, joy
(D) delight, jealousy, fear.

36. Which of the following is not a common symptom of depression?
(A) Delusions
(B) Insomnia
(C) Poor appetite
(D) Lack of energy

37. The Multiple Components Model of working Memory was proposed by:
(A) Atkinson & Shiffrin
(B) Baddeley
(C) Miller
(D) Posner & Rossman

38. Therapists who focus on altering faulty thought process are:
(A) Humanistic therapists
(B) Psychodynamic therapists
(C) Cognitive therapists
(D) Behavioural Therapists

39. Which one of these models of psychopathology would suggest that psychological disorders result from acquiring dysfunctional ways of thinking and acting?
(A) cognitive model
(B) behavioral model
(C) medical model
(D) client- centered model

40. In which stage in Piaget's theory does children engage in symbolic play?
(A) Sensorimotor stage
(B) concrete operations
(C) formal operations
(D) preoperational stage

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41. Trichromatic theory states that there are three kinds of _____ in the eye.
(A) Bipolar cells
(B) Ganglion cells
(C) cones
(D) Rods

42. Curve of forgetting was developed by_____
(A) Watson
(B) Piaget
(C) Freud
(D) Ebbinghaus

43. Persons with Down Syndrome have IQ's:
(A) Above 50
(B) below 40
(C) below 50
(D) above 40

44. The _____ hypothesis states that frustration tends to lead to aggression.
(A) cognitive dissonance
(B) social learning
(C) frustration-aggression
(D) biological instinct

45. The first theory of intelligence was developed by:
(A) Stanford and Binet
(B) Binet and Simon
(C) Terman and Wechsler
(D) Spearman

46. Which law of learning states that things most often repeated are best retained?

(A) Law of effect
(B) Law of readiness
(C) Law of exercise
(D) Law of recency

47. When a neuron is at rest, the electrical charge is (difficult).

(A) -70 millivolts
(B) ±70 millivolts
(C) no electric charge
(D) +70 millivolts

48. Thinking in 'either-or' conditions is known as _____.
(A) Cognitive lapse
(B) Generalisation
(C) Inferential thinking
(D) Dichotomous thinking

49. Median is an example of _____ statistic.
(A) Bivariate
(B) Multivariate
(C) Kurtic
(D) Univariate

50. Which of these is a stage in the Stages of Change Model?
(A) contemplation
(B) Study
(C) deliberation
(D) meditation

51. _____ are drugs whose primary effect is to produce general increases in neural and behavioral activity.
(A) Depressives
(B) Sedatives
(C) Barbiturates
(D) Stimulants

52. The first President of APA was:
(A) Wilhelm Wundt
(B) John B. Watson
(C) G. Stanley Hall
(D) William James

53. Organized structure of information about a particular domain of life is known as _____.
(A) attributes
(B) Cognitive structuring
(C) plan
(D) Schema

54. _____ is a persistent pattern of psychological distress following exposure to extreme stress.
(A) Post traumatic stress disorder
(B) Generalized Anxiety Disorder
(C) Panic disorder
(D) Phobic disorder

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55. Milgram's experiment with electric shock was used to measure:
(A) Conformity
(B) Compliance
(C) Prejudice
(D) Obedience

56. The components of evolution are:
(A) Inheritance
(B) Variation & selection
(C) variation, inheritance & selection
(D) variation & inheritance

57. The Serial Position Curve is a (Difficult):
(A) Straight line
(B) C Shaped Curve
(C) U shaped Curve
(D) Inverted U

58. In India, the licensing body for Clinical Psychologists is _____.
(A) Medical council of India
(B) Mental Health Council
(C) Clinical Psychologist Council
(D) Rehabilitation Council of India

59. Putting forward a large request followed by a smaller one is a technique of:
(A) Foot in the door technique
(B) Ingratiation
(C) door in the face
(D) playing hard to get

60. The kind of therapy developed by Freud is called:

(A) Gestalt therapy
(B) Psychoanalysis
(C) S-R therapy
(D) behavior modification

61. The correct series of activities in the creative process is _____.

(A) Preparation---- Incubation----Illumination ----Revision----Evaluation
(B) Incubation ----Preparation ----Illumination----Evaluation----Revision
(C) Preparation---- Illumination---- Incubation ----Evaluation----Revision
(D) Preparation---- Incubation----Illumination ----Evaluation----Revision

62. 'A child learned to be kind to others'-This an example of _____
(A) General Motive
(B) Biological Motive
(C) Intrinsic Motive
(D) Social Motive

63. Fetal alcohol syndrome is characterized by:
(A) addiction to alcohol in the newborn.
(B) miscarriage, premature birth, and bodily defects.
(C) increased birth weight.
(D) genetic defects.

64. Of the theorists listed below, who helped to develop the humanistic approach in psychology?
(A) Freud
(B) Rogers
(C) Skinner
(D) Titchener

65. According to Latané (1981), social loafing is due to:
(A) A bias toward making internal attributions about the behavior of others
(B) Duplication of effort among group members
(C) Diffusion of responsibility in groups
(D) Social norms that stress the importance of positive interactions among group members

66. The amount of change in a stimulus required for a person to detect is called:
(A) absolute threshold
(B) subliminal perception
(C) Difference threshold
(D) just noticeable difference

67. During counselling asking for minute and obscure details about the client is known as ---
(A) Understanding
(B) Probing
(C) Clarifying
(D) Deepening

68. Who among the following emphasized upon 'Archetypes'
(A) Jung
(B) Freud

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(C) Adler
(D) Horney

69. According to Freud, the Oedipus and Electra conflicts occur during the:
(A) Oral stage
(B) Genital stage
(C) Anal stage
(D) Phallic stage

70. Sleep spindles and K complexes occurs at _____ sleep (average)
(A) stage 4
(B) stage 2
(C) Stage 1
(D) stage 3

71. The levels of processing view of memory was proposed by:
(A) Godden & Baddeley
(B) Craik & Tulving
(C) Schachter & Kihlstrom
(D) Craik & Lockhart

72. The view that "A counsellor is an authentic Chameleon" was given by:

(A) Rogers
(B) Seligman
(C) Maslow
(D) Lazarus

73. Which of the following lobe is involved in hearing?

(A) Frontal
(B) Parietal
(C) Occipital
(D) Temporal

74. An IQ of 100 Suggest _____ level of intelligence

(A) average
(B) high
(C) low
(D) Very high

75. Counselling is different from psychotherapy primarily because, in counselling we deal with _____ problems.

(A) Cultural
(B) Marital
(C) Adjustment
(D) Academic

76. NEO-PI is an assessment of ----
(A) Intelligence
(B) Attitude
(C) Personality
(D) Career interests

77. Jung believed that there are basic universal concepts in all people regardless of culture called:
(A) Mandalas
(B) archetypes.
(C) collective consciousness
(D) persona.

78. Reinforcement which occurs after a fixed number of responses.
(A) variable-ratio schedule
(B) Fixed-ratio schedule
(C) fixed-interval schedule
(D) variable-interval schedule

79. The portion of the brain that appears to be the last area to mature fully is the:
(A) Corpus Callosum
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Occipital lobe
(D) Prefrontal cortex

80. The cephalocaudal trend in the motor development of children can be described simply as a:
(A) Foot-to-head direction
(B) Center-outward direction
(C) Body-appendages direction
(D) Head-to-foot direction

81. Analysing pre and post scores of a client on a given parameter is a method of evaluation in counselling. This is known as _____ method of evaluation.
(A) Critical
(B) Process

(C) Outcome
(D) Feedback

82. Term flashbulb memories was proposed by:
(A) Kassin & Kiechel
(B) Neisser
(C) Brown and Kulik
(D) Loftus

83. The famous book 'Authentic Happiness' was authored by:
(A) Viktor Frankl
(B) Rollo May
(C) Martin Seligman
(D) Robin Sharma

84. In Adler's view, the main striving of personality is for:
(A) instincts
(B) superiority
(C) sophistication
(D) dominance

85. The water jar problem demonstrated by Luchins was used to study the impact of _____ on problem solving (difficult)
(A) trial and error
(B) Functional fixedness
(C) algorithm
(D) mental set

86. Which of the following types of conflict is extremely disruptive?
(A) Discount-discount
(B) Avoidance-Avoidance
(C) Approach-Approach
(D) Approach-Avoidance

87. A man redirects anger from his boss to his child is an example of which defense mechanism?
(A) displacement
(B) repression
(C) regression
(D) Projection

88. The variance of a population:
(A) equals SS / df
(B) M1- M2
(C) is represented by s2
(D) equals the mean of the squared deviation scores.

89. Who among the following is not a motivation theorist?
(A) Maslow
(B) Herzberg
(C) Vroom
(D) Tolman

90. Who is considered as the "spiritual father of humanism in America"?
(A) J B Watson
(B) R S Woodworth
(C) Abraham Maslow
(D) Carl Rogers

91. The glands which plays a key role in the development of personality is the _____
(A) Pituitary
(B) Thyroid
(C) Thymus
(D) Adrenal

92. What is the smallest unit of Speech Perception?
(A) Words
(B) Phonemes
(C) Syllable
(D) Morphemes

93. Persons having low IQ with exceptional musical talents are referred as:
(A) Williams syndrome
(B) savant syndrome
(C) Gifted
(D) prodigies

94. Illusion is a kind of _____
(A) Perception
(B) Hallucination
(C) Trick
(D) Misperception

95. Resulting data from a test of academic knowledge are positively skewed. This suggests that:
(A) Some students benefited from a "halo effect".
(B) The test was too easy
(C) The test was too difficult
(D) an unbiased estimate must be calculated.

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96. The scales to measure the psychological distance between any two stimuli was developed by
(A) Weber
(B) Titchner
(C) Fechner
(D) Binet

97. Statistical way of controlling quality in organisations is known as:
(A) Feedback training
(B) KAIZEN
(C) Six Sigma
(D) Quantitative training

98. A teacher offers her student a reward for each five correct answers. This is an example of _____ reinforcement schedule?
(A) Intermittent ratio
(B) Fixed ratio
(C) Intermittent interval
(D) Fixed interval

99. Cognitive Dissonance theory is based on the:
(A) Self- actualization
(B) Consistency
(C) Gain-loss
(D) Cognitive dissonance

100. Traits that exert relatively specific and weak effects on behavior are called (Average)
(A) central traits
(B) secondary traits
(C) source traits
(D) Cardinal traits

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	D	26	A	51	D	76	C
2	C	27	A	52	C	77	B
3	D	28	D	53	D	78	B
4	D	29	B	54	A	79	D
5	B	30	A	55	D	80	D
6	D	31	A	56	C	81	C
7	B	32	B	57	C	82	C
8	A	33	B	58	D	83	C
9	D	34	D	59	C	84	B
10	C	35	C	60	B	85	D

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11	C	36	A	61	D	86	D
12	D	37	B	62	A	87	A
13	C	38	C	63	B	88	D
14	C	39	A	64	B	89	D
15	A	40	D	65	C	90	C
16	D	41	C	66	D	91	D
17	A	42	D	67	C	92	B
18	A	43	A	68	A	93	A
19	D	44	C	69	D	94	A
20	A	45	D	70	B	95	C
21	B	46	C	71	D	96	C
22	C	47	A	72	D	97	C
23	C	48	D	73	D	98	B
24	A	49	D	74	A	99	B
25	A	50	A	75	C	100	B

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Pondicherry University Entrance Examination 2013

1. Filter Model theory of attention given by____
   (A) Shannon and Weaver
   (B) Treisman
   (C) Broadbent
   (D) Schacter

2. The concentration of mental effort on sensory or mental events is called
   (A) Attention (B) Perception
   (C) Adaptation (D) Sensation

3. Impairment of learning of a task caused by having previously learnt similar information is called
   (A) Retroactive inhibition
   (B) Proactive inhibition
   (C) Latent Learning
   (D) Spontaneous recovery

4. Associative neurons are found at
   (A) Spinal cord only
   (B) Brain only
   (C) Spinal cord and Brain only
   (D) Autonomous nervous system

5. Learning that is affected by consequences is called
   (A) Self-regulated learning
   (B) Classical conditioning
   (C) Operant conditioning
   (D) Behavioral self management

6. Vicarious learning theory was developed by
   (A) Kelly
   (B) Bandura
   (C) Wundt
   (D) Hering

7. The aroused condition of an organism that results from some bodily or tissue deficit is called
   (A) Motive (B) Goal
   (C) Drive (D) Incentive

8. A response that is invariably elicited by the unconditioned stimulus without prior learning is called
   (A) Unconditioned response
   (B) Unconditioned stimulus
   (C) Conditioned response
   (D) Conditioned stimulus

9. The act of bringing to mind material that has been stored in memory is called
   (A) Retrieval (B) Encoding
   (C) Storage (D) Recognition

10. The duration of short-term memory is
    (A) 250 msec to 4 sec
    (B) About 12 sec
    (C) 30 sec
    (D) sec

11. A mnemonic technique that organizes information into categories that are used as recall cues
    (A) Method of Loci
    (B) Acronym
    (C) Keyword
    (D) Organizational schemas

12. The basic traits that make up the human personality according to Cattell are known as
    (A) Cardinal traits
    (B) Central traits
    (C) Source traits
    (D) Surface traits

13. A rule that guarantees a solution to a specific type of problem is called
    (A) Heuristics
    (B) Analogy
    (C) Algorithms
    (D) Trial and Error

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14. Seven independent Mental abilities was developed by
(A) Cattell (B) Spearman
(C) Sternberg (D) Thurstone

15. Two factor theory of intelligence was proposed by
(A) Sternberg (B) Vernon
(C) Thorndike (D) Spearman

16. If a null hypothesis is rejected, when it is true, the error committed knows as
(A) Type II error
(B) Type I error
(C) Type I and II error
(D) Probable error

17. Provocative and retroactive inhibition are examples of
(A) Decay through disuse
(B) Motivated forgetting
(C) Amnesia
(D) Interference effects

18. An action potential is caused by a self-propagating mechanism called
(A) Polarization (B) Assimilation
(C) Depolarization (D) Substitution

19. One of the following is not a parametric test
(A) Sign test (B) t-test
(C) F-test (D) ANOVA

20. The branch of psychology that deals with the detection and interpretation of sensory stimuli
(A) Perception
(B) Sensation
(C) Extra sensory perception
(D) Signal detection

21. The process by which a cue enhances recall or recognition or a subsequent item, is known as
(A) Priming (B) Memory
(C) Prior probability (D) Permastore

22. The loss of memory after the onset of the memory disorder is called
(A) Anterograde amnesia
(B) Retrograde amnesia
(C) Amnesia
(D) None

23. The idea that what rats learn in a maze is not a series of S-R connections but a picture of internal representation of the stimulus situation, it is called as ----- by Tolman.
(A) cognitive map
(B) mental map
(C) map of the maze
(D) imaginary map

24. The sense of familiar with an experience when the experience is novel is called as
(A) dejavu
(B) dream
(C) divergent thinking
(D) imagination

25. The membrane on the back of the eye that contains photoreceptor cells (rods and cones)
(A) retina (B) pupil
(C) iris (D) lens

26. The junction between two neurons is called as
(A) synapse (B) axon
(C) dendrite (D) myelin sheath

27. The ----- law states that the relationship between performance and arousal level is an inverted U-curve.
(A) Yerkes-Dodson (B) Seyle
(C) Cannon-bard (D) None

28. The influence of stimuli that are insufficiently intense to produce a conscious sensation but strong enough to influence some mental processes is known as
(A) subliminal perception
(B) perception

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(C) sensation
(D) subliminal priming

29. _____ believed that learning precedes development
(A) Vygotsky (B) Piaget
(C) Mandler (D) None

30. Rational emotive therapy was developed by
(A) Freud (B) Albert Ellis
(C) Beck (D) Clark

31. The mechanism characterized by a return to earlier and more primitive modes of responding is
(A) Sublimation
(B) Projection
(C) Regression
(D) Rationalization

32. Extremely slow brain waves that appear in stage 3 and dominate stage 4 sleep
(A) Alpha (B) Delta
(C) Theta (D) REM

33. Fear of strangers is called
(A) Acrophobia
(B) Aquaphobia
(C) Xenophobia
(D) Agoraphobia

34. Which is not type of delusion?
(A) Grandiose (B) Jealous
(C) Somatic (D) Polygenic

35. Recurrent, sexually arousing fantasies or behaviors involving the use of nonliving objects is called
(A) Fetishism
(B) Voyeurism
(C) Pedophilia
(D) Exhibitionism

36. Which is involves a sense of being cut off or detached from one's self; often precipitated by stress
(A) Dissociative fugue
(B) Depersonalization
(C) Adjustment disorder
(D) Bereavement

37. Intense fear of gaining weight or becoming fat, even when underweight is the diagnostic criteria for
(A) Anorexia nervosa
(B) Bulimia nervosa
(C) Insomnia
(D) Dipsomania

38. Which is the major characteristic of Histrionic Personality disorder
(A) Self-absorbed
(B) Seductive behavior
(C) Perfectionistic
(D) Manipulative

39. Which is not the positive symptoms of schizophrenia
(A) Delusions
(B) Disorganized speech
(C) Poverty of speech
(D) Hallucinations

40. A famous book 'Man's search for meaning was written by
(A) Victor Frankl
(B) Ellis
(C) Neitzche
(D) Kierkegaard

41. While conducting researches in behavioural sciences, we mostly use_____ scale of measurement.
(A) Nominal (B) Ordinal
(C) Interval (D) Ratio

42. Standard Deviation is an example of_____ statisti(C)

(A) Univariate
(B) Bivariate
(C) Multivariate

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(D) None of these

43. 't' test is used to find
(A) Effect
(B) Relationship
(C) Difference
(D) Deviation

44. In case of 'Chi square', the distribution of the scores has a _____ distribution.
(A) Platykurtic
(B) Leptokurtic
(C) Negatively skewed
(D) Positively skewed

45. E.B Titchner led a movement of psychology known as _____
(A) Behaviourism
(B) Structuralism
(C) Interactionism
(D) Functionalism

46. The parts of the neurons that conduct action potential away from the cell body are called _____
(A) Dendrites
(B) Glial cells
(C) Axons
(D) Axon terminals

47. Which of the following lobe is important for visual function?
(A) Frontal (B) Parietal
(C) Temporal (D) Occipital

48. A psychologist who is studying extrasensory perception, will be termed as ____
(A) Clinical Psychologist
(B) Parapsychologist
(C) Industrial Psychologist
(D) Experimental Psychologist

49. The correct series of activities in creative process is _____
(A) Preparation - Illumination - Incubation - Evaluation - Revision
(B) Preparation - Incubation - Illumination - Evaluation - Revision
(C) Preparation - Incubation - Illumination - Revision - Evaluation
(D) Incubation - Preparation - Illumination - Evaluation – Revision

50. Memories of specific things that have happened to a person is known as
(A) Iconic memory
(B) Episodic Memory
(C) Semantic Memory
(D) Echoic Memory

51. General Adaptation Syndrome model is associated with
(A) Motivation (B) Stress
(C) Learning (D) Attitude

52. Who among the following is not a motivation theorist?
(A) Maslow (B) Herzberg
(C) Skinner (D) Vroom

53. Which of the following gland is described as 'Master Gland' of the body?
(A) Endocrine Gland
(B) Adrenal Gland
(C) Pituitary Gland
(D) Pancreatic Gland

54. Which of the following psychologist served as both experimenter and subject in his experiment?
(A) Cattel (B) Piaget
(C) Ebinghaus (D) All of them

55. Humanistic perspective of psychology focuses upon
(A) Unconscious process
(B) Inherited tendencies
(C) Personal growth
(D) Cultural factors

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56. Rehabilitation Council of India comes under the ministry of
(A) Health and Family Welfare
(B) Social Justice and Empowerment
(C) Human Resource Development
(D) Law and Justice

57. When CA is equal to MA the IQ is
(A) 0 (B) 100
(C) 1 (D) none of the above

58. According to Bandura which of the following is the correct sequence of social learning?
(A) Attention → Retention → Reproduction → Reinforcement
(B) Attention → Reproduction → Reinforcement → Retention
(C) Attention → Retention → Reinforcement → Reproduction
(D) Attention → Reproduction → Retention → Reinforcement

59. Hawthorne Study provides a strong historical base for
(A) Health Psychology
(B) Social Psychology
(C) Industrial Psychology
(D) Clinical Psychology

60. In classical conditioning, the stimulus that is repeatedly paired with an unconditioned stimulus is called
(A) Unconditioned Stimulus
(B) Conditioned Stimulus
(C) Unconditioned Response
(D) Conditioned Response

61. Which of the following is NOT part of the definition of psychology?
(A) Science
(B) behaviour
(C) mental processes
(D) therapy

62. The term *psychopathology* refers to
(A) the study of psychology
(B) study of psychological disorders
(C) the distinction between psychologists and psychiatrists
(D) the focus of counseling psychology

63. In which area of psychology would a researcher interested in how individuals persist to attain a difficult goal (like graduating from college) most likely specialize?
(A) motivation and emotion
(B) physiological psychology
(C) social psychology
(D) community psychology

64. A psychologist who focused on the ways in which people's family background related to their current functioning would be associated with which psychological approach?
(A) the behavioral approach
(B) the psychodynamic approach
(C) the humanistic approach
(D) the cognitive approach

65. The researcher most associated with functionalism is
(A) William James
(B) Wilhelm Wundt
(C) Charles Darwin
(D) E.(B) Titchener

66. A psychologist is attempting to understand why certain physical characteristics are rated as attractive. The psychologist explains that certain characteristics have been historically adaptive, and thus are considered attractive. This explanation is consistent with which of the following approaches?
(A) the socio-cultural approach
(B) the humanistic approach
(C) the cognitive approach
(D) the evolutionary approach

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67. Which approach would explain depression in terms of disordered thinking?
(A) the humanistic approach
(B) the evolutionary approach
(C) the cognitive approach
(D) the sociocultural approach

68. Which of the following would a socio-cultural psychologist be likely to study?
(A) the impact of media messages on women's body image
(B) the way in which neurotransmitters are implicated in the development of eating disorders
(C) the impact of thinking patterns on weight management
(D) the benefits of exercise in preventing obesity

69. Why is psychology considered a science?
(A) It focuses on internal mental processes
(B) It classifies mental disorders
(C) It focuses on observation, drawing conclusions, and prediction
(D) It focuses on behavior

70. Why is it important to study positive psychology?
(A) Psychologists are only interested in the experiences of healthy persons
(B) We get a fuller understanding of human experience by focusing on both positive and negative aspects of life
(C) Negative experiences in people's lives tell us little about people's mental processes.
(D) Psychology has been too focused on the negative

71. From where did psychology emerge?
(A) the work of Wilhelm Wundt
(B) early philosophical thought
(C) the natural science
(D) All of the answers are correct

72. How is natural selection related to psychology?
(A) Humans and animals are related
(B) Survival is related to environmental conditions alone and not to genetics
(C) Humans behave and think the way they do in part because it helped them survive
(D) It is unrelated to psychology

73. A researcher interested in the way in which our sense of smell works would likely be associated with which of the following areas of specialization?
(A) cognitive psychology
(B) learning
(C) motivation and learning
(D) sensation and perception

74. Which of the following areas of specialization would focus on the ways in which stress is related to cancer remission?
(A) cognitive psychology
(B) community psychology
(C) health psychology
(D) behavioral neuroscience

75. Where do most psychologists work? ·
(A) in hospitals
(B) private practice
(C) human resource departments in corporations
(D) academic settings like universities

76. Which of the following areas of inquiry would likely be of interest to a positive psychologist?
(A) the ways in which genetic factors influence the development of depression
(B) the ways in which survivors of Hurricane Katrina made meaning of their experience
(C) the ways in which parenting style related to children's attachment
(D) the ways in which brain lesions affect personality

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77. What type of training do clinical psychologists usually have?
(A) a medical degree, such as an MD
(B) a doctoral degree, such as a PhD
(C) a bachelor's degree, such as a BA
(D) all of the answers are correct

78. What is the relationship between the mind and the body?
(A) The mind impacts the body
(B) The body impacts the mind
(C) The mind and body have reciprocal effects on each other
(D) There is no relationship between the mind and the body

79. What is the most widely practiced specialization in psychology?
(A) social psychology
(B) personality psychology
(C) counseling psychology
(D) cognitive psychology

80. On what topic would an environmental psychologist most likely do research?
(A) research on teaching and learning
(B) how to prevent mental health issues by identifying high-risk groups in the community
(C) how to pick a sympathetic jury
(D) how room arrangements influence behaviours

81. A cognitive psychology Professor, tells students who request copies of his notes or slides from class that it is better for them to take the notes themselves. Taking notes helps students improve their
(A) Retrieval
(B) Recognition
(C) Encoding
(D) Use of mnemonics

82. Homophobia is
(A) Rarely a problem for gays or lesbians
(B) The psychological classification for gays and lesbians
(C) Prejudice against and dislike of gays and lesbians
(D) A capacity for erotic attraction to members of the same sex

83. Which of the following occurs first developmentally?
(A) Gender identity
(B) Secondary sexual characteristics
(C) Primary sexual characteristics
(D) Reproductive maturity

84. Which is true of social stereotypes?
(A) They are always negative
(B) They tend to be rational
(C) Likable members of a rejected group are perceived as on "exception"
(D) They are negative feelings about social groups

85. People who think their ethnic, national, or religious group is superior to others are called
(A) Authoritariam
(B) Dogmatic
(C) Ethnocentric
(D) Rigid

86. The favored pattern of behavior expected of each sex is called
(A) Gender identity
(B) Sexual identity
(C) Gender role
(D) Biological sex

87. According to the theory of cognitive dissonance, attitudes are changed because
(A) Emotionally persuasive arguments unfreeze beliefs
(B) Logical arguments alter the belief component of an attitude
(C) Clashing thoughts cause discomfort
(D) Acting contrary to one's beliefs for a large reward causes dissonance

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88. An example of a superordinate goal is
(A) Getting good a good job
(B) Believing in supernatural powers
(C) Becoming rich and famous
(D) Protecting clean water supplies

89. According to evolutionary psychologists
(A) Women tend to be concerned with whether mates will devote time and resources to a relationship
(B) Men place less emphasis on physical attractiveness
(C) Women place more emphasis on sexual fidelity
(D) Men are biologically driven to have a single partner

90. Attribution theory concerns our tendency to explain our behavior and that of others
(A) By external causes rather than internal causes
(B) By inferring causes on the basis of internal or external factors
(C) By internal rather than external causes.
(D) Based on personality factors

91. Which of the following is a testament to the power of roles?
(A) Cialdini's door-in-the-face effect
(B) Milgram's message experiment
(C) Zilstein's shock research
(D) Zimbardo's prison experiment

92. With regard to the effects of TV on children, we can conclude that
(A) TV has little effect on the behavior of children
(B) TV only increases aggressive behavior in children
(C) TV only increases prosocial behavior in children
(D) The amount of TV viewing may be related to aggressive behavior later in life

93. If everyone leaves five minutes before the game is over to avoid a traffic jam, the resulting traffic jam would be an example of
(A) Social impregnation
(B) A social trap
(C) Groupthink
(D) Self-handicapping

94. The study of unspoken rules for the use of interpersonal space is called
(A) Kinesics (B) Haptics
(C) Proxemics (D) Territoriality

95. If Jane's intelligence quotient is 100, we know that she has a
(A) Perfect score on a set of age-related tests.
(B) Test performance superior to 90% of other children the same age who took the test
(C) Mental age typical of children who have the same chronological age
(D) Mental age below those of children with the same chronological age

96. Which of the following statements concerning the relationship between inspection time and IQ is true?
(A) The longer the inspection time, the greater the intelligence
(B) The longer the inspection time, the lower the intelligence
(C) The shorter the inspection time, the lower the intelligence
(D) Inspection time and intelligence are not related

97. An adjective checklist would most likely be used by a
(A) Psychodynamic therapist
(B) Behaviorist
(C) Humanistic therapist
(D) Trait theorist

98. In Adler's view, the main striving of personality is for

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(A) Dominance
(B) Sophistication
(C) Freedom
(D) Superiority

99. Temperament refers to
(A) Charisma or character
(B) Unique and enduring behavior patterns
(C) Learned traits of emotional response
(D) Hereditary emotional traits

100. A defining characteristic of traits is that they are
(A) Fixed
(B) Observed
(C) Evaluative
(D) Enduring

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	C	26	A	51	B	76	B
2	A	27	A	52	C	77	A
3	B	28	A	53	C	78	C
4	C	29	A	54	C	79	C
5	C	30	B	55	B	80	D
6	B	31	C	56	B	81	C
7	C	32	B	57	A	82	C
8	A	33	C	58	C	83	C
9	A	34	D	59	B	84	D
10	C	35	A	60	B	85	C
11	D	36	B	61	D	86	C
12	C	37	A	62	B	87	C
13	C	38	B	63	A	88	B
14	D	39	C	64	B	89	A
15	D	40	A	65	A	90	B
16	B	41	C	66	D	91	D
17	D	42	C	67	C	92	D
18	C	43	B	68	A	93	A
19	A	44	C	69	C	94	C
20	A	45	D	70	B	95	C
21	C	46	B	71	D	96	D
22	A	47	D	72	C	97	D
23	A	48	B	73	D	98	D
24	A	49	B	74	C	99	D
25	A	50	C	75	A	100	D

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Pondicherry University Entrance Examination 2012

1. Stage 4 sleep EEG is characterized by a predominance of _____ waves.
   (A) delta
   (B) beta
   (C) gamma
   (D) theta

2. Dreaming occurs predominantly during _____sleep.
   (A) NREM
   (B) REM
   (C) Deep
   (D) Slow wave

3. The 16 PF Questionnaire was developed by
   (A) Thurstone
   (B) Cattell
   (C) Gough
   (D) Murray

4. The Oedipal complex occurs during the
   (A) oral stage
   (B) anal stage
   (C) phallic stage
   (D) genital stage

5. The study of the mind by analysis of one's own thought processes is _____.
   (A) introjection
   (B) regression
   (C) repression
   (D) introspection

6. _____is involved in posture, physical balance and for motor co-ordination.
   (A) cerebrum
   (B) cerebellum
   (C) pons
   (D) medulla

7. The _____ scan detects abnormal brain activity by monitoring a radioactive tracer substance as it travels through the blood vessels of the brain.
   (A) CT
   (B) PET
   (C) MRI
   (D) EEG

8. People have an easier time recalling an event if they are in the same mood as the one they were in when the event occurred.
   (A) Cue- dependent memory
   (B) State- dependent memory
   (C) Long Term Memory
   (D) Short Term Memory

9. The rods and cones are
   (A) Ch make synaptic connections with the ganglion cells
   (B) the fibers of which form the optic nerve
   (C) the photosensitive cells that convert light energy into nerve impulses
   (D) none of the above

10. An artist is able to give depth to his picture because he can make use of the
    (A) brush
    (B) colors
    (C) paper
    (D) monocular cues

11. Running of movie is possible because of
    (A) real motion
    (B) stroboscopic motion
    (C) autokinetic motion
    (D) electrical motion

12. Alcohol is a
    (A) stimulant
    (B) hallucinogen
    (C) depressant
    (D) all the above

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13. Shifting from right. hand driving (in America) to a left-hand driving (in Britain) is an example of
(A) positive transfer of learning
(B) negative transfer of learning
(C) no transfer of learning
(D) learning by past experience

14. You are teaching a mentally retarded child to dress herself. When she does something correctly, you give her a poker chip, which she can later exchange for food or privileges. This is an example of
(A) programmed instruction
(B) discrimination training
(C) a token economy
(D) systematic desensitization

15. Essay tests require_____; multiple choice tests require _____.
(A) recall; recognition
(B) recognition; recall
(C) recall; recall
(D) recognition; recognition

16. Ability includes
(A) aptitude
(B) achievement
(C) both aptitude and achievement
(D) none of the above

17. Diabetes is caused by
(A) hereditary factors only
(B) environmental factors
(C) interaction between hereditary and environment
(D) the cause of diabetes is not certain

18. Central nervous system consists of
(A) the brain
(B) the brain and the spinal cord
(C) the brain, the spinal cord and the autonomic system
(D) the brain and the somatic system

19. _____ is also known as the "master gland"
(A) thyroid gland
(B) pituitary gland
(C) adrenal gland
(D) gonads

20. In a dark room, a rope may be viewed as a snake. This principle is called _____.
(A) hallucination
(B) delusion
(C) Illusion
(D) figure-ground

21. Which among the following is not a cognitive variable affecting behavior?
(A) Expectancies
(B) Values
(C) Plans
(D) Images

22. IMF stands for
(A) Indian Medical Federation
(B) Indian Metropolitan Forum
(C) International Monetary Fund
(D) International Metropolitan Fund

23. HIV infection is not possible through _____.
(A) Unprotected sex
(B) Blood transfusion
(C) Kissing and Hugging
(D) Using infected syringes

24. _____ leaders inspire followers to transcend their own self-interests and have a profound and extraordinary effect on followers.
(A) Transactional
(B) Charismatic
(C) Transformational
(D) Authentic

25. In a conflict situation the willingness of one party to place the opponent's interests above his/her own is called _____.

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(A) accommodating
(B) collaborating
(C) compromising
(D) competing

26. Aetiology is a term;
(A) used to describe a course of treatment
(B) used to predict the length of treatment
(C) used to describe the causes or origins of psychological symptoms
(D) that describes a specific theory related to psychopathology

27. What is the name of an effect that occurs when an experimental group gets better simply because they are being giving a pill and this leads them to expect to get better?
(A) the domino effect
(B) the butterfly effect
(C) the placebo effect
(D) the expectancy effect

28. Oamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOls) are effective for the treatment of:
(A) schizophrenia
(B) major depression
(C) obsessive compulsive disorder
(D) generalized anxiety disorder

29. If an individual suffers a traumatic event and has a neurological disorder that means they may be unable to recall anything from the moment of the injury or to retain memories of recent events. This is known as:
(A) anterograde amnesia
(B) retrograde amnesia
(C) postevent amnesia
(D) antenatal amnesia

30. Often the first signs of neurological disorders are deficits in basic cognitive functions and also deficits in skills that involve problem-solvjng, planning and engaging in goal directed behaviour. These types of functions are known as
(A) directive functions
(B) executive functions
(C) management functions
(D) slave functions

31. One of the most common features of neurological disorders are Language deficits and are collectively known as
(A) dysphasias
(B) alogias
(C) anomias
(D) aphasias

32. The production of incoherent, jumbled speech is known as
(A) non fluent aphasia
(B) disruptive aphasia
(C) fluent aphasia
(D) anomic aphasia

33. When the individual is be unable to recognise everyday objects and name them correctly, this is known as
(A) prosopagnosia
(B) anomia
(C) agnosia
(D) aphosonomia

34. A Neurological disorder that is characterised by impairments in motor performance and coordination are known as
(A) dyspraxia
(B) apraxia
(C) anapraxia
(D) aamotoria

35. Meningitis refers to that class of infections that cause inflammation of the meninges. Which part of the brain does this refer to?
(A) spinal fluid
(B) membranous covering of the brain and spinal cord
(C) main part of a neuron
(D) axon terminal

36. Which of the following is an example of a Specific Learning Disability?

(A) Mental retardation
(B) Dyslexia
(C) ADHD
(D) Autistic spectrum disorders

37. Which of the following is an example of an intellectual disability?
(A) Dyslexia
(B) ADHD
(C) Mental retardation
(D) Autistic spectrum disorders

38. An example of a Developmental Disorder is:
(A) Dyslexia
(B) ADHD
(C) Mental retardation
(D) Autistic spectrum disorders

39. In learning disabilities, the name for mathematical disorder is:
(A) dyspraxia
(B) dyslexia
(C) dyscalculia
(D) dysphasia

40. Which of the following procedures can be used to identify Down Syndrome pre-natally?
(A) Amniocentesis
(B) Amnioprolaxis
(C) Amniophalaxi
(D) Amniocalesis

41. Which of the following is the main neurological birth syndrome caused by anoxia?
(A) Down Syndrome
(B) Fragile X Syndrome
(C) Cerebral Palsy
(D) Cerebral Vascular Accident

42. Early manifestation of symptoms such as severe impairment in social interaction and in communication can be diagnosed as which of the following?
(A) Infantile autism
(B) Infantile amnesia
(C) Cerebral palsy
(D) Rett's syndrome

43. The _____ is where the genes and chromosomes for the cell's proteins are stored
(A) endoplasmic reticulum
(B) nucleus
(C) golgi bodies
(D) mitochondria

44. The _____ are the cell's power plants that supply its energy needs.
(A) lysosomes
(B) golgi bodies
(C) nucleus
(D) mitochondria

45. The _____ are saclike vesicles that not only transport incoming supplies, but also move and store wastes.
(A) Lysosomes
(B) golgi bodies
(C) endoplasmic reticulum
(D) nucleus

46. Francis Galton is the cousin of _____.
(A) Rene Descartes
(B) Jean Baptiste Bouillard
(C) Marc Dax
(D) Charles Darwin

47. Fibers which carry information away from the CNS and to it constitute the_____.
(A) central nervous system
(B) peripheral nervous system
(C) projection fibers
(D) association fibers

48. _____is the diagnosis of nervous system injury by physicians who are specialists in nervous system diseases.
(A) Neuroscience
(B) neurology

(C) psychology
(D) neuropsychology

49. _____ referred the left hemisphere as the "analyzer" and the right hemisphere as the "synthesizer".
(A) Sperry
(B) Nebes
(C) Ramachandran
(D) Gazzaniga

50. Lesions in both parietal & occipital lobes of the left hemisphere leads to _____ Defects
(A) Reading
(B) painting
(C) sketching
(D) puzzle solving

51. What is an organic disorder?
(A) disorder caused by a mental illness that affects the brain
(B) disorder caused by a physical illness or an injury that affects the brain
(C) physiological cause and does not involve the brain.
(D) none of the above

52. A knock out in the boxing match is an example of
(A) contusion
(B) concussion
(C) laceration
(D) delirium

53. The most common form of dementia is
(A) Alzheimer's disease
(B) Depression
(C) Pick's disorder
(D) OCD

54. Inability to incorporate new memories
(A) confabulation
(B) retrograde amnesia
(C) anterograde amnesia
(D) amnesia

55. The chronic inability to sleep is called _____.
(A) Somnambulism
(B) Narcolepsy
(C) Insomnia
(D) All the above

56. Diagnosis of AD/HD depends on a patient being rated against these categories of symptoms.
(A) Inattention, impulsivity Hyperactivity
(B) Hyperactivity, impulsivity, aggression
(C) Inattention, impulsivity, aggression
(D) Intelligence, disruptiveness, Hyperactivity

57. What is trichotillomania
(A) Excessive swearing
(B) Hair pulling
(C) Excessive need to check
(D) Grinding one's teeth

58. What type of anxiety disorders is said to be the most difficult to diagnose?
(A) OCD
(B) Agoraphobia
(C) Specific phobias
(D) Generalized anxiety disorder

59. The theory of separation individuation is associated with
(A) Mahler
(B) Freud
(C) Abraham
(D) Mcguill

60. Anancastic PD is similar to,
(A) Narcissistic PD
(B) Obsessive-compulsive PD
(C) Histrionic PD
(D) Paranoid PD

61. Nicotine is associated with,
(A) coffee
(B) alcohol

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(C) cigarette
(D) tea

62. Hypoactive sexual disorder is,
(A) over desire
(B) no desire
(C) a little desire
(D) none of these

63. Sexual gratification through pain inflicted on oneself,
(A) sadism
(B) masochism
(C) pedophilia
(D) fetishism

64. National Mental Health Programme launched by Govt. of India in the year
(A) 1972
(B) 1982
(C) 1992
(D) 2002

65. The Naval Psychological Research unit is operating in
(A) Kochi
(B) Vishakapattannam
(C) Mumbai
(D) Kolkotha

66. Defense Institute of Psychological Research is situated in
(A) Aizwal
(B) Imphal
(C) New Delhi
(D) Shillong

67. Mental frameworks centering on a specific theme that help us to organize social Information
(A) Schemas
(B) Affect
(C) Heuristics
(D) Concepts

68. The process through which one seek to identify the causes of others behavior and so gain knowledge of their stable traits and dispositions
(A) Impression management
(B) Attribution
(C) Non verbal perception
(D) None of the above

69. Social comparison theory associated with
(A) Festinger
(B) Freud
(C) Wood
(D) Goethals

70. The condition that comes to stand for or signal a prior unconditioned stimulus
(A) Social learning
(B) Unconditioned stimulus
(C) Conditioned stimulus
(D) Conditioned response

71. Publicly advocating some attitude or behavior and then acting in a way that is inconsistent with these attitudes or behavior.
(A) Democracy
(B) Hypocrisy
(C) Cognitive dissonance
(D) Ego depletion

72. A personality disposition characterized by unreasonable high self esteem, a need for admiration, sensitivity to criticism, a lack of empathy and exploitative behavior is
(A) Obsessive compulsive personality
(B) Schizoid personality
(C) Narcissism
(D) Anancastic personality

73. The suggestion that frustration is a very powerful determinant of aggression
(A) General aggression model
(B) Aggression model
(C) Frustration Aggression hypothesis
(D) None of the above

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74. Procedures in which aversive consequences are delivered to individuals when they engage in specific actions
(A) Negative reinforcement
(B) Punishment
(C) Reward
(D) All of the above

75. Our current feelings moods and are called
(A) Effect
(B) Affect
(C) Reflect
(D) None of the above

76. When we represent the frequency distribution of a continuous s variable in terms of bars it takes the form of _____.
(A) Bar diagram
(B) Histogram
(C) Proportional bar diagram
(D) All the above

77. Population: Sample:: _____ :Statistic
(A) Scale
(B) Variable
(C) Parameter
(D) Dimension

78. In psychological measurement, _____ scales are mostly used
(A) Nominal
(B) Ordinal
(C) Interval
(D) Ratio

79. What is not true about product moment correlation
(A) Indicates linear relationships
(B) Portrays magnitude of relationships
(C) Indicates direction of relationship
(D) Exhibit cause and effect relationship

80. Out of the following in which case all the assumptions of parametric statistics are not fulfilled
(A) Z test
(B) t test
(C) simple regression
(D) none of the above

81. Variance is _____.
(A) square of SD
(B) square root of SD
(C) equal to SD
(D) always greater than SD

82. Which of the following is the simplest measure of central tendency
(A) Mean
(B) Median
(C) Mode
(D) Percentile mean

83. In a group if most of the members secure 50% marks of a test, then the distribution of the scores will be _____
(A) Leptokurtic
(B) Platykurtic
(C) Mesokurtic
(D) Cannot say

84. Which of the following is a non parametric statistic
(A) Product moment correlation
(B) Partial correlation
(C) Spearman rank order correlation
(D) Multiple correlation

85. Ogive will not be helpful in finding the _____
(A) Mean
(B) Median
(C) Percentile
(D) Percentile rank

86. While preparing graph the ratio of X axis to Y axis should be
(A) 3: 4
(B) 4: 3
(C) 2: 3
(D) 3: 2

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87. For a psychological scale or test what is always true
(A) Reliability < validity
(B) Validity < reliability
(C) Reliability =validity
(D) Sometimes reliability greater, sometimes validity greater

88. Cronbach alpha is a method of establishing _____
(A) Validity of the test
(B) Reliability of the test
(C) Difficulty index of the item
(D) Discrimination index of the item

89. Which of the following is a suitable example of continuous variable
(A) No of family members
(B) Age
(C) Religion
(D) All the above

90. The critical value for any statistical analysis is the value that _____
(A) We get by calculating from the data
(B) We refer from the table for comparison
(C) A value calculated from the similar analysis
(D) None of the above

91. Salary works as a _____ motive for the employee
(A) Primary
(B) secondary
(C) general
(D) all the above

92. Udai pareek is well known in the area of _____
(A) clinical psychology
(B) organizational psychology
(C) child psychology
(D) educational psychology

93. Johari window is relevant for understanding _____
(A) communication
(B) motivation
(C) power
(D) stress

94. Job enrichment is a type of _____
(A) organization structure
(B) job design
(C) job selection
(D) none of the above

95. Hawthorne study was conducted _____
(A) Chicago
(B) Philadelphia
(C) Bangalore
(D) New York

96. Theory X and theory Y was propounded by
(A) Herzberg
(B) McGregor
(C) McClelland
(D) McKermick

97. The need to be associated with others is _____
(A) Need for affiliation
(B) Need for power
(C) Need for achievement
(D) Need for abasement

98. Maslow's theory of work motive is a type of _____
(A) Content theory
(B) Process theory
(C) Exchange theory
(D) Contingency theory

99. The originator of the concept emotional intelligence is
(A) Salovey and Meyer
(B) Golman
(C) JBP Sinha

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(D) Gardiner

100. In SWOT analysis O stands for

_____

(A) Openness
(B) Originality
(C) Opportunity
(D) Organization

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	C	51	B	76	B
2	B	27	C	52	B	77	C
3	B	28	B	53	A	78	C
4	C	29	A	54	C	79	D
5	D	30	B	55	C	80	D
6	B	31	D	56	A	81	A
7	B	32	C	57	B	82	A
8	B	33	C	58	D	83	C
9	C	34	B	59	A	84	C
10	D	35	A	60	B	85	D
11	B	36	B	61	C	86	C
12	C	37	C	62	C	87	D
13	B	38	D	63	B	88	B
14	C	39	C	64	B	89	B
15	A	40	A	65	A	90	A
16	A	41	C	66	C	91	B
17	C	42	A	67	A	92	B
18	B	43	B	68	B	93	A
19	B	44	D	69	A	94	B
20	C	45	A	70	C	95	A
21	C	46	D	71	C	96	B
22	C	47	B	72	C	97	A
23	C	48	B	73	C	98	A
24	C	49	D	74	B	99	A
25	A	50	A	75	B	100	C

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Pondicherry University Entrance Examination 2011

1. _____is an imaginal form of exposure therapy.
   (A) implosive therapy
   (B) flooding
   (C) covert sensitization
   (D) overt sensitization

2. Biofeedback is based on
   (A) classical conditioning
   (B) modeling
   (C) operant conditioning
   (D) latent learning

3. Gestalt therapy was developed by
   (A) Karl Duncker
   (B) Sperry
   (C) Fritz Pearls
   (D) Carl Rogers

4. The founder of logo therapy is
   (A) Otto Rank
   (B) Rollo may
   (C) Victor Frankl
   (D) Existentialists

5. SUD is measured on a scale ranging from
   (A) 1 to 100
   (B) 0 to 100
   (C) 0 to 1000
   (D) 1 to 1000

6. The Centre for Behavioural and Cognitive Sciences is located in
   (A) University of Allahabad
   (B) Pondicherry University
   (C) Banaras Hindu University
   (D) Delhi University

7. National Brain Research Centre is situated in the state of
   (A) Punjab
   (B) Delhi
   (C) Chandigarh UT
   (D) Haryana

8. _____has the country's only brain bank.
   (A) National Brain Research Centre
   (B) All India Institute of Medical Sciences
   (C) NIMHANS
   (D) PGIMER, Chandigarh

9. Defence Institute of Psychological Research is situated in
   (A) Dehradun
   (B) New Delhi
   (C) Bangalore
   (D) Srinagar

10. Lot of research on Reconstructive memory is credited to
    (A) Bartlette
    (B) Loftus
    (C) Baddley
    (D) Wertheimer

11. techniques based on operant conditioning are together known as
    (A) Applied analysis of consequences
    (B) Applied psychotherapy
    (C) Applied behavioural analysis
    (D) Applied psychotherapy

12. Cognitive triad" in depression is the contribution of
    (A) Albert Ellis
    (B) Aaron Beck
    (C) Cognitivists
    (D) Hawton

13. Syphilis is caused by
    (A) fungi
    (B) bacteria
    (C) virus

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(D) protozoa

14. Pellagra occurs due to _____ deficiency
(A) Niacin
(B) Thiamine
(C) Vitamin K
(D) Iron

15. Type A personality is assessed by
(A) Interview
(B) Myers - Briggs type indicator
(C) Costa Type indicator
(D) MMPl

16. PET refers to
(A) Positive Emission Tomography (PET)
(B) Positron emission Tomography
(C) Positornic emission tomography
(D) Posit emission tomography

17. Big five factors of personality was proposed by
(A) Zuckerman
(B) McCrae & Costa
(C) Gordon Allport
(D) RB Cattell

18. The third force in psychology is
(A) behaviorism
(B) cognitivism
(C) humanistic psychology
(D) positive psychology

19. Level I and Level II intelligence was proposed by
(A) Johnson
(B) Jensen
(C) Shyamkrishnan
(D) Baddley

20. The Menta l Health Act was enacted in the year
(A) 1985
(B) 1986
(C) 1987
(D) 1988

21. The Rehabilitation Council of India came into being as a statutory body in the year
(A) 1990
(B) 1991
(C) 1992
(D) 1993

22. The structure within the brain concerned with sleep and arousal is
(A) Medulla
(B) Limbic system
(C) Reticular Activating System
(D) Cerebellum

23. what does it mean to "anthropomorphize"?
(A) to act like an anthropologist instead of a psychologist
(B) to project human qualities onto animals
(C) to think too much about a problem, until the simple answer is overlooked
(D) to influence an animal with human ways, so it is less like its relatives in the wild

24. The need Hierarchy theory of motivation was proposed by
(A) Mc Llend
(B) James-Lange
(C) Herzberg
(D) Maslow

25. Jacobson's progressive relaxation is very similar to _____ as an.
(A) Padmasan
(B) Chakasan
(C) Sabasan
(D) Bhujangasan

26. Muller-Lyer illusion is
(A) Fully Universal
(B) Culture Specific
(C) Person Specific
(D) Temporary

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27. Seeing a ghost in a dark room is an example of
(A) Illusion
(B) Hallucination
(C) Delusion
(D) Perceptual defense

28. Which of the following law is not a law of grouping?
(A) Proximity
(B) Similarity
(C) Common Fate
(D) Figure-Ground

29. Conditioning method was introduced by
(A) Thorndike
(B) Pavlov
(C) Skinner
(D) Kohler

30. Who among the following is not a learning theorist?
(A) Maslow
(B) Skinner
(C) Tolman
(D) Kohler

31. Mirror drawing apparatus is used to measure _____ learning
(A) Social
(B) Maze
(C) Sensory-motor
(D) Serial

32. Learning for the sake of acquiring knowledge is an example of _____ motivation
(A) Extrinsic
(B) Intrinsic
(C) Social
(D) None of these

33. Curve of forgetting was developed by
(A) Watson
(B) Piaget
(C) Freud
(D) Ebbinghaus

34. The need for _____ drives people to get close to people
(A) Power
(B) Conformity
(C) Affiliation
(D) Achievement

35. In case of 't' test, the distribution of the scores has a _____ shape
(A) Platykurtic
(B) Leptokurtic
(C) Mesokurtic
(D) Positively skewed shape

36. If a test consists of very easy items, the distribution of the scores will be
(A) Positively skewed
(B) Not skewed at all
(C) Negatively skewed
(D) Cannot say

37. Median is an example of _____ statistic
(A) Univariate
(B) Bivariate
(C) Multivariate
(D) None of these

38. Product moment 'r' is used to find the _____ between two variables.
(A) Difference
(B) Association
(C) Both difference and association
(D) None of these

39. _____ plays a significant role in emotional behaviour
(A) Thalamus
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Frontal Lobe
(D) Parietal Lobe

40. _____ is regarded as a culture-fair test of intelligence
(A) WAIS-R

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(B) Stanford-Binet
(C) Raven's Progressive Matrices
(D) WISC-R

41. World Mental Health Day is observed on
(A) September 10
(B) October 10
(C) November 10
(D) December 10

42. The physiological system that relays information in the form of electrochemical impulses throughout the body is called the
(A) Endocrine system
(B) Limbic system
(C) Nervous system
(D) Cranial system

43. The portion of a neuron that forms the presynaptic neuronal membrane is called the
(A) terminal button
(B) axon
(C) soma
(D) dendrite

44. Electrochemical communication takes place between neurons at a junction called
(A) the axon zone
(B) the synapse
(C) dendrite trees
(D) the myelin cleft

45. _____ located site of action of mind in pineal body.
(A) Plato
(B) Aristotle
(C) Descartes
(D) Wernicke

46. _____ discovered that the human body conducts electricity.
(A) Stephen Grey
(B) Aristotle
(C) Plato
(D) Descartes

47. Which of the following is a behavioural symptom exhibited by individuals suffering unipolar depression?
(A) Unpredictable and erratic behaviour
(B) Compulsive checking
(C) Stay in bed for long periods
(D) Ritualized behaviour

48. Which of the following neurotransmitters is associated specifically with Bipolar Disorder?
(A) Serotonin
(B) Norepinephrine
(C) dopamine
(D) acetylcholine

49. Lower levels of activation in the Prefrontal Cortex results in
(A) Failure to regulate emotions
(B) Deficit in the will to change
(C) Failure to anticipate incentives
(D) Inability to understand the context of affective reactions

50. Structural and functional abnormalities in the Amygdala have been found to be associated with Major Depression The role of the Amygdala is to
(A) Stimulate secretion by sweat glands
(B) Stimulate secretion of epinephrine and norepinephrine
(C) Prioritize spatial memory
(D) Control spatial memory

51. According to Freud's psychodynamic theory, the first stage of response to loss is called introjections where the individual regresses to
(A) Anal stage of development
(B) Phallic stage of development
(C) Oral stage of development
(D) Sensorimotor stage of development

52. Which of the following is one of the most influential theories of depression?

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(A) Freud's Psychodynamic Theory
(B) Beck's Cognitive Theory
(C) Seligman's Learned Helplessness Theory
(D) Berne's Humanistic Theory

53. Physical symptoms of Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (CFS) include which of the following?
(A) Extreme fatigue
(B) Muscle pain
(C) Chest pain
(D) All of the above

54. Children with ADHD are known to have deficits in which of the following brain areas?
(A) Perception
(B) Motor functioning
(C) Executive functioning
(D) Memory

55. The term Theory of mind refers to which of the following abilities?
(A) Have telepathic abilities
(B) Understand one's own and other people's mental states
(C) Lack of meta -cognition
(D) All of the above

56. Which of the following is a widely-used classical conditioning method for treating nocturnal enuresis?
(A) Bell-and -whistle technique
(B) Bell-and-battery technique
(C) Alarm system technique
(D) Bell book and candle technique

57. Which is the most common form of stimulant medication for ADHD?
(A) Vitalin
(B) Benzodiazepine
(C) Ritalin
(D) Amylnitrate

58. Which of the following is behaviour technique that has been successfully adapted to treat anxiety-based problems in children?
(A) Systematic desensitization
(B) Systemic family therapy
(C) Cognitive behavioural therapy
(D) Electro- convulsive therapy

59. Which of the following is a technique that can be used with younger children who are less able to communicate and express their feelings verbally?
(A) Play therapy
(B) Cognitive behaviour therapy
(C) Systemic family therapy
(D) Psychodynamic therapy

60. Which of the following is an area of psychology that is concerned with mapping how early childhood experiences may act as risk factors for later diagnosable psychological disorders, and attempts to describe the pathways by which early experiences may generate adult psychological problems?
(A) Clinical psychopathology
(B) Applied psychopathology
(C) Developmental psychopathology
(D) Cognitive psychopathology

61. In childhood disorders there are different types of problems such as Symptom-Based Disorders. One such disorder is known as encopresis, which means
(A) Lack of bowel control
(B) Bedwetting
(C) Stammering
(D) Sleep walking

62. The major criticisms on behaviourism are
(A) oversimplification, determinism, control
(B) oversimplification, vague, control
(C) control, objective, negative oriented
(D) determinism, lack of choice, complex

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63. According Carl Jung, recurring dream will stop after
(A) Gratification
(B) Interpretation
(C) Wishful thinking
(D) Compensation

64. Glove anesthesia is example for _____ disorder
(A) somatization
(B) conversion
(C) somatoform
(D) body dismorphic

65. Gate control theory states that particular nerve receptors lead to specific areas of the brain related to
(A) Touch
(B) Pressure
(C) Temperature
(D) Pain

66. According to humanist, the seat of Anxiety is
(A) Impaired self concept
(B) Blocked Motive
(C) Inability to think positively
(D) Poor gratification of needs

67. Melatonin is a hormone secreted by
(A) Pituitary
(B) Pancreas
(C) Pineal
(D) Thyroid

68. The approach in Psychology which concentrates on mental processing is
(A) Behaviourism
(B) Cognitive
(C) Existential
(D) Gestalt

69. Disinvestment of Equities from a company by the Govt is a form of
(A) Liberalisation
(B) Privatisation
(C) Nationalisation
(D) Asset making

70. Acrophobia refers to fear of
(A) heights
(B) darkness
(C) depth
(D) closed room

71. Organized structure of information about a particular domain of life is known as
(A) cognitive structuring
(B) schema
(C) plan
(D) attributes

72. Procedure in which the researchers who have contact with participants do know the hypothesis under investigation is known as
(A) Confidential
(B) Single blind
(C) Double Blind
(D) Neutralisation

73. Shaping is based on the principle of
(A) adaptation
(B) accommodation
(C) approximation
(D) adjustment

74. The electrical charges, when a neuron is at rest is
(A) -70MV
(B) 70MV
(C) -1.5 V
(D) 1.5 V

75. The blocking of goal directed behaviour is
(A) Aggression
(B) Violence
(C) Frustration
(D) Conflict

76. 'Determinism' is strongly suggested by
(A) Behaviourism

(B) Psychoanalysis
(C) Both
(D) None of the above

77. Which of the following groups of psychologists stress the positive side of human nature?
(A) behaviourists
(B) neurobiologists
(C) humanists
(D) psychoanalysts

78. _____ is an extra-sensory perception related to perception of a future event.
(A) Clairvoyance
(B) Telepathy
(C) Precognition
(D) Psychokinesis

79. Training differs from developmental exercises because training concentrates on the
(A) present
(B) past
(C) future
(D) changes

80. The statistical way of quality control is known as
(A) Q- Sort
(B) Six Sigma
(C) Bench marking
(D) 5- S

81. Moving employees horizontally to expand their skills, knowledge, and abilities is known as
(A) Job developing
(B) Job analysis
(C) Job rotation
(D) Job enrichment

82. If genes are 100 percent responsible for individual differences in a given trait, the Heritability is
(A) -1
(B) 0
(C) +l
(D) .01

83. Concordance rate ranges from
(A) 0.0 to 1.0
(B) -1 to +l
(C) 0 to 100
(D) 1 to 100

84. According to Cephalocaudal principle, growth occurs from

(A) left to right
(B) top to bottom
(C) right to left
(D) bottom to top

85. The psychologist who used the "Heinz Problem" in developing his /her theory was
(A) Piaget
(B) Kohlberg
(C) Levinson
(D) Gisela Labouvie – Vief

86. The social and psychological dimensions of being male or female is
(A) Sex
(B) Gender
(C) Gender role
(D) Gender typing

87. The class of hormones that primarily promote the development of male genitals and secondary sex characteristics is called
(A) Androgens
(B) Estrogens
(C) Testosterones
(D) Estradiols

88. The term androgyny refers to a gender role that is
(A) highly masculine
(B) highly feminine

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(C) both highly masculine and highly feminine
(D) neither masculine nor feminine

89. Monalisa says, "All men are alike. They'd rather drive around in circles for hours than stop and ask for directions". She is demonstrating
(A) gender stereotyping
(B) gender typing
(C) androcentrism
(D) gender role classification

90. When reviewing research comparing males and females, it is important to keep in mind that
(A) even when differences are found, most of the individuals in the groups are virtually identical
(B) it is unfair to compare the groups because almost all gender differences are the result of uncontrollable biological factors
(C) it is only when statistically significant scores are found that you can conclude there is little overlap between male and female scores
(D) even when differences are reported, there is considerable overlap between the sexes

91. According to Piaget's theory of Cognitive Development, at what age to children develop the ability for deferred imitation?

(A) 8-12 months
(B) 12-18 months
(C) 18-24 months
(D) 24-36 months

92. For which of the following do investigators continue to find gender differences?
(A) verbal skills
(B) visuospatial skills
(C) social skills
(D) suggestibility

93. According to Freud's theory of Psychosexual Development, during which stage is children's developmental focus on gender identity and morality?

(A) Anal (1-3 years)
(B) Phallic (3-6 years)
(C) Latency (6-12 years)
(D) Genital (12 + years)

94. According to Piaget's theory of Cognitive Development, during which stage do children develop animistic conceptions, expressed in ways such as "Don' t hurt the grass. It will be sad"?
(A) Sensorimotor
(B) Pre-Operational
(C) Concrete Operational
(D) Formal Operational

95. Play is for children what work is for adults". Which of the following is NOT an important developmental outcome of play?

(A) Cognitive mastery (e.g. concepts of reversibility & conservation)
(B) Emotional development & regulation (e.g. "cooling down" by venting socially unaccepted emotions
(C) Overcoming negativism (e.g. reducing noncompliance to adult requests)
(D) Language development (e.g. giving labels)

96. According to Festinger's cognitive dissonance theory, people seek to avoid

(A) contradictions between behaviours and beliefs
(B) rebellious or negative reactions
(C) music which is not harmonious
(D) people who are argumentative

97. Who is known for his research in observational learning using bobo doll?

(A) Watson
(B) Skinner
(C) Milgram
(D) Bandura

98. Who first wrote about inferiority complex?
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) Alfred Adler
(C) Carl Gustav Jung
(D) Viktor frankl

99. When we make the "fundamental attribution error" we blame somebody's misfortunes on
(A) an evil leader
(B) their personal qualities
(C) factors beyond their control
(D) ourselves

100. What are secondary sex characteristics?
(A) such things as facial hair in men, breast development in women
(B) sex-linked changes in early childhood
(C) eye shadow, hair length, etc
(D) "invisible" sexual characteristics

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	A	51	C	76	A
2	C	27	B	52	B	77	C
3	C	28	D	53	D	78	A
4	C	29	B	54	C	79	D
5	B	30	A	55	B	80	B
6	A	31	C	56	B	81	C
7	D	32	B	57	C	82	C
8	C	33	D	58	A	83	C
9	B	34	C	59	A	84	B
10	A	35	B	60	C	85	B
11	C	36	C	61	A	86	B
12	B	37	A	62	D	87	C
13	B	38	B	63	B	88	D
14	A	39	B	64	B	89	A
15	B	40	C	65	D	90	D
16	B	41	B	66	C	91	C
17	B	42	C	67	C	92	B
18	C	43	A	68	B	93	B
19	B	44	B	69	B	94	B
20	C	45	C	70	A	95	C
21	D	46	A	71	B	96	A
22	C	47	A	72	A	97	D
23	B	48	A	73	C	98	B
24	D	49	B	74	A	99	B
25	C	50	B	75	C	100	A

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Pondicherry University Entrance Examination 2010

1. Stage 4 sleep EEG is characterized by a predominance of _____ waves.
   (A) delta
   (B) beta
   (C) gamma
   (D) theta

2. Dreaming occurs predominantly during _____sleep.
   (A) NREM
   (B) REM
   (C) Deep
   (D) Slow wave

3. The 16 PF Questionnaire was developed by
   (A) Thurstone
   (B) Cattell
   (C) Gough
   (D) Murray

4. The Oedipal complex occurs during the
   (A) oral stage
   (B) anal stage
   (C) phallic stage
   (D) genital stage

5. The study of the mind by analysis of one's own thought processes is _____.
   (A) introjection
   (B) regression
   (C) repression
   (D) introspection

6. _____is involved in posture, physical balance and for motor co-ordination.
   (A) cerebrum
   (B) cerebellum
   (C) pons
   (D) medulla

7. The _____ scan detects abnormal brain activity by monitoring a radioactive tracer substance as it travels through the blood vessels of the brain.
   (A) CT
   (B) PET
   (C) MRI
   (D) EEG

8. People have an easier time recalling an event if they are in the same mood as the one they were in when the event occurre(D)
   (A) Cue- dependent memory
   (B) State- dependent memory
   (C) Long Term Memory
   (D) Short Term Memory

9. The rods and cones are
   (A) the make synaptic connections with the ganglion cells
   (B) the fibers of which form the optic nerve
   (C) the photosensitive cells that convert light energy into nerve impulses
   (D) none of the above

10. An artist is able to give depth to his picture because he can make use of the
   (A) brush
   (B) colors
   (C) paper
   (D) monocular cues

11. Running of movie is possible because of
   (A) real motion
   (B) stroboscopic motion
   (C) autokinetic motion
   (D) electrical motion

12. Alcohol is a
   (A) stimulant
   (B) hallucinogen

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(C) depressant
(D) all the above

13. Shifting from right. hand driving (in America) to a left-hand driving (in Britain) is an example of
(A) positive transfer of learning
(B) negative transfer of learning
(C) no transfer of learning
(D) learning by past experience

14. You are teaching a mentally retarded child to dress herself. When she does something correctly, you give her a poker chip, which she can later exchange for food or privileges. This is an example of
(A) programmed instruction
(B) discrimination training
(C) a token economy
(D) systematic desensitization

15. Essay tests require_____; multiple choice tests require _____.
(A) recall; recognition
(B) recognition; recall
(C) recall; recall
(D) recognition; recognition

16. Ability includes
(A) aptitude
(B) achievement
(C) both aptitude and achievement
(D) none of the above

17. Diabetes is caused by
(A) hereditary factors only
(B) environmental factors
(C) interaction between hereditary and environment
(D) the cause of diabetes is not certain

18. Central nervous system consists of

(A) the brain
(B) the brain and the spinal cord
(C) the brain, the spinal cord and the autonomic system
(D) the brain and the somatic system

19. _____ is also known as the "master gland"
(A) thyroid gland
(B) pituitary gland
(C) adrenal gland
(D) gonads

20. In a dark room, a rope may be viewed as a snake. This principle is called _____.
(A) hallucination
(B) delusion
(C) Illusion
(D) figure-ground

21. Which among the following is not a cognitive variable affecting behavior.
(A) Expectancies
(B) Values
(C) Plans
(D) Images

22. IMF stands for
(A) Indian Medical Federation
(B) Indian Metropolitan Forum
(C) International Monetary Fund
(D) International Metropolitan Fund

23. HIV infection is not possible through _____.
(A) Unprotected sex
(B) Blood transfusion
(C) Kissing and Hugging
(D) Using infected syringes

24. _____ leaders inspire followers to transcend their own self-interests and have a profound and extraordinary effect on followers.
(A) Transactional
(B) Charismatic
(C) Transformational
(D) Authentic

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25. In a conflict situation the willingness of one party to place the opponent's interests above his/her own is called _____.
(A) accommodating
(B) collaborating
(C) compromising
(D) competing

26. Aetiology is a term;

(A) used to describe a course of treatment
(B) used to predict the length of treatment
(C) used to describe the causes or origins of psychological symptoms
(D) that describes a specific theory related to psychopathology

27. What is the name of an effect that occurs when an experimental group gets better simply because they are being giving a pill and this leads them to expect to get better?
(A) the domino effect
(B) the butterfly effect
(C) the placebo effect
(D) the expectancy effect

28. Oamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOls) are effective for the treatment of:
(A) schizophrenia
(B) major depression
(C) obsessive compulsive disorder
(D) generalized anxiety disorder

29. If an individual suffers a traumatic event and has a neurological disorder that means they may be unable to recall anything from the moment of the injury or to retain memories of recent events. This is known as:

(A) anterograde amnesia
(B) retrograde amnesia
(C) postevent amnesia
(D) antenatal amnesia

30. Often the first signs of neurological disorders are deficits in basic cognitive functions and also deficits in skills that involve problem-solvjng, planning and engaging in goal directed behaviour. These types of functions are known as
(A) directive functions
(B) executive functions
(C) management functions
(D) slave functions

31. One of the most common features of neurological disorders are Language deficits and are collectively known as
(A) dysphasias
(B) alogias
(C) anomias
(D) aphasias

32. The production of incoherent, jumbled speech is known as
(A) non fluent aphasia
(B) disruptive aphasia
(C) fluent aphasia
(D) anomic aphasia

33. When the individual is be unable to recognise everyday objects and name them correctly, this is known as
(A) prosopagnosia
(B) anomia
(C) agnosia
(D) aphosonomia

34. A Neurological disorder that is characterised by impairments in motor performance and coordination are known as
(A) dyspraxia
(B) apraxia
(C) anapraxia
(D) amotoria

35. Meningitis refers to that class of infections that cause inflammation of the meninges. Which part of the brain does this refer to?
(A) spinal fluid

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(B) membranous covering of the brain and spinal cord
(C) main part of a neuron
(D) axon terminal

36. Which of the following is an example of a Specific Learning Disability?
(A) Mental retardation
(B) Dyslexia
(C) ADHD
(D) Autistic spectrum disorders

37. Which of the following is an example of an intellectual disability?
(A) Dyslexia
(B) ADHD
(C) Mental retardation
(D) Autistic spectrum disorders

38. An example of a Developmental Disorder is:
(A) Dyslexia
(B) ADHD
(C) Mental retardation
(D) Autistic spectrum disorders

39. In learning disabilities, the name for mathematical disorder is:
(A) dyspraxia
(B) dyslexia
(C) dyscalculia
(D) dysphasia

40. Which of the following procedures can be used to identify Down Syndrome pre-natally?

(A) Amniocentesis
(B) Amnioprolaxis
(C) Amniophalaxi
(D) Amniocalesis

41. Which of the following is the main neurological birth syndrome caused by anoxia?

(A) Down Syndrome
(B) Fragile X Syndrome
(C) Cerebral Palsy
(D) Cerebral Vascular Accident

42. Early manifestation of symptoms such as severe impairment in social interaction and in communication can be diagnosed as which of the following?
(A) Infantile autism
(B) Infantile amnesia
(C) Cerebral palsy
(D) Rett's syndrome

43. The _____ is where the genes and chromosomes for the cell's proteins are stored
(A) endoplasmic reticulum
(B) nucleus
(C) golgi bodies
(D) mitochondria

44. The _____ are the cell's power plants that supply its energy needs.
(A) lysosomes
(B) golgi bodies
(C) nucleus
(D) mitochondria

45. The _____ are saclike vesicles that not only transport incoming supplies, but also move and store wastes.
(A) Lysosomes
(B) golgi bodies
(C) endoplasmic reticulum
(D) nucleus

46. Francis Galton is the cousin of _____.
(A) Rene Descartes
(B) Jean Baptiste Bouillard
(C) Marc Dax
(D) Charles Darwin

47. Fibers which carry information away from the CNS and to it constitute the_____.

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(A) central nervous system
(B) peripheral nervous system
(C) projection fibers
(D) association fibers

48. _____is the diagnosis of nervous system injury by physicians who are specialists in nervous system diseases.
(A) Neuroscience
(B) neurology
(C) psychology
(D) neuropsychology

49. _____ referred the left hemisphere as the "analyzer" and the right hemisphere as the "synthesizer".
(A) Sperry
(B) Nebes
(C) Ramachandran
(D) Gazzaniga

50. Lesions in both parietal & occipital lobes of the left hemisphere leads to _____ Defects
(A) Reading
(B) painting
(C) sketching
(D) puzzle solving

51. What is an organic disorder?

(A) disorder caused by a mental illness that affects the brain
(B) disorder caused by a physical illness or an injury that affects the brain
(C) physiological cause and does not involve the brain.
(D) none of the above

52. A knock out in the boxing match is an example of

(A) contusion
(B) concussion
(C) laceration
(D) delirium

53. The most common form of dementia is
(A) Alzheimer's disease
(B) Depression
(C) Pick's disorder
(D) OCD

54. Inability to incorporate new memories
(A) confabulation
(B) retrograde amnesia
(C) anterograde amnesia
(D) amnesia

55. The chronic inability to sleep is called _____.
(A) Somnambulism
(B) Narcolepsy
(C) Insomnia
(D) All the above

56. Diagnosis of AD/HD depends on a patient being rated against these categories of symptoms.
(A) Inattention, impulsivity Hyperactivity
(B) Hyperactivity, impulsivity, aggression
(C) Inattention, impulsivity, aggression
(D) Intelligence, disruptiveness, Hyperactivity

57. What is trichotillomania
(A) Excessive swearing
(B) Hair pulling
(C) Excessive need to check
(D) Grinding one's teeth

58. What type of anxiety disorders is said to be the most difficult to diagnose
(A) OCD
(B) Agoraphobia
(C) Specific phobias
(D) Generalized anxiety disorder

59. The theory of separation individuation is associated with
(A) Mahler
(B) Freud
(C) Abraham

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(D) Mcguill

60. Anancastic PD is similar to,
(A) Narcissistic PD
(B) Obsessive-compulsive PD
(C) Histrionic PD
(D) Paranoid PD

61. Nicotine is associated with,
(A) coffee
(B) alcohol
(C) cigarette
(D) tea

62. Hypoactive sexual disorder is,
(A) over desire
(B) no desire
(C) a little desire
(D) none of these

63. Sexual gratification through pain inflicted on oneself,
(A) sadism
(B) masochism
(C) pedophilia
(D) fetishism

64. National Mental Health Programme launched by Govt. of India in the year
(A) 1972
(B) 1982
(C) 1992
(D) 2002

65. The Naval Psychological Research unit is operating in
(A) Kochi
(B) Vishakapattannam
(C) Mumbai
(D) Kolkotta

66. Defense Institute of Psychological Research is situated in
(A) Aizwal
(B) Imphal
(C) New Delhi
(D) Shillong

67. Mental frameworks centering on a specific theme that help us to organize social Information
(A) Schemas
(B) Affect
(C) Heuristics
(D) Concepts

68. The process through which one seek to identify the causes of others behavior and so gain knowledge of their stable traits and dispositions
(A) Impression management
(B) Non verbal perception
(C) Attribution
(D) None of the above

69. Social comparison theory associated with
(A) Festinger
(B) Freud
(C) Wood
(D) Goethals

70. The condition that comes to stand for or signal a prior unconditioned stimulus
(A) Social learning
(B) Unconditioned stimulus
(C) Conditioned stimulus
(D) Conditioned response

71. Publicly advocating some attitude or behavior and then acting in a way that is inconsistent with these attitudes or behavior.
(A) Democracy
(B) Hypocrisy
(C) Cognitive dissonance
(D) Ego depletion

72. A personality disposition characterized by unreasonable high self esteem, a need for admiration, sensitivity to criticism, a lack of empathy and exploitative behavior is
(A) Obsessive compulsive personality
(B) Schizoid personality

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(C) Narcissism
(D) Anancastic personality

73. The suggestion that frustration is a very powerful determinant of aggression
(A) General aggression model
(B) Aggression model
(C) Frustration Aggression hypothesis
(D) None of the above

74. Procedures in which aversive consequences are delivered to individuals when they engage in specific actions
(A) Negative reinforcement
(B) Punishment
(C) Reward
(D) All of the above

75. Our current feelings moods and are called

(A) Effect
(B) Affect
(C) Reflect
(D) None of the above

76. When we represent the frequency distribution of a continuous s variable in terms of bars it takes the form of _____.

(A) Bar diagram
(B) Histogram
(C) Proportional bar diagram
(D) All the above

77. Population: Sample:: _____ :Statistic

(A) Scale
(B) Variable
(C) Parameter
(D) Dimension

78. In psychological measurement, _____ scales are mostly used
(A) Nominal
(B) Ordinal
(C) Interval
(D) Ratio

79. What is not true about product moment correlation
(A) Indicates linear relationships
(B) Portrays magnitude of relationships
(C) Indicates direction of relationship
(D) Exhibit cause and effect relationship

80. Out of the following in which case all the assumptions of parametric statistics are not fulfilled
(A) Z test
(B) t test
(C) simple regression
(D) none of the above

81. Variance is _____.
(A) square of SD
(B) square root of SD
(C) equal to SD
(D) always greater than SD

82. Which of the following is the simplest measure of central tendency
(A) Mean
(B) Median
(C) Mode
(D) Percentile mean

83. In a group if most of the members secure 50% marks of a test, then the distribution of the scores will be _____
(A) Leptokurtic
(B) Platykurtic
(C) Mesokurtic
(D) Cannot say

84. Which of the following is a non parametric statistic
(A) Product moment correlation
(B) Partial correlation
(C) Spearman rank order correlation
(D) Multiple correlation

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85. Ogive will not be helpful in finding the _____
(A) Mean
(B) Median
(C) Percentile
(D) Percentile rank

86. While preparing graph the ratio of X axis to Y axis should be

(A) 3: 4
(B) 4: 3
(C) 2: 3
(D) 3: 2

87. For a psychological scale or test what is always true

(A) Reliability < validity
(B) Validity < reliability
(C) Reliability =validity
(D) Sometimes reliability greater, sometimes validity greater

88. Cronbach alpha is a method of establishing _____

(A) Validity of the test
(B) Reliability of the test
(C) Difficulty index of the item
(D) Discrimination index of the item

89. Which of the following is a suitable example of continuous variable

(A) No of family members
(B) Age
(C) Religion
(D) All the above

90. The critical value for any statistical analysis is the value that _____
(A) We get by calculating from the data
(B) We refer from the table for comparison
(C) A value calculated from the similar analysis
(D) None of the above

91. Salary works as a _____ motive for the employee
(A) Primary
(B) secondary
(C) general
(D) all the above

92. Udai pareek is well known in the area of _____
(A) clinical psychology
(B) organizational psychology
(C) child psychology
(D) educational psychology

93. Johari window is relevant for understanding _____
(A) communication
(B) motivation
(C) power
(D) stress

94. Job enrichment is a type of _____
(A) organization structure
(B) job design
(C) job selection
(D) none of the above

95. Hawthorne study was conducted _____
(A) Chicago
(B) Philadelphia
(C) Bangalore
(D) New York

96. Theory X and theory Y was propounded by
(A) Herzberg
(B) McGregor
(C) McClelland
(D) McKermick

97. The need to be associated with others is _____
(A) Need for affiliation
(B) Need for power

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(C) Need for achievement
(D) Need for abasement

98. Maslow's theory of work motive is a type of _____
(A) Content theory
(B) Process theory
(C) Exchange theory
(D) Contingency theory

99. The originator of the concept emotional intelligence is
(A) Salovey and Meyer
(B) Golman
(C) JBP Sinha
(D) Gardiner

100. In SWOT analysis O stands for _____
(A) Openness
(B) Originality
(C) Opportunity
(D) Organization

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	C	51	B	76	B
2	B	27	C	52	B	77	C
3	B	28	B	53	A	78	C
4	C	29	A	54	C	79	D
5	D	30	B	55	C	80	D
6	B	31	D	56	A	81	A
7	B	32	C	57	B	82	A
8	B	33	C	58	D	83	C
9	C	34	B	59	A	84	C
10	D	35	A	60	B	85	D
11	B	36	B	61	C	86	C
12	C	37	C	62	C	87	D
13	B	38	D	63	B	88	B
14	C	39	C	64	B	89	B
15	A	40	A	65	A	90	A
16	A	41	C	66	C	91	B
17	C	42	A	67	A	92	B
18	B	43	D	68	C	93	A
19	B	44	D	69	A	94	B
20	C	45	A	70	C	95	A
21	C	46	D	71	C	96	B
22	C	47	B	72	C	97	A
23	C	48	B	73	C	98	A
24	C	49	D	74	B	99	A
25	A	50	A	75	B	100	C

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Aligarh University Entrance Examination 2020

SECTION-A

1. Thematic Apperception Test is based upon the defense mechanism of
   (A) Projection
   (B) Sublimation
   (C) Reaction Formation
   (D) Repression

2. While teaching a dog how to shake hands, which of the following reinforcement schedule would facilitate the most rapid learning?
   (A) Fixed ratio
   (B) Variable ratio
   (C) Continuous
   (D) Variable interval

3. Which gland of the body produces a variety of hormones that regulate or control the other endocrine glands?
   (A) Gonadal gland
   (B) Thyroid gland
   (C) Adrenal gland
   (D) Pituitary gland

4. Which of the following is the mental shortcut meant to conserve cognitive resources?
   (A) Stereotypes (B) Prototypes
   (C) Heuristics (D) Attitudes

5. If you were to kick the dog after a hard day at the office, you would be using
   (A) Rationalization
   (B) Displacement
   (C) Projection
   (D) Reaction formation

6. If you are preparing an Achievement test, it must be assessed for
   (A) Convergent Validity
   (B) Content Validity
   (C) Predictive Validity
   (D) Discriminant Validity

7. Which scale yields data in terms of ranks
   (A) Nominal Scale
   (B) Interval Scale
   (C) Ordinal Scale
   (D) Ratio Scale

8. In which of the following scales judges are required to rate the items on the scale of favorableness/unfavorableness?
   (A) Likert Scale
   (B) Guttman Scale
   (C) Semantic differential Scale
   (D) Thurston Scale

9. Which of the following is not a feature in the theory of direct perception?
   (A) Bottom-up processing
   (B) Horizontal ratio
   (C) Optic flow pattern
   (D) Schema

10. The concept of psychic reflex was given by
    (A) B .F. Skinner
    (B) H. Ebbnighaus
    (C) Ivan Pavlov
    (D) E.L. Thorndike

11. A profound memory deficit due to either the loss of what has been stored or the inability to form new memories is called
    (A) Korsakoff syndrome
    (B) Dementia
    (C) Alzheimer's disease
    (D) Amnesia

12. Filter theory of selective attention was given by
    (A) Broadbent (B) Johnston

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(C) Heinz (D) Treisman

13. The classical conditioning term for a reflexive response elicited by a stimulus is the absence of learning.
(A) Unconditional stimulus
(B) Conditional stimulus
(C) Unconditional response
(D) Conditional response

14. Reliability of the test does not depend on
(A) Number of test items
(B) Norms of the test
(C) Homogeneity of the sample
(D) Length of the time interval between test and retest

15. Cognitive dissonance theory was propounded by
(A) Festinger (B) Asch
(C) Bandura (D) Bem

16. Ebbinghaus pioneered the experiments on which of the following
(A) Thinking (B) Emotion
(C) Perception (D) Memory

17. Select the one which is not the characteristics of classification of data
(A) The classification may be either real or imaginary
(B) It brings out points of similarity and dissimilarities.
(C) Classification is inflexible to accommodate adjustments
(D) Classification performs homogeneous grouping of data

18. A frequency distribution can be classified as:
(A) Series of individual observation
(B) Grouped frequency distribution.
(C) Discrete frequency distribution
(D) All of the above

19. Each point on a scatter diagram represents
(A) the variance of a set of scores.
(B) the standard deviation of a set of scores
(C) where an individual scored on both x and y.
(D) where an individual scored compared to the mean.

20. The following data provides marks of 10 students. Calculate the mean, median and mode. 29, 60, 30, 54, 33, 53, 33, 52, 35, 51
(A) 43, 43, 33 (B) 44, 33, 43
(C) 33, 43, 44 (D) 44, 44, 33

21. Individuals with Schizophrenia who cannot infer the beliefs, attitudes and intentions of other are said to lack:
(A) Theory of Mind
(B) Intelligence
(C) Self esteem
(D) Sense of self

22. Who among them had given the theory of individual psychology?
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) Carl Jung
(C) Erick Erickson
(D) Alfred Adler

23. Which defense mechanism involves expressing just the opposite feeling to what you are experiencing?
(A) reaction formation.
(B) rationalization
(C) projection
(D) displacement

24. Which of the following refers to Inter-rater reliability?
(A) The degree to which two tests measure the same construct.
(B) The degree to which a psychologist can predict future behavior.
(C) The degree to which the items in the test relate to each other

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(D) The degree to which two examiners will agree on interpretation or scoring of a test.

25. The principle of_____ states that we organize our perceptions into complete objects rather than as a series of parts.
(A) Similarity (B) Continuation
(C) Good Figure (D) Closure

26. In a normal distribution mean is 100 and standard deviation is 10. The values of points of inflection are:
(A) 100 and 110
(B) 80 and 120
(C) 90 and 110
(D) None of the above

27. Long term memory are encoded in terms of
(A) sound
(B) visual images
(C) meaning of words and concepts
(D) all of the above

28. Wolf Gang Kohler was associated with which of the following schools of psychology?
(A) Social Psychology
(B) Gestalt Psychology
(C) Industrial Psychology
(D) Educational Psychology

29. The circuit from sensory neuron to muscle response is called a
(A) reflex arc
(B) reflexes
(C) spatial summation
(D) temporal summation

30. Attenuation originally featured in whose model of attention?
(A) Posner (B) Treisman
(C) Broadbent (D) James

31. Any learning that is not in accord with the participant's purpose is called
(A) incidental learning
(B) motivated learning
(C) vicarious learning
(D) observational learning

32. Which of the following is most effective in conditioning
(A) Backward Conditioning
(B) Simultaneous Conditioning
(C) Delayed Conditioning
(D) Trace Conditioning

33. Intellectual functioning is mainly in the domain of which lobe of the Cortex?
(A) Occipital (B) Frontal
(C) Parietal (D) Temporal

34. Which of the following is not one of the Big Five personality factors?
(A) Agreeableness
(B) Extroversion.
(C) Openness to Experience
(D) Submissiveness

35. Retinal disparity is essential to
(A) The phi phenomenon
(B) 3-D movies
(C) Circle vision
(D) Perceived brightness

36. Which of the following factors has been demonstrated to be most influential in fatigue reduction?
(A) Hardiness (B) Wealth
(C) Exercise (D) Education

37. If you have problems in storing away new memories, the damage is most likely to be in the
(A) Hippocampus (B) Cerebellum
(C) Hypothalamus (D) Amygdale

38. Which of the following is not a type of anxiety proposed by Sigmund Freud?
(A) Neurotic anxiety (B) State anxiety

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(C) Moral anxiety (D) Reality anxiety

39. When one conditioned stimulus is used to create another, this is called
(A) Spontaneous recovery
(B) Extinction
(C) Shaping
(D) Higher-order conditioning

40. The psychophysical method of limits is also known as
(A) Method of average error
(B) Method of constant error
(C) Method of minimal changes
(D) Differential threshold

41. If z-score of normal distribution is -2.5, mean of distribution is 45 and standard deviation of distribution is 4.5 then value of 'X' for a normal distribution is
(A) 97.50 (B) 33.75
(C) 67.50 (D) 47.75

42. The female archetype present in male is called
(A) Neurosis (B) Anxiety
(C) Animus (D) Anima

43. One trait that dominates a personality so much that it influences nearly everything a person does is a
(A) Global trait
(B) Cardinal trait
(C) Specific trait
(D) Central trait

44. When the previous learning experiences facilitate subsequent learning, it is called
(A) Positive transfer of training
(B) Negative transfer of training
(C) Zero transfer
(D) Proactive interference

45. Which of the following statistics is not permissible in an ordinal scale?
(A) Median
(B) Standard deviation
(C) Percentiles
(D) Quartile deviation

46. Which of the following characterizes Self-Esteem?
(A) It is self concept evaluated
(B) It can be positive
(C) It can be negative
(D) All of the above

47. The tendency to attribute positive outcomes to internal factors (e.g. One's own trait) but negative outcomes or events to external factors is called
(A) Self handicapping
(B) Self perception
(C) Self serving bias
(D) Self presentation

48. Which of the following is not a monocular cue for depth?
(A) Convergence
(B) Relative size
(C) Interposition
(D) Texture gradients

49. In a signal - detection paradigm "a false-alarm" correctly refers to:
(A) a NO response in the presence of the stimulus
(B) a YES response in the absence of the stimulus
(C) a NO response in the absence of the stimulus
(D) a YES response in the presence the stimulus

50. Social Learning theory which emphasizes Expectancy was given by
(A) Watson (B) Freud
(C) Rotter (D) None

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51. Preconceived notions regarding various groups are called
(A) Discrimination
(B) Dissonance
(C) Archetypes
(D) Stereotypes

52. After Down's syndrome, which of the following is the most common cause for mental retardation in boys?
(A) Prader-Willi syndrome
(B) Fragile X syndrome
(C) Tuberous sclerosis By
(D) Duchenne muscular dystrophy

53. What is the percentage of variance shared by X and Y, if the correlation between them is 0.77?
(A) 59.29% (B) 77%
(C) 23.77% (D) 100%

54. Which of the following statements about Leaders versus Managers is false?
(A) Leadership is a value-laden, activity, management is not
(B) Leaders focus on risk taking, managers perform functions such as planning and controlling
(C) Leaders are thought to do things right, managers do the right things
(D) Leaders develop, managers maintain

55. Reading Disorder is a developmental disorder and is characterized by reading achievement (e.g. accuracy, speed and comprehension) significantly below expected standards for which of the following
(A) Chronological age
(B) IQ
(C) Schooling experience
(D) All of the above

56. An encoding strategy that reduces the total number of items to be remembered by combining them into meaningful units.
(A) Chunking (B) Recall
(C) Revision (D) Rehearsal

57. If behavior is freely chosen, yields distinctive and uncommon results and is low in social desirability what will it be attributed to according to Jones and Davis (1965)?
(A) External, unstable factors
(B) Internal, stable disposition
(C) Internal, unstable disposition
(D) External, stable disposition

58. What is the term used for the experience of uncomfortable tension that results from inconsistencies between important attitudes and actions?
(A) Self perception
(B) Dissonance
(C) Attitude action discrepancy
(D) Dissonance reduction

59. The situational theory of leadership put emphasis on
(A) Environment
(B) Personality
(C) Events
(D) Political Situation

60. When you do not do well in your exam, it is because of family problems but when a friend fails in the same exam it is because he or she did not study hard This is an example of which type of attribution bias?
(A) Self-serving bias
(B) Blaming the victim
(C) Fundamental attribution error
(D) Actor-Observer discrepancy

61. In Autistic spectrum disorder, when an individual exhibits immediate imitation of words or sounds they have just heard, it is known as

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(A) Echoastic disorder
(B) Echolalia
(C) Phonological inhibition
(D) Grapheme dysfunction

62. According to Jung which of the following is the rational aspect of personality.
(A) Feeling type
(B) Intuition type
(C) Sensation type
(D) None of the above

63. The General adaptation syndrome (GAS) describes several stages people experience in to sustained stress. These stages occur in which order?
(A) Resistance, alarm and exhaustion
(B) alarm, exhaustion and resistance
(C) alarm, resistance and exhaustion
(D) exhaustion, resistance, alarm

64. A person who dramatically complains of a specific symptom such as, nausea, difficulty swallowing or pain without a physical cause suffers from
(A) A conversion reaction
(B) Somatization disorder.
(C) Hypochondriasis.
(D) An obsession

65. In schizophrenia, the term avolition refers to
(A) Lack of speech
(B) An inability to express empathy
(C) An inability to react to pleasurable events
(D) Lack of energy and interest in routine activities

66. In which psychosexual stage of development does the defense mechanism of identification occur prominently?
(A) Anal (B) Latency
(C) Phallic (D) Genital

67. When the neuron's action potential is released, which ions are rushed into the axon through openings on the membrane?
(A) sodium (B) chloride
(C) potassium (D) oxygen

68. In which of the following lobes of the cortex you find the primary auditory area?
(A) Frontal (B) Occipital
(C) Temporal (D) Parietal

69. According to Erikson's theory, the child learns self control and begins to feel more capable. by resolving which Psycho-social crisis?
(A) trust versus mistrust
(B) autonomy verses shame and doubt
(C) industry versus inferiority
(D) initiative verses guilt

70. The physical trace of the memory in the brain is called the
(A) engram (B) sonogram
(C) memogram (D) pachygram

SECTION-B

1. Discuss the nature and development of self-concept.

2. What are the four basic styles of life proposed by Adler?

3. Explain in brief mental retardation and developmental disabilities.

4. Briefly describe functions of autonomic nervous system?

5. Elaborate industrial fatigue?

6. Describe the characteristics of a standardized psychological test.

7. Describe the different schedules of reinforcement used in operant conditioning.

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8. Describe the interference theory of forgetting?

9. What is the difference between James Lange and Canon Bard theory of emotions?

10. Differentiate between social facilitation and social loafing.

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	B	51	D	PART B	
2	C	27	D	52	B	1	DA
3	D	28	B	53	A	2	DA
4	C	29	A	54	C	3	DA
5	B	30	B	55	D	4	DA
6	C	31	D	56	A	5	DA
7	C	32	C	57	B	6	DA
8	D	33	B	58	B	7	DA
9	A	34	D	59	A	8	DA
10	C	35	B	60	C	9	DA
11	C	36	C	61	B	10	DA
12	A	37	A	62	A		
13	C	38	B	63	C		
14	B	39	D	64	B		
15	A	40	B	65	D		
16	D	41	B	66	C		
17	C	42	D	67	A		
18	D	43	B	68	C		

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19	C	44	A	69	B		
20	A	45	A	70	A		
21	A	46	D				
22	D	47	C				
23	A	48	A				
24	D	49	B				
25	D	50	C				

- DA= DESCRIPTIVE ANSWER

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Aligarh UniversityEntrance Examination 2019

1. A learning process in which an association is made between a previously neutral stimulus and a stimulus that naturally evokes a response is known as
(A)Operant conditioning
(B) Classical conditioning
(C) Latent learning
(D) Insight learning

2. Although the capacity of short term memory is limited, more items can be held in this kind of storage through the process of
(A)Chunking
(B) Decoding
(C) Rote rehearsal
(D) Data compression

3. The ability to identify previously encountered material is called
(A)Recall
(B) Recognition
(C) Mnemonics
(D) Eidetic recall

4. Which of the following is NOT a cause of forgetting?
(A)Decay
(B) Retrieval inhibition
(C) Interference
(D) Selective attention

5. When a person "forgets" what someone has just said because he was not paying attention to the speaker at all, it is an example of the _____ explanation of forgetting.
(A)Interference
(B) Memory trace
(C) Encoding failure
(D) Repression

6. The ability to manipulate information in memory temporarily, while remembering something else, is called
(A)Sensory memory
(B) Semantic memory
(C) Working memory
(D) Episodic memory

7. People who are always looking for a challenge may have higher need for
(A)Achievement (B) Affiliation
(C) Power (D) Attention

8. The part of personality that represents conscience, morality and social standards is called
(A)Reality principle (B) Id
(C) Ego (D) Superego

9. Which of the following factors has been demonstrated to be most influential in fatigue reduction?
(A)Hardiness (B) Wealth
(C) Exercise (D) Education

10. Personal prejudice can result from hostility. What is the target of this hostility called?
(A)A self-fulfilment prophecy
(B) Conformist
(C) A scapegoat
(D) An altruist

11. Which brain region is considered guardian of the body?
(A)Amygdala
(B) Septum
(C) Hippocampus
(D) Hypothalamus

12. If you have problems in storing away new memories, the damage is most likely in the area of brain.
(A)Hippocampus
(B) Cerebellum
(C) Hypothalamus
(D) Amygdale

13. Need for money is an example of_____ drive /motive.
(A)Primary (B) Acquired
(C) Innate (D) Instinctive

14. According to Maslow's theory, the basic needs include
(A)Physiological needs, safety and security
(B) Safety, love and belonging
(C) Physiological needs and belonging
(D) Self-esteem and self-actualization

15. Adam gets a new toy for every good grade on his report card in first grade. Toys providing Adams with
(A)Intrinsic motivation
(B) Extrinsic motivation
(C) Need motivation
(D) Intrinsic reward

16. According to Atkinson and Shiffrin model of human memory which of the following sequence of events is correct?
(A)Attention-sensory memory-short term memory-long term memory-elaborative rehearsal
(B) Sensory memory-attention-short term memory- elaborative rehearsal - long term memory
(C) Attention-short term memory-sensory memory- elaborative rehearsal-long term
(D) Sensory memory-short term memory-attention-long term memory-elaborative rehearsal

17. Which of the following is NOT a type of anxiety proposed by Sigmund Freud?
(A)Neurotic anxiety
(B) State anxiety
(C) Moral anxiety
(D) Reality anxiety

18. The binocular cue to depth in which eyes turn inward to focus on an object is called
(A)Convergence
(B) Retinal disparity
(C) Accommodation
(D) Motion parallax

19. One has a tendency to organize things to make a balanced or symmetrical figure that includes all parts. This is known as the law of
(A)Continuation
(B) Similarity
(C) Closure
(D) Good figure

20. In operant conditioning a schedule of reinforcement that reinforces a response at predictable time intervals is the case of
(A)Fixed-ratio schedule
(B) Variable -ratio schedule
(C) Fixed- interval schedule
(D) Variable- interval schedule

21. When one conditioned stimulus used to create another, this is called
(A)Spontaneous recovery
(B) Extinction
(C) order conditioning
(D) Shaping

22. Which of the following is most effective in conditioning?
(A)Backward conditioning
(B) Delayed conditioning
(C) Simultaneous conditioning
(D) Trace conditioning

23. Which of the following is the correct sequence
(A)Need-drive-behavioural response
(B) Drive-behavioural response - need
(C) Behavioural response-drive-need
(D) Behavioural response-goal-drive

24. Which of the following therapy is based on operant conditioning?
(A)Flooding
(B) Aversion therapy
(C) Systematic desensitization
(D) Token economy

25. Which brain structure is responsible for our balance, posture, and muscle tone?
(A)Medulla
(B) Cerebellum
(C) Reticular formation
(D) Pons

26. Receiving neurons have special_____ that fit the shape of certain molecules
(A)Synaptic vesicles
(B) Receptor site
(C) Gaps
(D) Branches

27. In a signal-detection paradigm "a false alarm" refers to
(A)A NO response in the absence of the stimulus
(B) A NO response in the presence of the stimulus
(C) A YES response in the absence of the stimulus
(D) A YES response in the presence of the stimulus

28. The psychophysical method of limits is also known as
(A)Method of average error
(B) Method of constant error
(C) Method of minimal changes
(D) Differential threshold

29. The smallest difference between two stimuli that can be detected 50 percent of the time it is present, is called
(A)Sensation
(B) Sensory adaptation
(C) Just noticeable difference
(D) Absolute threshold

30. Inferential statistics are used when researchers want to know about
(A)The range of the highest to lowest score.
(B) Causes of difference in the data.
(C) Central tendencies in data.
(D) Variability in data.

31. Which is the most frequently used measure of variability?
(A) Range
(B) Quartile Deviation
(C) Average Deviation
(D) Standard deviation

32. Approximately what percentage of scores falls within two standard deviation of the mean in a normal distribution?
(A)34% (B) 95%
(C) 99% (D) 68%

33. If z-score of normal distribution is-2.5, mean of distribution is 45 and standard deviation of normal distribution is 3 then value of 'X' for a normal distribution is
(A)97.5 (B) 52.5
(C) 37.5 (D) 67.5

34. Name the phenomenon where performance of an individual decreases with the presence of others.
(A)Social facilitation
(B) Social inhibition
(C) Social loafing
(D) Social de-individuation

35. What, according to Adorno et al. (1950), caused prejudice and discrimination?
(A) Socio-cultural status
(B) Upbringing and an authoritarian personality
(C) Genetic differences
(D) Sadism

36. Tokenism refers to
(A)A stereotype
(B) A schema
(C) Positive discrimination
(D) Negative discrimination

37. The female archetype present in male is called
(A)Neurosis (B) Anxiety
(C) Animus (D) Anima

38. Attenuation theory of attention was proposed by
(A)Broadbent
(B) Triesman
(C) Jhonston & Heinz
(D) Dentch & Dentch

39. To measure leadership style Fiedler devised an instrument called the

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(A)Least preferred colleague scale
(B) Least preferred co-worker scale
(C) Least popular co-worker scale
(D) Least popular colleague scale

40. Behavioural problems in which the person exhibits symptoms suggesting physical disease or injury, but for which there is no identifiable cause, are called
(A)Mood disorders
(B) Somatoform disorders
(C) Anxiety disorder
(D) Schizophrenia

41. _____ are acts a person feels driven to repeat. They help control anxiety caused by _____.
(A) Obsessions; compulsions
(B) Compulsions; obsessions
(C) Compulsions; defense mechanisms.
(D) Defense mechanisms; obsessions

42. Which of the following is true of individuals with Down syndrome?
(A)Nearly 70 percent of the individual affected are male.
(B) The condition is caused by a chromosomal abnormality.
(C) In general they die young before the age of 40.
(D) The majority of them have severe intellectual impairment.

43. In schizophrenia, the term anhedonia refers to
(A)An inability to enjoy food.
(B) An inability to express empathy.
(C) An inability to react to enjoyable or pleasurable event.
(D) An inability to react to social cues

44. Which of the following dimensions does NOT belong to Costa and McCrae's NEO-Personality Inventory?
(A)Agreeableness
(B) Conscientiousness
(C) Psychoticism
(D) Openness to experience

45. One trait that dominates a personality so much that it influences nearly everything person does is a
(A)Global trait
(B) Cardinal trait
(C) Specific trait
(D) Central trait

46. Who believed that traits existed as part of the nervous system?
(A) Costa and McCrae
(B) Allport
(C) Cattle
(D) Rogers

47. Which method of scientific enquiry is used when the goal is to establish cause and effect relationship?
(A) Case study method
(B) Correlation method
(C) Experimental method
(D) Survey method

48. The way in which we interpret, analyze, remember and use information about the social world is referred to as
(A)Cognition
(B) Explicit cognition
(C) Implicit cognition
(D) Social cognition

49. 'Foot-in-the door' technique is used in
(A)Conformity
(B) Compliance
(C) Obedience
(D) All of the above

50. Social influence involves the following behavioural consequences.
(A)Norms, values, obedience
(B) Customs, values, norms
(C) Conformity, compliance, obedience
(D) Values, norms, conformity

51. The tendency to assign an internal locus of causality for our positive outcomes and an external locus for our negative outcomes is called
(A)Self-fulfilling prophecy
(B) Self-discrepancies

(C) Self-monitoring
(D) Self-serving bias

52. Grade norms are used in
(A)Achievement test
(B) Aptitude test
(C) Intelligence test
(D) Interest test

53. Raven's progressive matrices is a test based on
(A)Spearman's theory of intelligence
(B) Wechsler's theory of intelligence.
(C) Gardner's theory of intelligence
(D) Thurston's theory of intelligence

54. Which of the following test is generally used for selection of employees?
(A)Thematic Apperception test
(B) Attitude scale
(C) Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory
(D) General Aptitude Test Battery

55. Which of the following statements about multiple aptitude Batteries is true?
(A)They measure innate ability.
(B) They provide IQ scores.
(C) It is an alternate term for intelligence.
(D) They make intra-individual comparison on various abilities.

56. Which type of assessment would have the least problem with reliability?
(A)Subjective test
(B) Projective test
(C) Personality inventories
(D) Observation of behaviour

57. The image of oneself that develops from interactions with important or significant people in one's life is called
(A)Self-efficacy
(B) Self-concept
(C) Self- actualization
(D) The ideal self

58. Sensory experiences that occur in the absence of a stimulus are called
(A)Hallucinations
(B) Delusions
(C) Illusion
(D) Affect episodes

59. Which theory of emotion claims that the entire process of emotion is mediated by thalamus?
(A)James-Lange theory
(B) Evolutionary theory
(C) Cannon-Bard theory
(D) Schachter-Singer theory

60. According to Freud, the main defense mechanism that is common to all other mechanisms is
(A)Displacement
(B) Repression
(C) Regression
(D) Projection

61. The process by which sensory input is organized and interpreted into meaningful experience is called
(A)Sensation
(B) Sensory adaptation
(C) Perception
(D) Transduction

62. Which psychological perspective focuses on self-actualization?
(A)Psychoanalysis
(B) Humanism
(C) Behaviourism
(D) Cognitive psychology

63. What is the approximate percentage of moderate mental retardation in retarded population?
(A)10% (B) 3-4%
(C) 1-2% (D) 70%

64. When the previous learning experiences facilitate subsequent learning, it is called
(A)Positive transfer of training
(B) Negative transfer of training
(C) Zero transfer
(D) Proactive interference

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65. Which technique of reliability assessment involves testing the same group of people on two separate occasions?
(A)Coefficient alpha
(B) Split-half method
(C) Test-retest method
(D) Scorer reliability

66. The resting potential of a neuron is
(A)-95 mv
(B) +85 mv
(C) +70 mv
(D) -70 mv

67. Dysthymic disorder and cyclothymic disorder are the types of
(A)Mood disorder
(B) Conversion disorder
(C) Schizophrenia
(D) Somatoform disorder

68. In which of the following techniques judges are required to rate each statement on 11 point scale of favourableness-unfavourableness.
(A)Equal appearing interval scale
(B) Likert scale
(C) Guttman scale
(D) Semantic differential scale

69. In a _____ study, neither the experimenter nor the participants control group and who is in the experimental group.
(A)Placebo
(B) Double-blind
(C) Single-blind
(D) Triple-blind

70. Which of the following statistics is NOT permissible in an ordinal scale?
(A)Median
(B) Quartile deviation
(C) Percentiles
(D) Standard deviation

Section-B

All questions are compulsory. Answer each question in 50-60 words. Each question carries 6 marks.

1. What is the difference between negative reinforcement and punishment?

2. Critically evaluate Maslow's need hierarchy theory?

3. Define confounding variables and discuss various techniques to control them.

4. Explain Jung's type approach to personality.

5. Explain Freud's concept of structure of personality.

6. Define measurement and describe different levels of measurement.

7. What is criterion related validity? Differentiate between predictive and concurrent validity.

8. Explain the difference between prejudice and discrimination.

9. What is fundamental attribution error? Explain.

10. Write short notes on Skewness and Kurtosis.

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	B	26	A	51	D	6	DA
2	C	27	C	52	A	7	DA
3	B	28	C	53	A	8	DA
4	D	29	C	54	D	9	DA
5	C	30	B	55	B	10	DA
6	C	31	D	56	D		
7	A	32	B	57	B		
8	D	33	B	58	A		
9	C	34	A	59	C		
10	C	35	B	60	B		
11	A	36	C	61	C		
12	A	37	D	62	B		
13	B	38	B	63	D		
14	A	39	B	64	A		
15	B	40	B	65	C		
16	B	41	B	66	D		
17	C	42	B	67	A		
18	A	43	C	68	D		
19	C	44	C	69	B		
20	C	45	B	70	D		
21	C	46	C	1	DA		
22	B	47	C	2	DA		
23	A	48	D	3	DA		
24	D	49	B	4	DA		
25	B	50	C	5	DA		

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Aligarh University Entrance Examination 2018

1. The principles of 'perceptual organization' were given by
   (A) Wundt
   (B) Wertheimer
   (C) Kohler
   (D) Koffka

2. According to James-Lange theory of emotion, what precedes emotion?
   (A) Appraisal
   (B) Physiological arousal
   (C) Movement of facial muscles
   (D) Cognitive processing

3. What are the independent variables in an experiment?
   (A) Variables manipulated by the subject
   (B) Variables that interfere
   (C) Variables manipulated by the experimenter
   (D) None of the above

4. _____ nervous system gets us ready to fight or flee and our_____ nervous system helps to calm the body.
   (A) Sympathetic/parasympathetic
   (B) Parasympathetic/sympathetic
   (C) Parasympathetic/adrenal
   (D) Parasympathetic/adrenal

5. If an experiment is designed correctly, the experimental group and control group will differ with respect to
   (A) Dependent variable
   (B) Independent variable
   (C) Confounding variable
   (D) Extraneous variable

6. The tendency of the experimenters to let their expectancies alter the way they treat their subjects is known as
   (A) Subject bias
   (B) Experimenter bias/ effect
   (C) Performance bias
   (D) Quasi experimental research

7. The stimulus variable which yields a response at least 50% of the time is known as
   (A) JND (B) PSE
   (C) RL (D) DL

8. To counter balance the error of habituation and expectation we alternate the series into the following series
   (A) Horizontal and vertical
   (B) Straight and diagonal
   (C) Ascending and descending
   (D) None of the Above

9. The concept of Psychic-reflex was given by
   (A) B.F. Skinner
   (B) I.P. Pavlov
   (C) E.L. Thorndike
   (D) H. Ebbinghaus

10. Conditioned response may be eliminated by withdrawing reinforcement. This is known as
    (A) Extinction
    (B) Discrimination
    (C) Spontaneous recovery
    (D) Stimulus generalization

11. When the findings of an experimental research are generalized to target population, the research is said to possess
    (A) External validity
    (B) Internal validity
    (C) Predictive validity
    (D) Concurrent validity

12. The process whereby retention of something learned recently is interfered something learned in the past is known as

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(A) Retroactive inhibition
(B) Reactive inhibition.
(C) Proactive inhibition
(D) Resistance

13. Personality was defined as a person's unique pattern of traits by
(A) Guilford
(B) Allport
(C) Woodworth
(D) Kempf

14. Social facilitation occurs when
(A) People do less in a group setting
(B) People perform well in the presence of others
(C) People do not perform well in the presence of others
(D) Presence of others facilitate group thinking

15. Preconceived notions regarding various groups are called
(A) Discrimination
(B) Stereotypes
(C) Dissonance
(D) Archetypes

16. Allport's trait approach does not talk about
(A) Cardinal trait
(B) Source trait
(C) Secondary trait
(D) Central trait

17. In the Vedantic model of personality Vigyanmaya Kosa refers to the
(A) Second layer of personality
(B) First layer of personality
(C) Fourth layer of personality
(D) Last layer of personality

18. Who amongst the self concept theorists gave the category of Material self
(A) Sullivan
(B) Mead
(C) Cooley
(D) James

19. In the Nature vs. Nurture controversy of personality who amongst the following were not associated with the Nurture perspective
(A) Thorndike
(B) Watson
(C) Pavlov
(D) Freud

20. The behavioural component of prejudice is
(A) Stereotyping
(B) Discrimination
(C) Implicit personality theorizing
(D) Holding a negative attitude toward a person

21. According to Jung, the part of the mind containing universal human memories called the ..... unconscious.
(A) Collective
(B) Cognitive
(C) Personal
(D) Animistic

22. Participant observation refers to a technique where the observer
(A) Becomes an integral part of the group and then observes its activities
(B) Participates with the group as an outsider
(C) Does the observation from a distance
(D) Does not become friendly with the group being observed just to avoid subjectivity

23. When a person does not get along with someone but tries to be extra polite to that person then he experiences
(A) Cognitive inconsistency
(B) Cognitive discrepancy
(C) Cognitive dissonance
(D) Cognitive over load

24. Which of the following endocrine gland is referred as the master gland?

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(A) Adrenal gland
(B) Pituitary gland
(C) Pineal gland
(D) Thyroid gland

25. A collection of people without any goal is referred as
(A) Crowd
(B) Mob
(C) Gro
(D) Both (a) & (b)

26. The process by which members of a society are taught how to behaved feel by influential members of that society is referred to as
(A) Role ambiguity
(B) Socialization
(C) Hawthorne effect
(D) Social roles

27. The leader who allows complete freedom in decision making and does not participate in the group activities is
(A) Autocratic
(B) Democratic
(C) Laissez faire
(D) Transformational

28. Which of the following statistics is a measure of variability?
(A) Standard deviation
(B) Mean
(C) Mode
(D) Median

29. A positive correlation is present when
(A) Two variables move in opposite directions
(B) Two variables move in the same directions
(C) One variable goes up and one goes down
(D) Several variables never change

30. In a normal curve, the ordinate is highest at
(A) Mean
(B) Variance
(C) Standard deviation
(D) QI

31. The value of semi-interquartile range can be determined by
(A) N/2
(B) 3N/4
(C) $Q_3 - \frac{Q_1}{2}$
(D) $Q_3 - Q_3$

32. Which of the following statistics is not permissible with nominally scaled data?
(A) Chi-square
(B) Median
(C) Range
(D) Both (b) & (c) are not permissible

33. Which of these is NOT a psychometric questioning or scaling method?
(A) The semantic differential
(B) The method of first exceptions
(C) Thurstone's equal appearing interval scaling
(D) Likert Scaling

34. Mark and Eve have collected data on the same student using the same Psychological test and found their data almost the same. It could be said that the test has
(A) Test-retest reliability
(B) Alternate form reliability
(C) Inter-rater reliability
(D) Split half reliability

35. Which of the following is NOT the characteristic of a good psychological test?
(A) Objectivity
(B) Variability
(C) Reliability
(D) Validity

36. If the value of kurtosis is greater than 0.263, the distribution is

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(A) Platykurtic
(B) Leptokurtic
(C) Mesokurtic
(D) None of the above

37. Which one of the following scales of measurement has absolute zero?
(A) Nominal scale
(B) Ratio scale
(C) Interval scale
(D) Ordinal scale

38. _____ is the set of forces that energize, direct and sustain behaviour.
(A) Motivation
(B) Expectancy
(C) Empowerment
(D) Socialization

39. Any stimulus that follows a behaviour and increases the likelihood that the behaviour will be repeated is called a
(A) Cue
(B) Punisher
(C) Rreinforcer
(D) Situational stimulus

40. Moderate mental retardation is represented by an IQ score between
(A) 50-55 to 70
(B) Below 20-25
(C) 35-40 to 50-55
(D) 20-25 to 35-40

41. Generalized anxiety disorder is a pervasive condition in which the sufferer has
(A) Fear of fear
(B) Continual apprehension and anxiety about future events
(C) Continual flashback to past events
(D) A desire to check that the environment is safe

42. Which of the following is NOT a correct match?
(A) Axis V-Global assessment of functioning
(B) Axis IV- Psychosocial & Environmental problems
(C) Axis HI- General medical conditions
(D) Axis I- Personality disorders

43. Analysis of avoidance learning suggests that many phobias are acquired through conditioning.
(A) Classical
(B) Operant
(C) Intermittent
(D) Reinforcement

44. Through which of the following methods, desirable channels are provided for the release of emotional energy?
(A) Inhibition
(B) Sublimation
(C) Catharsis
(D) Repression.

45. The normal range of information people can hold in short term memory is items
(A) 3-5 (B) 7-10
(C) 5-9 (D) 8-11

46. Which of following is not an element of emotion?
(A) Subjective experience
(B) Physical reaction
(C) Behaviour
(D) Attention

47. The Information processing model of memory includes
(A) Attention, processing and elaboration
(B) Sensory memory, short term memory and long memory
(C) Episodic memory, semantic memory, and implicit memory
(D) Cognitive processing

48. Which need is on top of the Maslow's hierarchy of needs?

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(A) Self-actualization
(B) Esteem
(C) Belongingness
(D) Safety

49. The process of converting physical energy into nervous system activity is called _____
(A) Nerve impulse
(B) Transduction
(C) Transmission
(D) Inhibition

50. Which one of the following is not a mnemonic device?
(A) The method of loci
(B) WORKING MEMORY
(C) SQ3R method
(D) Peg word method

51. The type of conflict in which the goal of the individual has both positive and negative valence of approximate equal intensity is known as
(A) Approach-avoidance conflict
(B) Avoidance-avoidance conflict
(C) Approach-approach conflict
(D) Multiple approach-avoidance conflicts

52. An alternative name for short term memory is
(A) Episodic memory
(B) Semantic memory
(C) Working memory
(D) Storage memory

53. Which of the following cue is a binocular depth cue?
(A) Linear perspective
(B) Motion parallax
(C) Texture gradient
(D) Accommodation

54. A key difference between the terms "psychological testing" and "psychological assessment is that "psychological testing" refers to a process that
(A) Involves more problem-solving than psychological assessment
(B) Is the more technician-link than psychological assessment
(C) Was first described by Maloney and Ward in the mid-1970s
(D) Is much broader in scope than psychological assessment

55. Cronbach's alpha is used to determine
(A) Content validity
(B) Difficulty level of a questionnaire
(C) Internal consistency of a questionnaire
(D) Temporal stability

56. Thurstone proposed _____ 'primary mental abilities':
(A) Three (B) Five
(C) Seven (D) Ten

57. An excessive, unreasonable, persistent fear caused by a specific object or situation is called
(A) Social phobia
(B) Specific phobia
(C) Agora phobia
(D) None of these

58. The entire group of people or observations in which the researcher is interested is called
(A) Sample (B) Population
(C) Survey (D) Subject pool

59. The main advantage of a case study is
(A) The ease of generalizing the results to others
(B) Being able to determine cause and effect
(C) The amount of detail it provides about an individual
(D) The large number of people that can be studied at one time

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60. Which part of the neuron receives messages from other cells?
(A) Axon (B) Soma
(C) Dendrite (D)Myelin

61. Which of the following structure of the brain plays an important role in emotion?
(A) Brain system (B) Limbic system
(C) Cerebrum (D) Cerebellum

62. According to Spearman, a traditional IQ test would most likely measure
(A) Practical intelligence
(B) Specific intelligence
(C) general intelligence
(D) Emotional intelligence

63. False sensory perception, such as hearing voices that does not really exist is an example of
(A) Delusion
(B) Hallucination
(C) Illusion
(D) Sublimation

64. Which of the following personality type is associated with heart disease?
(A) Type A (B) Type B
(C) Type C (D) Type D

65. Fatigue refers to
(A) Decrease in performance
(B) Decrease in energy
(C) Decrease in stamina
(D) All of the above

66. According to Freud "Dreams are the royal road to _____".
(A) Conscious (B) Unconscious
(C) Preconscious (D) Collective

67. A typical linear, numeric scale yields _____data.
(A) Interval (B) Ordinal
(C) Nominal (D) Ratio

68. Interviewing all members of a given population is called
(A) A sample
(B) A Gallup poll
(C) A census
(D) A Nielsen audit

69. In a skewed distribution, the scores.
(A) Have two high points instead of one
(B) Concentrate to one side of the distribution
(C) Are evenly distributed around the mean
(D) Fall on both sides of the mean

70. When you do not do well in your exam, it is because of family problems but when a friend fails in the exam, it is because he or she did not study hard. This is an example of which type of attribution bias.
(A) Self-serving bias
(B) Blaming the victim
(C) Fundamental attribution error
(D) Actor-observer discrepancy

Section-B

All questions are compulsory.
Answer each question in 40-60 words.
Each question carries equal marks (6 marks).

1. Discuss principles of Classical Conditioning.

2. Discuss the main features of a good psychological test.

3. Discuss the observation method used in Psychology.

4. Distinguish between absolute and differential threshold.

5. Discuss the concept of defence mechanism.

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6. Describe the characteristics of Normal probability curve.

7. Outline the difference between objective and projective tests.

8. What do you mean by social facilitation?

9. Briefly discuss Likert's technique of attitude measurement.

10. Discuss interference theory of memory.

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	B	26	B	51	A	1	DA
2	B	27	C	52	C	2	DA
3	C	28	C	53	B	3	DA
4	A	29	B	54	D	4	DA
5	B	30	A	55	C	5	DA
6	B	31	D	56	C	6	DA
7	A	32	C	57	B	7	DA
8	C	33	B	58	B	8	DA
9	C	34	A	59	C	9	DA
10	A	35	B	60	C	10	DA
11	A	36	B	61	B		
12	A	37	D	62	C		
13	D	38	A	63	B		
14	C	39	C	64	A		
15	B	40	C	65	D		
16	B	41	B	66	B		
17	D	42	D	67	A		
18	D	43	A	68	C		
19	C	44	C	69	B		
20	B	45	B	70	C		
21	A	46	D				
22	B	47	B				
23	C	48	A				
24	B	49	B				
25	D	50	B				

*DA=DESCRIPTIVE ANSWER

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Delhi University Entrance Examination 2020

1. Chi-square test is a test of
   (A) Proportions
   (B) Means
   (C) Variances
   (D) Co-variances

2. _____ cannot be used to estimate internal consistency reliability
   (A) Spearman-Brown formula
   (B) Alternate-form method
   (C) Cronbach's alpha method
   (D) Rulon and Flanagan method

3. _____sampling is characterized by drawing all elements or individuals having characteristics that are of interest to the researcher.
   (A) Stratified
   (B) Saturation
   (C) Systematic
   (D) Purposive

4. Which of the following statements is true of inductive theory?
   (A) Emerges from the data
   (B) Involves testing of hypothesis
   (C) Is derived from quantitative methods
   (D) Moves from general to specific

5. _____ is a source of knowledge as per Empiricists
   (A) Logical reasoning
   (B) Theories
   (C) Sensory experiences
   (D) Contemplations

6. Which method of estimating validity correlates with the scores on the tests with related constructs?
   (A) Predictive validity
   (B) Concurrent validity
   (C) Convergent validity
   (D) Discriminant validity

7. Find out the correct statement with respect to Reliability and Validity and the length of the test.
   (A) Both increase with the increase in the length of the test
   (B) Both decrease with increase in the length of the test
   (C) Reliability increases whereas validity does not change with increase in length of test
   (D) Validity increases whereas reliability decreases with increase in length of test

8. In a 4 x 5 randomized group design with 10 observations in each treatment condition, the error / within degrees of freedom will be
   (A) 180 (B) 191
   (C) 170 (D) 189

9. _____ refers to those people who's approval is crucial to gain access and acceptance in ethnographic Studies
   (A) Researchers
   (B) Gatekeepers
   (C) Moderators
   (D) Facilitators

10. In case of two independent samples, the relationship between Student's 't' and F ratio is
    (A) F=t (B) t=F
    (C) t=F (D) t≠F

11. _____test consists of ten cards having prints of inkblots
    (A) Rorschach test
    (B) Holtzman Inkblot Test
    (C) Draw a Person test
    (D) Thematic apperception test

12. _____refers to the process of assigning numerals or other symbols to answers so that responses can be put into a limited number of categories or classes
    (A) Classification
    (B) Tabulation
    (C) Coding
    (D) Editing

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13. A bell shaped curve or the normal curve is
(A) Mesokurtic
(B) Leptokurtic
(C) Platykurtic
(D) Skewed

14. The process of reducing, usually dramatically, the number of people employed by a firm is called
(A) Rightsizing
(B) Layoff
(C) Downsizing
(D) Turnover

15. The fairness and justice of a decisions result is termed as
(A) Informational justice
(B) Distributive justice
(C) Procedural justice
(D) Processual justice

16. Training employees to do different tasks or jobs than their own in order to facilitate flexibility and job rotation is called
(A) Functional training
(B) Job training
(C) Cross training
(D) Management development

17. Which among the following is not a cultural dimension given by Hofstede?
(A) Power distance
(B) Uncertainty avoidance
(C) Individualism
(D) Performance orientation

18. Setting goals, monitoring performance, and providing a consequence to success or failure are features of
(A) Transformational leadership
(B) Transactional leadership
(C) Charismatic leadership
(D) Participative leadership

19. According to Managerial Grid (Blake & Mouton, 1984), Country Club leadership style is characterized by
(A) High task and person orientation
(B) Low task and person orientation
(C) High task and low person orientation
(D) Low task and high person orientation

20. A concept from training pertaining to the degree of similarity between the knowledge, skills, and abilities (KSAs) learned in training and the KSAs needed to perform the job is called
(A) Physical fidelity
(B) Psychological fidelity
(C) Person analysis
(D) Task analysis

21. The concept that organizations are structured by a chain of command that grows with increasing levels of authority, is referred to as
(A) Scalar principle
(B) Unity of command
(C) Span of control
(D) Line functions

22. _____ refers to the way that the position and the tasks within that position are organized, including how and when the tasks are done and any factors that affect the work.
(A) Job analysis
(B) Job enrichment
(C) Job design
(D) Job evaluation

23. A career stage in which one begins to search for work and finds a first job is called
(A) Exploration stage
(B) Establishment stage
(C) Mid-career stage
(D) Plateaued mid-career stage

24. The ability to control one's impulsive judgment and reaction is known as
(A) Self-efficacy
(B) Self-Awareness
(C) Self-regulation
(D) Empathy

25. The _____ is defined as a desire to establish and maintain friendly and warm relations with other people

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(A) Need for Affiliation
(B) Need for Achievement
(C) Need for Power
(D) Need for Strength

26. _____ refers to the rules for engaging in appropriate and effective communication.
(A) Pragmatics
(B) Syntax
(C) Semantics
(D) Phonology

27. _____ refers to the rules governing the structure and sequence of speech sounds
(A) Phonology
(B) Semantics
(C) Morphology
(D) Syntax

28. _____ is a type of play in which children use materials to make things not for utilitarian purpose but rather for the enjoyment they derive from making them
(A) Dramatic Play
(B) Constructive Play
(C) Active Play
(D) Role Play

29. The _____ child-rearing style is low in acceptance and involvement, high in coercive behavioural control, and low in autonomy granting
(A) Authoritative
(B) Authoritarian
(C) Permissive
(D) Uninvolved

30. According to Sigmund Freud, the id operates on
(A) Pleasure principle
(B) Reality principle
(C) Unconscious mind
(D) Conscious mind

31. In Ecological Theory_____ includes the face-to-face interactions that a person has in her immediate settings, such as home, school, or friendship groups
(A) Mesosystem
(B) Microsystem
(C) Exosystem
(D) Macrosystem

32. Genes that are usually expressed in the phenotype are known as
(A) Recessive genes
(B) Genotype
(C) Dominant genes
(D) Dormant genes

33. If a child believes that stealing in order to save a life is OK because life is even more important than following the law, this child would be in which stage of moral development?
(A) Level one: pre-conventional
(B) Level two: conventional
(C) Level three: post-conventional
(D) Level four: operational

34. As objects approach near the eye, the lens thickens to a more spherical shape through the contraction of the ciliary body muscles. This phenomenon is called
(A) Transduction
(B) Disparity
(C) Accommodation
(D) Stimulation

35. The procedures where in the research participants are given information about the nature and purposes of study after they have participated in it is known as
(A) Informed consent
(B) Debriefing
(C) Deception
(D) Rationalization

36. Put the following in the correct order
(A) Storming, Norming, Forming, Performing, Adjourning
(B) Forming, Norming, Storming, Adjourning, Performing
(C) Forming, Storming, Norming, Performing, Adjourning
(D) Norming, Storming, Forming, Performing, Adjourning

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37. Barriers based on organizational bias that prevent females from advancing to top-level positions is known as
(A) Glass ceiling
(B) Prejudice
(C) Modern racism
(D) Singlism

38. _____ are referred to as beliefs about social groups in terms of traits or characteristics that provide a cognitive framework for processing
(A) Stereotypes
(B) Heuristics
(C) Prejudice
(D) Habit

39. Ajay quits smoking as his favourite celebrity has recently started a campaign on healthy lifestyle. This behaviour might have been caused by
(A) Cognitive dissonance
(B) Cognitive consonance
(C) Instrumental learning
(D) Vicarious Learning

40. Misperceptions resulting from misinterpretation of information received by our sensory organs are known as
(A) Delusions
(B) Hallucinations
(C) Illusions
(D) Distortion

41. Any relatively permanent change in behaviour by experience is called
(A) Motivation
(B) Learning
(C) Adjustment
(D) Emotion

42. The smallest meaningful units in the structure of language are called
(A) Phonemes
(B) Abstraction
(C) Morphemes
(D) Syntax

43. _____ is a condition that involves the persistent failure to speak in specific situations like school or in social group- that interfere with educational or social adjustment.
(A) Separation anxiety disorder
(B) Childhood depression
(C) Selective mutism
(D) Autism

44. _____is a disorder of children who have not learned appropriate toileting for bowel movements after age 4.
(A) Enuresis
(B) Tourette's syndrome
(C) Tics
(D) Encopresis

45. Most of the physiological changes that occur during intense emotion result from activation of the sympathetic division of the:-
(A) Peripheral Nervous system
(B) Autonomic Nervous system
(C) Endocrine system
(D) Limbic system

46. Osmoreceptors are located in the hypothalamus just above the:-
(A) Adrenal gland
(B) Pituitary gland
(C) Thymus gland
(D) Thyroid gland

47. Most people tend to ‘see the world through rose-coloured glasses’. This tendency is termed as:-
(A) Optimistic bias
(B) Confident bias
(C) Overconfident bias
(D) Positive bias

48. Happiness includes all of the following except
(A) Feeling a positive emotion
(B) Being satisfied with your life
(C) Not experiencing a negative emotion
(D) Having a high-paying job

49. Solomon Asch is popularly known for his research on
(A) Conformity
(B) Obedience
(C) Compliance
(D) Cohesion

50. We typically attribute our success to our internal characteristics whenever we perform well on a task. This phenomenon is termed as
(A) Fundamental attribution error
(B) Self-serving bias
(C) Self schema
(D) External attribution error

51. A person who agrees to a small request initially, is more likely to comply with a larger demand later, describes the phenomenon of
(A) Door-in-face effect
(B) Foot-in-door effect
(C) Low-ball technique
(D) Door-in-foot technique

52. Increased sensitivity to painful stimuli is
(A) Allodynia
(B) Ischaemia
(C) Hyperalgesia
(D) Acute pain

53. A negative effect of inactive substances as a result of the patient's belief that these substances have the power to cause harm is termed as
(A) Placebo effect
(B) Nocebo effect
(C) Active ingredient effect
(D) Response treatment effect

54. _____ serves to arouse the forebrain and set into motion the various behavioural signs.
(A) Ascending reticular activating system
(B) Descending reticular activating system
(C) Neutral reticular activating system
(D) All of these

55. The first sleep state which is termed as _____ normally develops fully within 30 minutes after drifting off to sleep
(A) Wakefulness sleep
(B) Variable sleep
(C) Slow-wave sleep
(D) Faster waves

56. _____ produces distressing physiological effects such as nausea, vomiting, body weakness, drowsiness, and pallor
(A) Transcranial magnetic
(B) Vestibular stimulation
(C) Cosyntropin Stimulation
(D) Vagal Stimulation

57. _____ is concerned with the skills and underlying abilities which we have acquired during life.
(A) Procedural memory
(B) Declarative memory
(C) Propositional memory
(D) Semantic memory

58. _____ is the process by which we adapt our memories to fit with our existing expectations
(A) Confabulation
(B) Schemata
(C) Flashbulb memory
(D) Encoding

59. _____ proposed that animals have the capacity to develop a mental representation, a cognitive map, of the place.
(A) Tolman (1948)
(B) Harlow (1949)
(C) Köhler (1925)
(D) Gould (1986)

60. The old disorders in DSM-IV such as hypochondriasis, somatization disorder, and pain disorder have all now been diagnosed as
(A) Conversion disorder
(B) Illness anxiety disorder
(C) Somatic symptom disorder
(D) Body dysmorphic disorder

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61. Down's syndrome is characterized by presence of an extra _____chromosome
(A) X (B) 21
(C) Y (D) 23

62. _____is description of basic biological response to sustained and unrelenting physical stress.
(A) General Adaptation Syndrome
(B) Diathesis-stress Paradigm
(C) Two-factor Theory
(D) Stress Inoculation Theory

63. Impaired ability to carry out motor tasks despite having the motor ability to do so is known as:-
(A) Aphasia (B) Apraxia
(C) Agnosia (D) Dementia

64. The essential feature of _____ is a recurrent pattern of negativistic, defiant, disobedient, and hostile behaviour towards authority figures in children, that persists for at least 6 months.
(A) Oppositional defiant disorder
(B) Conduct disorder
(C) ADHD
(D) Childhood depression

65. Moderately retarded individuals are likely to fall in the educational category of:-
(A) Self Sustainable
(B) Dependent
(C) Trainable
(D) life support

66. _____ affects only females which includes webbing of neck, short fingers and toes, slow growth et(C)
(A) Tay-Sachs disease
(B) Turner syndrome
(C) Klinefelter Syndrome
(D) Niemann-Pick disease

67. _____involves the conversion of sexual impulses into socially acceptable forms of behavior.
(A) Repression
(B) Regression
(C) Sublimation
(D) Identification

68. Children with organic defects and those born into minority groups are likely to develop
(A) Superiority complex
(B) Inferiority complex
(C) Compensation
(D) Fictional goals

69. Jung disagreed with Freud on the nature of the unconscious, arguing that it exists on two levels and
(A) Collective and individual
(B) Anima and animus
(C) Extroversion and introversion
(D) Intuitive and perceptive

70. Maslow considers physiological and safety needs truly as
(A) Higher needs
(B) Lower needs
(C) Greatest potency needs
(D) Transformational needs

71. In a psychoanalytic practice, where the patient relaxes on a couch and freely tells whatever comes into his/her mind is called
(A) Dreaming
(B) Narration
(C) Free association
(D) Story telling

72. According to John Dewey _____ is the connection between sensory stimuli and motor responses
(A) Efferent arc
(B) Reflex arc
(C) Association arc
(D) Dynamic arc

73. According to Gestalt psychologists, _____ doctrine is the correspondence between psychological or conscious experience and the underlying brain experience
(A) Pragmatism
(B) Eclectism

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(C) Isotropism
(D) Isomorphism

74. Karen Horney's conception of feelings of pervasive loneliness and helplessness that are the foundation of neuroses, is called
(A) Innate anxiety
(B) Existential anxiety
(C) Basic anxiety
(D) Neurotic anxiety

75. _____is a technique in which undesired behavior is eliminated by associating with unpleasantness.
(A) Systematic desensitization
(B) Covert sensitization
(C) Covert desensitization
(D) Systematic sensitization

76. Which among the following is the correct combination between stages of family life cycle and emotion experienced
(A) Unattached Adult –Accepting parent-offspring separation
(B) Newly married - Accepting new members into the systems
(C) Teenage child - Accepting the new personality
(D) Retreatment - Accepting exists from and entries into the family

77. Rogers believed that there are three necessary and sufficient conditions of counselling such as
(A) Empathy, unconditional positive regard and congruence
(B) Empathy, unconditional sharing and congruence
(C) Empathy, unconditional positive regard and motivational interviewing
(D) Empathy, congruence and transparency

78. Fostering of equalitarian atmosphere in counselling is promoted by
(A) Psychoanalytic theory
(B) Adlerian theory
(C) Behavioural theory
(D) Cognitive theory

79. The Ego is sometimes described as the _____ because it directs energies supplied by the Id
(A) Executive
(B) Superordinate
(C) Subordinate
(D) Congruence

80. _____ memories are created at the time of high emotion situations of personal relevance and that are very vivid in nature
(A) Flashbulb
(B) Photographic
(C) Implicit
(D) Procedural

81. The therapeutic technique in which the client is instructed to perform behaviours counter to the therapeutic goal is
(A) Paradoxical intention
(B) Therapeutic alliance
(C) Therapeutic transference
(D) Talk therapy

82. Cattell's Personality theory is also known as:-
(A) Psychoanalytic theory
(B) Factor analytic theory
(C) Behaviouristic theory
(D) Projective theory

83. _____ means that the learner comes to anticipate the presence of a reward and if that reward is absent or changed, behaviour is disrupted
(A) Latent learning
(B) Reward expectancy
(C) Place learning
(D) Forgetting

84. The third stage of Erikson's Eight Stages of Development is termed as:-
(A) Industry versus inferiority
(B) Initiative versus guilt
(C) Trust versus mistrust
(D) None of these

85. Classical conditioning of attitudes through exposure to stimuli lying below the

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individual's threshold of conscious experiences is
(A) Subliminal conditioning
(B) Delayed conditioning
(C) Minimal conditioning
(D) Backward conditioning

86. Forgetting due to proactive interference occurs because
(A) Later and earlier learning interferes with the recall of new learning
(B) Later learning interferes with the recall of earlier learning
(C) Earlier learning interferes with the recall of later learning
(D) Both, Later learning interferes with the recall of earlier learning & Earlier learning interferes with the recall of later learning

87. _____ is an advanced therapy that involves desensitizing a client to a situation by having him or her imagine an anxiety producing situation that may have dire consequences
(A) General behavioural technique
(B) Positive reinforcement
(C) Implosive therapy
(D) Covert sensitization

88. Sternberg's conceptualization of love relationship is termed as
(A) Physical attractiveness
(B) Passionate love
(C) Unrequited love
(D) Triangular model of love

89. The ability to imitate a person or pretend a behaviour in the absence of that person or the displayed behaviour is called_____ which indicates that children form_____
(A) Imitation, mental representation
(B) Deferred imitation, mental representation
(C) Secondary imitation , representation
(D) Tertiary imitation, symbolic thought

90. "Sleeping on the problem of how to fund a vacation, hoping you will have a better idea when you wake up is an example of
(A) Representation heuristic
(B) Analogy
(C) Algorithm
(D) Incubation

91. Having superior memory for the items at the beginning and at the end of the list is known as
(A) Von Rest off effect
(B) Zeigarnik effect
(C) Serial Position effect
(D) Recency effect

92. Information about the frequency of members of different categories in the population is called
(A) Census
(B) Base rate
(C) Social Representation
(D) Sociometry

93. _____ is aimed at reducing the impairment that has already resulted from a disorder or an event
(A) Primary prevention
(B) Secondary prevention
(C) Tertiary prevention
(D) Quadruplet prevention

94. According to Sigmund Freud wars and violence are evidence of:-
(A) Life instinct
(B) Libido
(C) Death instinct
(D) None of these

95. The loosening of normal constraints on behavior when people can't be identified (such as when they are in a crowd) is called:-
(A) Social loafing
(B) Social facilitation
(C) Deindividuation
(D) Mob behaviour

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96. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Autism Spectrum Disorder?
(A) Poor eye contact
(B) Delay in language acquisition
(C) Hand flapping
(D) Social smile

97. _____ learning occurs when a person or animal suddenly grasps what something means and incorporates that new knowledge into old knowledge
(A) Latent
(B) Insight
(C) Cognitive
(D) Observational

98. Recall that is better if it occurs in the same psychological state that is present when the information was first encoded is explained by
(A) State-dependent retrieval
(B) Trait-dependent retrieval
(C) Hypermnesic retrieval
(D) Emotional retrieval

99. Observable characteristics that result from both genetic and environmental influences is called
(A) Karyotype
(B) genotype
(C) phenotype
(D) heritability

100. Children's understanding of turn-taking and perspective taking in interpersonal communication is indicator of development
(A) Pragmatic
(B) Semantic
(C) Syntactic
(D) Pre-linguistic

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Answer key

Q.NO	ANS	Q.NO	ANS	Q.NO	ANS	Q.NO	ANS
1	A	26	A	51	B	76	A
2	B	27	A	52	C	77	**A**
3	**D**	28	B	53	B	78	C
4	A	29	B	54	A	79	A
5	C	30	A	55	C	80	A
6	C	31	B	56	B	81	A
7	A	32	C	57	**B**	82	B
8	A	33	C	58	A	83	B
9	B	34	C	59	A	84	B
10	A	35	B	60	C	85	A
11	A	36	C	61	B	86	C
12	**A**	37	A	62	A	87	C
13	A	38	A	63	B	88	D
14	C	39	A	64	A	89	B
15	B	40	C	65	C	90	D
16	C	41	B	66	B	91	C
17	D	42	**D**	67	C	92	B
18	A	43	**C**	68	B	93	C
19	D	44	D	69	A	94	C
20	B	45	B	70	B	95	C
21	A	46	B	71	C	96	D
22	C	47	A	72	B	97	B
23	B	48	D	73	D	98	A
24	C	49	A	74	C	99	C
25	A	50	B	75	B	100	A

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1. "People are motivated when they find themselves in situation of unfairness where a person receives less than the person believes he/she deserved based on his/her effort and/or contribution". This assertion is one of the basic tenets of
   (A) ERG theory
   (B) Expectancy theory
   (C) Need hierarchy theory
   (D) Equity theory

2. The Omnibus hypothesis means
   (A) Covering one situation at a time
   (B) Covering many situations at once
   (C) Covering many situations over time
   (D) Alternate hypothesis

3. The attribution theory proposed that the individuals make attributions based on information gathered in the form of three informational cues. These are
   (A) Consensus, distinctiveness, and consistency
   (B) Authenticity, reliability, and similarity
   (C) Persuasiveness, intuitional, and consistency
   (D) Credibility, consistency, and validity

4. Central to Social Learning theory is an individual's beliefs and expectancies about his or her ability to perform specific task effectively may be referred to as
   (A) Self sufficiency
   (B) Self assessment
   (C) Self efficacy
   (D) Self enhancement

5. The _____ of a study is the extent to which the results can be generalized to other populations and settings.
   (A) Efficacy
   (B) Internal validity
   (C) External validity
   (D) Reliability

6. Informal communication' is mostly associated with which of the following?
   (A) Grapevine
   (B) Boundary-less
   (C) Group think
   (D) Group chain

7. Autogynephilic is defined by
   (A) Recurrent, and intense sexual attraction to prepubescent children
   (B) Recurrent, and intense sexual attraction to thoughts, images or thoughts about oneself as a woman
   (C) Recurrent, and intense sexual attraction to oneself
   (D) Recurrent, and intense sexual attraction to being humiliated

8. The degrees of freedom (c-1) (r-1) is applicable in
   (A) Mann-Whitney U test
   (B) Chi-Square test
   (C) Student's t-test
   (D) Kruskal-Wallis H test

9. Highly cohesive groups often assume that they can do no wrong and that information contrary to the group's view should be rejected. This tendency is known as
   (A) Group norms
   (B) Groupthink
   (C) Evaluation apprehension
   (D) Brainstorming

10. A deficit in recognition ability, regardless of the senses involved is known as 982]
    (A) Amnesia
    (B) Contralateral neglect

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(C) Aphasia
(D) Agnosia

11. Carol Gilligan departs from Kohlberg's theory on moral development by highlighting which of these differences?
(A) Males have ethics of care
(B) Males have ethics of justice
(C) Females have ethics of justice
(D) Females have ethics of care

12. Females have ethics of care
When a group begins to function as a collective body rather than simply as a collection of individuals and role differentiation in group members' behaviour begin to occur such as different group members begin to serve different functions, show regard for meetings, tasks and group goals. Which stage of group development does it represent as per Tuckman's (1965) Stage Model?
(A) Norming
(B) Adjourning
(C) Performing
(D) Storming

13. Whose theory of personality highlights a phenotypic and genotypic basis of personality development?
(A) Eysenck
(B) Pearls
(C) Adler
(D) Jung

14. Four dimensions comprise the essence of empowerment. These are
(A) Meaning, competence, self determination, and impact
(B) Meaning, self determination, resourcefulness, and connections
(C) Self determination, competence, resourcefulness, and connections
(D) Competence, impact, social networking, and self determination

15. In certain social situations, individuals lose their sense of identity when they are in a group. This phenomenon is known as
(A) Cohesiveness
(B) Groupthink
(C) Proprioception
(D) Deindividuation

16. Jonah Complex was conceptualized by
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) Abraham Maslow
(C) Carl Jung
(D) Alfred Adler

17. Julian Rotter's proposition that individuals develop beliefs about themselves having considerable/little control (internals v/s externals) over the outcomes they experience results from
(A) An innate understanding of the events and their outcomes
(B) Repeated associations of stimulus and response
(C) Cognitive dissonance they experience with respect to their perception of skills and expected outcomes
(D) Generalized expectancies of their actions and the reinforcement values they attach to them

18. Generalized expectancies of their actions and the reinforcement values they attach to them Behavior, emitted spontaneously or voluntarily, that operate on the environment to change is called
(A) Opposition principle
(B) Behaviour potential
(C) Operant behaviour
(D) Personal disposition

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19. In a normal probability curve, what percentage of test scores will fall between 2 and 3 standard deviations above the mean?
(A) 2.1%
(B) 68.2%
(C) 13.6%
(D) 34.1%

20. Duncan's multiple range test, Newman-Keuls test, Tukey's HSD test and Scheffe test can be used only when
(A) F ratio is not significant
(B) F ratio cannot be determined
(C) F ratio is significant
(D) t ratio is not significant

21. A leader attempts to influence subordinates by putting them in a good mood before making a request, which form of influencing tactic does it represent?
(A) Ingratiation
(B) Inspirational appeal
(C) Consultation
(D) Rational persuasion

22. In the latency stage of Erik Erikson's developmental tendencies, ways of coping involves
(A) None of these
(B) Identity cohesion and role confusion
(C) Initiative and guilt
(D) Industriousness and inferiority

23. Sigmund Freud's system of human development makes which assumptions about development?
(A) Enactive, iconic and symbolic
(B) Sensorimotor, preoperational, concrete operational
(C) Compensation, reversibility , identity
(D) Dynamic, sequential and structural

24. Axonal conduction in normal direction i.e., conduction from cell body to terminal buttons is called
(A) Directed conduction
(B) Saltatory conduction
(C) Antidromic conduction
(D) Orthodromic conduction

25. An employee is exhibiting high level of emotional intelligence in the workplace. Which of the following skills he would be exhibiting as per Goleman?
(A) Self awareness, Self motivation, Impression management, Empathy, Social skills.
(B) Self awareness, Self motivation, Impression management, Empathy, Other enhancement skills.
(C) Self awareness, Self motivation, Self management, Empathy, Social skills.
(D) Self Awareness, Self motivation, Self management, Empathy, Other enhancement skills.

26. Myelin sheath that surrounds the axon preventing messages from spreading to adjacent axons are produced by
(A) Microglia
(B) Nodes of Ranvier
(C) Astrocytes
(D) Oligodendrocytes

27. "Leadership motivates the people to work but not for the power or money", this concept is related to
(A) Autocratic model
(B) Collegial model
(C) Supportive model
(D) Custodial model

28. The ability to view the world around us and process of interpreting information about another person is called

(A) Imagination
(B) Visualization
(C) Social perception
(D) Person perception

29. _____ is a form of intelligence that is largely inherited ability to think, reason and determines the limits of information-processing.

(A) Experiential intelligence
(B) Fluid intelligence
(C) Contextual intelligence
(D) Emotional intelligence

30. An approach that seeks to identify the unique qualities and special strengths of an organization, which can then be built on to improve performance, is called
(A) Appreciative inquiry
(B) Survey feedback
(C) Sensitivity training
(D) Intergroup development

31. Sensation seeking personality as suggested by Zuckerman is likely to correlate negatively with
(A) Psychoticism
(B) Extraversion
(C) Conscientiousness
(D) Openness to experience

32. The area for region of rejection in one tail of the t-distribution for testing a bi-directional alternate hypothesis at alpha = .05 will be
(A) 0.01
(B) 0.05
(C) 0.025
(D) 0.005

33. Arvind is extremely competitive, always in a hurry and often irritable (Type A personality). Which of the following forms of aggression is he most likely to engage in
(A) Passive aggressive behavior
(B) Hostile aggression
(C) None of these
(D) Instrumental aggression

34. A condition of psychological health resulting from integration of conscious and unconscious facets of the personality is
(A) Jung's individuation
(B) Roger's fully-functioning person
(C) Maslow's self-actualization
(D) Murray's subsidiation

35. Token Economy is used in

(A) Cognitive therapy
(B) Psychodynamic therapy
(C) Transactional analysis
(D) Behavioral therapy

36. People who have personality trait of _____resist strain reactions when subjected to stressful events more effectively than do people who are not having it and it also has component of commitment, control and challenge.
(A) Tolerance
(B) Toughness
(C) Strength
(D) Hardiness

37. Leaders while making decisions under high stress situations tend to keep their cool and make better decision and enhance their effectiveness are high on
(A) Cultural intelligence

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(B) Spiritual intelligence
(C) Mental intelligence
(D) Emotional intelligence

38. A chemical substance that mimics the action of a neurotransmitter at a receptor site is called
(A) Anatagonist
(B) Agonist
(C) Acetylcholine
(D) Neurotransmitter

39. Hiding one's feelings and engaging in emotional expressions aligned to display rules is known as
(A) Role making
(B) Deep acting
(C) Surface acting
(D) Emotional contagion

40. The uniqueness of individual experience and behavior, is a focus of
(A) Nomothetic approach
(B) Action research approach
(C) Ideographic approach
(D) Indigenous approach

41. Children's view of morality in terms of realism and fixed dictates of authority figure is referred to as
(A) Ideal reciprocity
(B) Distributive justice
(C) Autonomous morality
(D) Heteronomous morality

42. Off late, every time Karen had an appointment with her therapist she would come up with an excuse to procrastinate her meetings. According to her the therapist reminds of her father with who she shares an ambivalent and complex relationship. This tendency shown by her can be referred to as
(A) Counter-transference
(B) Resistance
(C) Transference
(D) Fixation

43. Maheshwari has more awards in badminton to her name under doubles category than her single matches. This could be a result of
(A) De-individuation
(B) Hooliganism
(C) Social facilitation
(D) Social-loafing

44. 'Flextime' and 'Job sharing' are examples of _____to increase motivation.
(A) Revised role expectations
(B) Contemporary organizational structures
(C) New team work models
(D) Alternative work arrangements

45. The term _____ refers to any environmental agent that causes damage during the prenatal period.
(A) Amnion
(B) Isotretinoin
(C) Teratogen
(D) Accutane

46. Which of the following is NOT a pattern of attachment assessed by Strange Situation and Attachment Q-Sort?
(A) Disorganized
(B) Avoidant
(C) Resistant
(D) Interactive

47. Tests that involve comparing an individual's test score with an objectively stated standard of achievement are called
(A) Authentic assessments
(B) Criterion-referenced tests
(C) Standardized tests

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(D) Norm-referenced tests

48. Excuses, Apologies, and Exemplification are all techniques of
(A) Organizational citizenship
(B) Distributive bargaining
(C) Conflict management
(D) Impression management

49. A self-report questionnaire for assessing aspects of the self-concept is
(A) Projective technique
(B) T-sort technique
(C) L-sort technique
(D) Q-sort technique

50. An expression of emotions that is expected to lead to the reduction of disturbing symptoms is
(A) Libido
(B) Catharsis
(C) Regression
(D) Denial

51. _____ refers to the idea that certain physical characteristics of objects remain the same, even when their outward appearance changes.
(A) Conservation
(B) Centration
(C) Hierarchical classification
(D) Seriation

52. _____ is negative reactions to threats to one's personal freedom.
(A) Narcissistic rage
(B) Singlism
(C) Reactance
(D) Ego-depletion

53. _____ is the extent to which a group is perceived as being a coherent entity.
(A) Entitativity
(B) Ingratiation
(C) Group polarization
(D) Mediating variable

54. _____type of child rearing involve low acceptance and involvement with little behavioural control and general indifference to issues of autonomy.
(A) Authoritarian parenting
(B) Authoritative parenting
(C) Permissive parenting
(D) Uninvolved parenting

55. _____ refers to the percentage of instances in which both twins show a trait when it is present in one twin.
(A) Niche-picking
(B) Concordance effect
(C) Genotype
(D) Canalization

56. _____, or theory of knowledge, concerns itself with questions about what knowledge is and how it may be validly achieved.
(A) Epistemology
(B) Ontology
(C) Epidemiology
(D) Methodology

57. _____ is mostly referred to as the way in which an organization transfers its inputs into outputs.
(A) Communication
(B) Culture
(C) Environment
(D) Technology

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58. _____ distribution is positively skewed.
(A) F
(B) Bimodal
(C) t
(D) z

59. _____ are the more basic traits that underlie aspects of personality that can be seen by others, which form the core of personality.
(A) Source traits
(B) Ergs
(C) Surface traits
(D) Subjective traits

60. The leadership dimension consisting of charisma, individualized consideration, inspirational motivation and intellectual stimulation is best described as
(A) Transformational
(B) Charismatic
(C) Transactional
(D) Situational

61. Carl Roger's conditions of worth is similar to
(A) Freudian superego
(B) Cattell's dynamic traits
(C) Jung's Archetype of Self
(D) Horney's incompatibility of neurotic trends

62. When scorers make judgment that results in nominal or ordinal data, then popular index of agreement is
(A) Spearman Brown formula
(B) KR-20
(C) Cohen's kappa
(D) Product moment correlation

63. Emotions that can be experienced when we are confronted with the harmful actions done by in-group against an out-group is called
(A) Collective guilt
(B) Collectivism
(C) Common in-group identity
(D) Catharsis hypothesis

64. Stanley Milgram (1970) studied the unique behavior of city dwellers using which hypothesis?
(A) Privacy deprivation
(B) Diffusion of responsibility
(C) Social conflict
(D) Information overload

65. ACTH, stimulates the outer layer of the_____ gland causing it to secrete cortisone.
(A) Thyroid
(B) Adrenal
(C) Pineal
(D) Pituitary

66. Self-report ratings of one's characteristics, attributes and interests is
(A) L-data
(B) T-data
(C) Z-data
(D) Q-data

67. The idea that children like scientists draw on innate concepts to explain their everyday experiences, often in remarkably advanced ways is propounded by
(A) Constructivist approach
(B) Socio-cultural approach
(C) Theory-theory perspective
(D) Interactionist perspective

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68. An investment of psychic energy in an object or person is
(A) Displacement
(B) Cathexis
(C) Instinct
(D) Repression

69. Organizational Climate is based on the _____ of members towards the organization.
(A) Identification
(B) Perception
(C) Loyalty
(D) Values

70. A small group of employees who work voluntarily on company time, typically one hour per week, to address work related problems such as cost reduction, production, planning, product design, and techniques are called
(A) Core teams
(B) Quality circles
(C) Work teams
(D) Focus groups

71. A positive emotional state resulting from the appraisal of one's own job experience is called
(A) Life satisfaction
(B) Job satisfaction
(C) Job motivation
(D) Job enrichment

72. The motivation concerning issues of excellence, competition, challenging goals, persistence and overcoming difficulties are referred as
(A) Need for affiliation
(B) Need for recognition
(C) Need for achievement
(D) Need for power

73. Leaders who direct their groups by rewarding them for desired behaviour, by taking actions to correct mistakes or departures from existing rules is characteristic of
(A) Servant leadership
(B) Charismatic leadership
(C) Transactional leadership
(D) Transformational leadership

74. Proprium, the term for the ego or self, was given by
(A)(B) F. Skinner
(B) Sigmund Freud
(C) Gordon Allport
(D) Albert Bandura

75. Which of the following is a type of Selective Serotonin Re-uptake Inhibitors (SSRI) used as an antidepressant?
(A) Elavil
(B) Clozapine
(C) Marplan
(D) Prozac

76. Which of the following is NOT correctly matched?
(A) Mylenencephelon -- Medulla oblongata
(B) Mesencephalon -- Hypothalamus
(C) Telencephalon -- Basal ganglia
(D) Metencephelon -- Pons

77. Which of the following is NOT correctly matched?

(A) Simultaneous processing -- Brain stem
(B) Arousal/ Attention -- Brain stem
(C) Planning -- Frontal lobe
(D) Successive processing -- Parietal lobe

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78. Which of the following is NOT a base of power in organizations?
(A) Informational power
(B) Coercive power
(C) Reward power
(D) Rational power

79. Which of the following is a content theory of work motivation?
(A) Vroom's expectancy theory of work motivation
(B) Alderfer's ERG theory
(C) Equity theory of work motivation
(D) The Porter and Lawler motivation model

80. Complementary skills and synergy are important markers of
(A) Effective team
(B) Effective communication
(C) Effective job design
(D) Effective Person-Job fit

81. Key characteristics of an effective appraisal system are
(A) Responsiveness, equality, flexibility, reliability, and sensitivity
(B) Validity, reliability, responsiveness, flexibility, and equitability
(C) Validity, reliability, flexibility, sensitivity, and equality
(D) Reliability, variability, responsiveness, equality, and responsiveness

82. The notion that –"human behaviour is influenced by many cognitive factors as well as by reinforcements contingencies; and that human beings have an impressive capacity to regulate their own actions" is propounded by
(A) Humanistic theory
(B) Social learning theory
(C) Social cognitive theory
(D) Self-regulation theory

83. Selection of every 15th item from a list of sample is called

(A) Simple random sampling
(B) Systematic sampling
(C) Purposive sampling
(D) Quota sampling

84. Repeated measures design should be used when
(A) Experimental conditions take too long to implement
(B) There are too many participants in the study
(C) Participants' behavior needs to be examined at one point in time
(D) Effect of independent variable is expected to be small

85. Nerve fibers in the spinal cord that carry information from the brain to muscles and glands throughout the body are called
(A) Central nervous system
(B) Peripheral nervous system
(C) Afferent nerve fibers
(D) Efferent nerve fibers

86. A technique for gaining compliance in which an offer or deal is changed to make it less attractive to the target person is
(A) Lowball procedure
(B) Self deprecation
(C) Less leads to more effect
(D) That's-not-all technique

87. Adjusting the support offered during a teaching session to fit the child's current level of performance is called
(A) Reciprocal teaching

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(B) Inter-subjectivity
(C) Scaffolding
(D) Guided participation

88. A neuron is said to be_____ and at resting potential when the potential difference across the electrodes measures _____.
(A) Polarized; -70mV
(B) Polarized; +90 mV
(C) Depolarized; +50mV
(D) Depolarized; -70mV

89. According to the Fiedler's Contingency Model of Leadership Effectiveness, which of the dimension does NOT determine situation favorableness?
(A) Degree of task structure
(B) Formal authority of the leader
(C) Leader-member relationship
(D) Leader's position power

90. According to Carl Jung's Analytical theory, the archetype representing the masculine side of females is called
(A) Animus
(B) Persona
(C) Anima
(D) Shadow

91. According to Cattell, _____ are the basic units of motivation.
(A) Deficits
(B) Id
(C) Thema
(D) Ergs

92. According to Vygotsky
(A) Intra-subjectivity precedes inter-subjectivity
(B) Humans do not engage in inter-subjectivity
(C) Inter-subjectivity and intra-subjectivity are not related
(D) Inter-subjectivity precedes intra-subjectivity

93. According to Chomsky's Nativist perspective
(A) There is a universal grammar that applies to all languages
(B) Caregiver-child interaction promotes language progress
(C) Children figure out the meaning of a new word by lexically contrasting it with known words
(D) Language comprehension develops ahead of production

94. There is a universal grammar that applies to all languages
The specific method of gathering and analyzing data on the choice, communication and interaction patterns of people in groups, is referred to as

(A) Focus group method
(B) Sociometry
(C) Role playing method
(D) Informal group method

95. The kind of healthy psychological and physical functioning after a potentially traumatic event is called
(A) After-effect
(B) Coping
(C) Resistance
(D) Resilience

96. Limited period offers/sales by online marketing sites such as the Amazon or

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Myntra is a classic example of which of the following compliance techniques?
(A) Low balling technique
(B) That's not all technique
(C) Deadline technique
(D) Door in the face technique

97. Degree to which one party attempts to satisfy the concern for self and concern for others, are two dimensions popularly used for understanding styles of
(A) Managing role conflict
(B) Managing organizational culture change
(C) Managing organizational conflict
(D) Managing systems change

98. As per Bandura, _____is the set of cognitive processes by which a person perceives, evaluates and regulates his own behaviour.
(A) Dissonance
(B) Self-system
(C) Social judgment
(D) Attitudes

99. Test developers use reverse scoring to offset the effects of
(A) Faking
(B) Social desirability
(C) Acquiescence
(D) Defensiveness

100. A double-blind procedure to test drug efficacy in psycho-pharmacological studies is accomplished by
(A) Randomly assigning active drugs to half of the patients with their proper knowledge
(B) Randomly assigning the active drugs to all patients
(C) Randomly assigning placebos to all patients
(D) Randomly assigning placebo to half of the patients without their knowledge

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Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer
1	D	51	A
2	B	52	C
3	D	53	A
4	C	54	D
5	C	55	B
6	A	56	B
7	B	57	D
8	B	58	A
9	B	59	A & D
10	D	60	A
11	D	61	A
12	A & C	62	C
13	A	63	A
14	A	64	D
15	D	65	B
16	B	66	D
17	A	67	C
18	C	68	B
19	A	69	B
20	C	70	B
21	A	71	B
22	D	72	C
23	D	73	C
24	D	74	C
25	C	75	D
26	D	76	B
27	C	77	A
28	C	78	D
29	B	79	B
30	A	80	A
31	C	81	B
32	C	82	C
33	D	83	B
34	A	84	D
35	D	85	D
36	D	86	A
37	D	87	C
38	B	88	A
39	C	89	B
40	C	90	A
41	D	91	D
42	C	92	D
43	C	93	A
44	D	94	B
45	C	95	D
46	D	96	C

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47	B	97	C
48	D	98	B
49	D	99	C
50	B	100	D

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Delhi University Entrance Examination 2019

1. Kohlberg's theory of moral development was criticized by Gilligan primarily because
   (A) The data did not support his conclusions
   (B) It was based on the study of boys only
   (C) It was done very long ago
   (D) His subjects consisted of urban children only

2. The _____ is less sensitive than the _____ to the presence of a few extreme scores (called outliers) in a distribution of scores.
   (A) Median, mean
   (B) Median, mode
   (C) Mode, median
   (D) Mean, median

3. The examination of existing records for the purpose of confirming a hypothesis is called
   (A) Archival research
   (B) Survey research
   (C) Naturalistic observations
   (D) Case study

4. A disorder characterized by numerous hypomanic episodes and numerous periods of Depressive symptoms but not a major depressive episode can be diagnosed as
   (A) Bipolar I
   (B) Bipolar II
   (C) Cyclothymia
   (D) Dysthymia

5. The James-Lange or body reaction theory of emotion says
   (A) You feel an emotion then a bodily reaction follows
   (B) You react with your body first, then you feel emotion
   (C) The somatic nervous system is the seat of emotions
   (D) Emotions and visceral reactions are simultaneous

6. A function that includes motivating employee, directing others, selecting the most effective Communication channels, and resolving conflicts is
   (A) Leading
   (B) Organizing
   (C) Planning
   (D) Controlling

7. The tendency to continue seeking a goal in the face of obstacles or resistance is called
   (A) Reward dependence
   (B) Harm avoidance
   (C) Persistence
   (D) Novelty seeking

8. Prof. Gupta shows a group of participants a set of geometric shapes for a short period of time.Later, he shows the same group a larger set of shapes that includes the first set of geometric Shapes randomly distributed among the other new images. When asked which shapes they Prefer, the participants choose shapes from the first group more often than the new images, Even though they cannot remember which images they had seen previously. This experiment Demonstrates which concept?
   (A) Primacy
   (B) Shaping
   (C) Fundamental-attribution error
   (D) Mere-exposure effect

9. Which amongst the following perspective is called the "Third Force" in Psychology?
   (A) Humanism
   (B) Structuralism
   (C) Psychoanalysis
   (D) Behaviourism

10. The assumption of _____ states that across any two treatment conditions, the variance of the difference scores in the population is the same. 15409]
    (A) Sphericity
    (B) Randomization
    (C) Linearity

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(D) Homogeneity

11. In _____ learning experiment, it was evidenced that rats had learned to get through A maze once a reward was presented.
(A) Instrumental learning
(B) Latent learning
(C) Insight learning
(D) Spontaneous recovery

12. Which part of the brain is most important in regulating an animal's sex drive?
(A) Medulla Oblongata
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Limbic System
(D) Pituitary gland

13. A response to communication overload used by many executives in organizations is the use of a _____, a person who screens potential communication and allows only the most Important to go through.
(A) Mediator
(B) Moderator
(C) Devil's advocate
(D) Gatekeeper

14. Broca's area is usually located in which part of the cortex?
(A) Right frontal lobe
(B) Left frontal lobe
(C) Left temporal lobe
(D) Right temporal lobe

15. The more contact you have with an unpleasant person, the more you dislike him or her, This is called
(A) Recency effect
(B) Environmental spoiling
(C) Habituation effect
(D) Matching phenomena

16. Triacylglycerols (triglycerides) are also known as
(A) Body fat
(B) Plant glucose
(C) Cell protein
(D) Alcohol

17. O-factor of Cattell's 16 personality factor is associated with
(A) Relaxed - Tensed
(B) Traditional - Flexibility
(C) Utilitarian - Refined
(D) Self Assured - Self Blaming

18. A rank-order test of a difference between two independent groups is called
(A) Mann-Whitney U test
(B) Sign rank test
(C) Chi square test
(D) Kruskal-Wallis H test

19. The categorization of objects, events or people that share common properties is called
(A) Creativity
(B) Judgment
(C) Concepts
(D) Mental image

20. Unlike personality inventories, projective tests such as the Rorschach test ask people to
(A) Interpret ambiguous stimuli
(B) Tell a story about a set of other people
(C) Create images that reflect their personalities
(D) Name personalities that fit the stimuli

21. A structure that surrounds, protects and nourishes the developing fetus is called
(A) Umbilical cord
(B) Ovaries
(C) Placenta
(D) Fallopian tube

22. The statement " There will be a significant difference in the attitude towards health of Persons from low and high socioeconomic status" is a type of
(A) Null - Unidirectional hypothesis
(B) Null - Bidirectional hypothesis
(C) Alternative-Unidirectional hypothesis
(D) Alternative-Bidirectional hypothesis

23. REBT, a form of cognitive behaviour therapy was developed by
(A) Aaron Beck

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(B) Joseph Wolpe
(C) Carl Rogers
(D) Albert Ellis

24. Salivary gland is a part of _____ system of the body.
(A) Respiratory
(B) Gastrointestinal
(C) Cardiovascular
(D) Olfactory

25. A family in which calm prevails due to the fact that all power rests with one parent is Considered as a_____ family.
(A) Incestuous
(B) Skewed
(C) Neurotic
(D) Schismatic

26. When calculating correlation from paired scores, that are both in the form of ranks (and There are no ties in rank), Pearson's correlation and Spearman's correlation will yield
(A) Pearson's correlation will be greater than Spearman's correlation
(B) Spearman's correlation will be greater than Pearson's correlation
(C) Identical value
(D) Different value

27. Examples of _____ include cholesterol, cortisol, estrogen, and testosterone.
(A) Polyunsaturated fatty acids
(B) Steroids
(C) Carbohydrates
(D) Phospholipids

28. The area of hypothalamus responsible for satiation behaviour is
(A) Amygdala
(B) Ventromedial hypothalamus
(C) Thalamus
(D) Lateral hypothalamus

29. Individual expectations concerning their ability to perform various task is called
(A) Self-efficacy
(B) Self-system
(C) Self-concept
(D) Self -reinforcement

30. The smallest unit of sound used to form words is called
(A) Syllable
(B) Morphemes
(C) Phonemes
(D) Semantics

31. Areas of impairment that characterize the behavior of children with ADHD includes all Except
(A) Goal direction
(B) Social interaction
(C) Self-regulation
(D) Behavioural inhibition

32. In which of the following classification of disorders, Mental Retardation has been replaced With Intellectual Developmental Disorder?
(A) DSM IV TR
(B) DSM 5
(C) DSM IV
(D) DSM III

33. In which the following group therapies people are urged to tell other group members Exactly how they feel, in order foster personal growth through increasing understanding of one's Own behavior, honesty and openness in personal relations.
(A) Humanistic group therapy
(B) Family therapy
(C) Psychoanalytic group therapy
(D) Behavioural group therapy

34. If you had sight in only one eye, which of the following depth cues could you NOT use?
(A) Texture gradient
(B) Linear perspective
(C) Convergence
(D) Shading

35. Neurodevelopmental model of schizo phrenia suggests that brains of individual who develop the disorder

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(A) Have fewer dendrite branches
(B) Experience poor neural connection
(C) Experience subdued synaptic pruning during the prenatal phase
(D) Have more unipolar neurons

36. What is the crisis that dominates an individual during 'Young Adulthood' as per Erikson's Stages of psychosocial development?
(A) Ego integrity vs. Despair
(B) Generativity vs. Stagnation
(C) Identity vs. Role confusion
(D) Intimacy vs. Isolation

37. When the heart muscle contracts, each contraction produces a maximum force called
(A) Heartburn
(B) Systolic pressure
(C) Diastolic pressure
(D) Heart attack

38. When the motive has a biological or physiological basis, it is called a/an
(A) Imprinting
(B) Libido
(C) Incentive
(D) Drive

39. The concept which refers to the consistency of scores obtained by the same persons when
Re-examined with the same test on different occasions is known as 15346]
(A) Error variance
(B) Standard error
(C) Validity
(D) Reliability

40. The concept that organizations are becoming a more heterogeneous mix of people in terms
Of gender, age, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation and inclusion of other diverse group is called
(A) Contingency diversity
(B) Changing demographics
(C) Embracing diversity
(D) Workforce diversity

41. Moderate level of mental retardation is characterized by
(A) IQ level from 35-40 to 50-55
(B) IQ level below 20-25
(C) IQ level from 20-25 to 35-40
(D) IQ level from 50-55 to approximately 69 and below

42. In Maslow's theory, _____ is the stage of personal development in which Individuals reach their maximum potential.
(A) Safety needs
(B) Self actualization
(C) Esteem needs
(D) Physiological needs

43. One goal that has both positive and negative valence of approximate equal intensity can
Result into
(A) Avoidance-avoidance conflict
(B) Ambivalent conflict
(C) Approach-approach conflict
(D) Approach-avoidance conflict

44. The sleep stage lasting approximately 5 minutes that marks the transition from relaxed to
Wakefulness is called
(A) None of these
(B) REM sleep
(C) Hypnogogic sleep
(D) Sleep spindles

45. An experimental design in which one sample is tested under two or more treatment Conditions is called
(A) Mixed group design
(B) Repeated measures design
(C) Randomized group design
(D) Between group design

46. In general, reducing the risk of Type I error reduces _____ of the test.
(A) Type II error
(B) Generalizability
(C) Validity
(D) Power

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47. If a cold spot is stimulated, you will feel a sensation of cold, even if the stimulus is Something hot. This phenomenon is called
(A) None of these
(B) Double pain
(C) Paradoxical cold
(D) Get control

48. During _____ stage, a person's ability to adapt to the stressor declines to the point Where negative consequences of stress appear.
(A) Alarm
(B) Uplift
(C) Exhaustion
(D) Resistance

49. During the neurons resting state, large amount of positive _____ ions are found in the
Extracellular fluid, whereas relatively more positive _____ ions are found inside the cell.
(A) Chloride, anions
(B) Sodium, potassium
(C) Sodium, lithium
(D) Potassium, chloride

50. A patient admitted in a local hospital suffering from cuts, bruises, and contusions has
Memory for the previous week, but cannot remember what happened last week. This disorder is
(A) Dissociative identity disorder
(B) Dissociative fugue
(C) Generalized amnesia
(D) Localized amnesia

51. A system in which workers participate in organizational decision making through a small
Group of representative employees is called
(A) Quality circle
(B) Employee involvement
(C) Representative participation
(D) Participative management

52. The term 'unconscious inference' in perceptual psychology was coined by
(A) Jean-Martin Charcot
(B) Joseph Breuer
(C) Erik Erikson
(D) Hermann von Helmholtz

53. The measure of central tendency most affected by the presence of extreme values is the
(A) Frequency
(B) Median
(C) Mean
(D) Mode

54. A conflict in which the most beneficial action for an individual will, if chosen by most people,Have harmful effects on everyone is called
(A) Cooperation
(B) Competition
(C) Negotiation
(D) Social dilemma

55. There are some people who can move objects which are away from them without using any Form of physical force. This phenomenon is called
(A) Pre-cognition
(B) Telepathy
(C) Psychokinesis
(D) Psychoanalysis

56. A procedure whereby the experimenter does not know whether subjects are receiving an Actual treatment or not is known as the _____ procedure.
(A) Placebo
(B) Randomization
(C) Operationalization
(D) Double-blind

57. The corresponding T-score value for a Z-score value of +2.5 is
(A) 65 (B) 70
(C) 80 (D) 75

58. _____ forms the blood-brain barrier-a barrier that prevents certain substances in the

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Bloodstream from reaching the brain.
(A) Glial cell
(B) Synapse
(C) Neuron
(D) Cell body

59. _____ heuristic is used when one judges how likely an event is to occur by how easily It is retrieved from memory.
(A) Anchoring
(B) Availability
(C) Representativeness
(D) Evaluation

60. _____developed by Hersey and Blanchard (1988), postulates that a leader Typically uses one of four behavioral styles: delegating, directing, supporting, or coaching.
(A) Leadership contingency theory
(B) Transactional leadership theory
(C) Situational leadership theory
(D) Path Goal theory of leadership

61. _____ is the extent to which an employee believes she/he must remain with the Organization due to the time, expense, and effort that she/he has already put into it (Meyer & Allen, 1997).
(A) Normative commitment
(B) Affective commitment
(C) Continuance commitment
(D) Global commitment

62. _____ is the tendency to engage in thrilling and exciting activities, to take risk,And to avoid boredom.
(A) Boredom susceptibility
(B) Sensation seeking
(C) Sensory deprivation
(D) Social desirability

63. _____ approach to personality, states that people have basic goodness and a Tendency to go to higher levels of functioning.
(A) Humanistic
(B) Behavioural
(C) Biological
(D) Cognitive

64. _____ develops when individuals either feel they lack the skills or workplace Resources to complete a task or perceive that the task cannot be done in the required amount of Time.
(A) Role ambiguity
(B) Role erosion
(C) Role overload
(D) Role conflict

65. _____ measures the length, weight, and temperature in degrees, Kelvin.
(A) Ordinal scale
(B) Nominal scale
(C) Interval scale
(D) Ratio scale

66. Sandeep has constant worry about his health. He has met numerous doctors for ruling out Serious diseases, only to be reassured of his wellbeing. Each small ailment (e.g. Sneezing, fever,Headache or stomach pains), exacerbate his worries. He considers them to be indications of a Major illness. From which disorder, he suffers from? 15394]
(A) Tic disorder
(B) Hypochondriasis
(C) Dysmorphic disorder
(D) Pain disorder

67.The sense that registers the movement and position of the limbs is called
(A) Visual
(B) Kinesthetic
(C) Auditory
(D) Somasthetic

68. Charlie Chaplin illusion used to study the differential brain processing in individuals with Schizophrenia suggests that
(A) People with schizophrenia show weakened top-down processes and stronger bottom-up processes
(B) People with schizophrenia show weakened bottom-up and top-down processes

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(C) People with schizophrenia show weakened bottom-up processes and stronger top-down processes
(D) People with schizophrenia show stronger bottom-up and top-down processes

69. The part of the brain most responsible for making decisions is the
(A) Amygdala
(B) Hippocampus
(C) Thalamus
(D) Prefrontal cortex

70. Which of the following are NOT natural Opioids?
(A) Endorphin
(B) Dymorphin
(C) Morphine
(D) Enkephalins

71. Which of the following neurons transmit information from the senses to the central nervous System?
(A) Mirror neurons
(B) Motor neurons
(C) Afferent neurons
(D) Efferent neurons

72. Which of the following clinical procedures are based, in part, on classical conditioning?
(A) Empty chair technique
(B) Systematic desensitization
(C) Token economy
(D) Transference

73. Which of the following is a strategy of job design that increases job depth by meeting Employee's needs for psychological growth?
(A) Job rotation
(B) Job enlargement
(C) Job engagement
(D) Job enrichment

74. Which of the following is NOT a monocular cue of depth perception?
(A) Linear Perspective
(B) Texture gradient
(C) Motion parallax
(D) Accommodation

75. Which of the following is NOT among the stages of memory processing?
(A) Encoding
(B) Storage
(C) Schema
(D) Retrieval

76. Which of the following is NOT a feature of Anti-social Personality disorder?
(A) Failure to conform to social norms
(B) Consistent irresponsibility
(C) Deceitfulness
(D) Substance abuse

77. Which of the following statement describes social loafing?
(A) The tendency of people to work less hard on collective task than on an individual or co-active task
(B) The tendency of people to work hard and more effectively in group setting than in individual setting
(C) The tendency of deliberately disrupting the activity particularly while working collectively
(D) The tendency of taking credit for another individual's work while working as a team leader

78. Wolfgang Kohler believed that animals such as chimpanzees are capable of
(A) Trial and error
(B) Images
(C) Imaginations
(D) Insight

79. A work arrangement wherein an employee works for ten hours a day for four days or twelve Hours a day for three days is called
(A) Telecommuting
(B) Moonlighting
(C) Compressed work week
(D) Flexitime

80. Maintaining a weight at least 15 percent below the normal weight for age and sex

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or a BMIOf 17.5 or less is a symptom of _____ disorder.
(A) Binge eating
(B) Anorexia nervosa
(C) Compensatory eating
(D) Bulimia nervosa

81. _____ is the channeling of unacceptable sexual or aggressive instincts into Socially desirable activities.
(A) Projection
(B) Reaction formation
(C) Sublimation
(D) Denial

82. _____ type of personality do better at signal-detection task.
(A) Extrovert
(B) Psychotic
(C) Introvert
(D) Neurotic

83. _____research emphasizes style; whereas research on _____ focuses On tactics for gaining compliance.
(A) Communication; politics
(B) Leadership; power
(C) Politics; leadership
(D) Power; persuasion

84. Fundamental attribution errors (FAE) explain
(A) How individuals over estimate one's own attitude about self
(B) How individuals over estimate situations and depositions of people
(C) How individuals over estimate size and shape of objects against a background
(D) Comparative evaluation of behaviours of people under different circumstances

85. According to Vroom's Expectancy Theory, the extent to which the outcome of a worker's Performance, if noticed, results in a particular consequence is called
(A) Instrumentality
(B) Equity
(C) Expectancy
(D) Valence

86. According to Eysenck, personality differences arise mostly from
(A) Biological differences
(B) Cultural differences
(C) Geographical differences
(D) Environmental differences

87. According to Piaget, in which stage of development does infant gradually learn that there is A relationship between their actions and external world?
(A) Concrete operational stage
(B) Formal operational stage
(C) Preoperational stage
(D) Sensorimotor stage

88. According to Realistic conflict theory, prejudice and discrimination are likely to increase When
(A) People are competing for job and security
(B) People who hold stereotypes about a target group are frustrated
(C) People know that their close friends are prejudiced
(D) A country has history of Racism

89. According to the Gestalt principle of _____, we tend to perceive objects as forming Mirror images about their centre.
(A) Proximity
(B) Continuity
(C) Symmetry
(D) Similarity

90. According to the trait theory of personality, a set of major characteristics that make up the Core of a person's personality is called
(A) Secondary trait
(B) Primary trait
(C) Cardinal trait
(D) Tertiary trait

91. According to Jung, inherited images in the collective unconscious that shape our perceptions Of the external world are called

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(A) Archetypes
(B) Animus
(C) Self concept
(D) Anima

92. According to Allport, a single trait that dominates an individual's entire personality is called
(A) Central trait
(B) Secondary trait
(C) Functional autonomy
(D) Cardinal trait

93. According to classical psychoanalytic theory, a mechanism of defense in which various Forbidden thoughts and impulses are attributed to another person rather than the self, thus Warding off some anxiety, is called
(A) Projection
(B) Introjection
(C) Regression
(D) Reaction formation

94. According to Atkinson's and Shiffrin Information-processing model, a stimulus from our Outside environment is first stored in
(A) Working memory
(B) Sensory memory
(C) Long term memory
(D) Short term memory

95. According to NEO PI-R test of personality, the facet of aesthetics comes under _____Domain of personality.
(A) Openness to experience
(B) Extroversion
(C) Agreeableness
(D) Conscientiousness

96. With the _____ method of performance appraisal, the manager places Predetermined percentages of subordinates in performance categories.
(A) Graphic rating scale
(B) Paired comparison
(C) Forced distribution
(D) Alternation ranking

97. The mental ability to analyse and diagnose complex situations is called
(A) Technical skill
(B) Human skill
(C) Conceptual skill
(D) Political skill

98. Behavioural health challenges the biomedical model for its
(A) Assumptions of separation of mind and body
(B) Combination of biological and psychological factors in treatment
(C) Identification of the root cause of illness
(D) Focus on illness prevention

99. Under the pressure of excessive anxiety, the ego is sometimes forced to take extreme Measures to relieve it. In psychoanalytic theory, these measures are called
(A) Défense mechanism
(B) Electra complex
(C) Oedipus complex
(D) Avoidance

100. The first version of DSM (DSM-I) was published in the year
(A) 1957 (B) 1962
(C) 1947 (D) 1952

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ANSWER KEY

QS NO	Answer	QS NO	Answer	QS NO	Answer	QS NO	Answer
1	B	26	C	51	C	76	D
2	B	27	B	52	D	77	A
3	A	28	B	53	C	78	D
4	C	29	A	54	D	79	C
5	B	30	C	55	C	80	B
6	A	31	A	56	D	81	C
7	C	32	B	57	D	82	C
8	D	33	A	58	A	83	B
9	A	34	C	59	B	84	B
10	A	35	C	60	C	85	A
11	B	36	D	61	C	86	A
12	C	37	B	62	B	87	D
13	D	38	D	63	A	88	A
14	B	39	D	64	C	89	C
15	B	40	D	65	D	90	A,B,C,D
16	A	41	A	66	B	91	A
17	D	42	B	67	B	92	D
18	A	43	D	68	A	93	A
19	C	44	B&C	69	D	94	B
20	A	45	B	70	A,B&C	95	A
21	C	46	D	71	C	96	B
22	D	47	C	72	B	97	C
23	D	48	C	73	D	98	A
24	B	49	B	74	D	99	A
25	B	50	D	75	C	100	D

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Delhi University Entrance Examination 2018

1. When extinction takes place, the conditioned response
   (A) gets stronger
   (B) is actively 'unlearned'
   (C) will probably never occur
   (D) just fades away

2. On a _____ scale respondents who endorse one statement also agree with milder statements pertinent to the same underlying continuum.
   (A) Guttman (B) Likert
   (C) Thurstone (D) Osgood

3. A form of therapy that applies the principles of reinforcement to bring about desired is called
   (A) Cognitive therapy
   (B) Psychoanalysis
   (C) Fixed role therapy
   (D) Behaviour modification

4. Which of the following is NOT a conclusion that can be drawn from the Hawthorne studies?
   (A) Money motivates work group to perform to their full potential the study results
   (B) Work groups develop social norms about an acceptable level of output
   (C) Social relations at work matter a lot
   (D) The mere fact of knowing that they are participating in research can influence

5. Which of the following is not a method used in descriptive research?
   (A) Case study
   (B) Experiment
   (C) Survey
   (D) Naturalistic observation

6. The technique used for children's development takes as a joint activity with adults is known as
   (A) Intersubjectivity
   (B) Cooperative Learning
   (C) Scaffolding
   (D) Private Speech

7. Collecting the same observations or measurement and finding the same results as were found previously is called _____.
   (A) Replication (B) Hypothesis
   (C) Data (D) Variable

8. The _____ encompasses connection between microsystems
   (A) Macrosystem
   (B) Exosystem
   (C) Mesosystem
   (D) Chronosystem

9. The sequence of stages of oral reasonsing identified by Kohlberg are
   (A) Preconventional, conventional, postconventional
   (B) Preconceptual, conceptual, postconceptual
   (C) Preoperational, operational, postoperational
   (D) Preconformist, confirmst, postconfirmist

10. A stimulus associated with the delivery of reinforcement when an appropriate response is made is known as
    (A) reinforce
    (B) controlled stimulus
    (C) discriminative stimulus
    (D) discriminated reinforce

11. Which form of therapy places emphasis on the assumption that maladaptive thoughts are the basis of many psychological disorders
    (A) Rational emotive therapy
    (B) Psychoanalysis
    (C) Client centred therapy
    (D) Behaviour therapy

12. The existence of seventh primary emotion suggested by some theorists is
    (A) Outrage
    (B) Gratitude
    (C) Contempt
    (D) Frustration

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13. The term egocentrism refers to children's
    (A) Lack of a well developed superego
    (B) Persistent selfishness
    (C) inability to conserve
    (D) Tendency to see things only from their own perspective

14. Infant attachment has been explained in terms of all of the following except
    (A) Innate behaviour
    (B) Imprint
    (C) comfort contact
    (D) rational thought

15. The structures that make up the immune system are
    (A) Carcinogens
    (B) Neuroendocrine system
    (C) Psychoneuroimmunology
    (D) Immune system

16. The study of an individual perception and use of space, including territorial space, is called
    (A) Paralanguage
    (B) Proxemics
    (C) Dialectic
    (D) Kinesics

17. Thematic Apperception Test is based upon the defence mechanism of
    (A) Projection
    (B) Sublimation
    (C) Reaction Formation
    (D) Repression

18. While teaching a dog how to shake hands, which of the following reinforcement schedule would facilitate the most rapid learning
    (A) fixed ratio
    (B) variable ratio
    (C) continuous
    (D) variable interval

19. A fixed interval schedule is one that is based on a
    (A) Varying number of responses
    (B) Varying period of time
    (C) Set number of responses
    (D) Set period of time

20. Individuals prone to depression often make and attribution for their problems
    (A) Internal, stable
    (B) Internal, unstable
    (C) External, unstable
    (D) External, stable

21. During a normal night's sleep, how many times do we pass through the different stages of sleep
    (A) 8–11 (B) 2–3
    (C) 2 (D) 4–7

22. The lobe mostly concerned in keeping us physically oriented in our environment is
    (A) Frontal (B) Parietal
    (C) Dorsal (D) Temporal

23. Self-actualization over concern with attractiveness ; tendency to irritability; temper outbursts if attention seeking is frustrated are symptoms of
    (A) Narcissistic Personality Disorder
    (B) Histrionic Personality Disorder
    (C) Anorexia Nervosa
    (D) Obsessive –Compulsive disorder

24. The investment of psychic energy in an object or person is
    (A) cathexis (B) displacement
    (C) free association (D) catharsis

25. _____ is Learning or strengthening behaviour of others, and the consequences of that behaviour, rather than experiencing the reinforcement or consequences directly
    (A) Vicarious reinforcement
    (B) Modelling
    (C) Observational learning
    (D) Disinhibition

26. The fact that the things people want and value most are good jobs, nice homes, and high status are always in short supply. It serves as the foundation for what is perhaps the oldest explanation of prejudice _____.
    (A) Norm violation theory
    (B) Identity theory
    (C) Realistic conflict theory

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(D) Intergroup conflict theory

27. Intergroup conflict theory Cultural harmony and reducing the salience of group identities can be achieved through, which of the following attempts at recategorization?
(A) Forgiveness
(B) Segregation of shared spaces
(C) Appealing to Humanity
(D) Third Party Intervention

28. The current approach to psychology most closely aligned with the structuralists in its interest.In topics like consciousness, mental imagery and thought process is
(A) neuroscience
(B) cognitive psychology
(C) behaviourism
(D) functionalism

29. Individuals labelled as psychopaths are suffering from
(A) Schizophrenia
(B) Antisocial personality disorder
(C) Borderline personality disorder
(D) Obsessive-compulsive disorder

30. Prolonged use of antipsychotic drugs can bring on a neurological condition characterised by uncontrollable facial twitches and grimaces known as
(A) Dementia
(B) Tardive dyskinesia
(C) Twitch syndrome
(D) Muscular atrophy

31. Directly observable characteristics are called
(A) Phenotypes
(B) Chromosomes
(C) Epigenesis
(D) Genotypes

32. An independent variable that varies along with the ones of interest and could be the actual basis for what you are measuring is called _____
(A) Dependent (B) Independent
(C) Confound (D) Control

33. The socio cognitive approach to personality suggests the idea that one's experiences can
(A) Encourage personality to remain stable
(B) Affect both personality stability and change
(C) Eliminate the effects of biology on personality
(D) Brings about change in personality

34. In which of the following therapies clients are encouraged to express their true thoughts and feelings and become their true selves in
(A) Psychodynamic therapy
(B) Psychoanalysis
(C) Behaviour therapy
(D) Client centred therapy

35. The first step in developing a training program includes
(A) Designing the training program
(B) Training needs analysis
(C) Evaluating the training program
(D) choosing the training method

36. Oversimplified attitudes about the entire groups of people are called
(A) Prejudices
(B) Stereotypes
(C) Prototypes
(D) Negative instances

37. Aphasia is neurobiological disorder symptomatized is
(A) Difficulty localising objects in space
(B) Language breakdown
(C) Inability to recognize people from their faces
(D) Insensitivity to pain

38. The cerebral cortex is divided into two split halves known as the right and the left
(A) Cerebellum
(B) Corpus Callosum
(C) Cortices
(D) Cerebral hemispheres

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39. Psychologists in the area of _____ focus on man machine interaction, physical fatigue and strain and workplace design
(A) Training in development
(B) Industrial psychology
(C) Developmental Psychology
(D) Ergonomics

40. Therapies that focus on the self talk, problem solving strategies and belief systems of clients are referred to as .....therapies
(A) Cognitive
(B) Psychodynamic
(C) Psychoanalytical
(D) Behavioural

41. Geetanjali conforms to the idea of visiting a museum as most people in her class have voted for the same. The basis of her conformity is
(A) Ignorance
(B) Callousness
(C) Normative
(D) Informational

42. A friend mentions to you that "she remembers everything that ever happens to her." What concept from memory research most directly contradicts this belief?
(A) recovered memory
(B) selective attention
(C) Eidetic memory
(D) constructive memory

43. When a large number of persons respond to questions about their attitudes or behavior, it is called
(A) Survey method
(B) Systematic observation
(C) Experimental method
(D) Correlational method

44. When a group of employees who work on voluntarily on company time to address work related problems such as quality control, cost reduction, production, planning, product designing and techniques are called
(A) Quality Circles
(B) Kaizens
(C) Employees Assistance
(D) ISO 9000

45. The brain structure that plays an important role in feelings of hunger is
(A) hippocampus
(B) hypothalamus
(C) parietal lobe
(D) thalamus

46. In a scientific method, specifying a problem involves
(A) Collecting Data
(B) Defining the variable
(C) Posing questions about the phenomenon
(D) Analyzing Data

47. In experimental design, the variable that is manipulated is the _____.
(A) Independent
(B) Confounding
(C) Dependent
(D) Control Correct

48. A person's view of his or her own worth is called
(A) self esteem
(B) self-efficacy
(C) self-actualization
(D) self-concept

49. _____ skills relate to a leader's knowledge and ability in any organizational functional area.
(A) Interpersonal
(B) Technical
(C) Managerial
(D) Conceptual

50. _____ validity is determined by the degree to which the questions or items on a test are representative of the universe of behaviour the test was designed to sample.
(A) Convergent
(B) Concurrent validity
(C) Criterion
(D) Content

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51. Our belief that social influence plays a smaller role in shaping our own action than it does in shaping the actions of others is known as
    (A) Autokinetic phenomenon
    (B) Normative Social Influence
    (C) Cognitive Dissonance
    (D) Introspection Illusion

52. Just before the doors of the elevator close, Sheela, a classmate you dislike, enters the elevator. You immediately leave, whispering about having forgotten something. Your behavior will have a consequence of _____ for you
    (A) punishment
    (B) shaping
    (C) positive reinforcement
    (D) negative reinforcement

53. Arrange the steps followed in Behavior Modelling method of training in the correct order
    (A) Social reinforcement, Role playing, modelling, transfer of training
    (B) Modelling, role playing, social reinforcement, transfer of training
    (C) Modelling, role playing, transfer of training, social reinforcement
    (D) Role playing, modelling, social reinforcement, transfer of training

54. Odd even method of splitting the test in order to estimate split half reliability is most appropriate for
    (A) Projective tests
    (B) Neuropsychological tests
    (C) Power tests
    (D) Speed tests

55. Leader Behavior Description Questionnaire led to the emergence of which dimensions of leadership
    (A) Concern for people and concern for task
    (B) Consideration and initiating structure
    (C) Autocratic and democratic
    (D) Task oriented and relationship oriented

56. The four basic techniques for Freudian psychoanalysis are
    (A) Free association, analysis of transference, analysis of resistance, analysis of systematic desensitization.
    (B) Free association, analysis of dreams, analysis of congruency, analysis of resistance
    (C) Free association, analysis of resistance, analysis of shaping, analysis of dreams
    (D) Free association, Analysis of dreams Analysis of resistance ,Analysis of transference

57. A measure of validity that compares to a different, valid procedure is called _____.
    (A) Content Validity
    (B) Construct Validity
    (C) Criterion Validity
    (D) Face Validity

58. Which theory explains why people reduce their output when they feel unfairly treated
    (A) Herzberg's theory
    (B) Expectancy theory
    (C) Goal setting theory
    (D) Balance theory

59. In a _____the performance of each examinee is interpreted in reference to a relevant standardization sample
    (A) Aptitude test
    (B) Criterion referenced test
    (C) Group test
    (D) Norm referenced test

60. Colour blindness and colour afterimages are best explained by
    (A) opponent process theory
    (B) visible hue theory
    (C) trichromatic theory
    (D) binocular disparity theory

61. Token economy is based on the principle of
    (A) Secondary reinforcement
    (B) Punishment
    (C) Primary reinforcement

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(D) Observational learning

62. When belief, expectations, or habits alter how participants in a study respond is called _____.
(A) Research Validity
(B) Research Bias
(C) Research hypothesis
(D) Placebo Research

63. A final barrier that prevents women as a group from reaching top positions at the workplace is known as
(A) Stereotyping
(B) Gender role norms
(C) Glass ceiling
(D) Glass cliff effect

64. Multimodal therapy(Lazrus,1981) is an example of
(A) Gestalt Therapy
(B) Eclecticism and Integration
(C) Existentialist Humanistic Therapy
(D) Psychoanalytic Psychotherapy

65. Disorder for a short duration is called _____
(A) Acute (B) Chronic
(C) Moderate (D) Mild

66. _____ glands of the body, producing a variety of hormones that regulate or control the other endocrine glands
(A) Gonadal gland
(B) Thyroid gland
(C) Adrenal gland
(D) Pituitary gland

67. _____ are concise ways of summarizing properties of sets of numbers.
(A) Descriptive statistics
(B) Meta analysis
(C) Inferential statistics
(D) Statistical significance

68. Hypothesis is different from theories as
(A) Only hypotheses are used to explain behaviour
(B) Only hypothesis can be tested
(C) Research tests theories rather than hypotheses
(D) Theories are generally are broader than hypotheses

69. Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS) is a treatment for
(A) Internet Addiction Disorder
(B) Phobias
(C) Schizoid personality disorder
(D) Depression

70. There are incompatible demands on the role incumbent
(A) Role overload
(B) Role erosion
(C) Role conflict
(D) Role ambiguity

71. Job enrichment is a technique for loading of the job
(A) Horizontal (B) Vertical
(C) diagonal (D) Lateral

72. The time span of STM is
(A) 2830 seconds (B) 22-25seconds
(C) 5-10seconds (D) 18-20 seconds

73. Which of the following is most appropriate for the metaphor the 'melting pot'
(A) Diversity and Culture
(B) Aggression and Violence
(C) Socialization and Roles
(D) Stress and Burnout

74. Which of the following cannot be used to describe the spread of values in a distribution of data?
(A) The standard Deviation
(B) Measures of variability
(C) The mean
(D) The range

75. Most prenatal influences on humans are genetic or hormonal in origin except for
(A) parents' level of education about fetal development
(B) stress on the mother
(C) family history of mental illness
(D) teratogens

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76. Rajiv is always unsure of his decisions major or minor and looks forward to constant validation from his wife. The style of attachment exhibited by Rajiv is called
(A) Insecure attachment style
(B) Preoccupied attachment style
(C) Secure attachment style
(D) Dismissing attachment style

77. Hysteria is characterised by
(A) Uncontrollable ranting and raving
(B) Inappropriate laughter or tears
(C) Physical symptoms without any discernible physical basis
(D) Hallucinations and delusions

78. Motives like need to spend time with others or to influence others are known as _____motives
(A) Physiological (B) Social
(C) Extrinsic (D) Power

79. Neurological studies on positive affect and fearful distress dimensions of temperament suggest that shy children
(A) React Positively to and Approach novel stimulus
(B) React Negatively to and Withdraw from novel stimulus
(C) React Negatively to and Approach novel stimulus
(D) React Positively to and Withdraw from novel stimulus

80. Which theory propounds that employees are uninterested in work and have to be goaded to do so?
(A) Theory Z (B) Theory C
(C) Theory Y (D) Theory X

81. Which of the following is not a type dichotomy in Myers and Briggs Type Indicator test of personality?
(A) Judging – perceiving
(B) Neuroticism Emotional stability
(C) Thinking Feeling
(D) Extraversion Introversion

82. .....is the disorder which typically involves uncontrollable head movements with Accompanying sounds such as grunts,clicks, yelps, sniffs or words.
(A) Pervasive developmental disorder
(B) Functional enuresis
(C) Tourett's disorder
(D) Ecnopresis

83. Hopelessness theory is an attempt to explain
(A) Depression
(B) Schizophrenia
(C) Anxiety disorder
(D) Personality disorder

84. Prozac usually used as an antidepressant drug belongs to
(A) Serotonin and Norepinephrine Reuptake Inhibitors(snris)
(B) MAO inhibitors
(C) Tricyclic antidepressants
(D) Selective serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors(ssris)

85. According to Bass' Full Range Model of Leadership, which of the following is a feature of transactional leadership?
(A) Individualized consideration
(B) Laissez faire
(C) Intellectual stimulation
(D) Contingent reward

86. According to Erikson, the central development task of adolescence concerns
(A) Integrity (B) Industry
(C) Identity (D) Intimacy

87. According to Herzberg's two factor theory, which of the following is a Hygiene factor?
(A) Skill variety
(B) Status
(C) Opportunity for decision making
(D) Autonomy

88. The yerkesdodson law predicts that most people would perform an easy task best if they are at a

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(A) high level of arousal
(B) low level of arousal
(C) optimal level of arousal
(D) state of homeostasis

89. While constructing a test and item writing, it is a common error, there the question or the item touches upon more than one issue; however the response option is only one. Such items are referred to as
(A) Leading questions
(B) Double barrelled questions
(C) Open Ended questions
(D) Reverse coding questions

90. According to Hofstede, _____ dimension characterizes tolerance for ambiguity.
(A) Masculinity
(B) Individualism
(C) Power distance
(D) Uncertainty avoidance

91. According to the earliest theories of hunger, the primary signal that motivates us to eat is
(A) food in the mouth
(B) the firing of neurons in the brain
(C) the sight of food
(D) stomach contraction

92. According to the formulation of Peter Drucker, the goal setting is applicable to all employees having a clear influence over the goal setting process. This is known as
(A) CEO (B) MBO
(C) ACR (D) PAS

93. According to Lewin's force field analysis, in order to bring about a change
(A) Forces opposing change should be reduced
(B) Forces resisting the change should be increased
(C) Forces driving change should not be enhanced
(D) Forces driving change should be reduced

94. According to Allen and Meyer, which type of Organizational commitment is characterized by a sense of obligation to stay in the organization because it is the right thing to do
(A) Intrinsic commitment
(B) Continuance commitment
(C) Normative commitment
(D) Affective commitment

95. According to Hershey and Blanchard Situational Leadership Theory, which of the following leadership style will be effective for followers who are high on both job and psychological maturity?
(A) Selling
(B) Telling
(C) Participating
(D) Delegating

96. According to Kohlberg gender development moves through the following stages
(A) Oral, Anal, Phallic, Latency, Genital
(B) Preconventional, Conventional, Postconventional
(C) Sensorymotor, Preoperational, Concreteoperational, Formaloperational
(D) Labeling, Stability, Consistency

97. A researcher while investigating the effect of coffee on sleep patterns of individuals concludes that there is no impact of coffee on sleep patterns. What may be inferred about his conclusion?
(A) He rejected Ho while it was true
(B) He retained Ho while it was false
(C) He accepted Ho while it was true
(D) He accepted Ho while it was false

98. The measure of central tendency most affected by the presence of extreme value is the _____.
(A) Mode (B) Median
(C) Frequency (D) Mean

99. The multiple choice test is to tab the measure of memory dealing with
(A) Recognition
(B) Reconstruction
(C) Relearning
(D) Recall

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100. The match between individual and organizational expectations is called
(A) person job fit
(B) Psychological contract
(C) Person organization fit
(D) Performance management

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	ANS	Q.NO	ANS	Q.NO	ANS	Q.NO	ANS
1	B	26	C	51	D	76	A
2	A	27	C	52	D	77	C
3	D	28	B	53	B	78	B
4	A	29	B	54	C	79	B
5	B	30	B	55	B	80	D
6	C	31	A	56	D	81	B
7	A	32	C	57	C	82	C
8	C	33	B	58	D	83	A
9	B	34	D	59	D	84	D
10	B	35	B	60	A	85	D
11	A	36	B	61	A	86	C
12	C	37	B	62	B	87	B
13	D	38	D	63	C	88	A
14	D	39	D	64	B	89	B
15	B	40	A	65	A	90	D
16	B	41	C	66	D	91	D
17	A	42	B	67	A	92	B
18	C	43	A	68	B	93	A
19	D	44	A	69	D	94	C
20	A	45	B	70	C	95	D
21	D	46	C	71	B	96	D
22	B	47	A	72	A	97	B
23	B	48	A	73	A	98	D
24	A	49	B	74	C	99	A
25	A	50	D	75	D	100	C

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Delhi University Entrance Examination 2018

1. If one part of the lobe is destroyed, the person will not be able to see half of the object.
   (A) Frontal
   (B) Parietal
   (C) Occipital
   (D) Temporal

2. One feature of the streaming of consciousness that received substantial attention by researcher is
   (A) Gender differences
   (B) Daydreaming
   (C) Brain wave patterns
   (D) Eye movement

3. When an experimenter lies to a subjects about the true nature of an experiment or creates a false impression through his or her actions or the setting it is
   (A) Deception
   (B) Experimental design
   (C) Quasi experimental design
   (D) Classical experimental design

4. A scale often used in survey method research in which people express attitudes or other persons responses in terms of ordinal level categories ranked along a continuum
   (A) Likert scale
   (B) Bogardus social distance scale
   (C) Guttman scaling index
   (D) Semantic differential

5. Research question such as ascertaining what percentage of voters prefer a particular candidate _____
   (A) Research hypothesis can be formulated
   (B) No hypothesis will be formulated
   (C) Null hypothesis can be formulated
   (D) Alternative hypothesis can be formulated

6. Research that proceeds in a cyclical, iterative or back and forth pattern and is often used in qualitative research is
   (A) Counterbalancing
   (B) Integrity
   (C) Nonlinear research path
   (D) Linear research path

7. The electromagnetic spectrum with different wavelengths of light produced sensations of different colours is called_____.
   (A) Hue
   (B) Saturation
   (C) Lightness
   (D) None of these

8. Any environmental agent that causes damage during prenatal period is
   (A) Allele
   (B) Marasmus
   (C) Growth faltering
   (D) Teratogen

9. Under schizophrenic thought disorder seems to be an abnormal style of information processing brought about by
   (A) Auditory impairments
   (B) Hyperactivity
   (C) An absence of sensory information
   (D) Extreme distractibility

10. People having difficulty in focusing on distant objects have_____.
    (A) Astigmatism
    (B) None of these
    (C) Myopia
    (D) Hypermetropia

11. Talking with subjects after an experiment to give them true explanation of the experiment if deception has been used or to learn from their perception is
    (A) Probing
    (B) Interaction effect
    (C) Debriefing
    (D) Rapport formation

12. Physical attractiveness of a person or any other trait can influence multiple

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judgments or lead to a more favourable view of the whole personality. This tendency is called
(A) Primacy effect
(B) Pygmalion effect
(C) Halo effect
(D) Non- common effect

13. A form of social interaction in which children orient towards a common goals by resolving differences of opinions, sharing responsibilities and providing one another with sufficient explanations to misunderstanding is
(A) Creativity
(B) Cooperative play
(C) Cooperative learning
(D) Social learning theory

14. Interpretations from the point of the people being studied is
(A) Second order interpretation
(B) Third order interpretation
(C) Attributes
(D) First order interpretation

15. Abraham Maslow divided social motives into four specific groups, including all of the following except
(A) Love
(B) Esteem
(C) Avoidance
(D) Self-actualization

16. Reductions in motivation and effort when individuals work in a group compared to when they work alone is called-
(A) Hooliganism
(B) De-individuation
(C) Social facilitation
(D) Social-loafing

17. Presence of two or more disorders in the same person is called _____.
(A) Distortions
(B) Mortality
(C) Comorbidity
(D) Labelling

18. The defines mechanism involving an intellectual reason to justify a certain action connected only in the mind of the person after the behaviour is completed is
(A) Denial
(B) Repression
(C) Rationalization
(D) Projection

19. The component of personality that is a vast reservoir of basic biological urges is the
(A) Libido (B) Id
(C) Ego (D) Superego

20. The combined memory of a group that is more efficient than the memory of the individual members is
(A) Group think
(B) False memory syndrome
(C) Transactive memory
(D) Collective memory

21. Non-parametric equivalent of 1 sample t-test is-
(A) Mann-Whitney U test
(B) Spearman Þ
(C) Wilcoxon signed rank
(D) Chi-Square

22. A sudden and extreme disturbance of memory in which individuals wander off, adopt a new identity, and are unable to recall their own past is
(A) Retrograde amnesia
(B) Dissociative Fugue
(C) Dissociative amnesia
(D) Dissociative identity disorder

23. Classification of self on the basis of perceptually distinct attributes and behaviors such as age, physical characteristics, sex, goodness and badness developing between 18and 30 months is
(A) Enduring self
(B) Inner self
(C) Categorical self
(D) Remembered self

24. The suggestions that depressed people have unrealistic perceptions and that they

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act in a manner consistent with hopelessness theory are consistent with the …… viewpoint
(A) Sociocultural
(B) Learning
(C) Cognitive
(D) Psychoanalytic

25. Area transformations like percentile ranks do not change the _____of scores, but they do change the between scores.
(A) Difference, distance
(B) Intervals, rank order
(C) Rank order, intervals
(D) Distance, difference

26. A language structure located in the left temporal lobe of the cerebral cortex that plays a role in comprehending word meaning is
(A) Agrammatism
(B) Broca's area
(C) Nucleus Cingulate
(D) Wernicke's area

27. The order of the Ossicles (middle ear bone) is-
(A) Incus, Malleus, Stapes
(B) Stapes, Incus, Malleus
(C) Malleus , Incus, Stapes
(D) Malleus, Stapes, Incus

28. A neurological disorder characterized by sleep at inappropriate times is called-
(A) Insomnia
(B) Sleep Apnea
(C) Narcolepsy
(D) Hypersomnia

29. The theory that frustration –the perception that you are being prevented from attaining a goal-increases the probability of an aggressive response
(A) Instrumental Aggression
(B) Fundamental attribution error
(C) Frustration Aggression Theory
(D) Misattribution of Arousal

30. The theory that hold that self esteem serves to buffer, protecting people from terrifying thoughts about their own mortality is
(A) Story Model
(B) Two Factor theory of Emotion
(C) Terror Management Theory
(D) Upward Social Comparison

31. Terror Management Theory A large 'standard error' is reflective of
(A) Sample not representative of the population
(B) Sample representative of the population
(C) Negative correlation coefficient obtained
(D) In calculation of population Mean value

32. If there is sudden impairment of consciousness (without an aura) lasting only a few seconds, during which the patient may simply state vacantly, without speaking or apparently hearing nothing is called _____.
(A) Absence seizure
(B) Complex partial seizure
(C) Tonic-clonic seizure
(D) Amnesia

33. EEG recording of the REM sleep is characterized by
(A) Theta waves only
(B) Alpha and Beta waves
(C) Delta waves only
(D) Theta and Beta waves

34. The reversal to +40 mV strongly implicates the action of _____ as the basis for action potential.
(A) Na+ ions (B) Glucose
(C) Nitrogen ions (D) K + ions

35. _____ method of analysis helps to study of mental disorders capitalize on several currently known locations on chromosomes of genes for other inherited physical characteristics or biological process.
(A) Case history
(B) Case studies

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(C) Association studies
(D) Linkage analysis

36. _____is a statement that has at least one independent and one dependent variable and has yet to be empirically tested.
(A) Causal hypothesis
(B) Null hypothesis
(C) Alternative hypothesis
(D) Double barrelled hypothesis

37. _____ proposes that the words people use determine how they think about themselves and the worl(D)
(A) Vygotsky's hypothesis
(B) Cognitive universalism
(C) Pragmatics
(D) Linguistic relativity hypothesis

38. _____ is a form of perspective taking that requires the ability to view a situation from at least two perspective, that is to reason simultaneously about what two or more people are thinking
(A) Referential style
(B) Reversibility
(C) Recursive thought
(D) Reconstruction

39. _____ is the size of the difference in a stimulus property (such as the brightness of light) needed for the observer to notice a difference.
(A) Differential limen
(B) None of the above
(C) Just noticeable difference
(D) Reiz leimen

40. Facilitating entry of new entrants in an organization through orientation programmes are studied under which of the following
(A) Organization Adaption
(B) Organizational Fit
(C) Organizational Socialization
(D) Organizational Accommodation

41. Method of gathering and analysing data on the , choice communication and interaction patterns of people in groups, is referred to
(A) Informal group method
(B) Role playing method
(C) Sociometry
(D) Focus groups method

42. Writing Disorder in which the person can spell regularly spelled words but not irregularly spelled one is
(A) Developmental dyslexia
(B) Direct dyslexia
(C) Orthographic dysgraphia
(D) Phonologically dysgraphia

43. T-Groups are known as an organizational intervention technique, known for
(A) Absence of any structure in interaction
(B) Absence of any leadership
(C) Absence of verbal communication
(D) Absence of politics

44. The process whereby people flatter, praise and generally try to make themselves likeable of the experiment, which has been explained in advance is
(A) Informational social influence
(B) Informed consent
(C) Ingratiation
(D) Interdependence

45. The tendency to attribute positive outcomes to internal causes but negative ones to external causes is known as-
(A) Impression Management
(B) Actor-Observer Effect
(C) Self-serving Bias
(D) Kinship Selection Theory

46. The tendency to go along with the group in order to fulfil the group's expectation and gain acceptance is
(A) Normative conformity
(B) Minority Influence
(C) Out group homogeneity
(D) Social compliance

47. The term 'employee turnover' is related to which of the following issues

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(A) Performance in organization
(B) Attrition in organization
(C) Absenteeism in organization
(D) Employee transfers in organization

48. Relatively rare disorder where accumulation of an abnormal amount of cerebrospinal fluid within the cranium causing damage to the brain tissue and enlargement of the skull
(A) phenylketonuria
(B) macrocephaly
(C) Hydrocephaly
(D) Microcephaly

49. When is a person less likely to conform?
(A) When the group cannot see how the person behaves
(B) When the group is unanimous
(C) When the person feels incompetent
(D) When the person admires the group

50. When the group cannot see how the person behaves _____is an alternative to ANOVA (with independent samples) for situations in which measurements are on an ordinal scale or when there are doubts about the distributional assumptions associated with the F test.
(A) Mann-Whitney U test
(B) The Sign test
(C) Wilcoxin sign-ranked test
(D) Kruskal–Wallis test

51. _____are extraordinarily sensitive to light, but they only allow us to see sets of grey.
(A) Cones (B) Optic nerve
(C) Rods (D) Retina

52. Prisoner's dilemma' exercise highlights important issues related to
(A) Pro-social and antisocial behaviour
(B) Violence and dehumanization
(C) Aggression and destructiveness
(D) Cooperation and Competition

53. Cooperation and Competition A threat to internal validity when groups in a experiment are not equivalent at the beginning of the experiment with regard to the dependent variable is
(A) Testing effect
(B) History effects
(C) Maturation effects
(D) Selection bias

54. "Naïve realism" refers to the fact that
(A) Few people are realistic
(B) Most people would rather be naïve than accurate
(C) Most people believe they perceive things accurately
(D) Most people are naïve about psychology

55. What is the median of the following group of scores- 12, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20
(A) 18 (B) 16.5
(C) 15 (D) 15.5

56. What is group polarization?
(A) A situation in which one harms oneself and others by acting in one's self-interest
(B) The tendency of a close-knit group to emphasize consensus at the expense of critical thinking and rational decision making
(C) The tendency for a dominant point of view in a group to be strengthened to a more extreme position after a group discussion
(D) The strength of the liking and commitment group members have toward each other and to a group

57. In case of reverse discrimination policy or programmes, often there is overt compliance and many important issues are left unaddresse(D) This issue has been referred to as
(A) Tokenism
(B) Groupthink
(C) Fundamental attribution error
(D) Social loafing

58. A type of experimental research in which neither the subjects nor the person who directly deals with the subjects for the

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experimenter knows the specifics of the experiment is
(A) Diffusion of treatment
(B) Experimenter expectancy
(C) Equivalent time series design
(D) Double bind experiment

59. The method of combination works on the basis of successive rather than simultaneous is called _____.
(A) Spatial summation
(B) Inhibitory post synaptic potential
(C) Excitatory postsynaptic potential
(D) Temporal summation

60. According to Psychoanalytic theory a person's behaviour is motivated mainly by
(A) Money and power
(B) What others think
(C) The hope of the future
(D) Sexual and aggressive instinctual urges

61. According to Path Goal Leadership theory, the leader who sets challenging goals for associates and shows confidence that they will attain these goals and perform well is called:
(A) Supportive leader
(B) Achievement-oriented leader
(C) Participative leader
(D) Directive leader

62. According to the 'Managerial Grid' approach to leadership which of the below given concerns is characterized by a greater emphasis on relationships and comfortable and friendly atmosphere?
(A) (9,9) (B) (1,1)
(C) (9,1) (D) (1,9)

63. According to the Hackman and Oldham Job Characteristics Model of Work Motivation, _____ refers to whether the job has a definite beginning and end i.e. How complete a module of work does the employee perform.
(A) Skill variety
(B) Task significance
(C) Task identity
(D) Autonomy

64. According to the Sternberg Theory of Love, Companionate love is characterized by
(A) Low intimacy, low passion, low commitment
(B) Low intimacy, high passion, low commitment
(C) High intimacy, high passion, high commitment
(D) High intimacy, low passion, high commitment

65. Foundations of knowledge based on logic, processes of reason and a knowable singular reality,is characteristic of _____ era
(A) Modern
(B) Super- modernity
(C) Pre-modern
(D) Postmodern

66. Highly cohesive groups often assume that they can do no wrong and that information contrary to the group's view should be rejecte(D) This tendency is known as-
(A) Evaluation apprehension
(B) Groupthink
(C) Brainstorming
(D) Group Polarization

67. When are people more likely to be persuaded by a message?
(A) All of these
(B) If they think the person sending the message has a vested interest in the point of view expressed in the message
(C) If they are forewarned about the message
(D) If they like the person sending the message

68. Which of the following statements about sleep is not true?
(A) People sleep less soundly at the first in unfamiliar places.
(B) Physical exercise in the afternoon results in longer sleep in that night.

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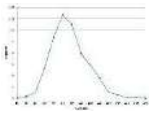
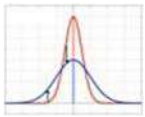
(C) There appears not to be an identifiable quota of sleep that adults require.
(D) Most people in industrialized societies get more sleep than they feel they need

69. Which of the following options is most relevant for understanding ' rumors' at work'?
(A) Absence of Non- verbal communication
(B) Absence of communication channel
(C) Presence of informal communication
(D) Presence of Information overload in communication

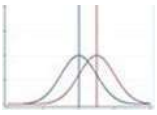
70. Which of the following is known as relay station
(A) Cerebrum
(B) Thalamus
(C) Hypothalamus
(D) Medulla

71. Which of the following represents equal means equal standard deviations?
(A)





(D)



72. Which of the following is an in assumption regarding Analysis of Variance
(A) The populations are normally distributed
(B) The variances of the several populations are the same
(C) Samples are drawn at random without replacement
(D) Selection of elements comprising any particular sample is independent of selection of elements of any other sample.

73. Which of the following is the sequence in Behaviour modelling training method?
(A) Role playing, modelling, social reinforcement, transfer of training,
(B) Role playing, modelling, transfer of training, social reinforcement
(C) Modelling, role playing, transfer of training, social reinforcement
(D) Modelling, role playing, social reinforcement, transfer of training

74. Which of the following is not a part of Histological method of brain lesion?
(A) Electron microscopy
(B) Fixation and Sectioning
(C) Cryogenic
(D) Staining

75. Which of the following are the core components of the concept of Psychological Capital?
(A) Hope, Freedom, Creativity, Flow
(B) Hope, Freedom, Citizenship, Loyalty
(C) Hope Self –Efficacy, Resilience, Optimism
(D) Hope, Creativity, Flow, Engagement

76. Which of the following method is not used to estimate internal consistency reliability?
(A) Coefficient alpha
(B) Split half reliability
(C) Kuder Richardson Formula 20
(D) Test retest reliability

77. Which of the below given options is not a model of test scoring
(A) random responding model
(B) ipsative model
(C) categorical model
(D) cumulative model

78. HRM organizational charts indicating positions that may become vacant in the near future and the individuals who may fill the vacancies is known as
(A) Expectancy Charts
(B) Human Resource Information Charts
(C) Replacement charts

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(D) Selection charts

79. If three groups of independent sample each having 30 numbers drawn following simple random sampling, then the degrees of freedom (of) for between group is____.
(A) k-1 (B) nk-1
(C) n-1 (D) n-k

80. An employee is greatly valued in an organization owing to the possession of information and knowledge. The employee is said to have_____
(A) Legitimate power base
(B) Referent power base
(C) Reward power base
(D) Expert power base

81. Within the cognitive approach the ABC model describes
(A) A= activating event; B= Beliefs about the event; C= Consequences of the belief about the Event
(B) A= Activating event; B=Beliefs about oneself; C= Critical analysis about belief about events
(C) A=activating event; B= Beliefs about event; C= Critical analysis about belief about events
(D) A=anticipatory event; B= Beliefs about event; C=Consequences of the belief about the event

82. Amnesia for events that preceded some disturbances to the brain, such as a head injury or electroconvulsive shock
(A) Anterograde amnesia
(B) Long term memory
(C) Korsakoff's syndrome
(D) Retrograde amnesia

83. Attraction is influenced by which of the following?
(A) How similar people are to each other
(B) Whether people live or work in the same neighborhood
(C) Whether liking is reciprocated
(D) All of these

84. An inflammation of the brain caused by bacteria, viruses or toxic chemicals is
(A) Acute anterior poliomyelitis
(B) Herpes simplex virus
(C) Rabies
(D) Encephalitis

85. A non random sample in which the researcher uses a wide range of methods to locate all possible cases of a highly specific and difficult to reach population is
(A) Deviant case sampling
(B) Purposive sampling
(C) Snowball sampling
(D) Haphazard sampling

86. Social influence strategy in which getting people to agree first to a small request makes them more likely to agree later to a second larger request is
(A) Nudging behaviour
(B) Foot in the door technique
(C) Boomerang effect
(D) Social facilitation

87. The standard deviation of the random sampling distribution of the mean called the standard error of the mean, depends on the_____ of the population and the _____.
(A) Quartile deviation, sampling error
(B) Standard deviation, sample size
(C) Mean, sample distribution
(D) Range, sampling technique

88. The technique whereby the interior of the body can be accurately imagined; involves the interaction between radio waves and a strong magnetic field is
(A) Computerized Tomography
(B) Scanning electron microscope
(C) Stereotaxic Apparatus
(D) Magnetic Resonance Imaging

89. Marks that are near one another tend to be grouped together. This tendency is called the law of_____.
(A) Continuity
(B) Similarity
(C) Closure

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(D) Proximity

90. A graph that consists of a series of connected dots above the upper real limits of each possible class interval is called Answer :
(A) Frequency polygon
(B) Histogram
(C) Pie chart
(D) Cumulative percentage curve

91. Quantitative research is considered to be situated within:
(A) Critical paradigm
(B) A positivist paradigm
(C) Constructivist paradigm
(D) Cooperative paradigm

92. An unpleasant state that occurs when we notice that our attitudes and our behaviour are -inconsistent
(A) Cognitive dissonance
(B) Induced Compliance
(C) Social cognition
(D) Social influence

93. In a study by Paul Costa and Robert M.c.Crae where people were given series of personality tests, it was found that people who were most happy were the ones who scored
(A) Low in both extroversion and neuroticism
(B) High in both extroversion and neuroticism
(C) High in neuroticism and low in extroversion
(D) High in extroversion and low in neuroticism

94. 'Relay assembly room studies', 'bank wiring room study 'and 'illumination studies' are associated with
(A) Scientific Management
(B) Labour Movement
(C) Human Relations Movement
(D) Affirmative Action Movement

95. A _____ represents relationship between two variables where each experimental subject in the study is represented by a point in two-dimensional space.
(A) scatter plot
(B) Ojive
(C) Q-Q plots
(D) Box plot

96. Other things being equal, the larger the size of the sample, the smaller the standard error of the mean, the power of the test is _____.
(A) Moderate
(B) No effect
(C) Smaller
(D) Greater

97. A tendency to answer questions that are most complimentary and flattering to the respondents
(A) Standardization
(B) Stability reliability
(C) Equivalence reliability
(D) Response set

98. Sheetal is doing research on 'Psychological factors of wellbeing in transgenders'. Due to difficulty in finding participants, she interviews the participants as she meets them and, asks them to recommend another participant. This method of selecting participants is known as : 30950]
(A) random sampling
(B) stratified sampling
(C) quota sampling
(D) snowball sampling

99. When sight is unimpaired and yet recognition fails, the deficit is known as _____.
(A) Auditory agnosia
(B) Auditory amnesia
(C) Visual agnosia
(D) Visual amnesia

100. Representations of one time events that are long lasting because they require no space in working memory and there permit the individuals to focus on other

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information while simultaneously
performing them is
(A) Non declarative memory
(B) Declarative memory
(C) Working memory
(D) Autobiographical memory

ANSWER KEY

QS NO	ANSWER	QS NO	ANSWER	QS NO	ANSWER	QS NO	ANSWER
1	C	26	D	51	C	76	D
2	B&C	27	C	52	D	77	A
3	A	28	C	53	D	78	C
4	A	29	C	54	C	79	A
5	B	30	C	55	B	80	D
6	C	31	A	56	C	81	A
7	A	32	A	57	A	82	D
8	D	33	B&D	58	D	83	D
9	D	34	A	59	D	84	D
10	C	35	D	60	D	85	C
11	C	36	A&B&C	61	B	86	B
12	C	37	D	62	D	87	B
13	B	38	D	63	C	88	D
14	D	39	C	64	D	89	D
15	C	40	C	65	A	90	D
16	D	41	C	66	B&D	91	B
17	C	42	C	67	D	92	A
18	C	43	A	68	D	93	D
19	B	44	C	69	C	94	C
20	C	45	C	70	B	95	A
21	C	46	A	71	B	96	D
22	B	47	B	72	C	97	D
23	C	48	C	73	C	98	D
24	C	49	A	74	C	99	C
25	C	50	B	75	C	100	A&D

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HCU Entrance Examination 2020

1. Classical conditioning is associated with
   (A) Ivan P. Pavlo
   (B) B. BF. Skmner
   (C) J. B. Watson
   (D) William James

2. A combination of characteristics that indicates an individual's capacity to acquire so' e specific knowledge, or skill, after training is called
   (A) Aptitude
   (B) Attitude
   (C) Attribute
   (D) Creativity

3. Match Category A with Category B

CategoryA	Category B
i. Wilhelm Wundt	Humanist
ii. JohnWatson	Behaviourist
iii. William James	Structuralist
iv. Abraham Maslow	Functionalist

   (B) i-c, ii-b, iii-d, iv-a
   (C) i-c, ii-d, iii-b, iv-a
   (D) i-a, ii-d, iii-c, iv-b

4. A procedure in which individuals in psychological experiments are asked to describe in detail their own experience is called
   (A) Expression
   (B) Introspection
   (C) Description
   (D) Experimentation

5. The psychologist who has emphasized the role of environmental factors in the Development of an individual is
   (A) Bandura
   (B) Bronfenbrenner
   (C) Gardner
   (D) Tolman

6. Insightful learning was first coined by
   (A) Kohlberg (B) Wertheimer
   (C) Kohler (D) Tolman

7. The incoming information first enters
   (A) Short term memory
   (B) Long term memory
   (C) Sensory memory
   (D) perceptual memory

8. Who first talked about Nonsense Syllables?
   (A) Carl Lange
   (B) William Frank
   (C) Titchener
   (D) Ebbinghaus

9. A mental representation of the spatial locations and directions, that one needs to reach their goal is called
   (A) Cognitive layout
   (B) Cognitive map
   (C) Thinking
   (D) Perception

10. Which one of the following is not a symptom of 1 disability?
    (A) Difficulties in writing letters, words and phrases, reading out text
    (B) Get easily distracted and cannot sustain attention on one point for long
    (C) Poor motor coordination and poor manual dexterity
    (D) Unable to get sleep

11. Which of the following is not a psychosocial motive?
    (A) Need for affiliation
    (B) Need for achievement
    (C) Need for power
    (D) Need for food

12. Hierarchy of needs is associated with
    (A) Abraham H. Maslow
    (B) W. H. Maslow
    (C) Abraham T. K. Maslow
    (D) Abraham M. Harlow

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13. Which one of the following is not a type of conflict described in Psychology?
(A) Approach- approach conflict
(B) Avoidance-avoidance conflict
(C) Approach-avoidance conflict
(D) Achieve- approach conflict

14. All concepts, ideas and rules of logic are stored in memory.
(A) Episodic
(B) Flashbulb
(C) Semantic
(D) Biographical

15. The recent learning interfering with the recall of past learning is called
(A) Proactive interference
(B) Trace active interference
(C) Retroactive interference
(D) Inhibition interference

16. The names Atkinson and Shiffrin are related with
(A)Memory (B)Emotion
(C)Perception (D)Motivation

17. Procedural memory is also known as
(A) Declarative memory
(B) Nondeclarative memory
(C) Clear-cut memory
(D) Step to step memory

18. A psychologist wanted to measure the psychological attributes of a group of students. She used some standardized methods like interview, observation and self-reports to measure and interpret these attributes. The process used by the psychologist –
(A) Research methods
(B) Analysis and interpretation
(C) Assessment
(D) Testing

19. According to Spearman, an individual's ability to perform on any cognitive task is dependent on
(A) Componential Factor
(B) S factor
(C) Multiple Factor
(D) G factor

20. Which one of the following is@: a Primary Mental Ability as identified by Thurstone's Theory of Intelligence?
(A) Spatial Relation
(B) Kinaesthetic Ability
(C) Numerical Ability
(D) Verbal Comprehension

21. Spatial ability refers to
(A) Ability to form, use and transform mental images
(B) Experiential and creative skills
(C) Scientific thinking and critical thinking
(D) Awareness of one's relationship with the natural world

22. Down's syndrome is caused by
(A) Injury of the brain during birth
(B) Unfavourable environment
(C) Chromosomal disorder
(D) Infection during the prenatal stage

23. The term Intelligence Quotient (IQ) was devised by
(A) William Stern
(B) David Weschler
(C) Alfred Binet
(D) Lewis Terman

24. Which one of the following refer to consequence of stress?
(A) Frustration, anxiety and worry
(B) Anxiety, injury and lack of sleep
(C) Depression, pollution and heat
(D) Anxiety, work overload and lack of sleep

25. A behaviour or skill that helps to communicate clearly and confidently one's feelings, Needs, wants, and thoughts is
(A) Rational thinking
(B) Decisiveness
(C) Assertiveness
(D) Confidence

26. After the lockdown period is over you walk down the nearby street and observe if

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the people are following the basic health instructions given by the government. As a psychologist the approach you are using is
(A) Naturalistic observation
(B) Participant observation
(C) Case observation
(D) Focus group observation

27. Which of the following is not the essential element of a counselling process?
(A) Counselling involves responding to the feelings, thoughts, and actions of the clients
(B) Confidentiality and privacy are important in a counselling setting
(C) A counsellor never evaluates or judges the perceptions and feelings of the client
(D) It is very important that the counsellor gives advice on hat he thinks is right and puts the client in place

28. According to Freud's theory, the primary structural elements of personality are
(A) Conscious, preconscious, subconscious ·
(B) Id, ego, superego
(C) Eros, Thanatos, instincts
(D) Repression, regression, projection

29. Which of the following statements are true of Traits?
(i) They are relatively stable over time
(ii) They appear same across individuals
(iii) They are generally consistent across situations
(iv) They vary with contexts 1.
(v) They are dynamic adding needed facades over titpe
(vi) Their string Q is and combinations vary across individuals
(A) i,iii, vi.
(B) ii, iv, v
(C) i,ii,v,vi
(D) ii,iii, v, vi

30. The value judgment of a person about herself/himself is called
(A) Self-evaluation
(B) Self-judgement
(C) Self-esteem
(D) Self-concept

31. Biologically based characteristic way of reacting is called
(A) Inheritance
(B) Temperament
(C) Biological reactivity
(D) Individual characteristics

32. A person's belief about one's own abilities and behaviors to attain something is called
(A) Self-egoism
(B) Emotional intelligence
(C) Cognitive orientation
(D) Self-efficacy

33. Charak Samhita classifies people into the categories of vata,pitta, and kapha on the basis of Three humoural elements is called
(A) Triguna
(B) Triphala
(C) Tridosha
(D) Tribhava

34. Match Category A with Category B

Category A	Category B
i. Jung	(a) Fixation
ii. Adler	(b) Identity crisis
iii. Erikson	(c)Individual psychology
iv. Freud	(d)Analytical psychology

(A) i-b; ii-c; iii-d; iv-a
(B) i-c; ii-d; iii-b; iv-a
(C) i-d; ii-c; iii-b; iv-a
(D) i-b; ii-d; iii-a; iv-c

35. Which of the following is an example of projective technique?
(A) The Rorschach Inkblot Test
(B) Sixteen Personality Factor Questionnaire
(C) The Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory
(D) Eysenck Personality Questionnaire

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36. The classification scheme prepared by the World Health Organisation and officially Used in India and elsewhere is
(A) ICD-10 (B) DSM-5
(C) APA (D) BPS

37. When an electrical impulse reaches a neuron's ending, the nerve ending is stimulated to release a Chemical. This is called
(A) Synapse
(B) Neuro-transmitter
(C) Nerve impulse
(D) Bio-transmitter

38. When a normal person experiences worry about the possibility of developing COVID 19, such a state indicates
(A) Illness anxiety disorder
(B) Depersonalization
(C) Hospital anxiety
(D) Nihilistic delusion

39. When people with Schizophrenia move less spontaneously or make odd grimaces and Gestures, such symptoms denote
(A) Auditory symptoms
(B) Hallucinations
(C) Psychomotor symptoms
(D) Inertia disability symptoms

40. A child who is in constant motion, fidget, squirm, climbs and runs around the room aimlessly, finds it impossible to sit through a lesson may be diagnosed with
(A) Depression
(B) Self confidence
(C) Stress disorder
(D) ADHD

41. If an individual eats excessive amount of food, then vomit or purges by using Medicine such as laxatives or diuretics, it suggests
(A) Bulimia nervosa
(B) Anorexia nervosa
(C) Binge eating disorder
(D) Obsessive compulsive disorder

42. Psychoanalysis has invented and as two important methods for eliciting the intrapsychic conflicts
(A) Unconscious conflicts, repressed desires
(B) Free association, dream interpretation
(C) Selective motivation, conscious analysis
(D) Analysis of defences, analysis of unconscious

43. Which of the following is the pattern of progressive, orderly, and predictable changes that begin at conception and continue throughout life?
(A) Growth
(B) Development
(C) Physical changes
(D) Maturity

44. The actual genetic material or a person's genetic heritage is known as
(A) Prototype
(B) Phenotype
(C) Genotype
(D) Chronotype

45. Which of the following statements are correct?
I. Development does not take place in a vacuum
II. The environment can change or alter the development at any time in lifespan
III. Human life proceeds through different stages
IV. Urie Bronfenbrenner's contextual view of development emphasizes the role of physical factors In the development of an individual
(A)I and II (B)II and III
(C)I and IV (D)I, II and III

46. According to Piaget a child passes through a series of stages in cognitive development. What is the sequential order?
I. Formal Operational Stage
II. Pre Operational Stage
III. Sensory motor Stage
IV. Concrete Operational Stage
(A) III, II, IV, I

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(B) II,III,IV,I
(C) III, IV, II, I
(D) I, II, III, IV

47. Social cognition is activated by cognitive units called as
(A)Stereotypes (B)Heuristics
(C)Attribution (D)Schemas

48. The concept of cognitive dissonance was proposed by
(A) Leon Festinger
(B) Kurt Lewin
(C) Jean Piaget
(D) Mohsin

49. Which of the following statements are correct?
I. Attitudes are learned through one's own experiences, and through interaction with others
II. We learn attitudes through the norms of our group or culture
III. Many attitudes arc learned in a social context necessarily in the physical presence of others
IV. If an individual is praised for showing a particular attitude, chances are less that s/he will develop that attitude further
(A)I, II and III (B)III and IV
(C)I, II and IV (D)I and II

50. Qualities of the target, such as persuasibility, strong prejudices, self-esteem, and Intelligence influence the likelihood and extent of
(A) Attitude Formation
(B) Attitude Change
(C) Consistency
(D) Dissonance

51. Selection, Organization, and Inference are the three sub processes of
(A) Impression Formation
(B) Attribution
(C) Social Facilitation
(D) Social Loafing

52. Which of the following statements are correct?
I. Cultural factors influence pro-social behaviour
II. Pro-social behaviour is influenced by learning
Ill. Pro-social behaviour is expressed when the situation activates certain social norms
IV. Pro-social behaviour is more likely to be shown only in affiliation oriented cultures
(A)IV Only (B)I, II and IV
(C)I and IV (D)I,II and III

53. Which of the following is defined as an organized system of two or more individuals, who are interacting and interdependent, have a set of role relationships among its members, and have norms that regulate the behaviour of its members?
(A) Teams
(B) Collection of individuals
(C) Groups
(D) Crow

54. Social loafing may be reduced by
(A) Making people feel that their individual contribution is important
(B) Making the efforts of each group identifiable
(C) Decreasing the apparent importance or value of a task
(D) Balancing or decreasing the pressure to work hard

55. Conformity, compliance and obedience are
(A) Scaffolding effect
(B) Group influence processes
(C) Bandwagon effect
(D) Processing of norms

56. Which study showed that by introducing superordinate goals, intergroup conflict can be reduced?
(A) Sherifs Study
(B) Asch1s Study
(C) Gardner Murphy's Study
(D) Kelman's Study

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57. Psychology is defined as a science of
(A) Mind
(B) Mental processes, health, and behaviour
(C) Mental processes, cognition, and behaviour
(D) Mental processes, experiences, and behaviour

58. When you arc in a difficult situation while playing a game of chess you almost feel your hand muscles twitching, trying to experiment with a move. This is an example of
(A) Mental process
(B) Behaviour
(C) Experience
(D) Cognition

59. Who among the following used functionalism argue that human beings seek to· function effectively by adapting to their environment?
(A) John Dewey
(B) William James
(C) Wilhelm Wundt
(D) Edward B Titchener

60. 'Instead of considering the components of the mind, our perceptual experience is more than the sum of the components'. Which of the following fits into the principle mentioned in italics?
(A) Gestalt psychology
(B) Behaviourism
(C) Psychoanalysis
(D) Functionalism

61. Who among the following argued that behaviourism with its emphasis on behaviour as determined by environmental conditions undermines human freedom and dignity and takes a mechanistic view of human nature?
(A) Structuralists
(B) Psychoanalysts
(C) Functionalists
(D) Humanists

62. When was Indian Psychological Association found?
(A)1924 (B)1934
(C)1944 (D)1954

63. Who among the following won the Nobel Prize for research on human judgment and decision making under uncertainty?
(A) Konrad Lorenz
(B) Herbert Simon
(C) Daniel Kahneman
(D) Torsten Wiesel

64. When was the National Institute of Mental Health and Neurosciences (NIMHANS) established at Bangalore?
(A) 1935 (B) 1945
(C) 1955 (D) 1965

65. Piaget's view of child development is considered a
(A) Gestalt theory of development of the mind
(B) Constructivist theory of development of the mind
(C) Structuralist theory of development of the mind
(D) Psychoanalytic theory of development of the mind

66. Who among the following suggests that the human mind develops through social and cultural processes in which it is viewed as culturally constructed through joint interaction between adults and children?
(A) Vygotsky
(B) James
(C) Wundt
(D) Piaget

67. One of the goals of psychological enquiry is to know the causal factors or determinants of behaviour. This denotes
(A)Control (B)Prediction
(C)Description (D)Explanation

68. In Psychology, different types of data or information are collected Information like name, age, gender, birth order, number of

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siblings, education, and occupation is known as
(A) Physical information
(B) psychological information
(C) Social information
(D) Demographic information

69. In the experiment conducted by Latane and Darley (1970), the researchers wanted to examine the effect of the presence of other persons on reporting of the smoke. The presence or absence of other persons in the room is an example of
(A) Confounding variable
(B) Dependent variable
(C) Independent variable
(D) Extraneous variable

70. Counter-balancing technique is used to minimise the
(A) Rosenthal effect
(B) Sequence effect
(C) Pygmalion effect
(D) Random effect

71. Stokols (1990), a psychologist, describes which of the three approaches that way be Adopted to describe the human-environment relationship?
(A) Ecological perspective, spiritual perspective, cognitive perspective ·
(B) Cognitive perspective, environmental perspective, spiritual perspective
(C) Minimalist perspective, instrumental perspective, spiritual perspective
(D) Environmental perspective, minimalist perspective, humanistic perspective

72. Edward Hall has mentioned four kinds of interpersonal physical distance. They are
(A) Personal distance, physical distance, inter personal distance, social distance
(B) Personal distance, physical distance, social distance, public distance
(C) Intimate distance, personal distance, social distance, public distance
(D) Intimate distance, personal distance, physical distance, social distance

73. A bully slaps a new student in school so that he can snatch the newcomer's chocolate. This is an example of
(A) Reactive aggression
(B) Proactive aggression
(C) Instrumental aggression
(D) Hostile aggression

74. Nearly neurons are found in the human nervous system.
(A) 13 billion (B) 13.5 billion
(C) 12 billion (D) 12.5 billion

75. The three types of cranial nerves are, and
(A) Sensory, motor, mixed
(B) Sensory, inter, motor
(C) Sensory, optic, vestibular
(D) Sacral, coccygeal, lumbar

Part B

76. Which of the option best expresses the passive voice of the following sentence?
We saw this student opening the door
(A) The door had seen by us being opened by this student
(B) The door had been seen by us being opened by this student
(C) The door was seen by us being opened by this student
(D) The door was seen by us while it had opened by this student

77. Sangeeta is doing all this _____ her pencil
(A) For (B) At
(C) By (D) With

78. The child should not share a stranger.
Adversity stared her the face
(A) To, on (B) On, by
(C) To, by (D) At, in

79. Which of the following is correct?
(A) Rakesh killed two birds with one stone
(B) Rakesh killed two birds in one stone
(C) Rakesh killed two birds at one stone
(D) Rakesh killed two birds from one stone

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80. Which of the following best expresses the indirect speech of the following?
"Will you let me see it?" inquired the police officer smilingly. "Gladly", said the girl.

(A) The police officer had smilingly inquired if she would let him see it. The girl replied that she was gladly let him sec it
(B) The police officer smilingly inquired if she would have let him seen it. The girl said that she would let him see it
(C) The police officer inquired if she should allow him to see it. The girl replied that she would allow him to see it
(D) The police officer smilingly inquired if she would let him see it. The girl replied that she would gladly let him see it

81. Choose the right meaning of the idiom "to catch a tartar"
(A) To deal with a person who is more than one's match
(B) To meet with an adversity
(C) To catch a criminal
(D) To deal with a dangerous person

82. Find the right option for the underlined word "the gangster could be arrested as the police were tipped off by one of the members of the gang"
(A) Threatened
(B) Given information
(C) Bribed
(D) Misguided

83. Fill in the blank with the right word
"Raghu believed that people were always driven by motives and there is no such thing as a purely act"
(A) ultimate, antisocial
(B) Personal, eternal
(C) ulterior, selfless
(D) Physical, unselfis

84. Find the word which is correctly spelt
(A)Sovereignty (B)Soveriegnty
(C)Sovereignty (D)Soveriegnity

85. Choose the right word for the phrase, 'A person who abandons his religious faith'
(A)Atheis (B)Agnostic
(C)Profane (D)Apostate

86. Form the correct sentence and choose the right option
(I) delay
(II) don't
(III) make
(IV) please
(V) further
(A) I,II,VI,V,III
(B) III,II,V,IV,I
(C) II,V,III,I,IV
(D) IV,II,III,V,I

87. Which of the following is the synonym of the word baffte?
(A)Offence (B)Confuse
(C)Denigrate (D)Antagonise

88. Change the speech of the following sentence "Kishan's father ordered I/,I m to go to His room and study".
(A) Kishan's father said, "Go to your room and study"
(B) Kishan's father said to him, "Go and study in your room"
(C) Kishan's father shouted, "Go to your room right now and study"
(D) Kishan's father said firmly, "Go to your room and ,study"

89. Find out the grammatical error in the sentence given below Scarcely had II finished cutting the vegetables/ than the lady camel and asked me to Wash the dishes.
(A) Scarcely had l
(B) finished cutting the vegetables
(C) than the lady came
(D) and asked me to wash the dishes

90. Choose the nearest synonym for the word inexplicable
(A) Incorrigible
(B) Incomprehensible
(C) Inextricable

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(D) Inflammable

91. Choose the nearest antonym for the word stigma
(A)Stamina (B)Humour
(C)Honour (D)Amazing

92. Choose the grammatically correct option from the choices given below
(A) If you didn't study Psychology as a subject, you will not understand that book
(B) If you don't study Psychology as a subject, you wouldn't understand that book
(C) If you didn't study Psychology as a subject, you wouldn't understand that book
(D) If you haven't studied Psychology as a subject, you wouldn't understand that book.

93. Choose the part of the sentence which has error in it
(i) One of the factor
(ii) For her failure
(iii) Is the lack of
(iv) Concern for others
(A) i (B) ii
(C) iii (D) iv

94. Identify the proper meaning to the underlined word The scientist preferred carrying out his research empirically
(A) Individually
(B) With necessary permissions
(C) By observation and experiment
(D) In undisturbed labs

95. What does the underlined idiom in the following sentence mean?
The personality development class started with an icebreaking session
(A) Starting the meeting with invocation song
(B) A warm welcome to the guests
(C) Inaugural speech to introduce concept
(D) Warming up to start conversation

96. Choose the correct word(s) for the underlined word His master called for an explanation of his conduct
(A) Summon
(B) Draw forth
(C) Demanded
(D) Recollect

97. If very cold is expressed as freezing then how do you express very crowded
(A) Perilous
(B) Bustling
(C) Disparate
(D) Despondent

98. Choose the correct antonym for the underlined word in the following sentence Don't write lengthy essays
(A)Long (B)Verbose
(C)Compact (D)Elaborate

99. In the following sentence, some parts of the sentence have been jumbled up. Rearrange these parts written in italics which are labelled as P,Q,R, and S to produce the correct sentence.
Choose the proper sequence to complete the following sentence If farming...
Life is not to collapse, there is need for
(P)as a profession and as a way of
(Q) attention to farmers' needs in the areas
(R) of water, credit, technology, market, land and agrarian reforms (S)
(A)QPRS (B)RSQP
(C)QSRP (D)RPQS

100. Fill in the blanks with suitable words
In a changing and------unstructured business environment, creativity and Innovations are being_----_____ demanded of e executive cuties
(A) Excessively; less
(B) Highly; extremely
(C) Increasingly; moderately
(D) Progressively; increasingly

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ANSWER KEY

Q. NO	ANSWER	Q. NO	ANSWER
1	A	51	B
2	A	52	B
3	B	53	C
4	B	54	A
5	B	55	B
6	C	56	A
7	C	57	B
8	D	58	A
9	B	59	B
10	D	60	A
11	D	61	D
12	A	62	A
13	D	63	C
14	C	64	A
15	C	65	B
16	A	66	A
17	A	67	B
18	A	68	D
19	B	69	C
20	B	70	B
21	D	71	C
22	C	72	C
23	A	73	B
24	A	74	B
25	A	75	C
26	A	76	C
27	D	77	D
28	B	78	A
29	A	79	B
30	C	80	D
31	B	81	D
32	D	82	D
33	C	83	C
34	C	84	A
35	A	85	D
36	B	86	D
37	B	87	D

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38	A	88	D
39	C	89	C
40	D	90	B
41	A	91	C
42	B	92	D
43	B	93	A
44	C	94	C
45	B	95	D
46	A	96	C
47	D	97	B
48	A	98	B
49	A	99	A
50	A	100	B

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HCU Entrance Examination 2019

SECTION A

1. Which of the following is an example of projective test?
   (A) Thematic Apperception Test
   (B) MMPI
   (C) Semantic Differential Scale
   (D) Cattell's 16 PF Questionnaire

2. Who conducted the "hobo doll" experiment?
   (A) Sigmund Freud
   (B) Albert Bandura
   (C) Konrad Lorenz
   (D) Walter Mischel

3. The first laboratory of Psychology is established in
   (A) 1897
   (B) 1879
   (C) 1876
   (D) 1878

4. According to Freud, the sexual attachment of a boy to his mother and his desire to replace his father is termed as
   (A) Fixation
   (B) Defense mechanism
   (C) Oedipus complex
   (D) Unconscious conflict

5. Photoreceptor cells present in the retina of the eye that play a key role in daylight vision and color vision are called
   (A) Rods
   (B) Cones
   (C) Ganglion
   (D) glia

6. The characteristic patterns of behavior constitute for a given person
   (A) Personality
   (B) Attitude
   (C) Typology
   (D) Social image

7. The term that refers to people's perceptions about their capabilities to produce the desired effects by their own actions is
   (A) Self-image
   (B) Self-efficacy
   (C) Self-consciousness
   (D) Self-monitoring

8. In Charak Samhita of Ayurveda or the Indian science of medicine, the original treatise
   classifies people on the basis of three elements called i.e., Vala, Pitta and Kapha
   (A) Gunas
   (B) Bhavas
   (C) Doshas
   (D) Humors

9. John Watson rejected the ideas of mind and consciousness as subject matters of Psychology and was greatly influenced by the work of
   (A) Ivan Pavlov
   (B) B.F. Skinner
   (C) Sigmun Freud
   (D) William James

10. Zara is playing chess with his best friend Some (A) Which part of Zara's brain is related to his problem-solving skill?
   (A) Frontal Lobe
   (B) Temporal Lobe
   (C) Parietal Lobe
   (D) Occipital Lobe

11. The theory developed by Carl Jung is termed as
   (A) Pychoanalysis
   (B) Individual Psychology
   (C) Collective Analysis
   (D) Analytical Psychology

12. Children begin to use concepts of time, space, and number during
   (A) Pre operational stage
   (B) Pre logical stage

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(C) Concrete operational stage
(D) Catalytic stage

13. The term Intelligence Quotient (IQ) was devised in 1912 by
(A) Lewis Terman
(B) Alfred Binet
(C) William Stem
(D) David Wechsler

14. Chandi, a cricket coach, insists that she can make any reasonably healthy individual into an internationally competitive cricket player. Chandi is emphasizing the thoughts of
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) John B Watson
(C) AbrahamMaslow
(D) William James

15. The sense organs include the eyes, ears, nose, tongue, skin, and so forth. Inside the sense organs are tiny but very important receiving mechanisms called
(A) Receptors
(B) Dermis
(C) Effectors
(D) Epidermis

16. Biologically determined inborn patterns of behavior are known as
(A) Heredity
(B) Characteristics
(C) Instincts
(D) Drives

17. Health Psychologists are most likely to focus on which of the following problems with health care?
(A) Incompetent health-care providers
(B) Rising health-care costs
(C) Ineffective communication between physician and patient
(D) Scarcity of medical r search funding

18. Koh's block design test is an example of
(A) Verbal test
(B) Speed test
(C) Group and individual test
(D) Performance test

19. Crump sits at his office table to think about what he needs to buy at the stationary store. He is using his ability to
(A) Recognize
(B) Recite
(C) Memorize
(D) Recall

20. Which of the following psychologists believed that intelligence was a collection of mental abilities?
(A) Wechsler
(B) Binet
(C) Terman
(D) Galton

21. For which of the following is Wilhelm Wundt primarily known?
(A) The establishment of the first formal laboratory for research in Psychology
(B) The distinction between mind and body as two separate entities
(C) The discovery of how signals are conducted along nerves in the body
(D) The development of the first formal program for training in Psychotherapy

22. Which of the following types of tests measures the capacity of a test taker to perform some task or role in the future?
(A) Achievement
(B) Aptitude
(C) Conventional
(D) Self-monitored

23. "We feel sorry when we cry and afraid because we tremble." This quote is supported by which theory of emotion?
(A) The Cannon-Bard theory
(B) The James-Lange theory
(C) The Cannon-Lange theory
(D) The James-Bard theory

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24. What is the involuntary wavelike contraction that occurs the alimentary canal called?
(A) Peristalsis
(B) Pharyngeal
(C) Peptic
(D) Duodenal

25. A change in behavior that occurs to avoid rejection or gain approval is known as
(A) Internalization
(B) Cognitive dissonance
(C) Compliance
(D) Identification

26. The attribution of one's own unacceptable urges or qualities to others
(A) Regression
(B) Repression
(C) Depression
(D) Projection

27. Blood clotting is made possible because of
(A) Platelets
(B) Hemoglobin
(C) Lymphocytes
(D) Plasma

28. Who is considered the father of humanistic therapy?
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) Aaron Beck
(C) Carl Rogers
(D) Albert Ellis

29. Who among the following psychologists believes that the deepest part of the individual psyche is the collective unconscious, which is shared by all people and reflects humanity's collective evolutionary history?
(A) Karen Horney
(B) Sigmund FreudS
(C) Carl Jung
(D) Alfred Adler

30. According to human development occurs in eight stages
(A) Jung
(B) Spearman
(C) Gardner
(D) Erikson

31. A form of social intelligence that involves the ability to monitor one's own and other's feelings and emotions, to discriminate among them, and to use this information to guide one's thinking and actions is
(A) Global intelligence
(B) Fluid intelligence
(C) Emotional intelligence
(D) Cognitive intelligence

32. Who among the following is considered as the founder of Individual Psychology?
(A) Carl Rogers
(B) Carl Gustav Jung
(C) Alfred Adler
(D) Eric Erikson

33. In Freud's theory, the completely unconscious, irrational component of personality that seeks immediate satisfaction of instinctual urges and drives and is ruled by the pleasure principle is known as
(A) Eros
(B) Instinct
(C) Ego
(D) ld

34. A relatively stable and enduring predisposition to consistently behave in a certain way is termed as ·
(A) Trait
(B) Self-concept
(C) Actualizing tendency
(D) Behavior

35. An illness due to specific infectious agent capable of direct or indirectly transmitted from man to animal, animal to man, environment to man is called
(A) Non-communicable disease
(B) Infectious disease

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(C) Communicable disease
(D) Transmittable disease

36. The stage in which a child begins to represent the world with words, images, and drawing but cannot operate in a logical manner is
(A) Sensorimotor stage
(B) Fonnal operational stage
(C) Post formal stage
(D) Pre operational stage

37. Group or pattern of symptoms that occur together in a disorder and represent the typ picture
of a disorder is known as
(A) Condition
(B) Syndrome
(C) Characteristics
(D) Disease

38. The Intelligence test designed for use with children from the ages of 4 to 6 ½ years is
(A) Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children
(B) Wechsler Preschool and Primary Scale of intelligence
(C) Individual Intelligence Scale for School going Children
(D) Group Intelligence Scale for children of all ages

39. A discipline
called Psychoneuroimmunology has emerged which emphasizes the role played by the in strengthening the immune system
(A) Mind
(B) Behavior
(C) Experience
(D) Cognition

40. Who among the following is a functionalist?
(A) J. B Watson
(B) Wilhelm Wundt
(C) E. B Titchener
(D) William James

41. According to Allport, Mahatma Gandhi's nonviolence, Mother Teresa's humanitarianism and Hitler's hatred are examples of
(A) Cardinal traits
(B) Dispositions
(C) Situational factors
(D) Role modeling

42. Like any scientific research, psychological enquiry has which of the following goals?
(A) Description, prediction, explanation, and analysis
(B) Description, prediction, examination, and control
(C) Description, construction, explanation, and control
(D) Description, prediction, explanation, and control

43. If two or more persons independently study a particular event, both of them, to a great extent, should arrive at the same conclusion. This is known as
(A) Bias
(B) Subjectivity
(C) Objectivity
(D) Perception

44. Which of the following is generally conducted to establish cause-effect relationship between two sets of events or variables in a controlled setting?
(A) Observation
(B) Introspection
(C) Experiment
(D) Correlation

45. Enriching the environment of young children with special books and puzzles enhances their performance. in this the performance is
(A) Independent variable
(B) Dependent variable
(C) Confounding variable
(D) Extraneous variable

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46. Three characteristics of noise have been found to determine its effect on task performance. Which are they?
(A) Intensity, predictability, and controllability
(B) Intensity, type, and controllability
(C) Degree, kind, and variability
(D) Intensity, variability, and predictability

47. The vertebral column which protected the spinal cord usually consist of vertebrae
(A) 32
(B) 24
(C) 33
(D) 29

48. Anatomic brain structure which is a seahorse shaped and thought to be involved in consolidating memory is known as
(A) Amygdala
(B) Hippocampus
(C) Medulla
(D) Hypothalamus

49. A fluid filled, coiled tunnel in the inner ear that contains the receptors for hearing is called
(A) Malleus
(B) Eardrum
(C) Incus
(D) Cochlea

50. At what time of life does Erikson's stage Industry vs. Inferiority occur?
(A) Adolescent period
(B) Infancy
(C) School age
(D) Young adulthood

51. Neurons that conduct or convey nerves impulses away from the central nervous system and toward effecter units in muscles or glands are called
(A) interneurons
(B) Afferent neurons
(C) Efferent neurons
(D) Oligodendrocytes

52. After images that appear in complementary colors after a person stares at the patch of a particular colour for at least 30 seconds and then transfer the gaze to white/grey background is called
(A) Primary After Image
(B) Negative After Image
(C) Positive After Image
(D) Secondary After Image

53. Anil is a 15-year-old boy who experience deficiency in the way he sees color. He has difficulty in differentiating different colour such as blue and yellow, or red or green. Anil is diagnosed as color blind Which part of Anil's eyes is responsible for his diagnosis?
(A) Lens
(B) Cornea
(C) Retina
(D) Pupil

54. Which one of the following is not a defense mechanism?
(A) Projection
(B) Scapegoating
(C) Repression
(D) Rationalization

55. A biological process which is 24-hour cycle and informs the body when to sleep and rise is known as
(A) Circadian rhythm
(B) Circadian cycle
(C) Sleep cycle
(D) Biology clock

56. The differences in the images falling on the retinas of the two eyes is known as
(A) Retinal diffusion
(B) Retinal inequality
(C) Retinal disparity
(D) Retinal incongruity

57. Which of the following psychologists would argue that learning can take place when someone

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is watching another person and performs that behavior even when not reinforced?
(A) Edward Tolman
(B) B. F. Skinner
(C) Albert Bandura
(D) John Watson

58. Which one of the following is not perceptual constancy?
(A) Size constancy
(B) Movement constancy
(C) Color constancy
(D) Brightness constancy

59. A learning that involve perceptual reorganization and the solution comes suddenly after a
period during which little progress is made is called·
(A) Latent learning
(B) Classical learning
(C) Insightful learning
(D) Cognitive mapping

60. The logical process by which general principles inferred from particular instances' is known as.
(A) Inductive Reasoning
(B) Deductive Reasoning
(C) Abductive Reasoning
(D) Critical Thinking

61. A method that emphasizes cooperation rather than competition for reducing prejudice is
(A) Mutual inter dependence
(B) Equal status contact
(C) ZPD method
(D) Jigsaw method

62. Sanju failed to submit an assignment. Here's the explanation he gave to his teacher: My car broke down two days ago and I couldn't get to the library until yesterday. Then I couldn't get all the books I needed because some were checked out, but I wrote what I could last night,
¥ the last straw, the cartridge in my printer ran out, and since all the shops were closed, I couldn't finish the paper on time. Sanju is protecting himself with which type of defence mechanism?
(A) Rationalization
(B) Reaction formation
(C) Sublimation
(D) intellectualization

63. A caring relationship that unites a therapist and a client in working to solve the client's problems in referred to
(A) Therapeutics alliance
(B) Transference and counter transference
(C) Therapeutic treaty
(D) Therapeutics norm

64. Meta-needs are associated with
(A) Impulses for food and safety
(B) impulses for love
(C) Impulses for self-actualization
(D) Impulses for self-esteem needs

65. Choose the correct order of stages during creative problem solving
(A) Verification, orientation, preparation, incubation, illumination
(B) Preparation, orientation , incubation, illumination, verification
(C) Incubation, preparation, orientation, verification, illumination
(D) Orientation, preparation. incubation, illumination, verification

66. According to Indian view, an intelligent person shows which four competencies out of the following competencies?
(a) Cognitive Competence
(b) Natural Competence
(c) Social Competence
(d) Entrepreneurial Competence
(e) Developmental Competence
(f) Emotional Competence
(g) Management Competence

(A) a, b,e, g
(B) a,e, d, f
(C) b, d, e, g
(D) b,e,c,f

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67. Damage to either Broca's area or Wernicke's area causes speech and language problem which is known as
(A) Stuttering
(B) Neuralgia
(C) Agnosia
(D) Aphasia

68. Conditioned stimulus is an element which
(A) Evokes response because it has been repeatedly paired with an unconditional stimulus
(B) Innately capable of eliciting a response
(C) Does not evoke a response
(D) Evoke a response because it has been repeatedly paired with a neutral stimulus

69. Choose the correct statement
(A) The nature of response in classical conditioning is involuntary whereas in operant condition the response is voluntary
(B) The_ learner in classical conditioning is active, whereas the learner in operant conditioning- reinforcement passive
(C) In classical conditioning reinforcement occurs after response, whereas reinforcement operant conditioning reinforcement occurs before response
(D) In classical conditioning, response will have a specific effect whereas in operant conditioning unconditioned stimulus will follow condition stimulus

70. The study of meaning in words and language in known as
(A) Semantics
(B) Grammar
(C) Phonemes
(D) Morphemes

71. There is a type of retardation that appears in infancy due to an insufficient supply of thyroid hormone. It causes stunted physical and intellectual growth that cannot be reverse, but it can be detected early in infancy and can be treated This is termed as
(A) Hydrocephaly
(B) Microcephaly
(C) Cretinism
(D) Down syndrome

72. The forgetting curve represents which of the following?
(A) The amount of previously learned information that subjects remember across time
(B) The amount of new information that can remain in the short-term memory
(C) Memory that cannot be consciously remembered over time
(D) The amount of information children can retain over age five

73. What is the disorder that develops after a person is involved in, or sees, or hears of an extreme traumatic stressor? The stressor could be any of the following: natural or man-made disaster, combat, serious accident, witnessing the violent death of others, being the victim of torture, terrorism, assault, abuse, rape, or other crime
(A) Schizophrenia
(B) Panic disorder
(C) Post-traumatic stress disorder
(D) Paranoid disorder

74. Suhas who completed his Under-graduate degree has applied for admission into top Institutions in India Suhas gets a scat in HM-A and also in IIT. He is now unable to decide where to take the admission. Suhas is now in a
(A) Approach-avoidance conflict
(B) Multiple-approach conflict
(C) Avoidance-avoidance conflict
(D) Approach-approach conflict

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75. Sheena was anxious that her exams were approaching. She approaches her teacher for help. Her teacher asks her to get a thorough understanding of her syllabus, list out the topics, draw a time table, and then start her studies. Her teacher has taught her the
(A) Emotion-focused coping
(B) Problem-focused coping
(C) Skillcoping
(D) Approach-focused coping

SECTION B

76. Choose the correct word

Physical inability has not the spirit of Stephen Hawking
(A) Debilitated
(B) Dilapidated
(C) Encouraged
(D) Enlightened

77. Which of the following is the closest in meaning to the word in bold letters?
She was shocked to. find out that her rich. friend's dazzling necklace was factitious
(A) Factious
(B) Artificial
(C) Partisan
(D) Facile

78. Correct the underlined part of the sentence

He said, he was away from his parents for very long and as it was his birthday, he was glad to be here that day with his parents
(A) To came here
(B) To having came
(C) To be there
(D) To have had came

79. Identify the part/s which has/have a mistake
(a) The teacher cautioned/
(b) the new set of students that/
(c) you will not succeed unless I
(d) you don't work hard
(A) a, b
(B) b, c
(C) a, b, c
(D) c, d

80. You should open the medicine about three hours before you use it Which of the alternatives best expresses the passive voice of the above sentence?
(A) Medicine should be opened by you three hours before use
(B) Medicine should be opened about three hours before you use it
(C) Medicine should be opened about three hours before it is used
(D) Medicine should be opened about three hours before use

81. They arc engaged _____-conversation
(A) In
(B) To
(C) For
(D) With

82. Choose the correct word(s) for the following sentence

When he lived in Hyderabad, he_____ to the cinema once a week_
(A) Goes
(B) Gone
(C) Went
(D) Was going

83. Antonym for vicarious is
(A) Derivative
(B) Primary
(C) Uninspired
(D) Substitute

84. Which of the following is correctly spelt?
(A) Indipensable
(B) Indispenceable
(C) Indispensable
(D) Indipensable

85. Gautam Buddha his kingship and became a hermit

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(A) Abandoned
(B) Abated
(C) Abolished
(D) Abdicated

86. The popularity of the hero is ' on the wane Which of the following best explains the meaning of the underlined term?
(A) Declining
(B) Growing more
(C) At its peak
(D) Vogue

87. Choose the synonym for the following words written in bold
The field was even enough for the joggers Jo have their practice
(A) Plane
(B) Plain
(C) Plan
(D) Plaine

88. Choose the correct reported speech for the following direct speech
Why don't you wash your clothes?
(A) She asked me why you didn't wash your clothes
(B) She asked me why I didn't wash my clothes
(C) She asked me why you didn't washed your clothes
(D) She asked me why I didn't wash my clothes

89. Choose the correct word in order to complete the sentence Shingu is a and he always does what is and fruitful
(A) Optimist, hopeful
(B) Pragmatist, practical
(C) Erudite, educative
(D) Idealist, theoretical

90. Choose the correct words in order to complete the sentence
The Deputy Manager -- to resign because all his proposals were down by his superiors
(A) Offered, thrown
(B) Willing, knocked
(C) Threatened, turned
(D) Began, kept

91. Choose the correct sentence
(A) The passengers are waiting for the bus outside the bus stand at the main gate for long
(B) The passengers were waited for the bus outside the bus stand at the main gate for long
(C) The passengers have been waiting for the bus outside the bus stand at the main gate for long
(D) The passengers were waiting for the bus outside the bus stand at the main gate for 1ong

92. Choose the antonym for the word stern
(A) Harsh
(B) Severe
(C) Rigorous
(D) Considerate

93. Choose the correct meaning of the idiom fight shy of
(A) Afraid of
(B) Ashamed of oneself
(C) Dislike
(D) Come to nothing

94. Which of the following words best expresses the meaning of barbarian?
(A) Unkind
(B) Impolite
(C) Unlikeness
(D) Uncivilised

95. Select the suitable meaning of the phrase to end in smoke
(A) To come to nothing
(B) To gain importance
(C) To praise oneself
(D) To reach target

96. Select the Suitable word which can be substituted for one who is habitually good to others

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(A) Helper
(B) Altruist
(C) Angel
(D) Humanitarian

97. Choose the correct sentence
(A) My father is a schoolmaster, is fifty years old
(B) My father who is a schoolmaster, is fifty years old
(C) My father is a schoolmaster, who is fifty years old
(D) My father a schoolmaster who is fifty years old

98. Fill in the blank with the appropriate word
she is clever, she often makes mistakes
(A) Despite
(B) ln spite of
(C) Although
(D) Even if

99. Choose the correct sentence
(A) There is no meaning in that you say
(B) There is no meaning in what you say
(C) There is no meaning as to what you say
(D) There is no meaning in which you say

100. Fill in the blank to make the sentence meaningful The salt spray has gradually the bridge
(A) Bungled
(B) Ravaged
(C) Damaged
(D) Eroded

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ANSWER KEY

Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer
1	A	51	C
2	B	52	B
3	B	53	C
4	C	54	B
5	B	55	A
6	A	56	C
7	B	57	C
8	C	58	B
9	A	59	C
10	A	60	A
11	D	61	D
12	C	62	A
13	C	63	A
14	B	64	C
15	A	65	D
16	C	66	B
17	C	67	D
18	D	68	A
19	D	69	A
20	B	70	A
21	A	71	C
22	B	72	A
23	B	73	C
24	A	74	D
25	C	75	B
26	D	76	A
27	A	77	B
28	C	78	C

29	C	79	D
30	D	80	C
31	C	81	A
32	C	82	C
33	D	83	B
34	A	84	C
35	C	85	D
36	D	86	A
37	B	87	A
38	B	88	B&D
39	A	89	B
40	D	90	C
41	A	91	C
42	D	92	D
43	C	93	C
44	C	94	D
45	B	95	A
46	A	96	B
47	B	97	C
48	B	98	C
49	D	99	B
50	C	100	D

88: As both options B & D are the same, the benefit may be given to all candidates for this question.

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HCU Entrance Examination 2018

1. Which of the following names is associated with physiological response to stress?
   (A) Shefi
   (B) Duncan
   (C) Selye
   (D) Dweck

2. Reciprocal determinism includes interaction of
   (A) Behaviour, Environment, Attitude
   (B) Behaviour, Environment, Personality
   (C) Behaviour, Personality, Attitude
   (D) Behaviour, Attitude, Social norm

3. Rejecting the null hypothesis when it is true is known as
   (A) Standard error
   (B) Standard error of mean
   (C) Type I error
   (D) Type II error

4. Dream interpretation involves distinguishing between the content of a dream that appears on the surface, and the content, which is the underlying meaning
   (A) Persona, non-persona
   (B) Manifest, latent
   (C) Transference, countertransference
   (D) Macro, micro

5. Match the following

Category A	Category B
James-Lange	Wheel of emotions
Schachter-Singer	Activation of visceral bodily change
Cannon-Bard	Observation of environmental cue
Robert Plutchik	Activation of thalamus

   (A) i-a, ii-c, iii- b, iv-d
   (B) i-b, ii-c, iii-d, iv-a
   (C) i-c, ii-d, iii- b, iv-a
   (D) i-b, ii- a, iii-d, iv-c

6. Who among the following studied the nature and impact of social norms?
   (A) Kurt Lewin
   (B) Allport
   (C) Sherif
   (D) Lippitt

7. An unpleasant state that occurs due to inconsistency in our attitudes and behaviour is called
   (A) Hypocrisy
   (B) Cognitive dissociation
   (C) Cognitive resonance
   (D) Cognitive dissonance

8. Which of the following is the well-known name related to stress and coping?
   (A) Boyle
   (B) Folkman
   (C) Sowell
   (D) Peterson

9. Biological responses measured by electronic instruments, and information of those responses immediately available to the person being tested is called
   (A) Biofeedback
   (B) Bio-metrics
   (C) Bio-informatics
   (D) Bio electronics

10. A psychologist has generated figures regarding the number of times his clients go for exercise in
    a month. What type of data are formed by the figures?
    (A) Nominal
    (B) Ordinal
    (C) Interval
    (D) Ratio

11. Find the odd one out
    (A) Egocentrism
    (B) Ego
    (C) Sublimation
    (D) Fixation

12. Nociception refers to
    (A) Perception of pain
    (B) Reception of information

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(C) Perception of noxious stimulus
(D) Inception of new method for inoculation

13. Which of the following graphs is used to show the pattern of relationship between two variables?
(A) Bar Graph
(B) Histogram
(C) Scatter diagram
(D) Frequency polygon

14. An inactive substance or condition having the appearance of an active treatment is called
(A) Placebo
(B) Therapy
(C) Inoculation
(D) Motivational pill

15. Piaget's cognitive theory talks about
(A) Object sustenance
(B) Object permanence
(C) Sensory operation
(D) Motor operation

16. Which of the following can be diagnosed as Schizophrenia?
(A) Purnima has been seen to behave aggressively. She has been threatening to kill her sister. She is found to be very active all the night and spends time filling water, cleaning the kitchen, making phone calls and calls herself a super-woman
(B) Gaurav is found to be silent most of the time. He wakes up in the morning and packs his lunch, waits for someone to force him to go to office. In the office he spends time keenly observing people. During the lunch time if he spots someone· who sees him opening his lunch box he stops eating and closes the box
(C) Ravi, a very intelligent engineering graduate has started talking very rash with his teachers and frequently enters into arguments with them on some issue or the other related to academics. He particularly feels that one of his friends has a device that records all his thoughts and hence avoids being in the vicinity of that friend. He keeps talking as if someone is accompanying him while he walks
(D) Anurag is unable to attend his college for the past six weeks. He goes up to the bus stop and returns saying that he is too scared to get into the bus because he is too scared that something might happen to the bus

17. The process of dying as involving a series of five stages that differ in content and emotional intensity: denial, anger, bargaining, depression, and acceptance is given by
(A) Prochaska
(B) Kimble-Garmezy
(C) Kubler-Ross
(D) Hamilton

18. A random sample of 12 students is drawn. Their IQs are 112, 135, 109, 109, 119, 125, 113,
128, 124, 98, 103, and 105. The mean of this sample is
(A) 106
(B) 125
(C) 115
(D) 105

19. Match the following

Category A	**Category B**
James-Lange	Wheel of emotions
Schachter-Singer	Activation of visceral bodily change
Cannon-Bard	Observation of environmental cue
Robert Plutchik	Activation of thalamus

(A) i-c, ii-d, iii-a, iv-b
(B) i-d, ii-c, iii-b, iv-a
(C) i-d, ii-c, iii-a, iv-b
(D) i-b, ii-a, iii-d, iv-c

20. The method of successive approximations is also known as
(A) Punishment
(B) Rewards

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(C) Shaping
(D) Reinforcement

21. The part of a limbic system that plays an important role in memory and emotion is
(A) Medulla Oblongata
(B) Pons Varolii
(C) Amygdala
(D) Pedunculi

22. In the game of tug-of-war, there is a reduction in individual effort when working on a collective task. This phenomenon is called
(A) Social facilitation
(B) Social loafing
(C) Social influence
(D) Bandwagon effect

23. Which of the following approaches to therapy focuses on self-responsibility?
(A) Psychoanalysis
(B) Biomedical approach
(C) Humanistic approach
(D) Socio-cultural approach

24. A personality type characterized by inhibition of expression of negative emotions and avoidance of social interaction so as to avoid feelings of disapproval is known as
(A) Type A
(B) Type B
(C) Type C
(D) Type D

25. Sternberg suggests that love has three basic components. They are
(A) Intimacy, passion, and commitment
(B) Companionate love, passionate love, and consummate love
(C) Infatuation, romantic love, and fatuous love
(D) Intimacy, commitment, and consummate love

26. The design, administration and interpretation of psychological tests for the measurement of variables such as intelligence, aptitude and personality traits is called
(A) Psycho-evaluation
(B) Psychometrics
(C) Psychonumetrics
(D) Psychonumerology

27. The median of 8, 1, 6, 3, and 2 is
(A) 6
(B) 4
(C) 3
(D) 3

28. The theory of emotion propounded by Schachter and Singer advocates that
(A) The emotions are perceived and processed through sensory pathways and experienced in the brain
(B) Emotions are behaviourally manifested and cognitively labeled
(C) Emotions are cognitively processed and behaviourally manifested
(D) Emotions are physiologically aroused and cognitively labeled

29. Which of the following are useful psychological techniques of self-control?
(A) Observation of own behaviour
(B) Seeking feedback
(C) Self instruction
(D) Discussing criticism
e. Self reinforcement
f. Practicing before friends

(A) a, b, c
(B) a, b, c, d
(C) a, c, e
(D) b, d, f

30. In Alan Baddeley' s working memory model, one of the three components are
(A) Long-term memory
(B) Central executive
(C) Short term memory
(D) Working memory

31. A procedure for gaining compliance which begins with a small request and

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when this is granted, escalates to a larger one is known as
(A) Self-serving bias
(B) Actor-observer effect
(C) Foot-in-the-door technique
(D) 'That's not all' technique

32. A percentile of 17 means that
(A) 17% of the scores are lower
(B) 17% of the scores are higher
(C) 17 of the scores are lower
(D) 17 of the scores are higher

33. According to self-determination theory of Edward Deci and Richard Ryan, which are the three basic needs of human beings
(A) Competence, autonomy, relatedness
(B) Security, relatedness, autonomy
(C) Esteem, belongingness, competence
(D) Competence, relatedness, security

34. Eidetic memory is also known as
(A) Imagery memory
(B) Photographic memory
(C) Mnemonic
(D) Iconic memory

35. According to Erikson, the central psychological challenges pertaining to adolescence, young adulthood, and middle adulthood are
(A) Identity formation, intimacy, generativity
(B) Intimacy, identity formation, generativity
(C) Generativity, intimacy, identity formation
(D) Intimacy, generativity, identity formation

36. The process by which lens in the eye focuses light by changing its own thickness is
(A) Accumulation
(B) Adjustment
(C) Accommodation
(D) Assimilation

37. Which of the following is quickly and accurately determined from the Ogive?
(A) Mean
(B) Median
(C) Mode
(D) Variance

38. Which of the following defines Health Psychology correctly?
(A) Health Psychology is the discipline of Psychology to the prevention and maintenance of the health, the promotion and treatment of illness, the identification of etiologic and diagnostic correlates of health, illness and related dysfunction and to the analysis and improvement of the mental health system and health policy formation
(B) Health Psychology is the discipline of Psychology to the promotion and prevention of illness-, the identification of etiologic and diagnostic correlates of health, illness and related dysfunction and to the analysis and improvement of the health-care system and health promotion
(C) Health Psychology is the discipline of Psychology to the promotion and maintenance of health, the prevention and treatment of illness, the identification of etiologic and diagnostic correlates of health, illness and related dysfunction and to the analysis and improvement of the health-care system and health policy formation
(D) Health psychology is the discipline of Psychology to the promotion and maintenance of health, the prevention and identification of etiologic and diagnostic correlates of health, illness and related dysfunction and to the analysis and improvement of the mental health-care system and health policy formation

39. The theory that personality could be reduced into two broad dimensions such as neuroticism vs. emotional stability,

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extraversion vs. introversion, psychoticism vs. sociability was proposed by
(A) Cattell
(B) Eysenck
(C) Allport
(D) Adler

40. If all scores are positive, the middle score in a distribution is most likely to be located at
(A) Mean
(B) Median
(C) Mode
(D) 25th Percentile

41. Which of the statements describes the Psychologists in the given two branches most appropriately?
(A) School Psychologists work on curriculum development for children while Educational Psychologists work with children having academic problems
(B) School Psychologists work on the functioning of Schools while Educational Psychologists study the psychology of children who have special needs
(C) School Psychologists work on training the teachers and administrators in schools while Educational Psychologists work on educational policies
(D) School Psychologists work directly with children having emotional and behavioural problems in Schools while Educational Psychologists work on macro aspects of education

42. Match the following

Category A	**Category B**
(A)Sheldon	(i)Type A & Type B
(B) Jung	(ii)Type C
(C) Friedman & Rosenman	(iii)Body build and temperament
(D)Morris	(iv)Introversion, extraversion

(A) i-c, ii-d, iii-a, iv-b
(B) i-c, ii-b, iii-d, iv-a
(C) i-d, ii-a, iii-b, iv-c
(D) i-b, ii-d, iii-a, iv-c

43. Raju was waiting with his siblings at home for his parents to return. His friend from the neighbourhood came and tempted him to join for plucking mangoes from the neighbour's garden. Though tempted, Raju told him that he would not do it because if his parents come back in the meantime and see him stealing mangoes they would scold him. Raju can be placed in which of the following stages of Kohlberg's moral development?
(A) Pre-conventional stage
(B) Conventional stage
(C) Post-conventional stage
(D) Between pre-conventional and conventional stages

44. An expanding field which represents Social Psychology and brain research is
(A) Neuro social cognition
(B) Social neuroscience
(C) Socio neuro research
(D) Neural and cognitive social research

45. Who among the following viewed that, 'Social behaviour stems from innate tendencies or instincts'?
(A) William James
(B) Carl Rogers
(C) William Linden
(D) Willian McDougall

46. Which of the following is a personality disorder characterized by immaturity, self-dramatization, seductiveness, and attention seeking behaviour?
(A) Schizoid personality disorder
(B) Obsessive compulsive personality disorder
(C) Histrionic personality disorder
(D) Dependent personality disorder

47. _____ is the process by which we identify the direction from which sound is coming from

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(A) Sound location
(B) Sound locality
(C) Sound identification
(D) Sound localization

48. Which of the following statistical techniques is most appropriate to establish and quantify the strength and direction of the relationship between two dependent variables?
(A) Pearson's r
(B) t-test
(C) Chi-square
(D) Percentile rank

49. According to Seligman (2011), a person is flourishing when the five elements are experienced in the upper range. To increase well-being, one must enhance these five elements. Which of the following refers to these elements?
(A) Positive thinking, engagement, ethics, positive relationships, and accomplishment
(B) Positive motivation, engagement, mastery, positive relationships, and accomplishment
(C) Positive emotion, engagement, positive relationships, meaning, and accomplishment
(D) Positive attitude, engagement, meaning, positive recreation, and accomplishment

50. Which of the following statements best defines the Gate Control Theory of pain?
(A) Pain impulses are sent to receptor sites in vital organs
(B) Non-painful nerve impulses compete with pain impulses to reach the brain, creating a neural blockage
(C) Stimuli of various kinds activate free nerve endings, which carry the pain message to brain
(D) Pain is simply a psychological state, not a physiological one

51. Trichromatic theory of vision was first proposed by
(A) Hermann von Helmholtz
(B) Ewald Hering
(C) Thomas Young
(D) Roger Sperry

52. Who among the following Neo-Freudian's suggested that personality develops in the context of social relationships and depends particularly on the relationship between parents and child and how well the child's needs are met
(A) Allport
(B) Fromm
(C) Eysenck
(D) Honey

53. A method under behaviour therapy for anxiety in which people are confronted either suddenly or gradually with a stimulus that they fear is
(A) Cognitive behavioural therapy
(B) Exposure therapy
(C) Aversion therapy
(D) Rational emotive therapy

54. A memory phenomenon in which vividly imagining an event, markedly leads to increase in confidence that the event actually has occurred is
(A) Memory inflation
(B) Imagination inflation
(C) Memory stabilization
(D) Memory trace

55. Match the following

Category A	**Category B**
Karen Homey	Inferiority complex
Adler	Champion of women's issues
Jung	Psychosocial development
Erikson	Collective unconscious

(A) i-b, ii-c, iii-d, iv-a
(B) i-b ii-a, iii-d, iv-c
(C) i-d, ii-a, iii-b, iv-c
(D) i-b, ii-c, iii-a, iv-d

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56. In which of the following ways is the arithmetic mean superior to the median and the mode?
(A) It is the most dependable
(B) It is the central one
(C) It is the easiest to compute
(D) It is not affected by extreme scores

57. Motor development in babies follows a proximodistal principle. This is best described as
(A) From centre to periphery
(B) From the top of the head to the bottom of the feet
(C) From periphery to centre
(D) From the bottom of the body to the top of the body

58. A formal reasoning in which people draw a conclusion from a set of assumptions is called
(A) Availability heuristic
(B) Syllogistic reasoning
(C) Inductive reasoning
(D) Deductive reasoning

59. Which of the following is an example of a personal fable?
(A) Mala feels nervous when she is making her presentation in front of her class
(B) Ayesha feels no one else could perhaps be as beautiful and smart as she is
(C) Preeta lies to her parents about going to a sleepover with her friends
(D) Reema always wants to hang out with her friends instead of doing her homework

60. Smita obtained a raw score of 91 on a Psychology test. The mean for the class was 85 and the standard deviation was 3. Smita's z score was
(A) -2
(B) -1
(C) +2
(D) +1

61. Which of the following refers to the five factors underlying personality according to Big five factor theory
(A) Openness to experience, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreeableness, neuroticism
(B) Openness to communication, conscientiousness, energy, agility, nervousness
(C) Openness to experience, concern, efficacy, ability, novelty
(D) Openness to experience, criticism, extraversion, affection, neuroticism

62. Match the following

Category A	Category B
Fixed-ratio	Reinforcement occurs after a varying number of responses
Variable-ratio	Reinforcement occurs after a set time period
Variable-interval	Reinforcement occurs after a set number of responses
Fixed-interval	Reinforcement occurs after a varying time period

(A) i-b, ii-c, iii-d, iv-a
(B) i-d, ii-b, iii-d. iv-c
(C) i-c, ii-a, iii-d, iv-b
(D) i-c, ii-d, iii-a, iv-b

63. A dissociative disorder where a significant, selective memory loss occurs is _____ and the dissociative disorder that exhibits a condition where the individual leaves home and sometimes assumes new identity is _____
(A) Malingering disorder, factitious disorder
(B) Cognitive disorder, behaviour breaking disorder
(C) Dissociative amnesia, dissociative fugue
(D) Dissociative dementia, dissociative identity disorder

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64. William McDougal in 1908 identified _____ instincts
(A) 12
(B) 18
(C) 15
(D) 19

65. Rosenberg's scale measures
(A) Self-esteem
(B) Self-control
(C) Self-efficacy
(D) Self-concept

66. According to Jean Piaget, at what stage does a child attain conservation
(A) Sensory motor
(B) Preoperational
(C) Concrete operational
(D) Formal operational

67. The sum of the squares of the deviations from the mean is used in computing
(A) Range
(B) Quartile
(C) Percentile
(D) Variance

68. The therapeutic approach that teaches people to think in more adaptive ways by changing their dysfunctional cognitions about the world and themselves is called
(A) Countertransference
(B) Behavioural treatment
(C) Neural recognition approach
(D) Cognitive approach

69. Which of the following statements is incorrect with regard to stereotypes?
(A) Stereotypes are the cognitive components of attitudes toward a social group
(B) Stereotypes of each gender are typically the converse of one another
(C) Stereotypes do not serve any motivational purposes
(D) Stereotypes often function as schemas

70. A baby learns that when he is hungry he is provided with food and when he is in pain he is cuddled and comforted. Erikson suggests that the baby would be developing
(A) Familiarity
(B) Intimacy
(C) Trust
(D) Identity

71. _____ perception refers to stimulus that activates the sensory system but is too subtle to reach conscious awareness
(A) Depth
(B) Extrasensory
(C) Visual
(D) Subliminal

72. In which of the following circumstances should we regard a distribution of scores as homogeneous?
(A) Mean is large
(B) Standard deviation is small
(C) Curve is negatively skewed
(D) Curve is positively skewed

73. According to Robert Cialdini, which of the following is/are the basic principle(s) of compliance?
i. Friendship or liking
ii. Commitment or consistency
iii. Scarcity or reciprocity

(A) i and ii
(B) ii and iii
(C) only i
(D) i, ii and iii

74. Vygotsky emphasizes the role of _____ in development of a child
(A) Cognitive element
(B) Environment
(C) Social interaction
(D) Parents

75. A set of strategies that permits adults to select personally valued activities a method of copying with diminishing energies and losses is called
(A) Compensatory behaviour with optimization
(B) Selective optimization and compensation

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(C) Disengagement
(D) Activity oriented, behaviour

PAR-B

76. "Camel subsists _____ the coarsest of food"
(A) On
(B) With
(C) For
(D) To

77. Identify the correct spelling
(A) Dumbbell
(B) Dumbell
(C) Dumble
(D) Dumbel

78. Which part of the following sentence contains an error?
(i) No sooner did /(ii) the professor arrived at the examination hall /(iii) than the students /(iv) rushed towards the hall
(A) i
(B) ii
(C) iii
(D) iv

79. Identify the meaning of the underlined word
Suddenly, he was seized with a feeling of anguish and he abdicated
(A) Resigned
(B) Cried
(C) Resisted
(D) Shouted

80. Which of the alternatives best expresses the meaning of the idiom 'Let the cat out of the bag'?
(A) To reveal information that was previously concealed
(B) The final problem in a series of problems
(C) When persons understand the situation well, they allow the cat to come out
(D) A visual presentation is far more descriptive than words

81. Which of the following sentences is correct?
(A) It's high time we discover the truth
(B) It's high time the truth is discovered
(C) It's high time the truth had discovered
(D) It's high time the truth was discovered

82. Which of the alternatives best expresses the meaning of the idiom 'Don't put all your eggs in one basket'?
(A) You are not very good at something
(B) Do not make plans for something that might not happen
(C) Do not put all eggs together as they are fragile
(D) Do not put all resources in one possibility

83. Which of the alternatives best expresses the indirect speech of the following sentence?
He said, "I have not visited this place yet"
(A) He said that he has not visited that place yet
(B) He said that I had not visited this place yet
(C) He said that he had not visited that place yet
(D) He said that I have not visited that place yet

84. Choose the correct spelling
(A) Liaison
(B) Lieson
(C) Liaisen
(D) Liaision

85. If she had passed the examination successfully, she _____ in our group now
(A) Was
(B) Would be
(C) Would have been
(D) Will be

86. Niche is to Segment as: Perks is to
(A) Deductions
(B) Benefits
(C) Taxation
(D) Munch

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87. Find the antonym for Replenish
(A) Restock
(B) Stock
(C) Exhaust
(D) Provide

88. In the following question the first and the last parts of the sentence are numbered as 1 and 6. The rest of the sentence is split into four parts and named as P, Q, Rand S. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the jumbled parts of the sentence and find out which of the four combinations is correct
1: I have not come
P: even if it means some humiliation
Q: but the boy must learn
R: to complain, he said
S: to be honest
6: and must admit he broke our window pane

(A) SPRQ
(B) QSPR
(C) RQSP
(D) PRQS

89. Choose the correct statement out of the four alternative statements given in indirect speech
They said, "We won the match"
(A) They said that they won the match
(B) They said that they have won the match
(C) They said that they had been winning the match
(D) They said that they had won the match

90. Select the word that is most similar in meaning to Incongruous
(A) Inconceivable
(B) Inevitable
(C) Inconsistent
(D) Incontrovertible

91. Choose the correct sentence
(A) Sudheer usually drove real careful but the police officer was unimpressed that he had both broken the speed limit and jumped the red light
(B) Sudheer usually drove really carefully but the police officer was both unimpressed that he had broken the speed limit and jumped the red light
(C) Sudheer usually drove really carefully but the police officer was unimpressed that he had broken the speed limit and jumped a red light
(D) Sudheer usually drove real careful but the police officer was unimpressive that he had both broke the speed limit and jump the red light

92. Choose similar pair of words
Plagiarize: Borrow::
(A) Prefer: Steal
(B) Extort: Obtain
(C) Explore: Ignite
(D) Purify: Filter

93. Change the sentence, 'I eat a Mango' to passive voice
(A) A mango is eaten by me
(B) I ate a mango
(C) A Mango was eaten by me
(D) I would eat a mango

94. Volte-face refers to
(A) Powerful will
(B) Sensational move
(C) Commitment to action
(D) Reversal of attitude

95. Replace the underlined part of the following sentence with the correct alternative
If the room had been brighter, I would have been able to read for a while before bed time
(A) Had the room been brighter
(B) If the room was brighter
(C) As the room was brighter
(D) If the room is brighter

96. The antonym for Latent

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(A) Dormant
(B) Visible
(C) Hidden
(D) Released

97. Find out the error in the following sentence
I cannot put up in a hotel/ because the boarding and lodging charges/ were exorbitant/ and I felt it was an unnecessary expense
(A) I cannot put up in a hotel
(B) Because the boarding and lodging charges
(C) Were exorbitant
(D) And I felt it was an unnecessary expense

98. Deepak asked, "How long will it take to travel from Delhi to Hyderabad?"
(A) Deepak asked how long it will take to travel from Delhi to Hyderabad
(B) Deepak asked how long it would take to travel from Delhi to Hyderabad
(C) Deepak asked how long will it going to take to travel from Delhi to Hyderabad
(D) Deepak asked how long it was going to take to travel from Delhi to Hyderabad

99. Replace the underlined part of the following sentence with a suitable alternative
'Don't call me at 10 'O Clock. I am going to fly to Delhi'
(A) Must fly
(B) Having to fly
(C) Will be flying
(D) I flying

100. Choose the correct sentence
(A) Online shopping is projected to increase by 350% during peak festival season on account of unbelievably lowering prices offered by retailers
(B) Online shopping is projected to increase by 350% during peak festival season on account of unbelievably low prices offered by retailers
(C) Online shopping is projected to increase by 350% during peak festival season on account of unbelievable lowering prices offerings by retailers
(D) Online shopping is projected to increase by 350% during peak festival season on account of unbelieving lowered prices offered by retailers

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ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	C	26	B	51	C	76	A
2	B	27	D	52	D	77	A
3	C	28	D	53	B	78	B
4	B	29	C	54	B	79	A
5	B	30	B	55	B	80	A
6	C	31	C	56	A	81	B
7	D	32	B	57	A	82	D
8	B	33	A	58	B	83	C
9	A	34	B	59	B	84	A
10	D	35	A	60	C	85	C
11	A	36	C	61	A	86	B
12	C	37	B	62	C	87	C
13	C	38	D	63	C	88	C
14	A	39	B	64	B	89	D
15	B	40	B	65	A	90	C
16	C	41	D	66	C	91	C
17	C	42	A	67	A	92	B
18	C	43	A	68	D	93	C
19	B	44	B	69	D	94	D
20	C	45	D	70	C	95	B
21	C	46	C	71	D	96	B
22	B	47	D	72	B	97	A
23	C	48	A	73	D	98	B
24	D	49	C	74	C	99	C
25	A	50	B	75	B	100	B

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HCU Entrance Examination 2017

1. The Greek origin of the word 'Psychology' is explained in the following terms
   (A) 'Psyche' meaning the behaviour and 'logy' meaning the study of
   (B) 'Psycho' meaning the mentally ill and 'logy' meaning the logic of
   (C) 'Psy' meaning mind and 'chology' meaning systematic study of
   (D) 'Psyche' meaning mind or soul and 'logos' meaning the study of

2. The two major disciplines Psychology has its roots in are
   (A) Philosophy and Logic
   (B) Physical Sciences and Medicine
   (C) Philosophy and Physical sciences
   (D) Logic and Medicine

3. Psychology is taught in India for the past
   (A) Twenty five years
   (B) Fifty years
   (C) Seventy to seventy five years
   (D) More than hundred years

4. In which year, the Centre for Health Psychology has been established in the University of Hyderabad?
   (A) 2005
   (B) 2007
   (C) 2009
   (D) 2011

5. Which of the following is the first book published from the Centre for Health Psychology, University of Hyderabad?
   (A) Coping with Life Stress: The Indian Experience
   (B) Health and Illness: Biopsychosocial Perspectives
   (C) Introduction to Health Psychology
   (D) Occupational Stress: Indian Perspectives

6. Psychology as a distinct discipline has originated from
   (A) Life Science
   (B) Sociology
   (C) Philosophy
   (D) Medical Science

7. One of the earliest debates about Human Psychology focused on the question of whether human capabilities are inborn or acquired through experience. This view refers to
   (A) Implicit vs. explicit
   (B) Nature vs. nurture
   (C) Overt vs. covert
   (D) Innate vs. maturity

8. Which of the following statements is correct?
   (A) Mind and body are not integrated with one another
   (B) Mind is located in the brain
   (C) Mind and body are fully integrated with one another
   (D) Mind and body are concrete concepts

9. Role of psychological factors in the development, prevention, and treatment of illnesses is one of the major components of
   (A) Biopsychology
   (B) Physiological Psychology
   (C) Clinical Psychology
   (D) Health Psychology

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10. As height increases weight increases. This means both height and weight are
    (A) Positively correlated
    (B) Negatively correlated
    (C) Hypothetically correlated
    (D) Causally correlated

11. World Mental Health Day is observed every year on
    (A) October 12th
    (B) October 10th
    (C) April 7th
    (D) April 10th

12. Which of the following is not a non-communicable disease?
    (A) Hepatitis
    (B) Cancer
    (C) Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
    (D) Diabetes

13. Anorexia nervosa is a(n)
    (A) Personality disorder
    (B) Neurological disorder
    (C) Eating disorder
    (D) Developmental disorder

14. Before the emergence of Psychology as a separate discipline, matters related to mind were studied in
    (A) Physiology
    (B) Philosophy
    (C) Medical Sciences
    (D) Physical Sciences

15. As per the information available in the website of the University of Hyderabad, at present how many faculty members are there in the Centre for Health Psychology?
    (A) Four
    (B) Five
    (C) Six
    (D) Seven

16. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
    (A) Genetic influences affect children more than adults
    (B) Even if genetic factors underlie a particular behaviour, it is subject to change
    (C) Genetic factors manifest themselves when triggered by environmental factors
    (D) Intelligence is determined by genetic and environmental factors

17. The intense enduring social-emotional relationship that develops between a child and a mother is termed as
    (A) Love
    (B) Intimacy
    (C) Attachment
    (D) Affection

18. The nature versus nurture refers to
    (A) Humans are a product of genetic inheritance
    (B) Humans are a product of social interaction
    (C) Humans are individual entities without the influence of environment and nature
    (D) Humans are a product of either their environment or of their biological predisposition

19. The first laboratory in Psychology was established in the year
    (A) 1879
    (B) 1907
    (C) 1789
    (D) 1953

20. Which of the following is true?
    (A) Psychology is commonsense
    (B) Psychology means an art of healing
    (C) Psychology uses scientific methods
    (D) Both B and C

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21. The term used to describe the sudden 'flash' of revelation that often accompanies the solution to a problem is
(A) Insight
(B) Wisdom
(C) Reminiscence
(D) Intelligence

22. Which of the following occupations relies heavily on kinesthetic and vestibular senses?
(A) Doctor
(B) Pilot
(C) Gymnast
(D) Artist

23. A culture that focuses on relationships with others such as family, friends, and community refers to
(A) Individualistic culture
(B) Group culture
(C) Collectivistic culture
(D) Social norm

24. Which of the following is not done by a Health Psychologist?
(A) Helping the patients in the hospitals in dealing with their fears and insecurities
(B) Reaching out to the interior rural areas to create awareness about the importance of lifestyle
(C) Enabling people maintain their health by designing programmes and helping them prevent illness
(D) Administering electric shock therapy to the patients who are suffering from mental health problems

25. In the debate about the mind and body, the idea that body and mind are quite different and separate was termed as
(A) Separation
(B) Differentiation
(C) Realism
(D) Dualism

26. Psychology is considered a science mainly because it relies on
(A) Objective observation and experimentation
(B) Subjective interpretation and prediction
(C) Group studies and hypnosis
(D) Past life regression and quantitative techniques

27. Which of the following is not related to Psychology?
(A) Measuring the temperature of a person when he is very angry or sad
(B) Measuring the heart rate of an individual when he is watching a horror movie
(C) Manipulating the genes of a person to prevent mental illness
(D) Measuring the happiness of IT employees

28. Which of the following controls our internal organs and glands and is generally considered to be outside the realm of voluntary control?
(A) Central nervous system
(B) Sympathetic nervous system
(C) Somatic nervous system
(D) Autonomic nervous system

29. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
(A) Smoking, alcohol consumption, and drug abuse contribute to lifestyle disorder
(B) Insomnia is a sleep disorder
(C) Children learning to speak is a part of their growth
(D) Stress is sometimes good, sometimes bad

30. What is the type of communication that takes place with in a neuron?
(A) Chemical
(B) Psychological
(C) Mechanical
(D) Electrical

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31. Which of the following is the primary means of communicating thought?
(A) Proposition
(B) Concept
(C) Language
(D) Category

32. Which of the following is referred to an enduring emotional state?
(A) Mood
(B) Sentiment
(C) Temperament
(D) Criticism

33. Which of the following are chronic diseases?
(A) Diabetes, Influenza, and Jaundice
(B) Arthritis, Diabetes, and Hypertension
(C) Arthritis, Jaundice, and AIDS
(D) Diabetes, Influenza, and AIDS

34. The term 'autonomic' means
(A) Emotional
(B) Regenerative
(C) Automatic
(D) Retroactive

35. Sachin completed his graduation in Mechanical Engineering and was seeking employment. When he approached few companies for job, one of the companies sent him a letter saying he should take an aptitude test. By this, the company means that it will assess
(A) Sachin's approach towards time management
(B) Sachin's skill in approaching total set of employees
(C) Sachin's attitude towards the job that the company is likely to offer him
(D) Sachin's skill and capacity to undertake the job

36. What is the emphasis of Health Psychology?
(A) Helpful in stimulation of immune system
(B) Helping people unlearn their sickness
(C) Promoting healthy lifestyle and behaviour
(D) The study of mental attitude and well-being

37. Which of the following is not the career opportunity for students after completion of their Integrated M.SC in Health Psychology?
(A) Taking up research
(B) Consultant to health agencies
(C) Becoming health psychiatrist
(D) Faculty in Universities

38. When Psychologists discuss maturation, they are referring to stages of growth that are not influenced by
(A) Nurture
(B) Nature
(C) Conservation
(D) Continuity

39. The statement, 'Psychology is empirical' means
(A) Psychology deals with human beings, animals, and birds
(B) The methods of Psychology are based on controlled experiments and observations made with great precision and objectivity
(C) Scientific Psychology originated in Greek and Roman ages, which are known for objectivity
(D) Psychological principles are based on consensus of scientists and philosophers across the globe

40. As per the information available in the website of the University of Hyderabad, in which of the following laboratories of the Centre for Health Psychology, the students are trained in relaxation therapy using biofeedback and neurofeedback?
(A) Experimental Laboratory
(B) Counseling Laboratory
(C) Behaviour Technology Laboratory

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(D) Sleep Laboratory

41. Which of the following statements explains Health Psychology in a comprehensive way?
(A) Health Psychology is a branch of Psychology that involves in diagnosis and therapy of communities where epidemics break
(B) Health Psychology applies the principles of the mental health on those who are diagnosed with mental illness
(C) Health Psychology is a branch of Psychology that applies the principles of mental health on the healthy population
(D) Health Psychology is a branch of Psychology that applies the principles of Psychology on health related behaviour

42. Which of the following statements concerning the effects of aging is true?
(A) Aging inevitably leads to dementia
(B) Aging increases susceptibility to fever or flu
(C) Significant increase in life satisfaction is associated with aging
(D) Aging process can be significantly affected by individual's activity patterns

43. The teacher asked the students of class VIII what they know about mind Following are some of the answers. Which is the correct answer?
(A) The mind is located in the brain
(B) The brain and mind are one and the same
(C) Brain is concrete and mind is abstract
(D) Mind is another name for soul

44. When one experiences emotions such as love, fear or anger one feels the heart beat going up, profuse sweating, heavy breathing, and shivering in extremities. These are only the symptoms of experiencing emotions while scientifically
(A) The emotion of love is experienced in heart, anger in brain and fear in nerves
(B) The emotion of love and fear are experienced in heart while the emotion of anger is experienced in the brain
(C) All the emotional experiences are associated only with nervous system
(D) All emotional experiences are associated only with mind

45. Nobel Prize for the work on digestive system that led to understanding of principles of development of responses was won by
(A) Ivan Pavlov
(B) Frederick G. Banting
(C) Konstantin Novoselov
(D) E. L. Thorndike

46. Which of the following is not correct about non-communicable diseases?
(A) Non-communicable diseases are preventable through effective interventions that tackle shared risk factors, namely tobacco use, unhealthy diet, physical inactivity and harmful use of alcohol
(B) Non-communicable diseases force many people into, or entrench them in poverty due to catastrophic expenditures for treatment
(C) Around the world non-communicable diseases affect women and men almost equally
(D) Non-communicable diseases are easily curable

47. How is information from the eyes mapped onto visual cortex?
(A) The left eye sends information exclusively to the right hemisphere; the right eye sends information exclusively to the left hemisphere
(B) Both eyes send information from the right visual field to the left hemisphere

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and information from the left visual field to the right hemisphere

(C) The left eye sends information from the left visual field to the right hemisphere and from the right visual field to the left hemisphere; while the right eye sends information from the left visual field to the left hemisphere and from the right visual field to the right hemisphere

(D) Both eyes send information from the left visual field to the left hemisphere, and information from the right visual field to the right hemisphere

48. Match the following

(a) Motor planning and movement	(i)Occipital
(b)Primary vision	(ii)Temporal
(c)Primary hearing	(iii)Parietal
(d)Spatial processing and sense of touch	(iv)Frontal

(A) a-iv, b-i, c-iii, d-ii
(B) a-ii, b-i, c-iii, d-iv
(C) a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii
(D) a-iv, b-i, c-ii, d-iii

49. Lopamudra was having a problem travelling by train. She complained of suffocation when she had to sleep on the upper berth. She stayed awake the whole night and felt relieved only after she moved out of the train. Lopamudra is likely to be having
(A) Respiratory problem
(B) Spatial relationship problem
(C) Psychological problem
(D) Psychosocial problem

50. An experimental dog is placed in a laboratory. It was taught to press a blue lever whenever hungry so that it would get a piece of bone. The dog learned to press the blue lever whenever it wanted to chew a piece of bone. Then it was introduced a red lever. Whenever it pressed the red lever, it got an electric shock. After many trials it learned to avoid red lever.
Now the blue lever was replaced with a purple lever. When the dog pressed the purple lever for the first time, it got a bone. But every now and then it received electric shock. After a few trials the dog is likely to
(A) Learn when it would get a piece of bone from purple lever
(B) Learn to press the red lever, but not the purple one
(C) Learn to press the two levers alternatively
(D) Resign not to press any lever and sit inactive

51. Match the following

(a) Period of the embryo	(i) Period from birth to two years
(b) Period of the fetus	(ii) Period lasting from fertilization to implantation
(c) Period of infancy	(iii) Period lasting from the 3rd to 8th prenatal week
(d) Period of zygote	(iv) Period when all major systems begin to function

(A) a-ii, b-iii, c-iv, d-i
(B) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii
(C) a-iii, b-iv, c-ii, d-i
(D) a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii

52. Sheena is a twelve year old girl who is facing the changes that come up with adolescence. She is preoccupied with her personality, capabilities, and her own body. She has an issue with her
(A) Self-evaluation
(B) Self-actualization
(C) Self-image
(D) Self-awareness

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53. Dr. Rita is a Child Psychologist. She believes that all children in the world go through the same distinct phases of intellectual development. She believes that all smart parents will have smart children, even if they are raised in an unstimulated environment. Dr. Rita believes in
(A) Parenting styles
(B) Nature
(C) Developmental outcomes
(D) Nurture

54. Rinku was driving a newly bought car along a familiar route while listening to one of his favourite songs in FM radio. This type of driving is an example of
(A) Sympathetic process
(B) Parasympathetic process
(C) Automatic process
(D) Controlled process

55. Raj and Sheela find their fourteen year old daughter Sharon feeling free and open with her friends than with her family. Observing this, Sharon's parents should
(A) Be concerned, because deteriorating parent-adolescent relationships, such as this one, are often followed by a range of problem behaviours
(B) Ask Sharon to interact more with family
(C) Seek family counselling
(D) Understand that adolescence is typically a time of growing peer influence

56. Jagruthi comes from a poor and socially marginalised community. She lives in a small hut located in a slum. She lost her father when she was one year old. Her mother works as construction labourer. One day the school gave IQ test to the students. Jagruthi's IQ was found to be much lower compared to that of Rahul, Madhav and Rahim. Which of the following could be a reason?
(A) Jagruthi' s gender
(B) Jagruthi's caste background
(C) Jagruthi's environmental background
(D) Jagruthi's losing her father at young age

57. Smita is a 18-year old college student. Currently Smita is going through a hectic phase. She has her end semester examinations in a month's time. She has deadlines to complete her assignments and practical course. She is also aspiring to be the topper of the class which she has been for the past few semesters. Moreover, now-a-days one of her close friends is not talking to her. All the above situations are called
(A) Aggressors
(B) Trouble-shooters
(C) Promulgators
(D) Stressors

58. Sudeep is in his ninth standard. He has been showing irritable behaviour towards his parents. He disagrees with them on many aspects. His irritability sometimes takes the turn of disrespect for them. The parents are worried and talked to some of their close friends about it. Each one gave different causes. Which of the following has a universal characteristic?
(A) He finds it difficult to cope with the academic demands in school and shows his irritation
(B) There are some significant hormonal changes in him causing irritable behaviour
(C) He feels the need to have his parents as his friends and participate in every activity
(D) He does not like having so many friends and longs to be alone and quiet

59. Rajiv is a close friend of Promod. On a late evening he rushes into Promod's room in his hostel. Rajiv was shivering and tears were rolling down his cheeks arid he started sobbing bitterly. He was also sweating a lot and gasping as he apparently came running.

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Which of the following immediate course of action is most appropriate?
(A) Make him sit comfortably, give a glass of water and calm him down
(B) Ask Rajiv what had happened and get him talk about what upset him
(C) Call other friends staying in neighbouring rooms and show Rajiv that he has great support
(D) Tell Rajiv that he should not panic and must take things light

60. Pratap, Kiran, Rumy and George are inmates in an asylum. Pratap is diagnosed as mentally ill, while Kiran is spastic. Rumy is mentally retarded while George is epileptic. Who among them has low IQ?
(A) Pratap
(B) Kiran
(C) Rumy
(D) George

61. Hari is convicted in a case of murder. Hari's advocate argued that Hari did not commit the murder in any planned way and his criminal behaviour is because of his mental illness. Hence he should not be punished. Now the court has to ascertain if Hari is mentally ill or not. Which of the following is the best option for the court?
(A) Get a Health Psychologist and request an assessment
(B) Call a Clinical Psychologist and request an assessment
(C) Call a Criminal Psychologist and request an assessment
(D) Call a Hypnotist and request an assessment

62. Rishy is living in a hostel. He is a very bright student. However in the past few weeks he has been spending increasing hours in prayers. So much so, that there have been occasions when he spent the whole night in praying. All his holidays are spent in prayers. The hostel authorities must send him to a
(A) Counselor
(B) Psychiatrist
(C) Religious head
(D) Psychoneurologist

63. Dumpy is one year old baby. He has learned to take few steps and loves to walk around. The television set in the house is placed at a low level that is easily reached by Dumpy. After he started to walk, Dumpy makes it a point to stand near the television set and tries to push it with all force. The parents wanted Dumpy to stop doing this. Which of the following options is likely to stop Dumpy's behaviour?
(A) Place a heavy barrier in front of the television set
(B) Make a big banging metallic noise every time he approaches the television set
(C) Unplug the television set
(D) Attract Dumpy with another toy every time he tries to approach the television set

64. Romy is a ten year old boy in his fifth standard. He is a very friendly boy. He is good at playing. He loves to play basketball. He sings well. However he is unable to do well in the examinations because teachers cannot understand his writing. He writes certain alphabets, like b, c and d as mirror image. This is because
(A) Romy's IQ is low
(B) Romy has a condition called learned helplessness
(C) Romy suffers from learning disability
(D) Romy has a condition called cerebral palsy

65. Jaya lost both her parents recently in a bad accident. She is unable to forget the scene of accident. You are her only friend with whom she is interacting. What will be the most appropriate

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action from your side to bring her back to normal?
(A) Take her to movies and parties frequently so that she will forget the loss
(B) Discourage her from talking about the accident
(C) Advise her not to think about the fearful scene of accident
(D) Allow her to talk about the scene of accident and listen with all attention

66. Purendhar is 9-year old boy wanting to learn cycling. Four teachers volunteered to teach him cycling. Three of the teachers had plans so as to avoid falling and getting injured while learning cycling. The first teacher planned to explain to him the parts of the bicycle, their function and the mechanism involved in moving it forward when he peddles it and also explain the way Purendhar has to balance his body so that he would not fall. The second teacher planned to demonstrate how to cycle through video clippings that has children of his age cycling and also talking about their experience of learning cycling. The third teacher planned to have him ride the tricycle for a month so that he will be comfortable riding a bicycle. The fourth teacher planned to start on with the practice of riding a bicycle and believed that Purendhar would have few falls and would learn cycling only through such trial and error. Which of the teacher(s) is/are the right teacher(s)?
(A) The first
(B) The first and the second
(C) The second and the third
(D) The fourth

67. Whenever examinations are round the comer Mita gets restless. She finds it difficult to fall asleep. Frequently, she goes back to her notes and verifies the answers. Sometimes she feels that she may not be able to perform well in the examinations. She apprehends that the question paper will be very tough. Mita is experiencing
(A) Depression
(B) Anxiety
(C) Exclusion
(D) Fear

68. Jagir saw a new fruit in the super market and learned from his mother that it is called 'dragon fruit'. Next time when he went to the super market with his cousin, he saw his cousin looking at the fruit with curiosity. Jagir told his cousin, “it is called dragon fruit". What is the sequence of process that followed in case of Jagir?
(A) Sensation-Comparison of the fruit with something he is already familiar with¬-Association of the name his mother gave to the fruit-Registration and recalling the name when he saw the fruit again
(B) Comparison of the fruit with something he is already familiar with-Association of the name his mother gave to the fruit-Sensation-Registration and recalling the name when he saw the fruit again
(C) Registration-Association of the name his mother gave the fruit--Comparison of the fruit with something he is already familiar with-Sensation and recalling the name when he saw the fruit again
(D) Sensation-Registration--Comparison of the fruit with something he is already familiar with-Association of the name his mother gave the fruit and recalling the name when he saw the fruit again

69. All the children in Jyothi's class decided to visit her home one Sunday. During their visit they saw that Jyothi's uncle sitting in a corner of the room was repeatedly shooing away something which never existed. He continued to do so and acted as if whatever he was trying to shoo away would not go and returned to the room. Jaya said that Jyothi's uncle was suffering from severe

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stress. Shyam said he was mentally ill. Krishna said that he had brain damage. Who is/are correct?
(A) Krishna & Jaya
(B) Jaya
(C) Shyam
(D) Jaya & Shyam

70. Darshan Singh narrated to his friends that he dreamt that he was flying up in the sky. He said that very frequently he gets this particular dream and sometimes woke up from such dream and felt very scared. Govind informed that as per the science of Psychology dreams have no meaning and he should not bother. Geeta argued that according to Psychologists one gets such dreams if one reads a lot of fictions. Dheeraj disagreed and said that he read in the books of Psychology that the dreams one gets have something to do with one's wishes. Jolly, contradicting them all stated that she read in the books of Psychology that if one gets the same dream repeatedly it indicates some danger in his/her life. Who is correct?
(A) Dheeraj
(B) Govind
(C) Geeta
(D) Jolly

71. The teacher asked the class XII students if they knew the places where Health Psychologists get jobs. Different students answered differently. Which of the following is the most appropriate answer?
(A) Ramaswamy said they work in hospitals while Subhashini said they work only in IT companies
(B) Raja said they get jobs in hospitals, educational institutions, IT companies and also hospices
(C) Raheem said they work in mental hospitals while Tony said they are employed in colleges
(D) Feroze said they get jobs only in corporate hospitals and not in mental hospitals or educational institutions

72. Jagdeesh has been behaving weirdly for the past few months. He used to go out without informing anyone only to return after several hours. When questioned he used to say that he was being directed by a voice to go to some unidentified place, but refused to reveal where he was going. Everyone in the family used to get worried and tried to talk to people from different fields of expertise. His father consulted a doctor, brother consulted a psychologist, mother consulted a detective and sister consulted an exorcist. After a week when Jagdeesh left the house without informing anyone a man quietly followed him and observed his each and every activity without being noticed by Jagdeesh. Who is this person?
(A) Doctor
(B) Psychologist
(C) Detective
(D) Exorcist

73. Prakash is a 35 year old married person. One day when he was going to office he was badly hit by a truck and fell unconscious. Someone admitted him in the hospital. The doctors on examining him found that there was a brain injury and a concussion in the brain. They said he had to be operated upon. But they also said that the operation involves certain amount of risk of his losing memory of some past events and also it may impact his thinking process. Which part of the brain they were referring to?
(A) Frontal lobe
(B) Temporal Lobe
(C) Parietal Lobe
(D) Occipital Lobe

74. A dog trainer was given the responsibility of training a pet dog to pick up the newspaper and bring it to its master every morning.

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Which of the following methods will be effective in making the dog learn the activity faster and not allow the dog to forget it?
(A) Each time the dog fails to perform the activity beat it mildly with a stick
(B) Give it a piece of meat if the dog performs the activity correctly three consecutive times
(C) Give it a piece of meat every time it performs the activity correctly
(D) Feed it with a good meal of meat every day after the training session

75. Anurag is in class X. He is a very sociable boy. He loves a lot of attention from teachers and other students in the class and feels bored when others are busy and engaged in other activities and the focus is not on him. So, whenever the teacher engages the class in any serious academic work and all the students are engaged in their work, Anurag makes it a point to crack a joke, clown or complain about some silly issue like the monotonous sound made by the ceiling fan or the scorching sun outside etc. It was a big problem to stop Anurag distracting the class from serious work. Which of the following course of action will make him stop such behaviour?
(A) The teacher and students of the class decide not to respond whenever he behaves in such way
(B) The whole class ridicules him for such behaviour and calls him the buffoon of the class
(C) The teacher warns him that if such behaviour is repeated, he will complain to the Principal
(D) The teacher responds positively every time he indulges in such behaviour

Section B

76. We often walk ____the river bank.
(A) Towards
(B) Inside
(C) Along
(D) Around

77. The term 'sensational' refers to
(A) Something exciting
(B) Inputs one receives from sense organs
(C) The sixth sense of a person
(D) Something very strong

78. Identify the error (if any) in the sentence
Many a man want to be rich quickly.
(A) Many a man
(B) Want to be
(C) Rich quickly
(D) No error

79. Complete the sentence
Hari suffered a _____of fortune.
(A) Revert
(B) Regress
(C) Reversal
(D) Reverse

80. Choose the correct sentence
(A) If he wins the prize, I would be very happy
(B) If he were to win the prize, I will be very happy
(C) If he was to win the prize, I would be very happy
(D) If he were to win the prize, I would be very happy

81. Fill in the blanks with suitable words
We are_____ to have him_____ here to make his function a great success.
(A) Proud; have
(B) Happy; arrive
(C) Sure; come
(D) Pleased; over

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82. Identify the correct sentence
(A) He repeated the mistake in spite my correction
(B) He repeated the mistake despite of my correction
(C) He repeated the mistake despite my correction
(D) He repeated the mistake devoid of my correction

83. 'Developmental milestone' refers to
(A) The progressive distance covered during a long journey
(B) The process of polishing and shining a precious stone used in jewellery
(C) Achieving age appropriate activities in children assessed against a norm
(D) Progressive degeneration in the old people as they develop in age

84. Synonym for 'Detest' is
(A) To hate intensely
(B) To love intensely
(C) To neglect intensely
(D) To support intensely

85. Which of the following statements has not used the word 'Reinforcement' in the right sense?
(A) The engineers had to reinforce the ceiling with pillars to prevent collapse
(B) The police had to reinforce curfew in the area to control the violence
(C) The mother was not reinforcing the hard work of the child to motivate him
(D) The guest faculty reinforced her power point presentation with lecture handouts

86. Which of the following is correct?
(A) People's judgment through voting decides the country's future
(B) Peoples judgment through voting decides the country's future
(C) People's judgment through voting decides the countries future
(D) People's judgment through voting decides the countrie's future

87. Jaggu had to catch a train at 4 am but went to the station at 4 pm and found that he was late to the station by 12 hours. When friends asked him how and why he missed his train he should be saying
(A) I predicted that the right time of train will be 4 pm
(B) I presumed that the right time of the train was 4 am
(C) I assumed that the right time of the train was 4 pm
(D) I conceived that the right time of the train was 4 pm

88. Identify the correct sentence
(A) He said, "My conscious will not permit me to bribe the official"
(B) He said, "My conscience will not permit me to bribe the official"
(C) He said, "My cautious will not permit me to bribe the official"
(D) He said, "My concise will not permit me to bribe the official"

89. James is the son of Thomas. James was appearing in class X examination. Thomas, who is a teacher, should not be evaluating the papers in order to avoid a situation where
(A) Thomas becomes objective
(B) James becomes subjective
(C) James becomes objective
(D) Thomas becomes subjective

90. The Dean of the School was addressing the students just before the examinations and cautioning them against any malpractice. Which of her following statements will be correct?
(A) If you are caught indulging in malpractice, the reputation of the school will be on stake

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(B) If you are caught indulging in malpractice, the reputation of the school will be at stake
(C) If you are caught indulging in malpractice, the reputation of the school will be in stake
(D) If you are caught indulging in malpractice, the reputation of the school will be of stake

91. Sanjay was reporting to his parents about his performance in the entrance examinations for I MSc Health Psychology in University of Hyderabad. He said, "I have done very well. Perhaps I will top the list". What Sanjay meant was
(A) He may possibly top the list
(B) He may probably top the list
(C) He will definitely top the list
(D) He may providentially top the list

92. In the following items, some parts of the sentence have been jumbled up. You are required to re-arrange the underlined parts which are labeled as P, Q, R, and S to produce the correct sentence. Choose the proper sequence
Various affecting productivity (P)/ disabilities stand in (Q)/ and personally satisfying life (R)I the way of millions of Indians (S)
(A) QRPS
(B) PSQR
(C) QSPR
(D) PRQS

93. Choose the correct sentence
(A) To be intelligent is more essential than being hard working
(B) Being intelligent is more important than to be hard working
(C) For one to be intelligent is more important than being hard working
(D) Being intelligent is more essential than being hard working

94. Following sentence is grammatically incorrect. Find out which part of the sentence has an error
He used rather harsh (P) words in denouncing (Q) her but he must have had (R) some very strong reasons to do so (S)
(A) P
(B) Q
(C) R
(D) S

95. Choose the correct answer for the phrase 'give him a piece of mind'
(A) Pardon him
(B) Scold him
(C) Calm him down
(D) Take him to confidence

96. Change the voice of the following sentence
They drew a circle in the morning.
(A) A circle was being drawn by them in the morning
(B) In the morning a circle have been drawn by them
(C) A circle has been drawn by them since morning
(D) A circle was drawn by them in the morning

97. Which of the following is the opposite in meaning of the word 'Mandatory'?
(A) Obligatory
(B) Compulsory
(C) Unavoidable
(D) Optional

98. Which of the following sequence is incorrect?
(A) Flow-flew-flown
(B) Choose-chose--chosen
(C) Write-wrote-written
(D) Seek-sought-sought

99. Antonym for 'Coercive' is
(A) Progressive
(B) Promotive

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(C) Gentle
(D) Cautious

100. In the following items, some parts of the sentence have been jumbled up. You are required to re-arrange the underlined parts which are labeled as P, Q, R, and S to produce the correct sentence. Choose the proper sequence
The delay led to a rapid escalation (P)/ in the onset of the monsoon (Q)/ over Kera/a and its subsequent weakness (R)/ of the national rainfall deficit (S)
(A) SRPQ
(B) QPRS
(C) SPRQ
(D) QRPS

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	D	26	A	51	B	76	C
2	C	27	C	52	C	77	A
3	C	28	B	53	B	78	A
4	B	29	A	54	C	79	A
5	A	30	D	55	D	80	A
6	C	31	C	56	C	81	B
7	B	32	A	57	D	82	C
8	C	33	B	58	B	83	C
9	D	34	C	59	A	84	A
10	A	35	D	60	C	85	D
11	B	36	C	61	C	86	A
12	A	37	C	62	B	87	A
13	C	38	C	63	D	88	B
14	B	39	B	64	C	89	D
15	C	40	C	65	A	90	C
16	A	41	D	66	D	91	C
17	C	42	D	67	B	92	D
18	D	43	C	68	A	93	B
19	A	44	C	69	C	94	B
20	C	45	A	70	A	95	B
21	A	46	D	71	C	96	D
22	C	47	C	72	B	97	D
23	C	48	D	73	A	98	A
24	D	49	B	74	C	99	C
25	D	50	D	75	A	100	D

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HCU Entrance Examination 2016

1. The Centre for Health Psychology, University of Hyderabad was established in the year
   (A) 2007
   (B) 2008
   (C) 2009
   (D) 2010

2. Which of the following options most accurately represents the parent discipline of Psychology?
   (A) Physiology and Biology
   (B) Physiology and Sociology
   (C) Philosophy and Sociology
   (D) Philosophy and Physiology

3. Jaya is a six year old girl child. She is the only child in the family and hence highly pampered. She has always got what she wanted. Now Jaya is admitted into a school. Teachers found that she was highly demanding and wanted to have her way at the cost of denying the other children in the class. The teachers found that whenever she was asked to wait for her tum in games or share the toys with other children, she threw herself down and cried loudly. They wanted to put an end to this behaviour of Jaya. Which of the following will be the most effective?
   (A) Offer her a chocolate if she stopped crying and behaved well
   (B) Slap her as and when she displayed tantrum
   (C) Send a complaint letter to parents if she did not correct even after receiving a slap
   (D) Ignore her when she threw tantrum and pay attention when she showed acceptable behaviour

4. Which of the following is correct?
   (A) Brain is related to physiology and mind is related to spirituality
   (B) Both brain and mind are related to physiology
   (C) Brain refers to a physiological structure and mind refers to functional abstraction
   (D) Mind is located in the brain and brain is located in the skull

5. Which one of the following is correct?
   (A) If the mind is healthy the body will be healthy
   (B) If the body is healthy the mind will be healthy
   (C) Only B is correct
   (D) Both A and B are correct

6. University of Hyderabad has started offering course of I MSc Health Psychology in the year
   (A) 2007
   (B) 2008
   (C) 2009
   (D) 2010

7. The discipline of Psychology is a
   (A) Social Science
   (B) Medical Science
   (C) Behavioural Science
   (D) Life Science

8. Behaviour includes
   (A) Anything a person does that can be observed
   (B) Anything a person, object, or animal does that can be observed
   (C) Anything a person or animal does that cannot be observed
   (D) Anything a person or animal does that can be observed

9. Our experience of the world arises from sensory inputs plus the ways in which we process this sensory information. This is known as
   (A) Perspective
   (B) Proximity
   (C) Projection
   (D) Perception

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10. Joy and sorrow, excitement and disappointment, love and fear, attraction and repulsion, hope and dismay all these and many more we often experience in the course of a day are technically known as
(A) Emergency reactions
(B) Emoticons
(C) Emotions
(D) Bodily states

11. Nature versus Nurture controversy explains
(A) Genes and environment
(B) Earth and humans
(C) Twin studies
(D) Person and situation

12. A score is obtained in an experimental or observational studies, which is very useful to have a single number that gives us the 'average' of scores. Such a number is called as
(A) Measure of central tendency
(B) Range
(C) Measure of dispersion
(D) Variance

13. Which of the following comes under the purview of the study in Psychology?
(i) Why do you get nervous?
(ii) Why do you dream?
(iii) How do you get addicted to lotteries and races?
(iv) How do you separate Siamese twins?

(A) i, ii, iii
(B) ii, iii, iv
(C) i, iii, iv
(D) i, ii, iv

14. Which of the following senses are termed as chemical senses
(A) Smell and taste
(B) Touch and skin
(C) Auditory and visual
(D) The five major senses

15. Which of the following is the study of biological basis of behaviour and mental processes?
(A) Bio-behavioural Psychology
(B) Bio-mental behavioural Psychology
(C) Biopsychology
(D) Psychobiology

16. Glands that release hormones to help body handle emergencies through functions such as increasing heart rate, blood pressure, and blood sugar levels are known as
(A) Pituitary glands
(B) Adrenal glands
(C) Hormonal glands
(D) Neurotransmitters

17. Sumeet is a student of Class III. He continuously faces difficulty in solving the mathematical problems. The mathematics teacher refers him to the School Counselor. The School Counselor has administered a set of psychological tests, out of which one test is IQ test. What is the meaning of IQ?
(A) Intelligent Quotient
(B) Internal Quotient
(C) Intellectual Quality
(D) Intelligence Quotient

18. The word 'Psychology' comes from two root words psyche and logos. These two root words are
(A) Latin
(B) Greek
(C) German
(D) French

19. The four goals of Psychology are to
(A) Predict, describe, explain, and control
(B) Predict, contribute, describe, and answer
(C) Theorize, control, describe, and explain
(D) Describe, explain, hypothesize, and answer

20. Testosterone is to estrogen as
(A) Male is to child
(B) Female is to child

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(C) Male is to female
(D) Female is to male

21. Damage to which of the following lobes may result in trouble controlling emotions?
(A) Temporal
(B) Parietal
(C) Frontal
(D) Pre-frontal

22. Inside the forebrain is a central core of interconnected structures known as the 'primitive' brain. Which of the following is its technical name?
(A) Limbic system
(B) Cerebellum
(C) Corpus collosum
(D) Medulla oblongata

23. Shyam has profound difficulty in spoken language. If his problem is attributable to brain damage, the damage would probably be found in
(A) Cerebellum
(B) Sperry's area
(C) Broca's area
(D) Chomsky's area

24. The hindbrain consists of
(A) Endocrine system and limbic system
(B) Reticular formation
(C) Thalamus, hypothalamus, and cerebrum
(D) Cerebellum, medulla, and pons

25. Jina just barely avoided a head-on collision on a narrow roa(D) With heart pounding, hands shaking, and body perspiring, Jina recognizes that these are signs of the body's fight-or-flight response, which is controlled by
(A) Empathetic division of the peripheral nervous system
(B) Parasympathetic division of the autonomic nervous system
(C) Somatic division of the peripheral nervous system
(D) Sympathetic division of the autonomic nervous system

26. Mallesham always participates in marathon race. By drinking water after running a marathon, he tries to keep his body at an optimal level of functioning. This process is known as
(A) Optimization
(B) Body balance
(C) Homeostasis
(D) Drive reduction

27. Which of the following option includes a sector where a Psychologist is not employed?
(A) General hospitals, Mental hospitals, Forest Department
(B) Institutions of Defence Research, Jails, Educational institutions
(C) Environmental Research, Mental hospitals, IT & ITES
(D) General hospitals, Pre-Schools, Reformatory Homes

28. Which of the following does not come under the discipline of Psychology?
(A) Studying a human being in the laboratory
(B) Studying the animals or birds in the laboratory
(C) Studying the social history of a country
(D) Studying the behaviour of groups in society

29. Pratyusha is a 12 year old girl studying in 7th class. While riding on the bike with her father she fell down and in that accident lost her front tooth. On her return to school all the children in the class started teasing her for glaring loss of front tooth. The teacher also made fun of her. After two weeks when the classmates and teacher continued to tease her, Pratyusha cried a lot and told her mother that she would not go to school because she felt humiliated when everyone pointed at her toothless mouth. Which of the following actions from the mother would be more appropriate?

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(A) Reassure her that she would get a natural new tooth just as the way she got one when she was seven years old
(B) Tell her how attractive and large her eyes are and how sharp her nose is and in general how beautiful she looked even without the tooth
(C) Go to the school and talk to her classmates and the teacher
(D) Ignore and allow her to be absent for few days and insist on her return after she calms down a little

30. Rajath is a three year old boy. Yet he is unable to walk. He cannot speak more than a few isolated words. He laughs and c1ies for no reason. He cannot play with toys. Most of the time he is found doing nothing. Rajath
(A) Can be cured with a brain surgery
(B) Has to be admitted into a mental hospital and needs medicines
(C) Should be trained in self-help skills
(D) Cannot live for more than a few years as there is no cure

31. On September 11, 2001, four U.S. planes were hijacke(D) Two crashed into New York city's twin World Trade Centre towers, one crashed into the U.S. Military Headquarters at the Pentagon, outside Washington DC. This situation is an example of
(A) War
(B) Crisis
(C) Anomaly
(D) Catharsis

32. Which of the following is usually caused by a failure of the mother's twenty-first chromosome pair to separate?
(A) Down's Syndrome
(B) Asperger's Syndrome
(C) Barlow Syndrome
(D) Lambert-Eaton Syndrome

33. Satya is the elder brother of Parimala. Both are studying in the same school. Parimala is in 7th standard and Satya in his 9th standard. Parimala always stood 1st in her class right from class one. However Satya was getting average marks in all exams but never failed any of his exams. He found playing with friends and watching TV more interesting than sitting and studying. His parents were worried about his future and his performance in 10th class. They were considering different methods of putting hard work in his studies. Which of the following methods has better chances of making him work hard?
(A) Making Satya learn his subjects through video lessons
(B) Telling Satya that his sister though younger is getting better marks so he must try hard
(C) Restrict Satya's play timings with friends and make him study under the strict supervision of his father
(D) Change the school for Satya

34. Which of the following is considered the third force in Psychology?
(A) Psychoanalysis
(B) Behaviourism
(C) Gestalt
(D) Humanism

35. The first Department of Psychology in India was started at
(A) University of Madras
(B) University of Calcutta
(C) University of Bangalore
(D) University of Delhi

36. Shivam is interested in studying how people behave when in groups and when alone. Which branch of Psychology is likely to help him?
(A) Comparative Psychology
(B) Group and Individual Psychology
(C) Differential Psychology
(D) Social Psychology

37. Which of the following is the hub for higher mental processes such as thinking, planning, reasoning and memory?
(A) Endocrine system

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(B) Neurotransmitters
(C) Cerebral cortex
(D) Amygdala

38. Lucy works in Singapore. She organizes Dolphin shows. She makes the dolphins jump, sail and dance in sync with music Every time the dolphins follow her instructions and perform well she feeds them with some fish. She does that to
(A) Strengthen their behaviour of following her instruction
(B) To cheer the audience who enjoy seeing them eating fish
(C) To make friendship with the dolphins so that they follow her instructions
(D) To nourish the dolphins who would have lost calories because of hectic activities

39. Which of the following is not a branch of Psychology?
(A) Clinical Psychology
(B) Cross cultural Psychology
(C) Indian Psychology
(D) American Psychology

40. Observation of one's own conscious experience is known as
(A) Experiment
(B) Case study
(C) Interview
(D) Introspection

41. Julie is watching a volleyball game. The neural impulses from her eyes will ultimately travel to her primary visual cortex, but first they must pass through the
(A) Amygdala
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Thalamus
(D) Pons

42. Grover, Ameer, Shanta, and Selvy are students who are equally intelligent. They were all in 8th standard in different schools pursuing the same syllabus. All of them were taught the lesson of the characteristics of carbondioxide in Chemistry. However in every school the teachers followed different methods of making them learn the lesson. Grover's teacher explained the lesson in the class and repeated every point several times. Ameer's teacher made the whole class write the characteristics 50 times in the note book. Shanta's teacher briefly explained the characteristics as written in the book but made every student test the characteristics in the laboratory. Selvy's teacher taught the lesson in the class and demonstrated the whole thing in the laboratory. Whose learning will be the best?
(A) Grover
(B) Ameer
(C) Shanta
(D) Selvy

43. Health Psychology is a study of
(A) Normal healthy human beings in population
(B) Physically ill but mentally sound in the population
(C) Mentally ill but physically sound in the population
(D) Health illness care and cure of population

44. Ashray is visually challenge(D) He sits in a corner of the street and begs to make his living. He wrote on a placard 'I am blin(D) Please help_ me'. Four students of Psychology observed him for several days and found that very few people dropped coins in his box. They thought that the writing on the placard should be different so that people would feel like giving alms to him. Each day they changed the writing on the placar(D) Which of the following writing is likely to get the best result?
(A) Help me and God will help you
(B) I was like you two years ago but lost my sight because of high fever
(C) You lose only one coin from your purse but I gain many if each one gives
(D) Hands that help me are nobler than the lips that pray

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45. The primary sensory and motor areas of the human cerebral cortex are
(A) Visual, auditory, tactile, and motor
(B) Hormones, neurons, and nerves
(C) White matter, thalamus, hippocampus, and corpus collosum
(D) Frontal lobe, temporal lobe, parietal lobe, and occipital lobe

46. Guna is an under graduate student residing in a hostel. His friends found him behaving odd for the past two weeks. He was found to sit in the class in the same posture for hours together. He was sometimes found to laugh for no reason. He ·also stopped sleeping at nights and stopped eating too. He told everyone that there is poison in the food served in the hostel. Seeing his condition one of the teachers said that Guna may need medication immediately and hence has to get professional help. Whom should Guna go for consultation?
(A) Psychiatrist
(B) Psychopathologist
(C) Psychotherapist
(D) Psychologist

47. Ramu wanted to watch a reality show in the television. He was all prepared to watch the show. Suddenly his mother asked him to bring vegetables from market. Ramu would feel
(A) Demotivated
(B) Isolated
(C) Frustrated
(D) Withdrawn

48. Obesity is a
(A) Psychological disorder
(B) Musculo skeletal disorder
(C) Life style disorder
(D) Personality disorder

49. A technique used for measuring the electrical activity of the brain with the help of electrodes placed at specific locations on the skull is
(A) Electroencephalography (EEG)
(B) Computerized Tomography (CT)
(C) Polysomnography (PSG)
(D) Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)

50. Which of the following person viewed mind as a charioteer (reason) driving two horses (spirit and appetite)?
(A) Plato
(B) Aristotle
(C) Freud
(D) Pascal

51. John is 10 year old but still wets his bed almost every night. He is ashamed of this and cannot participate in overnight visits with his friends. His parents are concerned. What can be done to help him?
(A) Punishment
(B) Electric shock treatment
(C) Behaviour therapy
(D) Counseling

52. Developmental Psychology studies
(A) Children from birth to 15 years
(B) Children and adolescents
(C) Children, adolescents, and adults
(D) From birth to death

53. Which of the following descriptions best fits Environmental Psychology?
(A) Physical and psycho socio cultural
(B) Peer influence and neighbourhood
(C) Community influence and family relations
(D) Ecological and biodiversity

54. The system that gives us information about the location of our body parts in relation to each other, and allows us to perform simple movements such as touching one's nose, and complex movements such as dancing is
(A) Touch and skin senses
(B) Kinesthetic system
(C) Optical system
(D) Adaptation system

55. After teaching the Schools of Psychology, the Professor displayed the following names of four Psychologists on the interactive board and asked the students

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which of the Psychologist's name was not correctly spelt. What is the correct answer?
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) William Wundt
(C) Edward Bradford Titchener
(D) Burrhus Frederic Skinner

56. While teaching, a Professor of Psychology told the following four events to his students and asked which of the following is/are not observable behaviour(s).
P. Saying "Please pass the sugar"
Q. Experiencing hunger
R. Walking rapidly
S. Feeling angry
Out of the following options, which is the correct answer to the question asked by the Professor?
(A) Only Q
(B) P and S
(C) Q and S
(D) P and Q

57. While watching a cricket match, Tushar saw that the batsman hit the ball for a massive six which went out of the stadium. The retinal image warped as Tushar tracked the cricket ball through the air, but the ball always appeared perfectly roun(D) This happens because of
(A) Aptitude
(B) Learning
(C) Attitude
(D) Perception

58. First psychological laboratory was established in
(A) 1879
(B) 1889
(C) 1909
(D) 1929

59. Match each subfield of Psychology with the issues or questions posed below

List-I	List-II
Developmental Psychology	Janu's job is demanding and stressful. She wonders if her lifestyle is making her more prone to certain illnesses
Health Psychology	At what age do children generally begin to acquire an emotional attachment to their fathers?
Clinical Psychology	Jiva, a college freshman, is worried about her grades. She needs to learn better organizational skills and study habits to cope with the demands of college
Counseling Psychology	A strong fear of crowds leads a young woman to seek treatment for her problem

(A) 1- ii, 2-i, 3-iii, 4-i
(B) 1- ii, 2-i, 3-iv, 4-iii
(C) 1- iii, 2-i, 3-ii, 4-iv
(D) 1-i, 2-iii, 3-ii, 4-iv

60. Jitender visited his grandparents in the village during winter vacation. He observed that his grandfather who had his breakfast at 9 am was arguing with his grandmother that he had not had his breakfast at all. Then in the afternoon he went out to buy vegetables from the market but never returned. Late in the evening a villager accompanied him home and told that he was found moving in the agricultural field and when asked, told this person that he was unable to find his way back home. Jitender observed that his grandfather who was always a very tidy person was spilling food all over his

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clothes whenever they sat down for a meal. Jitender's grandfather seems to suffer from
(A) Mental retardation
(B) Muscular dystrophy
(C) Alzheimer's disorder
(D) Psychiatric problem

61. Bora is training the rabbits to run a maze by following the right path without running into any blind alley. In order to help them learn fast he decided to feed them with carrot in each trial. In which of the following situations the rabbits are more likely to learn fast?
(A) If the rabbits are fed with carrot only when they take the right tum
(B) If the rabbits are fed with carrot after they reach the destination
(C) If the rabbits are fed with carrot before they start running
(D) If the rabbits are fed with carrot every third time they set to run irrespective of mistakes

62. Pramod is a Post Graduate student. He speaks clearly and is straight forward in communication. Yet he avoids offending anyone. He is always willing to share others' problems and extend help when there is a need At times he expresses his displeasure and anger which is found to be appropriate. The entire college likes him and everyone knows Pramod Both teachers and students value his words. To sum up one can say that what is impressive about Pramod is his
(A) Personality
(B) Communication skills
(C) Absence of ego
(D) Balanced emotions

63. Which of the following does not constitute a part of Health Psychology
(A) Health communication
(B) Organizational Behaviour
(C) Health seeking Behaviour
(D) Palliative Care

64. Rajayya, a 16 year old boy in his 10th standard was one day caught smoking in the company of his friends. His teacher was shocked to see him smoking because Rajayya was known to be an intelligent student from a very well-known family. The teacher was worried about him. He thought of various ways of handling the situation. One evening the teacher called Rajayya and said -- "Look Rajayya, we all know you are a good student. We have lot of hopes on you. You can really top the Board exams if only you work for it. But what I saw last evening is shocking. You started to smoke with those students who are just failures in life? Have you thought about your parents and their reactions when they come to know of it? Is this what you give your parents in return to the life they gave you? .....". What is done by Rajayya's teacher is called
(A) Counseling
(B) Moralizing
(C) Psychotherapy
(D) Orienting

65. Which of the following categories of Subjects are studied under Health Psychology research?
(A) Patients with diabetes and high blood pressure
(B) Children with mental retardation
(C) Patients with psychotic problems
(D) All the above

66. Rahul is 45 year old artist. He paints pictures. However he prefers to be alone and likes to spend his time in his own world of fantasy. Rahul is
(A) Suffering from depression
(B) Suffering from sycophancy
(C) Normal human being
(D) Suffering from phantasianervosa

67. Imagine yourself attending a seminar, where two groups of people are simultaneously carrying on two different conversations. You may be able to pick up parts of both conversations at the same time, this is referred to as

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(A) Parallel processing
(B) Automatic processing
(C) Perceptual processing
(D) Serial processing

68. A person who shares characteristics such as shyness, social withdrawal and a tendency not to talk much could be described as
(A) Sissy
(B) Aggressive
(C) Anti-social
(D) Introvert

69. Which of the following is not a biomedical therapy?
(A) Electroconvulsive therapy
(B) Chemotherapy
(C) Psychotherapy
(D) Radiation Therapy

70. Which of the following statements is true with reference to the consciousness of our experiences and mental processes?
(A) They are determined by neural activities
(B) Brain determines the behaviour
(C) They are more than the neural or brain activities
(D) Biology determines Psychology

71. Which of the following is not the task of a Health Psychologist?
(A) To examine the ways in which behaviour and mental processes such as attitudes are related to physical health
(B) To study the effects of stress on health problems such as headaches, cardiovascular disease and cancer
(C) To help clients gain a better awareness and understanding toward healthier behaviour patterns such as exercising, quitting smoking and dietary patterns
(D) To treat and protect the health of patients with psychotic problems such as schizophrenia and bipolar disorders by providing appropriate medication

72. While appearing at an entrance test of the course of Integrated M.S .C Health Psychology, an applicant came across a question-"Which of the following is not a basic function of the nervous system?" The applicant became very happy on seeing the question as he studied the nervous system thoroughly before coming to appear at the entrance examination. Which answer the applicant might have chosen to get the full mark?
(A) Integrating information
(B) Receiving information
(C) Erasing information
(D) Transmitting information

73. Addiction or dependence on intoxicating substance is called
(A) Opium
(B) Drug abuse
(C) Drosophila
(D) Droperidolia

74. Stimulation of the nerve cells in the eye triggers a neural response that is transmitted to other nerve cells in the retina called bipolar cells and
(A) Ganglion cells
(B) Opsin
(C) Tegmental cells
(D) Retina

75. Jayanthi is a Psychologist. She was given a pair of identical twins aged 5 years as her subjects. She put one of them in a pre-school and the second one in a slum. After ten years she found that the one who was going to a pre-school did well in the academics in the college while the one who was placed in a slum did not do well in his college. Jayanthi proved that one's performance is determined by
(A) Genetic predisposition
(B) Environmental impacts
(C) Combination of Genetic predisposition and exposure to environment
(D) The family to which one belonged

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76. Identify the portion/s with errors
(i) the students who borrowed the/
(ii)books from the library were/
(iii) as ed to return back all the/
(iv) books to the library
(A) i, ii
(B) ii, iii
(C) iii
(D) iv

77. Identify the portion with error
(A) Since the lack of
(B) manpower we cannot
(C) conduct the survey
(D) in rural areas.

78. Identify the portion with error
(A) We have taken on
(B) the responsibility of
(C) arranging the required training
(D) and supervise the new staff

79. Identify the portion (s) with error (s)
(i) If you did not got enough sleep, /
(ii) apart of health problem you will/
(iii) also run the risk of making/
(iv) bad life decisions
(A) iii, iv, i
(B) iii, iv
(C) i, ii
(D) ii, iii

80. Identify the portion (s) with error (s)
(i) Professionals with knowledge in/(ii) psychological counseling alone/(iii) will have been appointed/(iv) on counseling centres
(A) i, ii
(B) ii, iii, iv
(C) i, iii
(D) iii, iv

81. Which of the following sentence has an error?
(A) Reema could not start timely
(B) Dolly learnt the alphabet at the age of four
(C) Our building is under renovation
(D) Sonny thanked me for my fruit and cakes

82. Which of the following sentences is incorrect?
(A) The teacher warned his students against smoking
(B) Ashish was confined to bed with severe fever
(C) The artist has taken great pains on this pictures
(D) The child is crying on account of pain in the stomach

83. Antonym of the word 'corroborate' is
(A) Support
(B) Against
(C) Confirm
(D) Accord

84. Antonym of the word 'apathetic' is
(A) Lazy
(B) Uninterested
(C) Indifferent
(D) Active

85. Antonym for the underlined word
It was a very dreary day!
(A) Monotonous
(B) Bright
(C) Dangerous
(D) Unexciting

86. Nandini was at her wit's end to find that her sister has failed
(A) Enlightened
(B) Perplexed
(C) Curious
(D) Cheated

87. Choose the correct meaning for the idiom 'Cock and Bull Story'
(A) To make someone laugh
(B) An unbelievable tale

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(C) Difficult situation or obstacle
(D) Intentionally raise a false alarm

88. Choose the correct sentence
(A) Before he went to U.S. he had read hundreds of books
(B) Before he went to U.S. he had been reading hundreds of books
(C) Before he went to U.S. he read hundreds of books
(D) Before he went to U.S. he has been reading hundreds of books

89. Which of the following sentences is correct?
(A) Health is more preferable than wealth
(B) He did not sign to the bond
(C) It is I who am to blame
(D) She seldom or ever goes out for a morning walk

90. Correct the following sentence: We never eat chocolate or ice cream. We do drink juice.
(A) We never eat chocolate or ice cream, but we do drink juice
(B) Because we never eat chocolate or ice cream, we drink juice
(C) We never eat chocolate or ice cream, so we do drink juice
(D) We never eat chocolate or ice cream and drink juice

91. Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following content "Cigarette?" he aske(D) "No, thanks." I said
(A) He asked for a cigarette, and I immediately refused
(B) He mentioned a cigarette, so I thanked him
(C) He offered me a cigarette, but I promptly declined
(D) He asked if I was smoking, and I denied at once

92. Choose the correct sentence
(A) On the one hand, my stomach is growling and on the other hand my mind is wandering, but on the other hand, my heart is singing
(B) On the one hand, my stomach is growling and my mind is wandering, but on the other hand, my heart is singing.
(C) On the one hand, my stomach is growling with my mind is wandering, but on the other hand, my heart is singing
(D) On the one hand, my stomach is growling and another hand my mind is wandering, but on the second hand, my heart is singing

93. Choose the correct reported speech for the direct speech 'why don't you speak Telugu?'
(A) She asked me why you didn't speak Telugu
(B) She asked me why I didn't spoke Telugu
(C) She asked me why you didn't spoke Telugu
(D) She asked me why I didn't speak Telugu

94. Choose the correct passive voice for active voice 'They say that women live longer than men'
(A) Women were said to live longer than men
(B) Women are said to live longer than men
(C) They said women live longer than men
(D) Women are said to be living longer than men

95. Synonym for 'Adversity'
(A) Prosperity
(B) Affliction
(C) Achievement
(D) Anguish

96. Which of the following alternatives will complete the sentence?
"Children with disabilities and special needs also have the right to education"
(A) Even the same as any normal children
(B) Just as normal children do

(C) Along the same with normal children
(D) More than the normal children

97. Select from the options the word which best completes the meaning of the following sentence as a whole. As we were walking along the pavement, my little child ___ on to the roa(D)
(A) Strayed
(B) Went
(C) Crept
(D) Crawled

98. A feeling of intense happiness and elation is termed as
(A) Euphoria
(D) Miasma
(B) Chagrin
(C) Catharsis

99. A statement that is seemingly contradictory to common sense and yet is perhaps true may be termed as _____
(A) Languid
(B) Halcyon
(C) Desolate
(D) Paradox

100. OBJECTIVE: BIAS as
(A) Fallacious: Lies
(B) Artistic: Alacrity
(C) Tentative: Certainty
(D) Awake: Insomnia

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	C	51	C	76	D
2	D	27	A	52	D	77	B
3	D	28	C	53	A	78	A
4	B	29	A	54	B	79	C
5	D	30	C	55	B	80	C
6	A	31	A	56	C	81	B
7	C	32	A	57	D	82	C
8	D	33	A	58	A	83	B
9	D	34	D	59	B	84	D
10	C	35	B	60	C	85	D
11	A	36	B	61	A	86	B
12	A	37	C	62	A	87	B
13	A	38	A	63	A	88	A
14	D	39	D	64	B	89	B
15	C	40	D	65	D	90	B
16	B	41	C	66	C	91	C
17	D	42	C	67	A	92	B
18	B	43	D	68	D	93	D
19	A	44	C	69	A	94	B
20	C	45	D	70	B	95	D
21	C	46	A	71	D	96	B
22	C	47	C	72	D	97	C
23	C	48	C	73	B	98	A
24	C	49	A	74	A	99	D
25	D	50	A	75	B	100	C

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1. Which of the following is a behaviour
   (A) Day dreaming
   (B) sleeping
   (C) Kicking a ball
   (D) All of the above

2. In the nature-nurture issue, nature refers to heredity, and nurture refers to the _____
   (A) Genetic
   (B) Molecule
   (C) Environment
   (D) Affection

3. The genes a person inherits are called _____; the observable characteristics a person inherits are called _____.
   (A) Gene; chromosome
   (B) Genotype; phenotype
   (C) Chromosome; gene
   (D) Phenotype; genotype

4. The three major ideas in the definition of psychology are
   (A) Behaviour, cognition, and emotion
   (B) Cognition, emotion, and science
   (C) Behavior, emotion, and mental processes
   (D) Behaviour, mental processes, and science

5. _____ analyzed the dreams of his patients to help him understand their unconscious needs and desires
   (A) Helmholtz
   (B) Freud
   (C) Archimedes
   (D) Aristotle

6. Psychology is the scientific study of
   (A) unconscious mind
   (B) mind and body
   (C) consciousness and behaviour
   (D) unconscious and conscious

7. The responses or reactions we make or activities that we engage in are termed as and are studied in psychology
   (A) Behaviour
   (B) Stimulus-response
   (C) Psych-activities
   (D) Response-activity continuum

8. Identify the name of the psychologist from the list given below
   (A) Madam Curie
   (B) (B)F.skinner
   (C) Mary Jain
   (D) Tom Cruise

9. In olden days, the role of psychologist was played by
   (A) Grand Mother
   (B) Priest
   (C) Teacher
   (D) All of the Above

10. Which part of the brain controls posture and coordination?
   (A) Cerebrum
   (B) Medulla
   (C) Cerebellum
   (D) Corpus callosum

11. Which one of the following contains the principles of psychology?
   (A) Experimental psychology
   (B) General psychology
   (C) Clinical psychology
   (D) Personality psychology

12. Language is controlled by the ____ of the brain.
   (A) Left hemisphere
   (B) Right hemisphere
   (C) Occipital lobe
   (D) Subcortical region

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13. Contemporary psychologists consider that behaviour is influenced by
(A) Four factors
(B) Six factors
(C) Two factors
(D) Many factors

14. Who among the following psychologists is credited to be the founder of psychology?
(A) Titchner
(B) Freud
(C) Wilhelm Wundt
(D) William James

15. Psychology has its roots in
(A) Social sciences
(B) Natural sciences
(C) Philosophy
(D) Life sciences

16. Being happy is one of the focus of _____
(A) Social psychology
(B) Positive psychology
(C) Cognitive psychology
(D) Emotional psychology

17. Psychologists who study various aspects of the human work environment, such as communication among employees, socialization or enculturation of workers, leadership, job satisfaction, stress and burnout, and overall quality of life are called
(A) Industry-environmental psychologists
(B) Social psychologists
(C) Work-communication psychologists
(D) Organizational psychologists

18. _____ gives an understanding of why people think, feel, and act as they do as well as insights in to one's own attitudes and reaction
(A) Criminal psychology
(B) Cognitive psychology
(C) Introductory psychology
(D) Insightful psychology

19. The role of psychological factors in the development, prevention and treatment of any illness are focused upon in the branch of_____
(A) Counselling psychology
(B) Clinical psychology
(C) Abnormal psychology
(D) Health psychology

20. The distinctiveness and variation among people's characteristics and behaviour refer to_____ the which is very important for psychologists.
(A) Situationism
(B) Individual differences
(C) Assessment
(D) Personality

21. _____ seeks to understand, explain, and predict behaviours that occur throughout the lifespan
(A) Developmental psychology
(B) Predictive psychology
(C) Life span Biology
(D) Biological psychology

22. Which among the following is not an important name in the field of psychology?
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) Sudhir Kakar
(C) (B) F skinner
(D) Isaac Asimov

23. The emphasis of Health psychology is related to
(A) Deal with disease personalities
(B) Heal immune disorders
(C) Promoting healthy lifestyles and behaviour
(D) Curing the mentally ill

24. The character of the child protagonist in the popular film 'Tare Zameen par' shows poor academic performance owing to a learning disability called _____ identified by his teacher.
(A) Schizophrenia
(B) Dyslexia
(C) Antisocial personality
(D) Progeria syndrome

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25. The foundation of psychology was based on which of the following original ideas
    (A) Observable behavior is the subject matter for psychological study
    (B) Mental processes of both human beings and animals can be studied
    (C) Human beings are rational and animals are irrational
    (D) Mind and behaviour can be subject to scientific investigation

26. Psychology is considered as a science primarily because
    (A) It utilizes the scientific method to study mental and behavioural processes
    (B) It originally sprang from Medicine
    (C) It tries to examine and understand mental and behavioural processes
    (D) It uses mathematical model to understand human mental and behavioural processes

27. Pooja's grandmother recently had a stroke after which she suffered from partial blindness. Apparently the stroke has damaged her
    (A) Temporal Lobe
    (B) Occipital Lobe
    (C) Parietal Lobe
    (D) Frontal Lobe

28. Agoraphobia is fear of
    (A) Heights
    (B) Closed spaces
    (C) Open spaces
    (D) Darkness

29. Personality of a person can be
    (A) Measurable
    (B) Manipulated
    (C) Directed
    (D) Altered

30. _____ stage begins after implantation and lasts until eight weeks after conception during pregnancy
    (A) Zygote stage
    (B) Embryonic stage
    (C) Germinal stage
    (D) Fetal stage

31. Psychology studies
    (A) Human beings
    (B) Human beings and animals
    (C) Human beings, animals and birds
    (D) Human beings' animals, birds and plants

32. How many universities in India offer a course that gives a degree in Health psychology?
    (A) Six
    (B) Three
    (C) Two
    (D) One

33. Which of the following refers to a group of well-known psychologists?
    (A) Liller, Coby Klappe, Stickler
    (B) Thorndike, Jung, Piaget
    (C) Van Dego, Shokiyama
    (D) Fraud Vavloky, Trigger

34. Human brain consists of how many lobes?
    (A) 3
    (B) 2
    (C) 4
    (D) 5

35. Gopal withdraws his hand from a hot radiator pipe even before his brain receives a pain signal, demonstrating
    (A) Reflex Arc
    (B) Basal Reflex
    (C) Spinal Reflex
    (D) An Automatic Reflex

36. The belief that investigators should be objective and use scientific data to test their theories is known as the
    (A) Scientific attitude
    (B) Scientific objective
    (C) Scientific method
    (D) Scientific value

37. The individual differences observed among people is because of which of the following?
    (A) Heredity only

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(B) Environment only
(C) Learning only
(D) Both heredity and environment

38. The four goals of psychology are to
(A) Predict, describe, explain, control
(B) Predict contribute. describe, answer
(C) Theorize, control, describe, explain
(D) Describe, explain, hypothesize, answer

39. Which of the following statements is false?
(A) Psychologists tend to consider research as one of their most important activities
(B) Psychoanalysts majorly allow the patient to talk
(C) Psychologists, psychiatrists and psychoanalysts use different approaches and hence cannot work together
(D) Psychiatrists can prescribe medications when treating emotional disturbances

40. Match the portion of the brain with its function

(a) Medulla	(i) Maintains breathing and heartbeat.
(b) Pons	(ii) Controls bodily balance.
(c) Cerebellum	(iii) Coordinates and integrates muscle movements
(d) Reticular formation	(iv) Activates other parts of the brain to produce general bodily arousal.

(A) a-ii, b-iv, c-iii, d-i
(B) a-iv, b-ii, c-iii, d-i
(C) a-iii, b-i, d-ii, e-iv
(D) a-i, b-iii, c-ii, d-iv

41. Discrepancy between visual appearance and physical reality is called
(A) Physical Illusions
(B) Optical Illusions
(C) Appearance Illusions
(D) Real Illusions

42. The biorhythm that guides the daily waking and sleeping cycle in many animals is
(A) REM
(B) Sleep-awake rhythm
(C) Circadian rhythm
(D) Bio-sleep rhythm

43. The psychologist who was awarded the Nobel Memorial prize in Economic sciences for his ground breaking work in applying psychological insights to economic theory, particularly in the areas of judgment and decision-making under uncertainty in 2002 was_____
(A) Daniel Kahneman
(B) Amartya Sen
(C) David M. Jacobs
(D) Ivan Pavlov

44. The first psychology tab was started by _in 1879 in Leipzig.
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) Aristotle
(C) Rene Descrates
(D) Wilhelm Wundt

45. A field that deals with both psychology and Law is
(A) Legology
(B) Psycholegality
(C) Forensic psychology
(D) Law based psychology

46. Dr. Prakash is studying the changing pattern of behaviour among children of different ages. He is most likely a(n)
(A) School psychologist
(B) Health psychologist
(C) Educational psychologist
(D) Developmental psychologist

47. While travelling in a motorbike, Ramesh faced an accident and he was immediately admitted to the nearby hospital. After the medical diagnosis, it was observed that his cerebellum was damaged. This would most likely result in
(A) Loss of muscular coordination

(B) Loss of hearing ability
(C) Loss of emotional response
(D) Loss of vision

48. Dr. Urmila has taken up a project to understand how individuals are affected by the presence of others. Her project belongs to
(A) General Psychology
(B) Social Psychology
(C) Experimental Psychology
(D) Abnormal Psychology

49. Out of the branches of psychology, Health psychology is a(n) _____
(A) Applied Psychology
(B) Pure Psychology
(C) Part of Clinical psychology
(D) Part of Positive Psychology

50. Rani forgot where she kept her driving license. But when she was talking to Rema she suddenly could remember that she kept it in her wallet. What kind of memory was present at that time?
(A) Episodic memory
(B) Procedural memory
(C) Flash bulb memory
(D) Sematic memory

51. The year 20l5 is significant for psychology in India because the Discipline completes
(A) 50 years in India
(B) 175 years in India and 100 years in the world
(C) 75 years in India and 150 years in the world
(D) 100 years in India

52. Kriti is in her 10th standard she has been an average student. Her parents want her to join Biology course in her intermediate so that she can write the entrance test for the medical course and have a career as a doctor. Kriti loves her parents a lot. she always felt that she must fulfil their dream. she studied very hard. But just few days before her exams she felt that she would not be able to do well in the exams. she was unable to sleep. she felt that she would disappoint her parents and cried several times telling her parents that she may fail them. The doctor felt that Kriti had symptoms of
(A) Mental Retardation
(B) Anxiety
(C) Psychosis
(D) Fear

53. Psychologists study individual's
(A) Intelligence, Behaviour, Emotions
(B) Personality, Behaviour, Intelligence, Emotions
(C) Emotions, Motivation, personality, intelligence, Behaviour
(D) Emotions, Destiny, Motivation, personality, Intelligence, Behaviour

54. Rajesh had a pet dog. The dog was very fond of cookies. The minute the dog is shown the cookies it starts salivating and wags its tail. Rajesh started to play some pranks with the dog. Every time he brought cookies for the dog he clapped to the dog before giving it the cookies. This continued for several days. After few days the dog started to
(A) Dislike cookies
(B) Bark at Rajesh the minute he clapped
(C) Salivated when it heard the claps
(D) Be aggressive with Rajesh

55. Chitku is a seven year old boy. However he cannot speak coherently. follow He does not simple instructions. He cannot control his bowel and bladder. He behaves like a three year old. He is diagnosed with mental retardation. After taking the history the doctor could identify one reason for the problem
(A) When Chitku's mother was pregnant she lived in unhygienic slum
(B) During pregnancy Chitku's mother travelled a lot
(C) During pregnancy Chitku's mother worked in the office till the end
(D) During pregnancy Chitku's mother suffered from infections and took antibiotics

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56. Which of the following is correct?
(A) A Biologist does laboratory experiments, A physicist does laboratory experiments, A social scientist does field based studies and a psychologist does laboratory based experiments, field based studies and observations and quasi experiments
(B) A Biologist does laboratory experiments and field based experiments, A physicist does quasi experiments, A social scientist does field based studies and a psychologist does laboratory based experiments, field based studies and observations, quasi experiments and hospital based studies
(C) A Biologist does quasi experiments laboratory experiments, A physicist does laboratory based experiments, a social scientist based studies and a psychologist does clinical experiments in hospitals
(D) A Biologist does experiments on animals, a physicist does experiments on non- living elements and a psychologist does experiments on abnormal human beings

57. Psychology is a
(A) Social science
(B) Therapeutic science
(C) Science of Consciousness
(D) Behavioural science

58. Which of the following aspects has a component nor studied by a psychologist?
(A) Learning process, perception and its dynamics, Memory and forgetting
(B) Physical structure of mind, Milestones of development, Personality disorders
(C) Thinking process, Intelligence and its quotient, wellbeing and its components
(D) Motivation and its hierarchy, Emotions and their manifestations, creativity

59. Colour is associated with the psychological term
(A) Saturation
(B) Hue
(C) Tone
(D) Shade

60. Psychology is the study of which of the following
1. Cognitive aspects of behaviour
2. Conative aspects of behaviour
3. Affective aspects of behaviour
4. Effective aspects of behaviour

(A) 1,2
(B) 1,2 and 3
(C) 1, 2 and4
(D) All of the above

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61. Match each subfield of psychology with the issues or questions posed below.

(a) Health psychology	(i) At what age do children generally begin to acquire an emotional attachment to their fathers?
(b) Developmental psychology	(ii) What teaching methods most effectively motivate elementary school students to successfully accomplish academic tasks?
(c) Educational psychology	(iii) Janu's job is demanding and stressful. she wonders if her lifestyle is making her more prone to certain illnesses, such as cancer and heart disease.
(d) Counselling psychology	(iv) Jeevan, a college freshman, is unable to perform his grades in the first year of college as he finds it difficult to cope with the new environment, friends and academic demands.

(A) 1- ii, 2-iv, 3-iii, 4-i
(B) 1- iv, 2-ii, 3-iii, 4-i
(C) 1- iii, 2-i, 3-ii, 4-iv
(D) l- i, 2-iv, 3-iii, 4-ii

62. Shyam just barely avoided a head-on collision on a narrow road. With heart pounding, Hands shaking, and body perspiring, Shyam recognizes that these are signs of the body's fight-or-flight response, which is controlled by
(A) Empathetic division of the peripheral nervous system
(B) Parasympathetic division of the autonomic nervous system
(C) Somatic division of the peripheral nervous system
(D) Sympathetic division of the autonomic nervous system

63. Alcoholics anonymous refers to
(A) Addicts who want to remain anonymous
(B) Support group to help de-addiction
(C) Secret act against alcoholism
(D) A governmental body to help alcoholic

64. Swamy, is a good tennis player. He represented the state in many matches and won. However in two consecutive matches swamy lost his match. One way of getting swamy back to form is to
(A) Criticize him severely for losing the match and invoke challenging spirit
(B) Compare him with the person who won the match and make him feel inferior
(C) Remind him about the good times to restore confidence in his ability
(D) Make him play with amateurs and win the game to restore confidence in his ability

65. An experience in which one sensation (e.g., hearing a sound) creates experiences in another (e.g., vision) is called
(A) Synaesthesia
(B) Sensation-confusion
(C) Mixed experience
(D) Sense amalgam

66. Prof. Raveena does her experiments on the chicks. she put 30 chicks in a small dark room. Another set of 30 chicks are put in a spacious lighted room that is decorated with colourful paintings and also had mild background music. Later she put the chicks into a maze and found out that the second set of chicks could run through the maze faster and easier compared to the

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first set. prof. Raveena did this experiment to prove that
(A) Dark environment harms the chicks to find their way even when they are brought back to normally lighted environment
(B) The chicks reared in lighted and colourful environment are healthier than those in poor environment
(C) Human beings in lighted spacious and colourful environment can do better in maze learning
(D) Children brought up in enriched physical environment can perform better than those reared in poor physical environment.

67. The term 'Defense Mechanisms' is found in
(A) Political psychology
(B) Military psychology
(C) Abnormal psychology
(D) Social psychology

68. Subhan is a 15 year old boy. He is very good at studying and is very hard working. He always stood first in the class. His performance. in the 10th class Board exam was very good according to him. However when his results were out he found that he failed in one of the subjects. Subhan rushed to his school and talked to his Head Master very emotionally when the Head Master said that all he should do is to prepare for supplementary exams. He came home and cried, did not eat or sleep for the next two days. His behaviour is said to be
(A) Normal & Natural
(B) Hysteric & Neurotic
(C) Abnormal & Acceptable
(D) Asocial & Unacceptable

69. A Women suffers minor injuries in a car accident and the driver of the car was dead. six months after the accident, she still feels afraid of cars and avoids traveling in them. The diagnosis is
(A) Post-traumatic stress syndrome
(B) Traveling phobia
(C) Delusion disorders
(D) Schizophrenia

70. Which one of the following is wrongly explained?
(A) Evolutionary - study of the evolution of humans over time
(B) Developmental - study of our changing abilities from womb to tomb
(C) Behavioural - study of all behaviour
(D) Psychoanalytic - study how we perceive, thinks, and solve problems

71. Hari is pursuing his graduation in Mechanical Engineering. He is known as a reserved person among his friends. He did not have any close friends. He reads lot of books related to philosophy and religion. Gradually he was seen to smile to himself and sometimes people observed him talking to himself. When asked he said that he hears the voice of the devil that challenges him. On hearing these symptoms the doctor said, Hari
(A) Has hallucinations
(B) Is Mentally Retarded
(C) Is Crackpot
(D) Personality problem

72. Who among the following are not the Nobel prize winners from Psychology
(A) Konrad Lorenz and Niko Tinbergen
(B) Herbert Simon
(C) Margarita Garriga
(D) Thomas Schelling

73. Which of the following groups consists of at least one category who is not recommended to consult a Psychologist
(A) Patients having hallucinations, cancer patients, couple with marital conflicts
(B) IT employee showing stress symptoms, patients with neonatal problems, persons under trauma after witnessing a terrorist attack
(C) Parents with a child found to steal things in school, 85 year old man forgetting his address, student suddenly refusing to go back to hostel
(D) A woman who complaints that someone unknown to her is planning

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to kill her, a 14 year old boy sexually abused, a person who cannot stay without alcohol even for a day

74. Recently Hudhud cyclone has devastated the coastal Andhra Pradesh. What is the probable psychological problem do the victims suffer from?
(A) Depression
(B) Obsession
(C) Trauma
(D) Aggression

75. Whenever Babu Rao goes for shopping he cannot resist stealing something from the counter. Whenever Govind sees a girl he feels intense nervousness. Rahul beats up his wife every evening demanding her to get dowry
(A) Babu Rao and Govind should be referred to psychologist and Rahul should be handed over to police
(B) Babu Rao and Rahul should be handed over to police and Govind should be sent to a Psychiatrist
(C) All the three should be referred to a psychologist
(D) All the three should be referred to Juvenile Reformation Centre

76. Saniya behaves strangely at times and, therefore, nobody gets _____ with her
(A) About
(B) Through
(C) Along
(D) Up

77. Eros stands for Life and Death stands for?
(A) Thanatore
(B) Tantra
(C) Thanatos
(D) Trans

78. Which of the following parts of a sentence has an error?
'If I had known this this yesterday, I will have helped him'
(A) If I had known
(B) This yesterday
(C) I will have helped him
(D) No mistake

79. PAIN: SEDATIVE as in
(A) Comfort: Stimulant
(B) Grief: Consolation
(C) Trance: Narcotic
(D) Ache: Extraction

80. Which of the following parts of a sentence has an error?
'The students were awaiting for the arrival of the chief guest'
(A) The students were
(B) Awaiting for
(C) The arrival of the chief guest
(D) All the above

81. Fill in the blank with correct spelling:
Stress _____ therapy
(A) Inoculation
(B) Innoculation
(C) Inocculation
(D) Inocullation

82. Fill in the blank with a proper word
A man behaving in a silly way because of old age
(A) Imbecility
(B) Senility
(C) Sillinity
(D) Octogenerity

83. One of the strings my guitar is broken.
(A) In
(B) On
(C) Of
(D) From

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84. Which one of the following is the correct spelling?
(A) Grammer
(B) Gramer
(C) Grammar
(D) Gramar

85. The charter of United Nations specifies about international rules. The word charter means which of the following
(A) Document
(B) Paper
(C) Guidelines
(D) Norms

86. Correct the highlighted portion of the sentence 'I need not offer any explanation regarding this incident - my behaviour is speaking itself'.
(A) Will speak to itself
(B) Speaks for itself
(C) Has been speaking
(D) Speaks about itself

87. Choose the correct answer
It has been established that ... P: Einstein was, Q: although a great scientist, R: weak in arithmetic, S: right from his school days
(A) SRPQ
(B) QPRS
(C) QPSR
(D) RQPS

88. Rewrite the sentence changing the active/passive voice
"Who is creating this Mess?"
(A) Who has been created this mess?
(B) By whom has this mess been created?
(C) By whom this mess is being created?
(D) By whom is this mess being created?

89. Write the antonym of QUESCENT
(A) Active
(B) Dormant
(C) Weak
(D) Unconcerned

90. Frame the sentence with proper sequencing of words given below
p)I q) immediately r) salary s) my t) want
(A) p,q,r,s,t
(B) q,r,s,t,p
(C) q,p,s,r,t
(D) p,t,s,r,q

91. Convert the following into direct speech
I told him that he was not working hard
(A) I said to him, "you are not working hard"
(B) I told to him, "you are not working hard"
(C) I said "you are not working hard"
(D) I said to him, "He is not working hard"

92. Which of the following is correctly spelt?
(A) Illustration
(B) Ilustration
(C) Ilusstration
(D) Ilusttration

93. Which of the following is correctly spelt?
(A) Amunittion
(B) Amunition
(C) Ammunition
(D) Amunnition

94. Which of the following is an incorrect sentence?
(A) She lived a most happy life
(B) No other girl in the class is as good as Smita
(C) Ranjan is wiser than all men
(D) She is senior to me by five years

95. Choose the correct preposition from the given options for the following sentence.
She is sanguine _____ success.
(A) Of
(B) At
(C) For
(D) In

96. Match the group verbs with their meanings.

(a) Put by	(i) Save
(b) Put in	(ii) Control
(c) Put down	(iii) Postpone
(d) Put off	(iv) Tell

(A) I-P, II-S, III-Q, IV-R
(B) I-R, II-P, III-S, IV-Q
(C) I-Q, II-R, III-S, IV-P
(D) I-S, II-P, III-R, IV-Q

97. From the following alternatives, choose the most appropriate meaning of the phrase 'to eat humble pie'
(A) To eat slowly without disturbance
(B) To have an excellent dish
(C) To live happily with peace
(D) To have to apologize

Choose the right option from the given alternatives to
Fill in the blank

98. Is there _____ bank near here?
(A) A
(B) An
(C) The
(D) That

99. Would you like _____ apple?
(A) A
(B) An
(C) The
(D) That

100. There was a queue of people _____ the bus stop.
(A) At
(B) In
(C) On
(D) From

Answer key

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	C	26	A	51	D	76	C
2	C	27	B	52	B	77	C
3	B	28	C	53	C	78	C
4	D	29	A	54	C	79	B
5	B	30	B	55	D	80	B
6	C	31	A	56	B	81	A
7	A	32	D	57	D	82	B
8	B	33	B	58	B	83	C
9	D	34	C	59	B	84	C
10	C	35	C	60	B	85	C
11	A	36	C	61	C	86	B
12	A	37	D	62	D	87	B
13	C	38	A	63	B	88	D
14	C	39	C	64	C	89	A

15	C	40	D	65	A	90	D
16	B	41	B	66	D	91	A
17	D	42	C	67	D	92	A
18	B	43	A	68	A	93	C
19	B	44	D	69	A	94	D
20	B	45	C	70	D	95	D
21	A	46	D	71	A	96	A
22	D	47	A	72	B	97	D
23	C	48	B	73	B	98	A
24	B	49	A	74	C	99	B
25	D	50	C	75	A	100	A

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HCU Entrance Examination 2013

1. Physical growth and development is called
   (A) Readiness
   (B) Heredity
   (C) Maturation
   (D) Growth spurt

2. Inadequate oxygen supply is called
   (A) Paranoia
   (B) Anoxia
   (C) Asphyxia
   (D) Amnesia

3. Psychologists who study teaching learning process in classrooms with the awareness of the needs of special group of children are
   (A) Psychotherapists
   (B) Psychoanalysts
   (C) Educational Psychologists
   (D) Specialty needs Psychologists

4. A general term applying to behaviour aimed at hurting other people with feelings of anger or hostility is
   (A) Aggression
   (B) Sadism
   (C) Masochism
   (D) Narcissism

5. The gland which secretes insulin and maintains carbohydrate metabolism is called
   (A) Liver
   (B) Parathyroid
   (C) Pancreas
   (D) Adrenal

6. A Psychologist who studies visual perception by recording the activity of nerve cells in the appropriate region of the brain uses which of the following approaches?
   (A) Biological
   (B) Behavioural
   (C) Health
   (D) Humanistic

7. Shekhar spends a lot of time in the forest and studies the behaviour of monkeys. He observes and records the movements of monkeys when they are in group, when they are alone, when there is limited food, and when they are in playful mood. Shekhar is a
   (A) Zoologist
   (B) Psychologist
   (C) Anthropologist
   (D) Sociologist

8. By what age majority of the children develop toilet control, beyond which it should be a concern for parents to seek appropriate psychological help
   (A) 1 year
   (B) 5 years
   (C) 7 years
   (D) 8 years

9. Abdul is a 28 year old man. He is well employed and earns a good living. His parents want him to find a good bride and settle down in marriage. However the very thought of marriage brings some fears in his mind. He believes that he cannot cope with married life. He talked to some of his friends. Everyone advised him to take professional help. Abdul should see a
   (A) Psychologist
   (B) Psychiatrist
   (C) Psychopathologist
   (D) Psycholinguist

10. As Lasya crosses the road, a car swerves towards her. Her heart beat races and sweat breaks out as she jumps out of harm's way. This mobilization of energy is due to the action of Lasya's system
   (A) Sympathetic
   (B) Parasympathetic
   (C) Somatic nervous
   (D) Muscular skeletal

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11. A horse can be taken to a river but cannot be forced to drink the water. This is because the horse does not have the
(A) Desire to drink
(B) Perception to drink
(C) Motivation to drink
(D) Interest to drink

12. 'Health Psychology' relates to
(A) Application of principles of health in the field of Psychology
(B) Studying the abnormality of people with health problems
(C) Application of principles of Psychology in the field of Health
(D) Studying the Psychology of healthy people

13. Sukant is a Government employee. He is married and has two daughters aged 3 and 8. His wife works as a school teacher. Sukant loves his family and has created all comforts for them at home. But the only problem is he comes home late at night, totally drunk and behaves very violently with his wife. The children get very scared and everyone in the family loses sleep. While Sukant goes to sleeps under the influence of intoxication, his wife and children spend the night crying helplessly. What should be done to bring peace to the family?
(A) Sukant should be handed over to police
(B) His wife should be taken to women protection cell
(C) Sukant should be sent for treatment
(D) Children should be admitted into a boarding school

14. Priya is a 30 year old woman. She has been having severe problems with her sister. She used to love her sister very much. But her hatred started very recently. The entire family was finding it difficult to accept this hateful behaviour of Priya who is otherwise very loving and affectionate towards others. They brought her to the Psychologist for consultations. Which of the following is likely t be done by the Psychoiogist?
(A) Take the history of Priya, administer tests and provide counselling
(B) Admit her in hospital and give shock treatment
(C) Do face reading of Priya, know the real cause and surprise her by telling her the facts
(D) Make her lose her consciousness, talk during this state and bring her back to consciousness

15. Prakash behaves in a bizarre manner. He is found to preserve insignificant things like a piece of thread, a tooth paste lid or a twig fallen from the tree. Sometimes he is found to sing to himself or play all by himself. There are occasions when he is found to sit in a comer and talk looking at the sky as if he is conversing with someone over telephone. The last behaviour described is the result of
(A) Illusion
(B) Delusion
(C) Stigmatization
(D) Hallucination

16. A group of school students were discussing the meaning of 'Psychology'. Each one gave their interpretation. Everyone felt that what they have said is correct because there is some reasoning in their explanation. Which of the following meaning is correct?
(A) Psyche = Soul; Logos = Science
(B) Psycho= Mind; Logy= Science
(C) Psyche = Mind; Logus = Science
(D) Psyche= Behaviour; Logos= Science

17. Simultaneous liking and disliking of an object or a person is called
(A) Ambivalence
(B) Antivalence
(C) Persevarence
(D) Omnivalence

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18. George has applied for a seat in medical course. He consulted a Psychologist to find out ifhe would fit into the profession. The Psychologist administered a test and told him that he would do very well in Accounting. The Psychologist came to a conclusion by testing his
(A) Interest
(B) Attitude
(C) Motivation
(D) Aptitude

19. 'Think of eating an orange and when you do so, there is a secretion of saliva in your mouth. As you continue thinking, the amount of saliva in your mouth will increase measurably'. This response is a result of
(A) Mental image
(B) Physical image
(C) Visual image
(D) Fruit image

20. Different individuals experience different things. Even if we observe the same event at the same time, we do not see the same things. This proposes that
(A) Experience is objective
(B) Experience is subjective
(C) Experience is universal
(D) Experience is different

21. Dr. Nandini is studying the impact of early puberty on adolescent stress. She is most likely _____a(n) Psychologist
(A) Educational
(B) Cognitive
(C) Developmental
(D) Abnormal

22. Sheela's son is a very healthy and bright child. One day his teacher has taught about chromosomes in his class. Returning home, out of curiosity he asked his mother the type and number of chromosomes he has. Out of the following answers, what Sheela would choose to reply to her son?
(A) 2 Y-chromosomes
(B) 1 X-chromosome and 1 Y-chromosome
(C) 2 X-chromosomes
(D) 23 X-chromosomes and 23 Y-chromosomes

23. A disorder which is characterized by binge eating, followed by purging is
(A) Anorexia
(B) Bulimia
(C) Macrophagia
(D) Dyspepsia

24. When we hear or see something, we understand what it is. This is technically called
(A) Memory
(B) Sensation
(C) Aptitude
(D) Perception

25. Emotions result in or are accompanied by several physiological changes. Which of the following is not a physiological response associated with emotion
(A) Palpitations
(B) Tics
(C) Disturbed thoughts
(D) Heavy breathing

26. Reasoning, judgment and attention are predominantly mediated by which of the following lobes?
(A) Parietal lobe
(B) Occipital lobe
(C) Frontal lobe
(D) Temporal lobe

27. Health Psychology is one of the main areas of
(A) Abnormal Psychology
(B) Clinical Psychology
(C) Alternative Medicine
(D) Applied Psychology

28. Psychology is a study of
(A) Mental processes and social influences
(B) Social influences and sensations
(C) Sensations and behaviour
(D) Behaviour and mental processes

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29. Advertisements have a strong influence on the buying habits and behaviour of the people. Which branch of Psychology studies this?
(A) Industrial Psychology
(B) Consumer Psychology
(C) Habit formation Psychology
(D) Behavioural Psychology

30. A form of primary degenerative dementia characterized by progressive mental deterioration is
(A) Mental Retardation
(B) Epilepsy
(C) Alzheimer's Disease
(D) Bulimia

31. Which of the following is not closely related to the field of Health Psychology?
(A) Positive Psychology
(B) Clinical Psychology
(C) Medical Psychology
(D) None of the above

32. The famous theorist who emphasized on the role of unconscious processes was
(A) Helmholtz
(B) Tolkein
(C) Socrates
(D) Freud

33. Which of the following is not taken up by Psychologists?
(A) Systematic observation of differences in the brain activity of creative and non-creative people
(B) Differences in school performance of children who come from two socioeconomic groups
(C) Behavioural differences between men and women
(D) Measuring the intelligence of computers belonging to different generations

34. Dr. Santosh is a Psychologist. He is doing research on the problems of reflex action among the youth while one drives a vehicle on road. He developed an instrument for this, which requires the coordination and quick shifts between the right and left foot pressing as well as eye-hand coordination. He conducts experiments in his laboratory. Dr.Santosh is
(A) Clinical Psychologist
(B) Experimental Psychologist
(C) Youth Psychologist
(D) Automobile Psychologist

35. Janardhan met with an automobile accident. However there was no external bleeding. Janardhan was taken to the hospital. He complained of unbearable head ache. The doctors advised a CT scan of his brain. They found that one part of the brain showed a concussion and bleeding. They told Janardhan's family members that he may lose his eye sight because of severe injury to brain. Which part ofJanardhan's brain was showing bleeding?
(A) Frontal Lobe
(B) Temporal Lobe
(C) Occipital Lobe
(D) Prefrontal Lobe

36. Deepa is a four year old child. She saw that all the children in her neighbourhood were riding bicycle. She too wanted one. Finally her parents bought her a bicycle with small balancing wheels attached to the rear wheel. Deepa started to use it but found it difficult to ride. When she tried to peddle, she went forward, and hit against the wall ahead. The problem was her
(A) Mind-body coordination
(B) Hand-foot coordination
(C) Sensory-perceptual coordination
(D) Sensory-motor coordination

37. Praveen is a sensitive boy. He tries to do his best in his academics. But he has the problem of stammering. Because of this he avoids answering questions in the class room. But his English teacher wants him to get rid of such fear. So he makes it a point to ask him questions in the class. Praveen struggles and answers. However, he feels very embarrassed and wishes that

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his teacher does not insist on his participation in the class. He hates to see some of his classmates nudging or giggling while he stammers. However, Praveen keeps such feelings to himself and does not complain. Praveen
(A) Represses his feelings
(B) Suppresses his feelings
(C) Feels depressed
(D) Feels oppressed

38. Which of the following is included in the area of research of a Psychologist?
(A) Studying the hand writings of criminals and understanding their thoughts
(B) Studying the physiological changes in the person when s/he is under stress
(C) Studying the Magnetic Resonance Images of patients having neurological problems
(D) Studying the biochemical reactions of a new medicine for mental illnes

39. Reema wants to combine her interests in singing and Psychology. She is interested in understanding what characteristics of a singer such as Lata Mangeshkar or Kishore Kumar might account for their particular style of singing. Which of the following areas of Psychology should Reema focus on?
(A) Comparative
(B) Personality
(C) Clinical
(D) Industrial

40. n its resting state, the inside of a neuron carries a
(A) Depolarized
(B) Inactive
(C) Negative
(D) Positive

41. Sagar was a senior executive in a company. Being old, he was advised to take less responsibility and more rest. One day, after returning from office, he suffered a stroke. After that he had a slurred speech. He had probably suffered damage to his
(A) Left cerebral cortex
(B) Left parietal lobe
(C) Right cerebral cortex
(D) Vocal chords

42. Which of the following help in myelination of neurons
(A) Oligodendrocytes
(B) Schwan cells
(C) Axonocytes
(D) Cerebrocytes

43. Precognition refers to
(A) Knowledge of hidden object
(B) Emotional disturbances
(C) Ability to foretell the future
(D) A kind of abnormal experience

44. Which of the following is not helpful in understanding the brain?
(A) ECG
(B) EEG
(C) CT Scan
(D) MRI

45. Which of the following statements is not correct?
(A) Brain discharges electric activity potentials all the time
(B) Aptitude is innate
(C) Rewards do not work with children with low intelligence
(D) Attention cannot be enhanced by medication

46. Which of the following is not an organ of immune system
(A) Skin
(B) Thymus
(C) Bone marrow
(D) Kidney

47. The following conditions have come to your attention for counselling and guidance. Which of them indicate a need for counselling?
(A) A mother complaining that her eight month old baby bites any objects given to the hand

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(B) A teacher reporting that a child in her class was crying on day one in the school
(C) A person reporting that he is scared of facing an entrance examination
(D) A father complaining that his eight years old child does not pay attention for more than half an hour at a go.

48. Which of the following is not the name of a pioneer Psychologist?
(A) Freud
(B) Skinner
(C) Anthony
(D) Pavlov

49. Children who triumph in the face of adversity are called
(A) Admirer
(B)Vitality
(C) Winner
(D) Resilient

50. Emotional intelligence is
(A) Emotions used to test intelligence of individual across the life span
(B) Intelligence in hiding emotions when repulsive stimuli are faced
(C) An accurate index of achievements of great people you hear about
(D) A tool to predict success in an individual's life

51. A business man dealing with garments wanted to decide which size he should store in the largest quantity. Which statistic is the most helpful?
(A) Mean
(B) Mediai
(C) Mode
(D) Range

52. A psychological disorder characterized by lack of appetite, loss of weight and self starvation is called
(A) Anorexia nervosa
(B) Apraxia abasia
(C) Attitude deficiency
(D) Nutritional deficiency

53. Abnormality is
(A) Significant deviation from commonly originated patterns of emotion or thought
(B) Significant deviation from patterns of behaviour or thought followed by societal leaders
(C) Significant deviation from ancestrally determined patterns of behaviour, emotion or thought
(D) Significant deviation from commonly accepted patterns of behaviour, emotion or thought

54. Psychological treatments designed to help people cope with physical health problems are categorized under
(A) Clinical Pathology
(B) Behavioural Medicine
(C) Pathological Psychology
(D) Medical Pathology

55. The fear of closed places is called
(A) Closetophobia
(B) Closure phobia
(C) Claustrophobia
(D) Clusterophobia

56. Srujana is a pampered child. She is highly demanding. Her parents dote on her because she is the only child in the family. Srujana gets a lot of love and attention from her parents and relatives. She expects the same from her classmates. Though the classmates like her a lot they do not like her making undue demands on them. They just dislike her boasting to them about the latest brand of things she had bought, places she visited etc. The best way to make her drop such boasting is
(A) To tell her on the face that they do not like such topics
(B) Whenever she talks of such things they too should start boasting
(C) Pay no attention when she boasts and talk well when she talks normally
(D) Pay lot of attention whenever she boasts so that she feels satisfied

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57. Radha has been a witness of the terror attack on 26/11. She was at Victoria Terminal along with her parents. She saw the terrorists indiscriminately shooting the people on the platform. Her parents also died in the attack. It is three years since the attack happened. Now, Radha is alone in a hostel. She sits alone most of the time. Sometimes cries a lot, eats very less and does not show any interest in the academics. She was taken to the mental hospital where
    (A) The Psychiatrist gives her counseling and the Psychologist gives her therapy
    (B) The Psychologist gives medicine and the Psychiatrist gives therapy
    (C) The Psychiatrist gives medicines and the Psychologist gives counseling
    (D) The Psychiatrist and the Psychologist give her electric shock

58. Ramji is a tall and well built handsome person. He is very intelligent. He is strict about his diet and exercise to take care of his looks and health. He holds a very important administrative post in the Department of transport. He thinks that office time should be strictly for office work and does not take any excuses from his subordinates for not completing the work. At the same time he is very helpful to those who are in problems. Describing Ramji, one of his colleagues said 'His personality is admirable'. What his colleague referred to was Ramji's distinctive
    (A) Physical Looks and Intelligence
    (B) Intelligence and Strictness
    (C) Behaviour and Thought
    (D) Behaviour and Strictness

59. Ravi and Lavanya, twins aged 6 years were travelling in a train. Both of them were looking out of the window. Ravi said that the plants alongside the track were traveling in the opposite direction. Lavanya said that the mountains at a distance were traveling with them in the same direction.
    (A) Both were correct, but differed in their perception
    (B) Lavanya was wrong but Ravi was correct in perception
    (C) Both were correct and differed in their thinking
    (D) Both were wrong and differed in their sensation

60. A Psychologist took his Subject to the laboratory. The Subject volunteered himself for the experiment. The Psychologist blindfolded the Subject, his ears were plugged, and his whole body was sealed with thermocol package. He was kept in this silent dark laboratory. There was a one way mirror through which the Psychologist could see the Subject. The Subject was instructed to continue being there as long as he could. After four hours the Subject started screaming 'Please release me. I cannot be here anymore. I want to be out'. The Psychologist immediately released the Subject. The Psychologistwas studying the impact of
    (A) Perceptual Power of the Subject
    (B) Intellectual deprivation of the Subject
    (C) Sensory deprivation of the Subject
    (D) Emotional strength of the Subject

61. Jolly, an abandoned child was adopted by Mr & Mrs Vikram when she was few days old. She was not yet walking or started to utter words. She was found to be passive and silent most of the time. The parents were worried because all the children of her age started talking sentences but Jolly was not even uttering words of their mother tongue. When she was two, the couple consulted the doctor. The doctor said she was a 'mongoloid child' hence they cannot expect her to talk and behave like other children in their neighbourhood. What the doctor meant was that
    (A) Jolly was a native of Mongolia Hence she cannot talk or behave like other children of her neighbourhood

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(B)Jolly was an adopted child. Hence her behaviour and speech will be delayed compared to other children of her age
(C) Jolly was mentally retarded hence she cannot be expected to talk or behave like other children of her age
(D) Jolly was suffering from a disease which affected her vocal cord and ears. Hence she cannot talk or behave like other children of her age

62. Marilin is a Psychologist. Her area of research is to study the memory of people between the ages of 60 and 80. She compares the memory of men and women, people living in institutions and with families. Her research is in the field of
(A) Comparative Psychology
(B) Comparative Memory
(C) Geriatric Studies
(D) Cross-cultural Studies

63. Ramesh was walking in a moonlit night and looking at a lamp post. As he was approaching the lamp post, the intensity of the brightness of the light was increasing. When the intensity of the brightness of the light increased, the size of the action potentials of the neurons involved
(A) Increased
(B) Decreased
(C) First increased and then decreased
(D) Remained the same

64. Which of the following people are in need of counselling?
(A) Rekha has a misunderstanding with her husban(D)She had an argument with him. He got angry with her. Later he thought it's ok. She is a person of quick temper and she cools down in no time
(B) Jayaram has gone to join his Engineering course. His first choice of branch is Computer Engineering. There was a seat available in this branch
(C) Raghu is a studious boy. He wants to do a course in Fine arts. But his father wishes that he should join Engineering as the future of Fine Arts is not bright. Raghu does not want to disappoint his father. But he also does not want to sacrifice his dream
(D) John is found to behave very violently with his friends and family. He does not sleep at nights and during the whole night engages himself in cutting vegetables, listening to music and singing loudly. He says he talks to the unknown voices. He suspects his mother of mixing poison in the food

65. Brain disorders are known to have several causes. One of the causes is invasion of parasites from eating raw, unhygienic foods and salads. Which of the following is an example for this?
(A) Cysticercosis
(B) Meningitis
(C) Encephalitis
(D) Heamatoma

66. Eric Kandel got Nobel Prize in the year 2000 for his experiments on learning and memory. The experiments were conducted on
(A) Rhesus
(B) Salamander
(C) Aplysia
(D) Fruit fly

67. Match the parts of the brain with its corresponding functions

Parts of the brain	Functions
(a) Frontal lobe	(i) Receptive speech
(b) Parietal lobe	(ii) Motor coordination
(c) Temporal lobe	(iii) Motor planning
(d) Cerebellum	(iv) Sensory integration

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(A) a-ii; b-i; c-iii; d-iv
(B) a-iii; b-iv; c-i; d-ii
(C) a-iii; b-iv; c-ii; d-i
(D) a-iv; b-iii; c-ii; d-i

68. Horizon moon appears bigger than the Zenith moon. This is due to
(A) Illusion
(B) Illumination
(C) Hallucination
(D) Delusion

69. Which of the following statement about the progress of Artificial Intelligence (AI) is not true?
(A) AI can recognize emotions
(B) AI can perform complex calculations
(C) AI can play complex board games
(D) AI can independently create algorhytms specific to situations

70. Which of the following is not a neurotransmitter?
(A) Seratonin
(B) Dopamine
(C) Phenyle Alynase
(D) Garnma-Arninobutyric Acid

71. Which of the following is a major health challenge for the 21t Century?
(A) Schizophrenia
(B) Noncommunicable diseases
(C) Polio
(D) HIV/AIDS

72. Which of the combinations of the statements given below is correct?
(i) Attitudes are acquired through an individual's experiences
(ii) Attitudes are acquired through social influence
(iii) Attitudes are acquired through cultural influences
iv) Attitudes are acquired through genetic influences
(A) i, ii, iii
(B) ii, iii, iv
(C) i,iii, iv
(D) i,ii,iv

73. Which of the following is not true?
(A) Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by observing nonverbal behaviour
(B) Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by observing the variations in verbal behaviour
(C) Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by understanding the verbal and non verbal behaviour
(D) Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by the form and content of verbal behaviour

74. What is conduction deafness?
(A) Hearing loss due to failure of the auditory nerve
(B) Hearing loss due to problems with the bones of the middle ear
(C) Hearing loss dueto failure of the visual nerve
(D) Hearing loss due to problems with the bones of the outer ear

75. Roshan is in his class X and is unable to understand and hence decide which career path he is best suited to. His parents recommend some courses; his friends decide upon some and media talks about some more. Every time he felt that the course which is being talked about is the best choice for him. His school recommended him to a Psychologist. What should the Psychologist do?
(A) Listen to him carefully and patiently and decide which of the courses mentioned by him are best for him
(B) Recommend him for psychological treatment owing to his pathological indecisiveness
(C) Use hypnosis and clear out his confusion so that he can take a decision under hypnotic trance

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(D) Use aptitude tests along with other relevant measures to assess his skill in suitable fields

Section B

76. Identify the correct spelling
(A) Angxity
(B) Anxiety
(C) Anxyty
(D) Anxeity

77. What is the meaning of 'Umpteen'
(A) Clear
(B) Many
(C) Reimburse
(D) Verify

78. Identify the correct spelling
(A) Pharmaceutical
(B) Pharrnacitical
(C) Pharmaseutical
(D) Pharrnacuetical

79. A Psychologist conducted an examination of the patient before planning for therapy. Which of the following terms described this process accurately
(A) Evaluation
(B) Preparation
(C) Review
(D) Assessment

80. Sunayana was planning a trip to Ooty along with her childhood friends. She was talking about it to her class mate. Sunayana told her with all excitement "All arrangements are made and we are going to stay in the best resort. The eight of us in the cottage; we are not going to sleep; we are going to have a wonderful experience like - It would be such a thing to touch the clouds that pass by....." she went on and on. Her classmate said "Oh! What a fantasy!". What did Sunayana's friend mean?
(A) Sunayana made fantastic arrangements
(B) Sunayana was a fan of her childhood friend
(C) Sunayana was imagining a lot
(D) Sunayana would relive her childhood with friends

81. Siraj said 'I was invited for a party by my seniors. When I entered the venue, I saw no one. Something was fishy'. What Siraj meant was that
(A) Though no one had arrived at the venue, he could get the smell of fish curry from the kitchen
(B) Siraj found no one at the venue, but the venue was decorated with a beautiful aquarium
(C) Since no one was there at the venue, Siraj thought there was something wrong
(D) Though no one was present at the venue, Siraj was sure that one of his seniors was near the fish pond

82. The teacher said "Those who are keen to have a successful career must know that it is necessary to have a contingent plan too". What the teacher meant was that those keen on successful career must have
(A) An alternative career plan
(B) An intelligent career plan
(C) A concrete career plan
(D) A very high goal for career

83. 'The University teacher has the autonomy to structure the course'. Which of the following translates the above statement?
(A) The University teacher has the responsibility to structure the course
(B) The University teacher has the freedom to structure the course
(C) The University teacher has the compulsion to structure the course
(D) The University teacher is ordered to structure the course

84. Autophobia refers to

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(A) Fear of being alone
(B) Fear of Autorickshaw
(C) Fear of automatic toys
(D) Fear of failure

85. Practice of doing good to one's fellow men is called
(A) Noble
(B) Philandery
(C) Philanthropy
(D) Petrology

86. Identify the correct spelling
(A) Embarrassment
(B) Embarrassement
(C) Embarrasment
(D) Emberrassment

87. -------- of the rainbow were against the bright blue sky
(A) Textures, Stormed
(B) Hues, Vivid
(C) Lines, Darkened
(D) Hues, Fortuitous

88. I would have lent you my notes if you me
(A) Would ask
(B) Could have asked
(C) Could ask
(D) Had asked

89. The word which forms a part of binge eating is
(A) Devour
(B) Energy
(C) Vigour
(D) Rampant

90. Out of the following four words, which is not the correct antonym of 'Emolument'
(A) Penalty
(B) Monument
(C) Punishment
(D) Retribution

91. Identify the correct spelling
(A) Fortuituos
(B) Fortutois
(C) Fortiutous
(D) Fortuitous

92. Which of the following sentences is not correct?
(A) Cricket is a game of chance
(B) Mr. Alexander has purchased new furniture's from Metro-Mall
(C) Both the girls helped each other
(D) Vijaya is very sorry about her misconduct

93. What is the antonym of 'Adherence'
(A) Obedience
(B) Devotion
(C) Flout
(D) Loyalty

94. What is the antonym of 'Discretionary'
(A) Optional
(B) Flexible
(C) Open
(D) Mandatory

95. Rafi returned to India after 25 years of stay in Europe. He visited his village and the school where he studied. He found that the village has not changed much. He found the streets dirty, people unkempt. He visited his school and sat in his old class room. He felt a sense of nostalgia What did Rafi feel as described in italics?
(A) Vomiting sensation because of the unhygienic conditions
(B) A sense of pleasure remembering the past experience in school
(C) A sense of shame as to how he studied in such impoverished environment
(D) A sense of pride that from such a small village school he raised to the present position

96. Which of the following gives the meaning of 'Prophylactic'
(A) Preventive measure
(B) Power of prophecy
(C) Provocative act
(D) Deprivation period

97. Identify the correct version of the following sentence: 'Indiscriminate eating,

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drinking, and to stay up late at night are among youth pleasures contributing to sleep disorders'

(A) Indiscriminate eating, drinking, and to stay up late at night are among youth pleasures contribute to sleep disorders

(B) Indiscriminate eating, drinking, and to stay up late at night is among youth pleasures contributing to sleep disorders

(C) Indiscriminate eat, drink, and to remain up late at night are among youth pleasures contributed to sleep disorders

(D) Indiscriminate eating, drinking, and staying up late at night are among youth pleasures contributing to sleep disorders

98. Find the most suitable term that describes the underlined phrase in the following sentence: 'The counselee relieved all her suppressed emotions during the therapy'

(A) Subjugation

(B) Catharsis

(C) Congruence

(D) Repression

99. 'We become experienced as a result of watching, listening to, or reading about others'. Which of the following words means the same

(A) Vicarious

(B) Experential

(C) Introsection

(D) Maifesance

100. In which of the following, the expression does not match the idiom.

(A) Don't give up the day job: 'I know you paint. But do not give up your day job to pursue this hobby'

(B) Scrape the bottom of the barrel: 'He failed in the test. In order to pass the supplementary examination he has to scrape the bottom of the barrel'

(C) The best thing since sliced bread: 'I love this software to record sleep disturbances accurately. It's the best thing since sliced bread'

(D) Wake up and smell the coffee: 'I know you are stressed out, but this mindset won't work. Wake up and smell the coffee'

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ANSWER KEY

Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer
1	C	21	C	41	A	61	C	81	C
2	B	22	D	42	B	62	A	82	B
3	C	23	B	43	C	63	A	83	B
4	A	24	D	44	A	64	D	84	A
5	C	25	C	45	C	65	A	85	C
6	A	26	C	46	D	66	C	86	A
7	B	27	D	47	D	67	B	87	B
8	B	28	D	48	C	68	A	88	D
9	A	29	B	49	C	69	D	89	A
10	A	30	C	50	D	70	C	90	C
11	C	31	D	51	A	71	B	91	D
12	C	32	D	52	A	72	A	92	D
13	C	33	D	53	D	73	D	93	C
14	A	34	B	54	B	74	D	94	D
15	D	35	C	55	C	75	D	95	B
16	A	36	D	56	C	76	B	96	D
17	A	37	B	57	C	77	B	97	D
18	D	38	B	58	C	78	A	98	B
19	C	39	A	59	A	79	A	99	A
20	B	40	C	60	D	80	C	100	B

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1. The belief that/ can do it is known as
   (A) Self-image
   (B) Self-esteem
   (C) Self-determination
   (D) Self-efficacy

2. A classic study conducted on baby monkeys with their wire mothers and cloth mothers demonstrates which of the following?
   (A) Parenting
   (B) Attachment
   (C) Feeding
   (D) Trust

3. Anand wants to study the process of thinking. Which field of Psychology should he choose?
   (A) Cognitive
   (B) Social
   (C) Personality
   (D) Learning

4. The gap between two neurons is called
   (A) Synapse
   (B) Rift
   (C) Synaptic cleft
   (D) Synaptic lacuna

5. According to Maslow's hierarchy of needs, an adolescent who is beginning to form serious romantic relationships would be in what level?
   (A) Physiological needs
   (B) Safety needs
   (C) Esteem needs
   (D) Belongingness needs

6. Mithuna looks up a telephone number to order something. She repeats it over and over as she dials the number. However, after giving her order and hanging up, she has forgotten the number. This is an example of
   (A) Short-term memory
   (B) Sensory memory
   (C) Automatic processing
   (D) Echoic memory

7. Madan wants to buy his wife the diamond ring she always wanted, but he feels he should be more conservative with his money. What type of conflict is he facing?
   (A) Approach-approach
   (B) Approach-avoidance
   (C) Avoidance-avoidance
   (D) Positive approach

8. Homeostasis is best defined as
   (A) The physiological need to satisfy your hunger or thirst
   (B) The release of the hormone serotonin
   (C) The arousal of the autonomic nervous system
   (D) The body's tendency to maintain balance

9. Knowledge and understanding of one's own mental processes is called
   (A) Cognition
   (B) Metacognition
   (C) Monocognition
   (D) Cognitive map

10. A strong, persistent, and irrational fear of some specific object or situation that in fact does not present any danger to the person is
   (A) Anxiety
   (B) Illusion
   (C) Phobia
   (D) Disillusion

11. Which of the following examples best illustrates an intrinsic motivation?
   (A) Running a marathon to support breast cancer
   (B) Rock climbing to win first prize
   (C) Graduating with Gold Medal

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(D) Trying for the position of Captain in Basketball team

12. As suggested by Tuckman, groups pass through five developmental sequences. Identify the correct sequence from the options given below
(A) Forming-storming-norming-performing-adjourning
(B) Norming-performing-storming-forming-adjourning
(C) Performing-adjourning-storming-forming-norming
(D) Storming-norming-forming-performing-adjourning

13. Which of the following is true in the context of development?
(A) Development takes place in childhood, it is a concern of an independent discipline of Psychology
(B) Development is the pattern of progressive, orderly, and predictable changes that begin at conception and continue throughout life
(C) Development is influenced only by biological processes inherited from parents, such as height and weight
(D) Development refers to an increase in size of body parts or of the organism as a whole

14. Match the following

Category A	Category B
(a) Erik Erikson	(i) Ecological Model
(b) Jean Piaget	(ii) Moral Development
(c) Lawrence Kohlberg	(iii) Cognitive Development
(d) Durganand Sinha	(iv) Psychosocial Development

(A) i-d, ii-a, iii-b, iv-c
(B) i-d, ii-b, iii-c, iv-a
(C) i-d, ii-c, iii-a, iv-b
(D) i-d, ii-c, iii-b, iv-a

15. An eating disorder that involves relentless pursuit of thinness through starvation is referred to
(A) Anorexia Nervosa
(B) Bulimia
(C) Female disorders
(D) Age related transition

16. Motivation starts with an individual's
(A) Emotion
(B) Arousal
(C) Need
(D) Drive

17. The two-step concept of attitude change was proposed by
(A) E. G. Parameswaran
(B) S. M. Mohsin
(C) A. S. Dash
(D) V. S. Bose

18. Children see the world only in terms of their own selves and are not able to appreciate others' point of view. This salient feature is referred as
(A) Centration
(B) Animism
(C) Egocentrism
(D) Conservation

19. Asch's experiment on group pressure and conformity was conducted on a group of participants. It was a/an
(A) Audio-visual test
(B) Paper-pencil test
(C) Auditory test
(D) Visual test

20. The concept of Cognitive Dissonance was proposed by
(A) Levis Fredrick
(B) Leon Festinger
(C) Gordon Allport
(D) Hans Selye

21. Chitra has a somewhat positive attitude towards empowerment of women. Reading about a successful woman may make Chitra's attitude more positive. This would be a/an

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(A) Social change
(B) Rational change
(C) Incongruent change
(D) Congruent change

22. The second stage of Freud's Psychosexual development when the pleasure is derived out of retention and expulsion of faeces is called
(A) Oral stage
(B) Phallic stage
(C) Anal stage
(D) Latent stage

23. The neurological developmental disorder that begins in infancy involving wide range of abnormalities that includes deficits in language, perception, motor development, and social withdrawal is called
(A) Autism Spectrum Disorder
(B) Childhood Schizophrenia
(C) Mental Retardation
(D) Cerebral Palsy

24. Irrational beliefs that are held in spite of overwhelming evidence on the contrary is called
(A) Illusion
(B) Hallucination
(C) Delusion
(D) Sublimation

25. Maanu sits at her kitchen table to think about what she needs to buy at the grocery store. She is using her ability to
(A) Recognise
(B) Recite
(C) Memorise
(D) Recall

26. A combination of characteristics indicative of individual's potential to acquire some specific skills with training is called
(A) Heredity
(B) Aptitude
(C) Competence
(D) Ability

27. The part of the neuron that carries information from cell body to other neurons is called
(A) Nucleus
(B) Dendrite
(C) Axon
(D) Efferent nerve

28. Baba Saheb Amte and Mother Teresa are persons who are prosocial. They have high level of
(A) Simplicity
(B) Multiplicity
(C) Empathy
(D) Sympathy

29. The almond shaped neural clusters that are components of limbic system and related to emotion are called
(A) Amygdala
(B) Thalamus
(C) Hypothalamus
(D) Cingulate gyrus

30. The method in Psychology that involves in-depth study of one person is called
(A) Case Study
(B) Case History
(C) Focus Group Interview
(D) Case Sheet

31. A state of mind accompanied by affective, cognitive, and behavioural components is known as
(A) Apprehension
(B) Attributes
(C) Association
(D) Attitude

32. In Psychology Behaviour refers to
(A) Character of an individual that stands as a testimony for one's good conduct
(B) Internal or external action or reaction of a person that can be observed
(C) External action or reaction of the person that can be observed
(D) The actions and reactions of an individual that comply with a set of norms

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33. The hormone in human body that prepares one for fight, flight, or fright reaction to a stressful situation is called
(A) Thyroxine
(B) Oxytocin
(C) Adrenaline
(D) Corticotropin

34. Ramesh is a 15-year old boy. He gets bored with writing the same answers over and over again. He loves to come up with alternatives to different scientific theories. His answers are found to be very different from the text book answers and each time he answers the same question, he comes up with a new explanation. Ramesh's thinking is
(A) Deviant
(B) Divergent
(C) Convergent
(D) Abnormal

35. Jolly is a six-year old girl. Her parents were worried that her development was not in line with the normal children. They took her to a Psychologist. The Psychologist administered several tests. One of the tests required Jolly to pick up thin pins from a bowl and place them in a slot where they could stand. In this test the Psychologist was testing Jolly's
(i)Gross motor coordination
(ii)Fine motor coordination
(iii)Level of attention
(A) Only i
(B) Only ii
(C) i and ii
(D) ii and iii

36. Which organ is related to the vestibular system that gives us information about our body position, movement, and acceleration?
(A) Tongue
(B) Skin
(C) Eye
(D) Ear

37. Dhanush is a 13-year old boy. He is very active and charming. He is very good at sports and cultural activities. He is also a very good leader in organizing programmes in his class. However, when it comes to reading he is observed to have difficulty. Dhanush has a condition that is termed as
(A) Dyslexia
(B) Dyspraxia
(C) Dyscalculia
(D) Echolalia

38. The rule that speaks about combining words to form acceptable phrases and sentences is called
(A) Semantic
(B) Syntax
(C) Symbols
(D) Logistic

39. Soma or cell body of a neuron contains _____ that stores genetic materials of the neuron that becomes actively engaged during cell reproduction and protein synthesis
(A) Nucleus
(B) Dendrite
(C) Axon
(D) Glia cells

40. Kaaliya was an employee who has been caught taking bribe. His colleagues were asked to decide on what punishment he should be given. They may let him go scot-free or decide to terminate his services instead of imposing a punishment which may be appropriate with the unethical act he had engaged in. Upon discussions, the group gets strengthened from initial position. The group is likely to take strong or weak decision. This is referred as
(A) Group polarisation
(B) Group compliance
(C) Group structure
(D) Group cohesiveness

41. Who among the following had set up a Psychology Laboratory in Cambridge, Massachusetts soon after the setting up of the first experimental laboratory?

(A) Edward Bradford Titchener
(B) John Broadus Watson
(C) Wilhelm Wundt
(D) William James

42. _____ is part of the brain which is a continuation of spinal cord and contains neural centers that regulate basic life support activities such as breathing, heart rate, and blood pressure
(A) Cerebrum
(B) Thalamus
(C) Medulla oblongata
(D) Parietal lobe

43. _____is part of the midbrain responsible for making us alert and active. It also helps an individual in selecting information from the environment
(A) Sympathetic division
(B) Parasympathetic division
(C) Reticular activating system
(D) Temporal lobe

44. Gopal's parents encourage him to do things on his own and take decisions about the course he wishes to pursue, games he wants to play, and clothes he wants to buy. However, they do not allow him to drive the car as he is still 16 years; they also advise him against trying drugs even for the sake of curiosity and want him to come back home before dinner time. Gopal's parents follow
(A) Authoritarian parenting
(B) Authoritative parenting
(C) Democratic parenting
(D) Restrictive parenting

45. Who among the following proposed two types of thinking known as convergent and divergent thinking?
(A) Jean Piaget
(B) Gordon Allport
(C) J.P. Guilford
(D) Wilhelm Wundt

46. Which of the following refers to the state in which a person feels that s/he has lost something valuable, and is not getting something what s/he deserves?
(A) Poverty
(B) Deprivation
(C) Discrimination
(D) Deficiency

47. I met a group of boys and girls in the age group of 15 to 17 years and interacted with them. Each one had a story to share with me. One of them has come to the city running away from his home and family. The second one had attempted to sell ganja in his school and got caught. The third one is involved in cheating the commuters at the traffic signals. They all belong to the category of
(A) Adolescent Mafia
(B) Asocial elements
(C) Juvenile delinquents
(D) Juvenile rebels

48. Which one of the following is not included in Gestalt principles of perception?
(A) Principle of proximity
(B) Principle of continuity
(C) Principle of largeness
(D) Principle of closure

49. Which of the following is a carefully regulated procedure where changes are made in one factor and its effect is studied on another factor, while keeping other related factors constant?
(A) Observation
(B) Case study
(C) Case history
(D) Experiment

50. Which of the following is a type of reasoning that begins with specific and moves to general?
(A) Inductive reasoning
(B) Deductive reasoning
(C) Scientific reasoning
(D) Analogy

51. The attributes of persons that make them different from others refer to

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(A) Identity crisis
(B) Personal identity
(C) Identity development
(D) Social identity

52. The value judgement of a person about himself/herself is called
(A) Self esteem
(B) Judgement error
(C) Value knowledge
(D) Self-efficacy

53. The term Personality is derived from _____ theatre to the mask used by actors in theatre
(A) Senility
(B) Sanity
(C) Persona
(D) Person and sonality

54. When the value of one variable decreases, the value of the other variable also decreases. This is known as
(A) Positive correlation
(B) Negative correlation
(C) Zero correlation
(D) Inverse correlation

55. The approach to studying personality termed as Psychodynamic Approach owes largely to the contributions of
(A) Carl Rogers
(B) Wolfgang Kohler
(C) Ivan Pavlov
(D) Sigmund Freud

56. A kind of severe mental retardation (intellectual disability) due to chromosomal aberrations where one extra chromosome is found in the 21st pair of chromosomes is
(A) Schizophrenia
(B) Cretinism
(C) Brain syndrome
(D) Down's syndrome

57. In perception, a phenomenon by which distant objects appear to be closer together than closer objects, is called
(A) Interposition or overlapping
(B) Linear perspective
(C) Relative size
(D) Proximity

58. Which of the following answers indicates the Four D's, the most common features in the definition of abnormality?
(A) Defense, disability, depression, delusion
(B) Delusion, diffusion, directionlessness, discouragement
(C) Deviance, distress, dysfunction, danger
(D) Dullness, distraction, difference, disintegration

59. Which of the following branches of Psychology focuses on the role of psychological factors in the development, prevention, and treatment of illness?
(A) Developmental Psychology
(B) Biological Psychology
(C) Environmental Psychology
(D) Health Psychology

60. The classification of both physical and mental disorders used worldwide and accepted by the World Health Organization (WHO) is
(A) Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM)
(B) International Classification of Diseases (ICD)
(C) Diagnosis and Statistics of Medical Disorders (DSM)
(D) International Chronology of Disorders (ICD)

61. The procedure of analyzing and evaluating people in terms of certain psychological characteristics often with a goal to predict an individual's behaviour with a high degree of accuracy is termed as
(A) Personality assessment
(B) Psychological analysis
(C) Characteristic evaluation
(D) Behaviour prediction

62. The procedure used by trained professional Psychologists with an aim to

remove human distress and foster effective behaviour refers to
(A) Electro convulsive therapy
(B) Psychokinesis
(C) Psychotherapy
(D) Mind reading

63. Which of the following is a procedure in which participants in psychological experiments are asked to describe in detail their own mental processes or experiences?
(A) Case study
(B) Introspection
(C) Observation
(D) Incubation

64. An ancient Indian system of thought as well as practice is very pertinent to the treatment and prevention of psychological disorders as well as the maintenance and promotion of physical and psychological well-being is
(A) Relaxation
(B) Yoga
(C) Triguna
(D) Tridosha

65. Depression is associated with low levels of
(A) Acetylcholine
(B) Epinephrine
(C) Serotonin
(D) Dopamine

66. Who among the following published the book entitled, 'Psychology in a Third World Country: The Indian Experience'?
(A) Radhakamal Mukerjee
(B) G. Bose
(C) N. N. Sengupta
(D) Durganand Sinha

67. A cluster of symptoms generally found together is called
(A) Syndrome
(B) Complex symptoms
(C) Diathesis
(D) Composites

68. According to the definition, Intelligence is
(i) Adapting to a new situation
(ii) Learning from the experience
(iii) Thinking abstractly
(A) i and ii
(B) i and iii
(C) ii and iii
(D) i, ii, and iii

69. The measurement of psychological attributes of individuals and their evaluation, often using standard methods, is called
(A) Individual difference
(B) Appraisal
(C) Assessment
(D) Aptitude

70. Reema went through a selection process and got qualified to be a part of the gymnastics team for the Commonwealth Games. According to Psychologists, she would be high on _____ intelligence
(A) Naturalistic
(B) Spatial
(C) Intrapersonal
(D) Kinesthetic

71. The correct order of Hans Seyle's General Adaptation Syndrome is
(A) Alarm, resistance, exhaustion
(B) Resistance, alarm, exhaustion
(C) Exhaustion, alarm, resistance
(D) Resistance, exhaustion, alarm

72. Psychoneuroimmunology is the study of links between
(A) Immune system, endocrine system, mind, and behaviour
(B) Body, brain, immune system, and mind
(C) Immune system, mind, body, and brain
(D) Body, behaviour, immune system, and endocrine system

73. Alfred Binet first attempted to measure intelligence in the year
(A) 1911
(B) 1920

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(C) 1905
(D) 1909

74. Which one of the following is a cognitive effect of stress?
(A) Changes in the body's metabolic activity
(B) Loss of ability to make decisions
(C) Extreme mood swings
(D) Difficulty in sleep

75. Which of the following refers to the ability to put up with a situation in which individuals would have to compete with many others for even basic resources, including physical space?
(A) Frustration tolerance
(B) Crowding tolerance
(C) Basic tolerance
(D) Competition tolerance

76. Eminent is to unknown as descendant is to
(A) Accent
(B) Ancestor
(C) Family
(D) Product

77. In the following question, the first and the last parts of the sentence are numbered as (1) and (6). The rest of the sentence is split into four parts and named as (P), (Q), (R), and (S). These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the jumbled parts of the sentence and find out which of the four combinations is correct
(1) India has been a land
(P) but in the sense that learning has always been very highly valued / (Q) not indeed in the sense that education has been universal / (R) and the learned man has been held in higher esteem / (S) of learning throughout the ages
(6) than the warrior or the administrator
(A) PQSR
(B) RQPS
(C) RSQP
(D) SQPR

78. Choose the correct indirect speech for the following
He said to her, "I want to see you now"
(A) He told her that he wanted to see her then
(B) He said to her that he want to see her now
(C) He told her that he want to see her now
(D) He said to her that he wants to see her then

79. Choose the correct sentence
(A) The five children really enjoyed the show and was happy to share the sweets among them
(B) The five children really enjoyed the show and were happy to share the sweets between them
(C) The five children really enjoyed the show and were happy to shared the sweets between them
(D) The five children really enjoyed the show and were happy to share the sweets among them

80. The antonym for Stubborn is
(A) Obstinate
(B) Compliant
(C) Wayward
(D) Adamant

81. Choose the correct indirect speech for the following
Rani says, "I love watching TV"
(A) Rani said she loved watching TV
(B) She loves watching TV says Rani
(C) Watching TV is loved by Rani
(D) Rani watching TV is loved

82. Read the incomplete sentence. Choose the most appropriate option
The doctor suggested _____ take a vacation
(A) The patient
(B) To the patient
(C) That the patient should
(D) That the patient to

83. Which of the following can replace the underlined word?
The lion attacked the man
A. Ran at

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(B) Ran into
(C) Ran through
(D) Ran after

84. The antonym for Lucrative is
(A) Unprofitable
(B) Unlimited
(C) Advantageous
(D) Optional

85. Identify the past perfect continuous tense
(A) I was speaking
(B) I have been speaking
(C) I spoke
(D) I had been speaking

86. Find the word that is similar in meaning to the underlined word
The magistrate acquitted him of all the charges
(A) Broke
(B) Exonerated
(C) Impeached
(D) Arraigned

87. He profited _____ the dissentions of the King
(A) From
(B) To
(C) By
(D) For

88. The patient's family was perturbed about the recovery of the patient _____ the assurance of the nurse. They wanted the doctor to talk to them about his health status
(A) Against
(B) Despite
(C) Despite of
(D) Nevertheless

89. Find the part(s) that has/have error(s) in the following sentence
(i) The Professor clearly laid the restriction /
(ii) that all proposals for the field projects has to be /
(iii) original and no students can replicate
(iv) the same proposal previously done by anyone else
(A) i
(B) i and ii
(C) ii and iii
(D) iii and iv

90. The synonym for Ruckus is
(A) Uproar
(B) Calm
(C) Tranquility
(D) Order

91. The antonym for Conditional is
(A) Erroneous
(B) Reconditioned
(C) Unrestricted
(D) Dependent

92. Select the correct choice to replace the mistakes in the underlined part of the following sentence
Each of the essays were great and the choice for the best one among all three were very difficult
(A) Were great and the choice for the best ones among all three were difficult
(B) Was great and the choice for the best ones among all three were very difficult
(C) Were great and the choice for the bester one among all three was very difficult
(D) Was great and the choice for the best one among all three was very difficult

93. Stingy: Generous:
(A) Fascination: Interest
(B) Skeptical: Believe
(C) Contrast: Opposite
(D) Phobia: Fear

94. In the following question, the first and the last parts of the sentence are numbered as(1) and (6). The rest of the sentence is split into four parts and named as (P), (Q), (R), and (S). These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the jumbled parts of the sentence and find out which of the four combinations is correct

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(I) Lakhs of students
(P) on all India basis / (Q) from all over India / (R) which are held / (S) appear in the examinations
(6) by different recruiting organisations
(A) PQSR
(B) SRQP
(C) QSRP
(D) QSPR

95. Choose the correct sentence
(A) After obtaining a award at international seminar, when the professor returned to his home town, he was regarded with awe
(B) After obtained an award at international seminar, when the professor returned back to his home town, he was regarded with awesome
(C) After obtaining an award in the international seminar, when the professor returned back to his home town, he was regarded with awesomeness
(D) After obtaining an award at international seminar, when the professor returned to his home town, he was regarded with awe

96. Choose the correct spelling
(A) Affedevit
(B) Afidevit
(C) Affidevit
(D) Affidavit

97. Choose the correct indirect speech for the following
My friend said to me, "Are you coming to the party?"
(A) My friend enquired if I am coming to the party
(B) My friend asked if I will be coming to the party
(C) My friend asked if I was coming to the party
(D) My friend asked that whether I was coming to the party

98. Write correct order of the continuation of the following statement
The vegetable vendor
(i) did not listen to the complaints of customers
(ii) who was in the habit of weighing less
(iii) whom he had cheated
(iv) with great audacity
(A) i, iii, iv, ii
(B) ii, iv, i, iii
(C) i, ii, iv, iii
(D) ii, i, iii, iv

99. Poverty stared _____ her face
(A) In
(B) At
(C) On
(D) With

100. Choose the correct indirect speech for the following
Rajiv said to his father, "Please increase my pocket money"
(A) Rajiv asked his father to increase his pocket money
(B) Rajiv requested his father to increase his pocket money
(C) Rajiv told his father to increase his pocket money
(D) Rajiv pleased his father to increase his pocket money

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ANSWERKEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	D	26	B	51	B	76	B
2	B	27	C	52	A	77	D
3	A	28	C	53	C	78	A
4	C	29	A	54	A	79	D
5	D	30	A	55	D	80	B
6	A	31	D	56	D	81	A
7	B	32	B	57	B	82	C
8	D	33	C	58	C	83	A
9	B	34	B	59	D	84	A
10	C	35	B	60	B	85	D
11	A	36	D	61	A	86	B
12	A	37	A	62	C	87	A
13	B	38	B	63	B	88	B
14	D	39	A	64	B	89	B
15	A	40	B	65	C	90	A
16	C	41	D	66	D	91	C
17	B	42	C	67	A	92	D
18	C	43	C	68	D	93	B
19	D	44	B	69	C	94	C
20	B	45	C	70	D	95	D
21	D	46	B	71	A	96	D
22	C	47	C	72	D	97	C
23	A	48	C	73	C	98	D
24	C	49	D	74	B	99	B
25	D	50	A	75	D	100	B

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HCU Entrance Examination 2011

1. Central part of retina is called
   (A) Fovea
   (B) Cornea
   (C) Rods
   (D) Cons

2. Which of the following is not the branch of Psychology
   (A) Abnormal Psychology
   (B) Social Psychology
   (C) Critical Psychology
   (D) Cognitive Psychology

3. A person says he is able to hear ghosts speaking to him and answers them back very violently by hitting in the air with a stick. He should be sent
   (A) For witchcraft
   (B) For treatment
   (C) To a place of worship
   (D) To the police station

4. Psychology involves the study of which of the following
   (i) Emotion
   (ii) Thoughts
   (iii) Behaviour
   (iv) Motivation
   (A) i, iii
   (B) ii
   (C) i, ii, iv
   (D) All the above

5. In Psychology, what does ESP stand for?
   (A) Extended Stream flow Prediction
   (B) Experiment with Specific Planning
   (C) Extra Sensory Perception
   (D) Extra Scenary Perception

6. The study of relationships among Psychology, nervous system, endocrine system and the immune system is called
   (A) Psycho immunology
   (B) Neuro immunology
   (C) Psycho neuro immunology
   (D) Psycho physiology

7. The Behavioural Sciences include
   (A) History
   (B) Economics
   (C) Both
   (D) Neither

8. Psychology as a Science of Behavior involves
   (A) Assessment
   (B) Prediction
   (C) Control
   (D) All the above

9. The term 'Organism' includes
   (A) Human beings and animals
   (B) Animals and birds
   (C) Animals, birds, insects and human beings
   (D) Animals, birds and insects

10. A new born baby is called
   (A) Prenate
   (B) Neonate
   (C) Postnate
   (D) None of the above

11. Biopsychologists
   (A) Study the behavior of an individual
   (B) Study the biology of an individual
   (C) Seek to experiment on animal behavior to apply it to humans
   (D) Seek to understand how physical or genetic factors influence and determine behavior

12. A professional who studies the diagnosis., causes, therapy and prevention of mental illnesses and maintenance of wellness is

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(A) Metal Psychologist
(B) Normal Psychologist
(C) Abnormal Psychologist
(D) Health Psychologist

13. he lobe of the cerebral cortex responsible for motor control and higher mental processes is called
(A) Frontal lobe
(B) Occipital lobe
(C) Metal lobe
(D) Cortical lobe

14. In which of1he following areas can Psychology be applied?
(i) Education
(ii) Sports
(iii)Industry
(iv)Hospitals
(A) i
(B) i, ii, iii, iv
(C) i, iii, iv
(D) i, iv

15. The little bumps visible on the tongue are
(A) Papillae
(B) Taste buds
(C) Receptors
(D) Taste Cells

16. What sense supports our ability to taste food and liquids?
(A) Kinesthetic
(B) Cutaneous
(C) Gustatory
(D) Olfactory

17. Which of the following brain wave patterns is found in normal relaxed waking state?
(A) Alpha
(B) Beta
(C) Gamma
(D) Delta

18. Which of the following is not involved in the study of Psychology?
(A) Sensations
(B) Illusions
(C) Emancipations
(D) Circadian Rhythms

19. Architects have high skills in
(A) Interpersonal relationship
(B) Spatial relationship
(C) Mechanical operations
(D) Mathematical abilities

20. Human structure is essentially a
(A) Chemical structure
(B) Biological structure
(C) Neural structure
(D) Bio-chemical structure

21. Motivation that comes from within is called
(A) Extrinsic
(B) Inquisite
(C) Implicit
(D) Intrinsic

22.Maninder is a Clinical Psychologist and his sister Simran is a Psychiatrist. The main difference between these two professionals would be the fact that Maninder would
(A) Have more practice than Simran
(B) Have less practice than Simran because Simran has higher Medical degree
(C) Be the same as Simran as both are doctors who have degrees in Medical Psychology
(D) Have a degree in Psychology while Simran has a Medical degree

23. Applied Scientist is
(A) Someone who is competent as both a researcher and a practitioner
(B) Someone who has more than 100 publications
(C) Someone who is qualified to apply for membership in any scientific organisation
(D) Someone who has expertise in applying science in more than one field

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24. From when was Psychology officially considered a Science?
(A) Always
(B) Middle Ages
(C) Renaissance
(D) Nineteenth century

25. Which is the most popular definition of Psychology as a Science?
(A) Psychology is the Science of the mind and consciousness
(B) Psychology is the Science of consciousness and soul
(C) Psychology is the Science of behavior and mental processes
(D) Psychology is the Science of soul md mental processes

26. Arrange the following in chronological order
(i) Learning
(ii) Attention
(iii) Perception
(iv) Sensation
(A) ii, iii, i, iv
(B) iv, ii, iii, i
(C) i iii, iv, i
(D) iv, ii, i, iii

27. What is the emphasis of ' Health Psychology'?
(A) Help people to unlearn the sickness
(B) The study of attitudes correlated with well being
(C) Promoting healthy life styles
(D) Study the relationship between thought sand immune system

28. The origins of Psychology can be traced to
(A) Philosophy and Sociology
(B) Philosophy and Neurology
(C) Philosophy and Psychiatry
(D) Philosophy and Physiology

29. The process of organizing and integrating discrete stimuli and responding to them meaningfully is called
(A) Attention
(B) Sensation
(C) Perception
(D) Learning

30. Loss of memory due to old age is called
(A) Apathy
(B) Dementia
(C) Interference
(D) Decay through Disuse

31. 'Health' refers to which of 1hefollowing aspects of an individual?
(A) Physical
(B) Physical, mental
(C) Physical. mental, spiritual
(D) Physical, mental, spiritual and social

32. The difference between Health Psychology and Clinical Psychology is
(A) Health Psychology talks about diseases and Clinical Psychology talks about treatment
(B) Health Psychology talks about physical diseases and Clinical Psychology talks about mental diseases
(C) Health Psychology is practised by hypnotists and Clinical Psychology is practised by doctors
(D) Health Psychology talks about prevention, cure and care of any illness and Clinical Psychology talks about mental disorders, symptoms and treatment

33. A Cognitive Psychologist is most likely to be interested in
(A) Research involving computers
(B) Research in higher mental processes
(C) Research in the field of health
(D) Community based research

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34. Which one of the following is true of behaviour?
(i) Behaviour varies in complexity
(ii) There are individual differences in behaviour
(iii)Behaviour shows similarity
(iv)Behaviour can be modified
(A) i, ii, iv
(B) iii, iv
(C) i, iii, iv
(D) All the above

35. Which of the following is not a goal of Psychology?
(A) To understand the nature and mechanisms of behavior and mental processes
(B) To understand the behavior of an individual as a member of a group
(C) To understand the influence of spirits on the behavior of man
(D) To explain the behavior of an individual in the context of a culture

36. Four behaviours are mentioned below. Identify the odd one
(A) Feeling angry
(B) Perceiving an object
(C) Walking rapidly
(D) Thinking seriously

37. The scientific method relies on observation; In Psychology observation alone is not sufficient, because
(A) Observation is sometimes misleading
(B) Observation is highly objective
(C) Observation is laboratory based
(D) None of the above

38. Which core Psychology research area is primarily devoted to the study of such topics a memory, problem solving and thinking?
(A) Physiological Psychology
(B) Health Psychology
(C) Cognitive Psychology
(D) Neuro Psychology

39. Which of the following involves faulty perception?
(A) Illusions
(B) Hallucinations
(C) Delusions
(D) Allusion

40. Psychologists engage themselves in
(i) Teaching
(ii) Research
(iii)Counseling
(iv)Criminology
(A) i, iii, iv
(B) ii, iii
(C) i, iii
(D) All the above

Section B English

Fil in the blanks

41. I am thinking _____ my trip to Delhi
(A) At
(B) For
(C) About
(D) To

42. The meeting lasted for _____ hour and ____ half
(A) An--- a
(B) A--- a
(C) A--- an
(D) An----- an

43. _____ your help, the situation would have been terrible
(A) Other than

(B) But for
(C) Except for
(D) Because of

44. The Police are _____ an investigation into the crime
(A) Carrying out
(B) Searching out
(C) Making out
(D) Working out

45. Identify the correct spelling
(A) Adicct
(B) Addict
(C) Adict
(D) Addicct

46. Choose the opposite word for 'Obvious'
(A) Clear
(B) Apparent
(C) Proof
(D) Ambiguous

47. Choose the correct spelling
(A) Relavant
(B) Relavent
(C) Relevant
(D) Releavant

48. Which is the correct spelling?
(A) Eerie
(B) Errie
(C) Eerrie
(D) Errie

49. Choose the correct sentence
(A) Let us not dispute his decision
(B) Let. us not dispute about his decision
(C) Let us not dispute of his decision
(D) Let us in dispute his decision

50. Which of the following is close to the word ' Dwindle'
(A) Bundle
(B) Divide
(C) Diminish
(D) Handle

51. Identify the antonym of the word 'Detest'
(A) Abhor
(B) Adore
(C) Adjust
(D) Addict

52. Which of the following statements is correct?
(A) He is good in Trigonometry
(B) He is good wi1h Trigonometry
(C) He is good at Trigonometry
(D) He is good on Trigonometry

53. Choose the correct meaning for the word 'Avaricious'
(A) Selfless
(B) Greedy
(C) Altruistic
(D) Giving

54. Which of the following conveys the meaning for ' Obliterate'
(A) Towards literate
(B) Be obstinate
(C) Prostrate with obedience
(D) Completely wiped out

55. Choose the correct sequence out of the four alternatives
recreation but it has (P)
inability to think (Q)
resulted in people's (R)
television has provided (S)
(A) SRPQ
(B) QPRS
(C) SPRQ
(D) QRPS

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56. White blood cell involved in allergic reactions is
(A) Monocyte
(B) Basophil
(C) Neutrophil
(D) Eosinophil

57. Hormone involved in 'Fight -or- flight response' is
(A) Melatonin
(B) Epinephrine
(C) Serotonin
(D) Thyroxine

58. 'Encephalitis' refers to a inflammatory condition of
(A) Liver
(B) Spleen
(C) Brain
(D) Erythrocytes

59. Intra vascular blood clotting is prevented by the administration of
(A) Heparin
(B) Platelets
(C) Calcium
(D) Glucose

60. 'Good cholesterol' is associated with the lipoprotein of
(A) Low density
(B) Very low density
(C) High density
(D) Intermediate density

61. Which one of the following has the highest caloric value (kcal / gram) when metabolized in the human body?
(A) Fat
(B) Protein
(C) Carbohydrate
(D) Ethyl alcohol

62. Electrocardiograph (ECG)gives information about
(A) Anatomy of the heart muscles
(B) blood supply to the heart
(C) Electrical conductivity of the heart with time
(D) Physical activity of the heart

63. 'Milk sugar' is converted in the human gastrointestinal tract to
(A) Glucose and Galactose
(B) Glucose and Fructose
(C) Sucrose and Glucose
(D) Galactose and Fructose

64. Which one of the following is used to store genetic information in some viruses?
(A) Protein
(B) RNA
(C) Lipid
(D) Carbohydrate

65. Which of the following is not seen in C3 plants?
(A) Photosynthesis
(B) Carbon dioxide
(C) Ribulose bisphosphate
(D) Malate

66. If $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ (a≠0) be a quadratic equation whose only two roots are

$$\alpha, \beta = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a},$$

where $b^2 - 4ac$ is discriminant *D* and *a, b, c* being real. Which of the following statements is true?
(A) D > 0 if and only if roots are real and unequal.
(B) D < 0 if and only if roots are real and equal.
(C) D < 0 if and only if roots are real and unequal.

(D) D > 0 if and only if roots are nonreal conjugate complex.

67. Two straight lines $y = m_1x+c_1$ and $y = m_2z+c_2$ are parallel if

(A) $m_1m_2 = -1$
(B) $m_1 = m_2$
(C) $m_1m_2 = 1$
(D) $m_1m_2 = 0$

68. $tan\ tan\ x\ log\ log\ e^{sinsin\,x}$ is given by
(A) 0
(B) 1
(C) -1
(D) ∞

69. Let $f(x) = 1 + |sin\ sin\ x\ |$, then
(A) *f (x)* is continuous everywhere.
(B) *f(x)* is continuous nowhere.
(C) *f (x)* is differentiable everywhere.
(D) *f(x)* is finite at origin.

70. A coin is tossed 10 times. The probability of getting exactly six heads
(A) $\frac{105}{512}$
(B) $\frac{105}{513}$
(C) $\frac{104}{512}$
(D) $\frac{105}{513}$

71. The domain of the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2+3x+5}{x^2-3x+4}$ is
(A) R
(B) R$-\{0\}$
(C) R$-\{1,4\}$
(D) Z

72. A group consists of 4 girls and 7 boys. The number of ways can a team. of 5 members be selected if the team has at least 3 girls
(A) 91
(B) 90
(C) 19
(D) 92

73. The sum squares of the first n natural numbers is

(A) $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$
(B) $\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{6}$
(C) $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{3}$
(D) $\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{3}$

74. The coefficient of x^2 in $\left(x^2 + \frac{3}{x}\right)^4, x \neq 0$ is
(A) 45
(B) 55
(C) 44
(D) 54

75. The eigenvalues of a symmetric matrix are
(A) real
(B) Imaginary
(C) equal
(D) real and equal

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Answer key

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	B	51	B
2	C	27	C	52	A
3	B	28	D	53	B
4	D	29	C	54	D
5	C	30	B	55	C
6	C	31	D	56	D
7	D	32	D	57	B
8	D	33	B	58	C
9	C	34	D	59	A
10	B	35	C	60	C
11	D	36	C	61	A
12	B	37	A	62	C
13	A	38	C	63	A
14	B	39	A	64	B
15	A	40	D	65	D
16	C	41	C	66	A
17	A	42	A	67	A
18	C	43	A	68	A
19	B	44	A	69	A
20	D	45	B	70	A
21	D	46	D	71	C
22	D	47	C	72	A
23	A	48	A	73	A
24	D	49	A	74	D
25	C	50	C	75	A

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1. Psychology is defined as the science of
   (A) Behaviour
   (B) Mind
   (C) Soul
   (D) Brain

2. The origin of Psychology is
   (A) Sociology
   (B) Philosophy
   (C) Neurology
   (D) Psychiatry

3. Psychology studies the behaviour of
   (A) Children
   (B) Adult
   (C) Old people
   (D) All the above

4. I.Q. denotes
   (A) Intelligence Quotient
   (B) Intelligent Queries
   (C) Intelligent Quoting
   (D) Intelligent Quantity

5. The receiving end of a neuron is called
   (A) Axon
   (B) Dendrite
   (C) End brushes
   (D) Nucleus

6. Cones are found in
   (A) Eyes
   (B) Ears
   (C) Medulla
   (D) Pons

7. Loss of memory is called
   (A) Coma
   (B) Brain death
   (C) Amnesia
   (D) Memoritis

8. Which of the following is called relay station of the brain
   (A) Thalamus
   (B) Amygdal
   (C) Medulla
   (D) Hypothalamus

9. Defective discrimination of chromatic colours results in
   (A) Colour blindness
   (B) Night blindness
   (C) Chromatic sightitis
   (D) Defective discrimination

10. Which part of the body coordinates reflex actions
   (A) Cingulate gyms
   (B) Medulla
   (C) Hypothalamus
   (D) Spinal cord

11. How many pairs of chromosomes are there in a normal human body
   (A) 23
   (B) 22
   (C) 46
   (D) 24

12. Genes are found in
   (A) RBC
   (B) Chromosomes
   (C) Ovaries
   (D) WBC

13. Which of the following is not a blood group in human body
   (A) A Positive
   (B) OB Positive
   (C) AB Negative
   (D) B Positive

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14. Deficiency of Vitamin D causes
(A) Rickets
(B) Scurvy
(C) Cataract
(D) Berry berry

15. Recall refers to
(A) The act of calling back some body
(B) Noting down in a diary
(C) Form of remembering
(D) None of the above

16. Psychologists who study children are also known as
(A) Paedichologists
(B) Sychophants
(C) Childcologists
(D) None of the above

17. Psycho Oncologists are Psychologists who deal with
(A) Patients with mental illness
(B) Patients suffering from cancer
(C) Patients with learning problems
(D) None of the above

18. DNA is the short form of
(A) Deribo Norepinephrine Acid
(B) Deoxy Neuro Activation
(C) Deoxydetergent Non Adhesive
(D) Deoxy RiboNucleic Acid

19. The female hormones are known as
(A) Androgens
(B) Endrogens
(C) Estrogens
(D) Actogens

20. The hormone secreted by the Pancreas is called
(A) Pencillin
(B) Insulin
(C) Pancreacin
(D) Norepinephrine

21. Psychologists can measure one's
(A) Memory
(B) Intelligence
(C) Neither A or B
(D) Both A and B

22. Excessive fear in the absence of real danger is called
(A) Phobia
(B) Fearea
(C) Fovea
(D) Mania

23. The cerebral lobe that is related to vision is
(A) Temporal lobe
(B) Visual lobe
(C) Occipital lobe
(D) Retinal lobe

24. The brain structure associated with emotion is
(A) Hippocampus
(B) Septal area
(C) Amygdala
(D) Hypothalamus

25. Which of the following increases the speed with which nerve impulses are sent down the axon?
(A) Dendrites
(B) Myelin Sheath
(C) Cell membrane
(D) Cell body

26. A Psychiatrist is a
(A) Psychologist
(B) Clinician
(C) Medical doctor who deals with mental illness
(D) Person who does face reading

27. The sleep disorder in which a person has difficulty initiating or maintaining sleep is
(A) Ensleepiophilia
(B) Insomnia
(C) Somatodrouzia

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(D) Insomania

28. A Psychologist is one who
(A) Prescribes medicine
(B) Hypnotizes
(C) Gives electric shocks
(D) None of the above

29. Which of the following cannot be seen
(A) Brain
(B) Behaviour
(C) Mind
(D) Bacteria

30. Which of the following is not an experience
(A) Emotion
(B) Dream
(C) Sensation
(D) Brain

31. Who among the following is a well known Psychologist
(A) Frankline
(B) Freud
(C) Ferrado
(D) FreeWood

32. Which of the following is not studied in Psychology
(A) Concentualization
(B) Emotion
(C) Thinking
(D) Motivation

33. Which of the following is not included under cognitive processes
(A) Reasoning
(B) Thinking
(C) Perception
(D) Aggression

34. Which of the following is not a part of brain
(A) Temporal lobe
(B) Cerebrospinal Fluid
(C) Mind lobe
(D) Corpus Collosum

35. Which of the following is not a branch of Psychology
(A) Biological Psychology
(B) Plant Psychology
(C) Comparative Psychology
(D) Developmental Psychology

36. Health Psychology is a field that advocates
(A) Cure of Mental Retardation
(B) Hospital Management
(C) Holistic approach to health
(D) Promotion of Illness

37. Mental Retardation is caused by
(A) Excessive Stress
(B) Conflicts with others
(C) Vitamin deficiency
(D) Iodine deficiency

38. Which of the following comes under the purview of Psychology
(A) Study of animal behaviour
(B) Study of behaviour in children
(C) Study of group behaviour
(D) All the above

39. Identical twins will be identical in many respects because they develop from
(A) Single Zygote
(B) Different Zygotes
(C) Same number of Chromosomes
(D) Similar genetic influences

40. Which of the following does not come under the purview of Health Psychology
(A) De addiction
(B) Studying wellness
(C) Pain Management
(D) Pharmaco-Therapy

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Section B

Choose the correct meaning for the following words

41. Haphazard
(A) Some what dangerous
(B) Half of the zone
(C) Horrible
(D) Random

42. Refrain
(A) Refresh
(B) Referred pain
(C) Refraction
(D) Abstain

43. Regret
(A) Feel Sorry
(B) Punish
(C) Feeling great
(D) Chopped into fine pieces

Choose the opposite word for the following

44. Relinquish
(A) Similar
(B) Continue
(C) Variety
(D) Relish

45. Intense
(A) Interest
(B) Intuition
(C) Wild
(D) Mild

46. Choose the correct sentence
(A) He cutted his finger
(B) He cut his finger
(C) He cot his finger
(D) He has cutted his finger

47. Choose the correct sentence
(A) How can it be possible?
(B) How is it be possible?
(C) How could it have be possible?
(D) How is it possible?

Choose the correct conjunction to fill in the blank

48. Inspite _____ my advice, he resigned his job
(A) Off
(B) To
(C) Of
(D) For

49. Could you come _____ Monday?
(A) On
(B) Within
(C) In
(D) To

50. He is angry _____ me
(A) To
(B) With
(C) Of
(D) For

51. I am afraid _____ tiger
(A) Of
(B) With
(C) To
(D) From

52. Which is the correct spelling?
(A) Accommoddation
(B) Accommodation
(C) Accomodation
(D) Acomodation

53. Which is the correct spelling?
(A) Assimilation
(B) Asimmilation
(C) Assimmillation
(D) Asimilation

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54. Which of the following is correct?
(A) I finished off Intermediate
(B) I finish Intermediate
(C) I have finished Intermediate
(D) I could finished Intermediate

55. Which of the following is correct?
(A) I don't feel like going to the movie
(B) I don't feel like go to the movie
(C) I don't feel like to going to the movie
(D) I didn't felt like gone to the movie

56. Pick the correct statement:
Photosynthesis does not take place in
(A) Bacteria
(B) Plants
(C) Algae
(D) Archea

57. The hypothalamic region of the human brain does not control
(A) Body temperature
(B) Thirst
(C) Vision
(D) Circadian cycle

58. The hormone which causes increase in blood glucose during fasting is
(A) Glucagon
(B) Insulin
(C) Thyroxine
(D) Estrogen

59. The sugar which forms an important component of nucleic acids is
(A) Galactose
(B) Ribose
(C) Xylose
(D) Ribulose

60. The major component of the exoskeleton of arthropods is
(A) Cellulose
(B) Glycogen
(C) Chitin
(D) Starch

61. Which one of the following is not a parasitic disease?
(A) Filariasis
(B) Giardiasis
(C) Malaria
(D) Shigellosis

62. The blood cell which participates in blood clotting is
(A) Lymphocyte
(B) Thrombocyte
(C) Neutrophil
(D) Monocyte

63. Tetanus toxoid is
(A) Inactivated toxin
(B) Native toxin
(C) Part of the toxin
(D) Synthetic toxin

64. " Pellagra " is caused due to the deficiency of
(A) Vitamin B 12
(B) Niacin
(C) Biotin
(D) Vitamin C

65. Which one of the following is an essential fatty acid?
(A) Palmitic acid
(B) Butyric acid
(C) Stearic acid
(D) Linoleic acid

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66. Which of the following statements is true?
(i) If *A* is not a subset of *B* and *B* is not a subset of *C* then *A* is not a subset of *C*.
(ii) If *A* is a subset of *B* and *x* is not in *B* then *x* is not in *A*.
(iii) If *x* is in *A* and *A* is not a subset of *B* then *x* is in *B*.
(iv) If *P(A)* and *P(B)* are two power sets of *A* and *B* then
(v) P(A∪B) =P(A) ∪P(B).

(A) (i)
(B) (ii)
(C) (iii)
(D) (iv)
(E) (v)

67. Let *R* be a relation from *N* to *N* defined by R = {(a, b):a, b∈N and a=b^2} then
(A) R is reflexive.
(B) R is symmetric.
(C) R is transitive.
(D) none of the above.

68. If $tan\ tan\ x = \frac{3}{4}, \pi < x < \frac{3\pi}{2}$ then the values of $sin\ sin\ (x/2), cos\ cos\ (x/2)$ and $tan\ tan\ (x/2)$ respectively are
(A) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}}$,-3
(B) $\frac{-3}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}}$,3
(C) $\frac{-3}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, -3$
(D) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}}$,3

69. The modules of $\frac{1+i}{1-i} - \frac{1-i}{1+i}$ is
(A) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$.
(B) 1.
(C) 2.
(D) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$.

70. A committee of 7 has to be formed from 9 boys and 4 girls. The number of ways that this can be done when the committee consists of at least three girls is
(A) 855.
(B) 858.
(C) 508.
(D) 588.

71. The first term of a Geometric progression is 1. The sum of the third and the fifth terms is 90. Then the common ration of G.P is
(A) ±1.
(B) ±2.
(C) ±3.
(D) ±4.

72. Equation $49y^2 - 16x^2 = 784$ represents
(A) a Circle.
(B) a Parabola.
(C) a Hyperbola.
(D) an Ellipse.

73. The coefficient of x^3 in the expansion of exp *(2x + 3)* as a series in powers of *x* is

(A) $\frac{exp(3)}{6}$
(B) $\frac{2exp(3)}{6}$
(C) $\frac{4exp(3)}{6}$
(D) $\frac{8\ exp\ (3)}{6}$

74. If $A = [3\ 1\ -1\ 2\ ]$ then $A^2 - 5A + 7I$ is equal to
(A) 0.
(B) 1.
(C) 2.
(D) 3.

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75. Let $f(x) = cos\ cos\ |x|$ and $g(x)\ sin\ sin\ |x|$
then at $x = 0$

(A) f and g are not differentiable.
(B) f and g are differentiable.
(C) f is not differentiable but g is differentiable.
(D) f is differentiable but g is not differentiable.

ANSER KEY

Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer	Q.NO	Answer
1	A	26	C	51	A
2	B	27	B	52	B
3	D	28	B	53	A
4	A	29	C	54	C
5	B	30	D	55	A
6	A	31	B	56	A
7	C	32	A	57	C
8	A	33	D	58	D
9	A	34	C	59	B
10	D	35	A	60	B
11	A	36	C	61	D
12	B	37	D	62	B
13	B	38	D	63	A
14	A	39	A	64	B
15	C	40	D	65	D
16	D	41	D	66	A
17	B	42	D	67	D
18	D	43	A	68	C
19	C	44	B	69	B
20	B	45	D	70	D
21	D	46	B	71	C
22	A	47	D	72	C
23	C	48	C	73	D
24	C	49	A	74	D
25	B	50	B	75	B

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Kalady Entrance Examination 2021

1. Biologically based emotionally and behavioral tendencies that are evident in early childhood represent
   A. Trait
   B. Temperament.
   C. Type
   D. Style.

2. Which of the following clinical procedures are based, in the part on classical conditioning
   A. Transference
   B. Two chair technique
   C. Token economy.
   D. Systematic destination.

3. In Bloom's taxonomy of educational objectives, the following appear in ascending order
   A. Remember, Understand, Apply, Analyzes
   B. Apply, Analyzes, Understand, Remember.
   C. Understand, Apply, Remember, Analyzes
   D. Analyzes, Hemember, Apply, Understand.

4. Which memory is the result of instrumental/motor learning process?
   A. Semantic memory.
   B. Episodic memory.
   C. Sensory memory.
   D. Procedural memory,

5. Which neo-Frendian challenged his ideas about penis envy?
   A. Adler.
   B. Jung,
   C. Fromum.
   D. Horney,

6. Which one of theories of intelligence advocates the presence of general intelligence 'g' and specific intelligence's?
   A. Anarchic theory.
   B. Spearman's two factor theory,
   C. Guilford's theory of intellect.
   D. Vernon's hierarchical theory.

7. What is meant by Schema?
   A. Chamking mechanisma
   B. Learning techniques.
   C. Organised packets of information stored in long-term memory.
   D. Defense mechanisms.

8. Who is the first woman, awarded Ph. D in psychology?
   A. anna freuel
   B. Melanie Klein.
   C. Margaret Floy Washburn
   D. Karen Homey.

9. Jung us
   A. The unconscious tendencies inherited by an individual from primordial racial tendencies
   B. All the factors that together constitute to strengthen an individual unconscious
   C. The unconscious potential of a group or mob
   D. The effects of all the unconscious urges which made a person's behaviour problematiced the term "Collective unconscious to indicate:

10. Which of the following situations best illustrates the concept of social facilitation
    A. A collegiate swimmer completes a race in front of a crowd in a faster time than she has ever achieved during training.
    B. A person who is trying to learn to play the guitar watches an instructional video and follows the step-by-step directions
    C. A member of a construction crew contributes a smaller proportion of energy to a group task than other members of the crew.
    D. An author spende several hours a day in his home office working on an eagerly anticipated sequel to a best-selling spy series.

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SECTION B

11. Albert Ellis and Aron Beck are names associated with the _____therapy approach.

12. _____ schizophrenia usually involves delusions of persecution and grandeur

13. _____is a process by which information about others is converted into more or less enduring cognitions or thoughts about them.

14. According J. B Watson, Paychnology is a Science of _____

15. The first psychological laboratory was established in India at_____

Section C

Answer any six questions in not more than 250 words Each question carries 10 marks

16. Content analysis in

17. bio-feedback

18. Parametric test.

19. TAT

20. Collective unconscious .

21. Rational Emotive Therapy

22. Archetypes

23. Bystander effect

24. Emotional intelligence

Section D

Write any one of the following in not more than 500 words It marries 20 marks

25. Explain the role of the psychologist in a contagious society

26. Why de Psychologist a use statistics ? Define mean, standard deviation and Z score

ANSWER KEY

Q. NO	Answer	Q. No	Answer
1	B	14	DA
2	D	15	DA
3	A	16	DA
4	D	17	DA
5	D	18	DA
6	B	19	DA
7	C	20	DA
8	B	21	DA
9	A	22	DA
10	A	23	DA
11	DA	24	DA
12	DA	25	DA
13	DA	26	DA

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Kalady Entrance Examination 2020

1. C.G Jung was a:
   (A) American Psychologist
   (B) German Psychiatrist
   (C) Swiss Psychologist
   (D) English Psychologist

2. Sullivan's "play age" corresponds with Freudian:
   (A) Oral stage
   (B) Phallic stage
   (C) Genital stage
   (D) Anal stage

3. Who developed the "Retinex Theory" of colour perception?
   (A) Edward Herring
   (B) Thomas Young
   (C) Edwin Land
   (D) Hermann Von Helmholtz

4. The organism is not reinforced unless it makes the correct response in:
   (A) Classical conditioning learning
   (B) Trial and error
   (C) Instrumental conditioning
   (D) Autoshaping

5. The principle of continuity is otherwise known as :
   (A) Principle of closure
   (B) Principle of direction
   (C) Principle of similarity
   (D) Principle of proximity

6. Amnesia is considered to be an extreme case of:
   (A) Regression
   (B) Repression
   (C) Rationalization
   (D) Displacement

7. The "Decay- Theory" is sometimes called :
   (A) Trace theory
   (B) Interference theory
   (C) Leaky-bucket theory
   (D) Levels of processing theory

8. The basic unit of Nervous system is:
   (A) Nerve
   (B) Neuron
   (C) Cell
   (D) Gland

9. The concept of "Structure of intellect" was proposed by:
   (A) Jensen
   (B) Bayley
   (C) Guilford
   (D) Blewett

10. The Binet type tests of intelligence are called:
   (A) Group tests
   (B) Individual tests
   (C) Therapeutic tests
   (D) Culture free tests

Section B

Give the correct answer Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks

11. According to C.G Jung, the masculine archetype in women is called ....'. .....

12. is considered as the father of modem medicine.

13. ..... is the statistical procedures for combining the results of many studies in order to determine whether their findings provide support for specific hypotheses.

14. ..... is the tendency of stimuli similar to a conditioned stimulus to elicit a conditioned response.

15. ..... is a process through which children attach a new word to an underlying concept on the basis of a single encounter with it..

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Section C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 10 marks

16. Schedules of reinforcement

17. Heuristics

18. Schachter- Singer Theory of emotion

19. Depth perception

20. Cognitive dissonance

21. Theories of forgetting

22. Differential threshold

23. Indian psychology

24. Flooding

Section D

Write an essay on any one of the following. The question carries 20 marks.

25. What is motivation? Explain the theories of motivation.

26. Explain psychoanalytic view of personality.

ANSWER KEY

QS. NO	Answer	Qs. No	Answer
1	C	14	DA
2	B	15	DA
3	C	16	DA
4	C	17	DA
5	B	18	DA
6	B	19	DA
7	A	20	DA
8	B	21	DA
9	C	22	DA
10	B	23	DA
11	DA	24	DA
12	DA	25	DA
13	DA	26	DA

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Kalady Entrance Examination 2019

1. The evaluation of personality is best made through the use of an:
   (A) Survey test.
   (B) Inventory test.
   (C) Projective test.
   (D) Preference test.

2. In 1957 Leon Festinger published his theory of :
   (A) Balance.
   (B) Cognitive Dissonance.
   (C) Learning.
   (D) Attitude.

3. Creativity refers to :
   (A) A new production.
   (B) Repetition.
   (C) Raw production.
   (D) All the above.

4. You have to make a phone call and you ask your friend for the phone number. Which type of memory can help you remember the number for a short period:
   (A) Long term memory.
   (B) Sensory memory.
   (C) Short term memory.
   (D) None of the above.

5. In psychoanalytic understanding, libido is a function of:
   (A) Interest.
   (B) Drives.
   (C) Abilities.
   (D) Traits.

6. Which of the following is not an anxiety disorder?
   (A) Panic disorder.
   (B) Bipolar disorder.
   (C) Obsessive-compulsive disorder.
   (D) Post-traumatic stress disorder.

7. The first Psychology laboratory was set up in Leipzig, Germany in the year:
   (A) 1879.
   (B) 1890.
   (C) 1979.
   (D) 2010.

8. Aphasia is neurobiological disorder symptomatized is a
   (A) Difficulty localising objects in space.
   (B) Language breakdown.
   (C) Inability to recognize people from their faces.
   (D) Insensitivity to pain.

9. When a large number of person responds to question about their attitudes called:
   (A) Survey method.
   (B) Experimental method.
   (C) Systematic observation.
   (D) Correlational method.

10. The brain structure that plays an important role in feelings of hunger is:
   (A) Hippocampus.
   (B) Parietal lobe.
   (C) Hypothalamus.
   (D) Thalamus.

Section B

Give the correct answer. Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

11. _____means that each person in the target population has an equal chance of being selected in the sample.

12. _____termed the body's response to stressors the general adaptation syndrome.

13. According to Freud,_____ stage is when children experience sexual desire for the opposite-sex parent.

14. _____--- is the capacity to acquire and apply knowledge.

15. The greatest technique to review progress and improvement of the kid is_____

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Section C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 10 marks

16. Surface traits and Source traits.

17. Systematic desensitization.

18. Situational Tests.

19. Indian psychology.

20. Behaviorism and psychoanalysis.

21. Convergent thinking and divergent thinking.

22. Depth perception.

23. Collective unconscious.

24. Goals of counseling.

Section D

Write an essay on any one of the following. The question carries 20 marks.

25. Define Personality. Explain Eysenck's theory of personality.

26. What is learning? Distinguish between classical conditioning and instrumental conditioning.

ANSWER KEY:

Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer
1	B	14	Intelligence
2	B	15	Developmental method
3	A	16	DA
4	C	17	DA
5	B	18	DA
6	B	19	DA
7	A	20	DA
8	B	21	DA
9	A	22	DA
10	C	23	DA

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11	Random sampling	24	DA
12	Hans Selye	25	DA
13	Phallic	26	DA

*DA: Descriptive Answer

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Kalady Entrance Examination 2018

1. The S-O-R concept was developed by
   (A) Pavlov
   (B) Gestalt
   (C) Tolman
   (D) Woodworth

2. Who is the author of the book "Beyond Freedom and Dignity?
   (A) EL Thorndike
   (B) B. F. Skinner
   (C) W. Kabler
   (D) 1.P. Pavlov

3. Senile dementia is usually the result of a reduction in blood flow to the
   (A) Spinal Cord
   (B) Endocrine glands
   (C) Visceral organs
   (D) Brain

4. In n India the Mental Health Act was enacted in the year
   (A) 1987 (B) 1990
   (C) 2001 (D) 1985

5. Showing childish behavior during the adulthood is an example of
   (A) Ego Regression
   (B) Projection
   (C) Libido Regression
   (D) Repression

6. Which structure in the core of the brain is involved in the expression of stronger emotion such as fear and rage?
   (A) Thalamus
   (B) Limbic system
   (C) Hypothalamus
   (D) None of these

7. The ability to remain alert to a task over an extended period of time is known as
   (A) Span of attention
   (B) Sustained attention
   (C) Shifting of attention
   (D) Immediate memory span

8. According to which principle a more preferred activity can be used to reinforce a less preferred activity.
   (A) Law of effect principle
   (B) Premack principle
   (C) Recency principle
   (D) Pinprick principle

9. Complete loss of memory is termed as
   (A)Paramnesia (B)Coma
   (C)Amnesia (D)Trauma

10. The mental representation of an external event is called
    (A)Image (B)Concept
    (C)Symbol (D)Schema

Give the correct answer. Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks

11. Freud wrote the_____ represents "every moral restriction, the advocate of striving towards perfection- it is in short, as much as we have been able to grasp psychologically of what is described as the higher side of human life.

12. According to CG Jung, the masculine archetype in women is called....

13. The first Psychologist to terms one type of rigid learning as imprinting was.....

14. "The need for achievement" was first defined largely on the basis of clinical studies done by……..

15. The theory of transfer of learning was introduced for the first time by.....

Section C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

16. Constructive and reconstructive processes in memory

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17. Somatoform disorders
18. Theories of forgetting
19. Circadian Rhythms
20. Cognitive Behavice Therapy
21. Flash bulb memory
22. Retroactive Interference and Proactive Interference
23. Wernicke-Geschwind Theory
24. Cognitive Dissonance

Section D

Write an essay on any one of the following (20 marks)

25. What is motivation? Explain the theories of motivation.
26. Define personality. Discuss the humanistic theories of personality

ANSWER KEY:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
D	B	D	A	A	B	B	B	C	D
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA
21	22	23	24	25	26				
DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA				

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Kalady Entrance Examination 2015

1. The recollection people have of their own personal experience and observations are called____
   (A) Flash bulb memory
   (B) Auto biographic memory
   (C) Schemas

2. _____is a unique pattern of traits
   (A) Attitude
   (B) Emotion
   (C) Personality

3. _____is the rule that guarantees a solution to specific type of problem
   (A) Mnemonics
   (B) PQ4R
   (C) Algorithm

4. The brief memory of something a person has just heard list
   (A) Iconic memory
   (B) Semantic memory
   (C) Echonic memory

5. _____is the method to improve one's memory and to aid in number of things
   (A) Imagination
   (B) Mnemonics
   (C) Thinking

6. _____is the fear of open spaces
   (A) Specific phobia
   (B) Agora phobia
   (C) Hydro phobia

7. Which level of mental retardation is trainable?
   (A) Mild
   (B) Moderate
   (C) Severe

8. The type of thinking largely posted by
   (A) divergent thinking
   (B) convergent thinking
   (C) imagery

9. ____tests can be used for measuring personality
   (A) DAT
   (B) Projective tests
   (C) WAIS

10. Functionalism was associated with
    (A) Wilhelm woundt
    (B) William james
    (C) E.B. Tichner

Section B

Give the correct answer. Answer all questions

11. Tendency to perceive objects as unchanging despite variation in the condition is Called_____

12. _____are false perceptions of the stimulus

13. A learned habit interfering the present learning is known as_____

14. Which is known as the third force in psychology_____

15. The theory of primary mental ability was proposed by_____

Section C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 10 marks

16. Perceptual constancies

17. Stages of creativity

18. Determinants of attention

19. Stages of memory

20. Mental retardation

21. Different methods of learning

22. Observational learning

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23. Types of thinking

24. Sources of Stress

Section D

Write an essay on any one of the following

25. What is learning ? Differentiate between operant and classical conditioning.

26. Explain on Defense Mechanism.

ANSWER KEY:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
B	C	C	C	B	B	A	A	B	B
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA
21	22	23	24	25	26				
DA	DA	DA	DA	DA	DA				

*DA: Descriptive Answer

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Kalady Entrance Examination 2014

1. Developed the method of semantic differentials
   (A) Osgood
   (B) Likest
   (C) Thurston

2. _____is the study of words and that of sentences
   (A) Syntax
   (B) Semantics
   (C) Phonology

3. Which level of mental retardation is trainable?
   (A) Severe
   (B) Mild
   (C) Moderate

4. The type of thinking largely possessed by creative people is
   (A) Convergent thinking
   (B) Divergent thinking
   (C) Imagery

5. Gestalt psychology was associated
   (A) Wilhelm wundt
   (B) William James
   (C) E.B Titchner

6. Thyroxin is produced by
   (A) Pineal
   (B) Thyroid
   (C) Pituitary

7. _____is the interpretation of the information provided by one's sensory receptors
   (A) Perception
   (B) Vision:
   (C) Sensation with, gland

8. Turn over tests can be used for measuring personality
   (A) DAT
   (B) WAIS
   (C) Projective tests

9. _____is a unique pattern of traits.
   (A) Attitudes
   (B) Emotions
   (C) Personality

10. Typology of personality based on body build was given by
    (A) Sheldon.
    (B) Jung
    (C) Maslow

Give the correct answer. Answer all questions

11. The psychosocial stages of development was proposed by

12. Classical conditioning is proposed by

13. was proposed by classified individuals into different types based of body fluids

14. Functional autonomy is a concept given by

15. MMPI is a famous test for measuring

Section C
Answer any six questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

16. Operant conditioning

17. Perceptual constancies

18. Stages of creativity

19. Determinants of attention

20. Stages of memory

21. Mental retardation

22. Different methods of learning

23. Observational learning

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24. Types of thinking

Write an essay on any one of the follow

25. Discuss elaborately Freud's theory of psychoanalysis

26. Define personality and describe the projective tests for measuring

ANSWER KEY

Q. NO	Answer	Q. NO	Answer
1	A	14	DA
2	A	15	DA
3	B	16	DA
4	B	17	DA
5	D	18	DA
6	B	19	DA
7	A	20	DA
8	C	21	DA
9	C	22	DA
10	A	23	DA
11	DA	24	DA
12	DA	25	DA
13	DA	26	DA